THE WEATHER
The indications are that it will be fair tonight and Wednesday. There probably will be light variable winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

5 O'CLOCK

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GENERAL RETREAT

Russian Forces Escape Being Surrounded

Gen. Stakelberg's Force Cut Off From That of Kuropatkin — Little Hope of Staying Progress of Japanese Armies

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—4.05 a. m.—A report from an apparently reliable source late tonight was to the effect that General Kuropatkin's main force had been rapidly moving north for several days.

According to this report, no troops proceeding to the front from Russia had gone past Harbin in the past three days.

They will be detained there and every available piece of rolling stock will be rushed south empty for the removing of troops at Liaoyang and other points to the northward, leaving a skeleton force to contest the Japanese advance on vital positions.

GLOOMY FEELING AT WAR OFFICE

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2. 1.52 p. m.—The feeling at the war office here was distinctly gloomy this morning. No official telegrams had been received by the general staff from General Kuropatkin who was communicating direct with the emperor, but some private sources at the front had it that it already was apparent that Simoucheng (15 miles south southeast of Haicheng, at the juncture of the Fengwangcheng-Siuyen roads), had been lost, Gen. Stakelberg's outposts having fallen back to Haicheng. No word was received enabling the staff to either confirm or deny the reported capture of the late General Count Keller's position at Ikhavuen (east of Liao Yang and Yangse pass, 30 miles east of Liao Yang) but heavy fighting continues on both the southern and eastern fronts, the object of the Japanese in the east being to flank General Keller's corps from the south and north which is easily possible. The progress of the enveloping may have forced the corps to retire on Liandiansan, which is the next position in the direction of Liao Yang. Despatches detailing the engagement are hardly expected till the evening. The failure of the garrison of Simoucheng to retreat along the northern road probably was due to the presence of the Japanese column flanking the late General Keller's corps from the south.

In view of the inability of the Russians to hold Simoucheng it is considered likely that General Zarabouleff and Stakelberg will attempt to offer stubborn resistance at Haicheng. It is possible that they are already retiring on Anshan (also written Anshantschen) half way between Haicheng and Liao Yang, as indicated in these despatches last night. There is reason to believe that two of General Oku's divisions are advancing from New Chwang on Haicheng with the view of flanking and cutting off General Stakelberg's retreat but this movement is not likely to succeed on account of Stakelberg's ability to retire northward on Anshan. An interesting detail evidencing the fierceness of the artillery duel south of Haicheng July 31, is the fact that the Russian batteries on the left flank fired 4842 shots in four hours.

VLADIVOSTOK FLEET RETURNS TO PORT

VLADIVOSTOK, Aug. 2.—The Vladivostok cruiser division returned to port at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The cruisers were in perfect condition. They captured during their cruise the steamer Arabia and destroyed some schooners, a small Japanese steamer, one German steamer and one British steamer. The last mentioned two were carrying contraband material and had nearly reached their destination, Yokohama, but were almost without coal and it was, therefore, impossible to send them to Vladivostok.

The cruisers steamed up and down in front of the Japanese capital but saw nothing of the enemy's warships.

Although the Russian vessels had only three doors through which to get home—the straits of Korea, Le Perouse strait and Tsugaru strait—which apparently could easily have been barred by Vice Admiral Kamimura's vessels, bad luck pursued the Japanese admiral and the Russian cruisers had no difficulty in eluding him.

GERMAN STEAMER SUNK BY RUSSIANS

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—The Associated Press despatch from Vladivostok brought the first statement for the reason of the sinking of the steamer Knight Commander which was, that she was so short of coal she could not be sent to Vladivostok. It also contained the first announcement that German steamer had been sunk for the same reason, but gave no clue to the identity of the latter vessel.

RUSSIA EXPLAINS MALACCA SEIZURE

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—The text of the Russian government's statement regarding the release of the British steamer Malacca seized in the Red Sea by the Russian volunteer fleet steamer St. Petersburg, is as follows:

"From the beginning of the Russo-Japanese war the imperial government took measures to prevent the transportation of contraband of war. In the regulations sanctioned by the emperor February 14, 1904, which Russia proposed to follow during the war, a list was given of articles regarded by us as contraband. It was also decided that the military and maritime authorities would reserve to themselves the right of executing the decisions contained in the regulations for naval prizes, sanctioned by the emperor, March 27, 1895, and in the instructions confirmed by the council of the admiralty September 20, 1900, regarding the procedure for stopping, visiting and seizing as well as for the carrying off and delivering over of vessels and cargoes seized. The volunteer fleet vessels St. Petersburg and Smolensk having received a special commission, the term of which has now expired, on proceeding to their destinations acted in accordance with the above decisions and while passing through the Red Sea stopped and visited all suspected vessels, encountered in those waters.

"It was under these conditions that the commander of the St. Petersburg stopped, among others, the British steamer Malacca, the captain of which refused to show his ship's papers relating to the cargo, a refusal which led to the seizure of the vessel and the decision to send her to Libau, with the idea of throwing light on the matter.

"Nevertheless, in view of the official statement of the British government that the Malacca was carrying British state cargo, the imperial government, acting in agreement with the British government, decided that a fresh visit should be paid to the seized vessel at the nearest port on its route in the presence of the British consul. This visit occurred at Algiers. The British consul general officially certified that the military stores on board continued to be the property of the British government and that the rest of her cargo was not contraband of war. Taking this attestation into consideration, the imperial government decided to liberate the cargo and vessel. This decision must not, however, be interpreted as a renunciation by the imperial government of its intention to despatch cruisers and warships in general to prevent the carrying of contraband for our enemy."

SERIOUS CHARGE

NEW YORK, Aug. 2—A naval board is investigating reports that certain property officers on the receiving ship Hancock stationed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard have been selling rations or promotions to sailors for cash. The reports were started by blue-jackets who talked freely of the matter ashore. When the commanding officers of the ship and the yard heard of these reports they reported to the navy department and a board was detailed to investigate the rumors.

A new blue-jacket was recently appointed on the Hancock. It was said that he had been transferred from the Washington navy yard. On the Hancock, it is alleged, he had a talk with a petty officer about his rating and paid $25 for an advancement. Not long afterward he was jumped from a landsman to second class fireman. He enjoyed his honors only 48 hours, disappearing suddenly.

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Comfort Shoes

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Warm Weather

The Nurses' Juliets with our rubber heels on, make one of the most comfortable shoes that a woman can wear in warm weather. They are hand-sewed, not a wrinkle in the lining to hurt the foot, every seam is evened out smooth. They neither draw nor burn the feet, and the price is

Only $1.50 Pair

Any width from C to EE. Remember our Clearance Sale is still on.

O'Sullivan Bros. Company

OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

SHELDON'S AUTO

Fast Time Between New York and Boston

From New York to Boston in an automobile in eight hours and 32 minutes, covering 275 miles of highway, was the record made by Mr. Royal R. Sheldon, treasurer of the Chelmsford iron foundry, whose home is in North Chelmsford.

Mr. Sheldon travelled in his 30-horse power touring car and no accident marred the trip. Stops were made at New Haven, Hartford and Springfield, Mr. Sheldon and his chauffer taking lunch at Springfield.

No attempt was made to break the record but Mr. Sheldon was well pleased at the work of his car.

In an interview Mr. Sheldon said:

"After having breakfast at the Waldorf-Astoria I left for Boston accompanied by my chauffer. I made the run just for fun. We went through New Rochelle, Portchester, Stamford, New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and Worcester to Boston. I didn't attempt to make a record, and know that the machine will go much faster than it went Sunday, although there were parts of the course that were covered at better than a mile a minute.

"The trip was without incident. I didn't attempt to come through without stopping the engines. We stopped at New Haven, a few minutes at Hartford and when we reached Springfield stopped for lunch. After that we came right through to Boston.

"It was about 9 o'clock when I left the Waldorf, and it was 5.32 when we pulled up in front of Young's hotel. The entire trip was one of the pleasantest I have ever made. At Cedar Hill, Conn., we passed the wreck of the White Mountain express. It is a badly mixed up looking mess, and a big gang of railroad men were at work on it when we passed.

"I was very fortunate in not meeting a policeman on the entire course. I think that there might have been danger of our being arrested had a policeman been in sight, for we came through some of those country highways at a terrific speed. But there were no accidents and the whole trip was a pleasant one."

PERSONALS

Mrs. James Marsden of 39 Dunfey street has gone on a visit to Ireland and will remain until the first of January.

Miss Emma Gallagher of Bleachery street will spend the next two weeks at Old Orchard.

Wagon Officer James Holland began his two weeks' vacation yesterday.

Mrs. Geo. E. Hutchins and daughter Mildred, are spending their vacation at Crescent cottage, Revere beach.

Mrs. William Clark of Gorham street, and her grandchild, Lila Maher of North Andover, are going on a two weeks' vacation to Nantasket beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Leland Curtis, and Miss Maude Curtis of North Chelmsford, and Mr. Forrest Curtis and family of Centralville will spend the next two weeks in Portland, East Harpeswell and Cundy's Harbor, Maine.

Master A. Wells, son of E. C. Wells is visiting friends in Nashua, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Brown, Miss Ethel Brown and Mrs. Coburn, left Saturday for their camp at Silver Lake, N. H.

Mr. James F. Riley has returned from a four weeks' visit to Fitchburg and Cambridge.

Mr. J. Elmer Jackson, business manager for Hi Henry's minstrels, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Miss Frances Keefe, the talented pianist of Lawrence street, this city, participated in a musical last Friday evening at Hotel Algonquin, Marblehead, Mass. Miss Keefe rendered "The Blue and the Gray" in a very artistic manner.

Mrs. Annie Delaney, of South street, will spend the month around the coast of the Provinces, visiting Halifax, N. S., St. John, N. B., Charlottetown and Southport, P. E. I. At the latter place she will stay with her sister, Mrs. E. M. Burns. Her son accompanies her.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bernier and family will spend the next four weeks at Black Rocks and Salisbury beach.

Mr. Schuyler Waller is spending his vacation at Thousand Islands.

Dr. and Mrs. E. E. Kinney will spend August at Richmond Corner, N. B.

Mrs. W. C. Piper and daughter Lilla are spending their vacation at Lake Winnipesaukee, N. H. Miss Blanche Piper accompanied them.

Dr. Eugene Mayrand has gone to Canada for two months for a much needed rest.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Short of Liberty street have returned from a pleasant vacation spent at Hampton beach.

Mr. E. M. Barrette of the Bon Marche dry goods store has gone to Canada.

Mrs. Charles W. Davis has gone to Springfield, Mass., to recuperate from a long illness of nervous prostration.

Officer William O'Brien and family are at their cottage, Hampton beach, for two weeks.

Judge Frederick Lawton, with Mrs. Lawton and their two sons, will sail from Boston today, for a European trip.

Rev. and Mrs. T. G. A. Cole have gone to Block Island, R. I., on their vacation.

Herman F. Blood of 5 Fulton street has gone for one week to Bridgeport, Conn., to visit his brother, Abbott L. Blood.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Judge of Appleton street are visiting their son, Rev. J. J. Judge of Southampton, Mass.

J. J. Reardon of the Associate building is to spend the next two weeks at Old Orchard.

Miss Nora F. Mahoney of 409 Westford street will spend the next four weeks in Ocean Park, Me.

Miss Minnie Mooney, of Young's accompanied by Miss Kittie Miskella, of the city treasurer's office, left Lowell today for a tour of the New England beaches.

Miss C. M. Saunders of 30 Prescott street is spending the week at Old Orchard, Me.

MALVINA TRUDEAU

Pretty Girl Missing From Her Home in Lakeview Ave.

Malvina Trudeau, sweet sixteen and very pretty, is missing from her home in Lakeview avenue and her parents and the neighbors think it is because

MALVINA TRUDEAU.

"love found a way." A young man known to Malvina as Arthur Gardner and who is said to have masqueraded under other names, has also disappeared. Malvina loved Arthur and asked permission of her parents several times to marry him, but her parents believed her too young to marry and withheld their consent.

Malvina met the capturer of her heart last Thanksgiving. He has about him that delightful camaraderie which puts one instantly at ease and Malvina, simple-hearted and beautiful as the dew moistened rose, was in love with him before she knew it. He was the only one who had ever tried to understand her. If she said anything the least bit foreign to the conversation he probed for the thought that influenced the stray words. He studied her, she was delighted and to cap the climax of her increasing happiness he one day told her that he loved her best of all on earth.

He knew that her heart had already gone out to him and he wanted to marry her right away. She went to her parents and they objected because of her age. She pleaded and so did he, but in vain and now it is believed that they are together as man and wife.

Malvina's mother has reported the case to the police and inspector Charles Lallamme is looking for Malvina and her Adonis. Gardner is a weaver. He has worked on the Prescott where he earned $11 a week and Malvina worked in the spinning room of the Massachusetts mills and earned $5 a week.

STORES CLOSED

Serious Disorders Expected in Hayti

SOLDIERS TRIED TO PILLAGE CENTRAL MARKET

Other Soldiers and Police Restored Order

PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Aug. 2.—The most serious disorders are anticipated here. The population is very much excited by the continued rise in the prices of all merchandise and a band of soldiers today made an attempt to begin pillaging the central market and the shops in that vicinity. Other troops and police immediately intervened and re-established order. All the stores in Port Au Prince however, are now closed.

NARROW ESCAPE

QUICK ACTION OF MOTORMAN SAVED CHILD'S LIFE.

Last night as the Lawrence car that leaves the square at 5 o'clock had turned into First street and taken on a few passengers, the motorman, Mr. A. Huckins, turned on the power after receiving the signal from Conductor St. Lawrence and was going at a fair rate of speed. Near Read street a group of children was on the street, but not near enough to the car track to cause alarm. Suddenly, however, one of the children, a little girl about four years old, shot across the track, ten or fifteen feet in front of the car. Nothing saved the child's life but the quick action of that motorman. There was such a rapid reversal of the power and application of air brakes that the passengers were thrown forward in their seats. It was all done in a second and the child escaped being run down by only a few inches.

The conductor remarked that if motormen were subject to heart disease they would not last long, for they receive many a shock from this very cause—viz: children running in front of a car to see how close they can cross without being hit. It is dangerous play and it is a wonder that more of them are not killed.

HO! FOR THE BEACH PICNIC.

To avoid delay at Ho! for the Beach picnic, Thursday morning, get your tickets at Murphy's, 18 Appleton street on Wednesday before 9 p. m. Parties holding tickets report sales at Barristers' hall 8 p. m. Wednesday evening. Round trip tickets 75c; show tickets

GEN. MGR. M. A. LEE.

Mr. Leon Haynes of Pine street is at York beach.

ONE VICTIM DEAD

Motorman Doe is in Dangerous Condition

ACTRESS HAD ONE LEG AMPUTATED

Later Details of Trolley Car Accident

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, Aug. 2.—At the local hospital today it was stated that the report published in some morning papers that motorman Edward Doe, who was severely injured in the trolley car collision at Westboro yesterday died last night was incorrect. Mr. Doe was still lying in a critical condition at the hospital early today and it was impossible to determine whether he would recover. Miss Caroline Stewart of Winthrop Beach, who died late yesterday afternoon was the only one of the 16 persons hurt in the crash to succumb to injuries up to this morning. At the hospital it was thought Motorman Doe was the only one on the dangerous list although the physicians said the nature of the injuries received by some was such that they could not say definitely how serious they were. Miss Maud Maguire of Boston, the actress whose leg was amputated was resting easily this morning and it was thought she would survive the operation.

A PERFECT SMOKE
MARKSMAN
UNION MADE
5¢ CIGAR

WANTED—A boy about 16 years old to work in a piano store; one who can play the piano preferred. Address in own handwriting, Piano Boy, Sun Office, Lowell, Mass.

INTEREST BEGINS

Wednesday, August 3rd, Savings Department. Traders National Bank.

Deposit Now

Your dealer has this superior brand in stock and he realizes that they are "A Little Better Than Any Other"

C. C. A.

UNION MADE
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LATEST

WHITE MANSION

Was Badly Damaged by Fire This Morning

Two Colored Occupants Narrowly Escaped Suffocation — Electric Wires the Probable Cause—Suspicious Whiskey Bottles on the Lawn

A disastrous fire visited the magnificent residence of Mr. Edward L. White at the corner of Nesmith and Sherman streets about one o'clock this morning, and but for the prompt response and efficient work of the firemen the building would have been burned to the ground. The loss it is thought will not reach over $10,000 dollars, the principal damage being to the main hall, a side hall and several rooms on the first floor. The principal damage was to the natural wood finishing and floors in several of the down stairs roomsand will make a large item towards the losses as will the carpets and draperies upstairs which were damaged by smoke and water.

The cause of the fire is not known, but it is believed to have been electric wires, while on the other hand there is a slight possibility of the fire having been of incendiary origin.

Marshal Patterson, a colored servant, who was in the house, had a narrow escape from being suffocated, while a companion named George Jennings, a colored boy, was equally affected.

Both colored men owe their lives to Police Officer Linane, who first discovered the fire and awakened the two men and afterward pulled in an alarm from box 141. The prompt discovery of the fire by the officer probably saved the building from being completely gutted.

It was a few minutes after one o'clock this morning when Police Officer Linane happened to be passing the house and seeing huge volumes of smoke issuing from several of the windows on the first and second floors, he rushed around to the rear and rapped on the windows in a room on the basement floor occupied by Patterson and Jennings. He then pulled in the fire alarm from a box at the corner of Talbot and Fairmount streets.

When the firemen arrived they found a fierce blaze in progress in the main hallway of the house near an open fireplace. The fire had also found its way into a side hallway, and into the dining room and afterwards worked upstairs to several bedrooms and two bath rooms. Considerable water was poured on the flames and as soon as the water reached the fire huge volumes of smoke worked its way through the spacious corridors to all parts of the house.

The main hallway received the principal attention of the firemen, though others went through the rooms overhead and used their extinguishers to good effect where the fire had broken through the partitions. Owing to the many rooms and the partitions which are rather spacious the fire found its way through a good portion of the house and the firemen were kept busy extinguishing small fires about the different rooms in the vicinity of the main chimney of the building.

It was several hours before the recall was sent in and the department did not leave the scene of the fire until four o'clock in the morning, and one of the members of the Protective company remained in the house all night with several extinguishers in case that other fires might start, but the firemen evidently did good work with the water and the extinguishers, for after the department left the house ther was no further outbreaks of the flames.

In the lower hall and many of the rooms on the first floor the flooring is of hard wood, while the dining room is finished with costly wood. Many ornaments in the side hall together with some furniture in both halls were destroyed and in the vicinity of the fireplaces the partitions were practically burned away. The fire on the second floor was confined to two sleeping rooms, several bath rooms and two closets which were directly over where the fire started.

The smoke made its way through the house and did considerable damage in addition to the damage by fire to the interior finish, draperies and other things. A number of carpets on both floors were also more or less damaged by water.

The White family have been away since last October at their residence in Boston and at their summer home in Magnolia, while Mr. White left some time ago for Mexico, being interested in several mines in that country and also in the West.

Marshall Patterson has been at the house since last Friday getting the house ready for the home-coming of the family and the plumbers have been at work. Patterson on his arrival last Friday asked George Jennings to stay with him, and the two have together occupied the house, dusting the rooms, cutting the lawn and other work necessary in the day time and at night sleeping in the basement.

To a representative of The Sun this morning Patterson said: "My companion and I were asleep in the room in the basement when the fire started and I cannot really say whether it was the knock on the window by the policeman or the crackling of the flames overhead that awakened me. When I awoke the room was filled with smoke and I was nearly choked. I groped my way to one of the windows with the intention of escaping that way, but found it impossible to open the window. After considerable difficulty I reached the door and opened it and more smoke rushed in. I do not know how long it was before I got the outside the door open and then I got some fresh air and going back to the room pulled Jennings out of bed and left him on the lawn. Very soon after this the firemen arrived. I do not know how the fire could have started, because both of us went through the house before retiring and everything was all right. We left one light burning in the main hall and another on the floor above. The house is equipped with electric lights but we lighted the gas."

It was intimated that the plumbers who were at work might through carelessness set fire to something while working about the partitions, the spark working its way through the partitions, but Chief Hosmer does not think that it was the work of the plumbers.

It is thought that the fire was caused by defective wiring, but it is hard to find this out as the place where the wires were is completely destroyed. At any rate the fire started where the wires wer the most numerous, in the rear of the fireplace in the side hallway and on the side of the fireplace in the main hallway. This portion of the partition, the flooring and the ceiling overhead is completely burned away, and while Electrician Henry Fernald of the fire department and Mr. L. A. Derby, of the firm of Derby & Morse ,spent the entire morning investigating the wires, or rather what is left of them they have not got much to work upon.

In the large front hall a jug containing turpentine, used yesterday in cleaning, had been left. The turpentine had not all been used, but as the jug was a considerable distance from where the fire started no importance was attached to this find. Patterson has been in the employ of the White's for eight.

The fact that a bed in one of the upstairs sleeping rooms was disturbed, plainly indicating that it had been slept in recently and also that a number of empty liquor bottles were found on the lawn, has led more than one person who investigated the fire to believe something was wrong. It looked as though some one has been occupying the house while the people have been away.

A number of months ago a colored servant in the employ of the Whites was discharged for some reason and when asked for his key to the house he said he had lost it, and turned over all the keys except one which unlocked one of the outside doors. This, together with the disturbed bed, and the empty bottles may furnish a clue for the investigators to work upon.

The White residence, which is one of the most palatial on Quilty Hill, was partially built by Edward Lamson, of the Lamson Consolidated Store Service company. The building was started over 5 years ago and owing, it is said, to lack of funds, it was not finished until about five years later when Mr. Edward L. White, then one of the owners of the White Bros.' tannery, bought the place as it was and completed the building.

Mr. White has been residing in the house for a little over ten years, and shortly after moving into the place the peace of the community was disturbed by a tragedy which was enacted in the house. A domestic named Sadie Heslin while at work one morning was summoned to the front door and after arriving there found a friend of hers, a man named Holden, who without any warning fired several shots into her body.

She was removed to the hospital where she later recovered, and Holden, calmly walking down the different streets of the city, visited a local pawnbroker's shop and afterwards boarded a train at the Middlesex street station, occupying the same car with a local police officer, and successfully made his escape.

Fred C. Church had the insurance on the E. L. White residence and furniture.

America's Greatest Heater

THE WINCHESTER

WELCH BROTHERS

Sole Agents

61-63 Middle Street

BOTH MAY DIE

Providence Man Shot His Wife and Himself

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 1—Inflamed by groundless jealousy, John V. Duarte, a Cape De Verde islander, aged 27, shot his wife Louisa, aged 20 and then fired two more bullets into his own body inflicting a probably mortal wound at their home on Brook street today. At the Rhode Island hospital whither they were taken after the shooting, it was said that Duarte was at death's door and that his wife's condition afforded but little encouragement.

The bullet in the woman's body lodged in the vicinity of the spine, passing downwards from the left breast. Duarte shot himself through the stomach. The couple have but one child, a girl of ten months.

They have been married about four years and bore a good reputation.

80,000 MINERS

Demand That Check Weighing Decision be Observed

SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 1—The executive board of the Wyoming and Lackawanna district mine workers, representing 80,000 men, went into session here today. The board is to decide what action shall be taken to force the operators to observe the check weighing and check docking "boss" decision of Umpire Carroll D. Wright and has been given the power by that district to order a strike at every colliery where it is not enforced.

District President Nicholas, who presided, said in an interview before the meeting: "The operators state that we should refer the grievance to an umpire. It has been finally settled by Mr. Wright's decision as umpire and we see no reason why that should be changed just because it does not suit the operators."

CARROL D. WRIGHT

DOES NOT EXPECT MINERS WILL STRIKE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1—Carroll D. Wright, commissioner of labor of the department of commerce and labor, expressed the opinion today that no strike of the anthracite miners would result from the contention which has arisen between the operators and miners concerning the appointment by the miners of a check weighing boss in various collieries.

Mr. Wright called at the White House to present to the president his annual report on wages, an abstract of which already has been published. At the conclusion of his interview with the president he talked briefly about the pending difficulty between the anthracite operators and miners. By agreement, he is the umpire to whom all disputes which may arise over the carrying into effect of the finding of the anthracite coal commissions may be referred. The award provided that if in any colliery the miners desired one of their number as a check weighing boss, whose duty it should be to protect the interest of the miners in the weighing of coal taken out of the colliery he should be appointed. His pay was to be assessed pro-rata upon the miners of the colliery receiving the benefit of his services. In the collieries of the Cox Bros. at Wilkesbarre and at other collieries a majority have asked for a check weighing boss.

The proposition has been objected to by the operators because all of the men did not ask that the coal be check weighed. The operators maintained that only the men who required the checking should be assessed to pay for the weighing services. The matter was referred to Mr. Wright as umpire and he decided that the assessment should be made on all of the men employed in any given colliery. The decision was not satisfactory to the operators who suggested that another umpire be named to pass upon the subject.

The reason for the objection for the operators is not clear to Mr. Wright. He regards such a plan as perfectly fair to both sides. Under the provisions of the award, if the men who do not ask for the checking boss object to paying their portion of the assessment, they may be discharged. It is simply a case of enforcement of a rule of the majority. Mr. Wright expressed a belief that no strike would arise from the present contention and he thought the operators would abide by his decision.

will reserve action until the commission returns to Washington.

PANAMA OBJECTS

Construction of Canal Treaty Causes Trouble

THE SITUATION IN PANAMA IS SERIOUS

Trouble Over Location of Post Office

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1—Senor Obaldia, the Panama minister, accompanied by his secretary of legation, called at the state department today and made a formal protest against the construction given the canal treaty by the executive officers of the Isthmian canal commission. There is trouble growing out of the location of the post offices in the canal strip under the commission's orders but the most serious matter of discord between the people of Panama and the commission is the latter's location of a new customs port near the city of Panama. The people of Panama contend that the commission's assertion of a claim to customs jurisdiction over outlying islands and harbors will surely result in the total diversion of trade from Panama.

The agitation in Panama started with the retail shop keepers who feared that they would lose the lucrative business of supplying the vast armies of laborers and officers who are to construct the canal. The controversy has extended rapidly and the situation in Panama is now stated to be really precarious from a peaceful point of view. Before the canal commission left Colon, early last week, representations were made by the Panama government through Mr. Lee, the American charge at Panama. The commission's law officer, Judge Magoon, rendered an opinion that the Panamans misunderstood the commission's orders and that Panama would still retain her trade. The restrictions were necessary to prevent smuggling into the strip. The commission's action, however, was not final and it is understood will be the subject of legislation which the commission will inaugurate under the organic act following a personal inspection of the conditions on the isthmus.

Acting Secretar yo fState Loomis takes the view that the matter is not one to be settled by the state department except as an intermediary and

$50,000 BONDS

Required in Slocum Disaster Case

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Judge Thomas in the United States circuit court today admitted to bail all the officers and employees of the Knickerbocker steamboat company as well as the United States inspectors indicted by the federal grand jury in connection with the Slocum disaster of June 15 last.

Except in the case of Pres. Barnaby who was required to give bonds of $50,000, bail was fixed in $5000. Each defendant entered a plea of not guilty and obtained leave to withdraw the plea and enter a demurrer on Aug. 17. In each case, Judge Thomas paroled the defendant in the custody of his counsel until Wednesday when the bail bonds must be filed. The indictments charge neglect of duty and manslaughter. It is not believed the trials can begin until late in the fall.

RURAL DELIVERY

NASHUA PENNY POST USES AN AUTOMOBILE.

The possibilities of the rural delivery of mail has one of its best demonstrations by Captain Ernest S. Woods of Nashua. Mr. Woods has a route 25 miles long, and hurries over it in something like two hours. He uses a gasoline runabout which has the goods, as they say, and not only does he get over the ground without tiring himself but all the farmers have their letters and morning papers before noon and at a time when the equine propeller vehicles of other carriers have not made their turning mark on the outward leg.

While the auto costs more than a horse to build, it gives the driver, if he is a letter carrier, afternoons to himself for other pursuits, while the carriers using horses have to put in the whole day. Moreover, the auto does not eat when it is not working. The "bile is bound to be the vehicle of the rural mail carrier, say those who have studied the situation.

MASON SUCCEEDS CONVERSE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1—Commander Mason has been appointed chief of the bureau of Ordnance navy department to succeed Rear Admiral Converse who today assumed the duties of chief of the bureau of navigation.

From Yesterday's Late Edition

FIREWORKS CASE

Will be Heard by Committee This Week

BUT BILL CAN'T BE PAID YET

As it Is Under an Attachment

The committee on accounts will probably be the only committee of the city council to meet this evening owing to the fact that it is vacation season in the city council, and the committee on accounts is the only one that must hold monthly meetings.

The hearing on the Fourth of July fireworks bill will take place at the next meeting in all probability in accordance with a vote passed at the last meeting of the committee. At that time Mayor Howe who awarded the contract and Mr. Lace the agent for the fireworks company which provided the display will appear before the committee and explain how the contract was awarded and Purchasing Agent Donnelly has also been asked to appear before the committee, the latter at the time of so voting being under the impression that the purchasing agent acted with the mayor in letting the contract.

Such was not the case, however, as the mayor awarded the contract without consulting Mr. Donnelly and the latter knows nothing about the manner in which they were bought. Mr. Donnelly simply took the contract after it had been awarded and had the city solicitor add a clause to it protecting the city from suits for damages in case of accident. That Mr. Donnelly's foresightedness has saved the city inconveniences if not money is evidenced by the fact that already an attachment has been placed on the bill in the city treasurer's office by counsel for a boy who was injured during the display by a flying rocket.

THAT INJUNCTION

City Treasurer Has Not Heard From It

AND LAWYER FAY IS AT THE BEACH

Many Believe It Will Not be Brought

Up to the time of going to press today City Treasurer Stiles had heard nothing officially or otherwise of Lawyer Fay's injunction proceeding.

Inquiry at the office of Mr. Fay revealed the information that Lawyer Fay had gone to his cottage at Salem Willows on Saturday and has not returned as yet. The clerk did not know whether or not he intended to go to court before returning to Lowell.

There are many who believe that the injunction proceedings will not be brought.

Meanwhile in the absence of Mayor Howe, Acting Mayor Miskella is at the helm and signed numerous state aid vouchers this morning which were honored by the city treasurer.

BROSNAHAN OUT

Small-Pox Patient at Liberty Again

HAVING RECOVERED FROM HIS AILMENT

Which Caused Discussion Among the Experts

Michael Brosnahan, the patient at the small-pox hospital, the exact nature of whose disease was the subject of some discussion, has settled the controversy himself by becoming cured and he will leave the institution this evening, none the worse for his detention except for the ravages of the disease.

FUNERALS

TOLBY—The funeral of George A. Tolby, child of Franklin and Nellie, took place this morning at 9.30 o'clock from the home of his parents, 3 Mission place, Wigginville, and the interment was in the Catholic cemetery under the direction of Funeral Director Charles H. Molloy.

POWERS—The funeral of Catherine Powers, child of Thomas and Mary, took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of her parents, 1 Winslow's block in First street. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery and was under the direction of Funeral Director Charles H. Molloy.

SECOR—The funeral of James Francis Secor, child of Frank and Ellen, took place this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock from the home of her parents, 65 Willie street and the interment was in the Catholic cemetery under the direction of Funeral Director Charles H. Molloy.

McKENZIE—The funeral of Roderick McKenzie took place from his home, 953 Central street, yesterday afternoon, at 2.30. Services were held in the chapel at the Edson cemetery, at 3 o'clock. Rev. J. M. Craig, of the First Presbyterian church officiating. The bearers were Alexander Rule, William Farrell, John Plunkett, Frederick Poore, Larry Stevens and Stuart Greig. Undertaker J. F. Weinbeck had charge of the funeral arrangements.

MARTIN—The funeral of Della Martin took place from her home, 34 Cady street, yesterday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. At 2.30 services were held at St. Peter's church, Rev. Hugh McDermond officiating. The bearers were Michael Broderick, Michael McGrath, John and Frank Green, Lawrence O'Day and James Gray. Burial was in St. Peter's cemetery, arrangements in charge of Undertaker Thomas J. McDermott.

PERRAULT—The funeral of Percy Perrault took place from the undertaking rooms of Undertaker Molloy in Market street, yesterday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. At 3.15 services were held in St. Peter's church, Rev. Hugh McDermod officiating. The bearers were Peter Malone, Sinclair Brodie, William McKinley and H. Bournet. Burial was in St. Peter's cemetery, the funeral arrangements managed by C. H. Molloy.

McMULLEN—The funeral of Norman A. McMullen was held Saturday afternoon from the home of his parents, in Billerica Centre. Rev. Mr. Evans was the officiating clergyman and burial was in the Edson cemetery. Undertakers C. M. Young & Co. in charge.

DICKIE—The funeral of Mrs. Isabella G. Dickie was held Saturday afternoon at her late residence, 56 Starbird street. Rev. J. M. Craig was the officiating clergyman and burial was in Peacham, Vt., Undertakers C. M. Young in charge.

SCOLLAN—The funeral of Margaret Scollan took place from the home of her parents, 4 Lowell place, at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon and it was largely attended. There were many floral offerings. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, in charge of C. H. Molloy.

RILEY—The funeral of Alice Riley took place from the undertaking rooms of Undertaker Peter H. Savage, yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Burial was in the Edson cemetery.

GARREY—The funeral of Bridget Garrey took place from the rooms of Undertaker Molloy, yesterday afternoon at 4.30. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery.

DEATHS

MORRIS—Charles E. Morris died at the home of his parents, Chas. E. and Selina Morris in Billerica Centre, yesterday, aged 1 year, 7 months, 15 days.

SANDERSON—William Sanderson, aged 32 years, died at his residence, 26 Bleachery street, Saturday. He leaves to mourn his loss a father and mother three brothers, Robert, Samuel and George, and one sister, Miss Hannah Sanderson.

HOLLAND—Mrs. Catherine I. Holland, widow of the late James B. Holland, died at Waterville, Me., Friday, aged 69 years, 10 months, 18 days. She was for 20 years housekeeper for Rev. J. L. Seward, D. D., formerly pastor of the Unitarian church of Lowell.

ASHWORTH—Mrs. Elibabeth Ashworth, aged 73 years, widow of the late Sager Ashworth, died Saturday, at her residence, 33 Rock street. She leaves two sons, Geo. L. and Albion S.; also two brothers and three sisters.

HARDMAN—George Hardman died yesterday at his home, 125 Agawam street. He leaves a widow, son, David B., and two daughters, Mrs. Warren A. Bishop and Mrs. C. A. Leybrand. The deceased was a vestryman of St. John's Episcopal church, and for many years a member of the church. He was a member of Manchester lodge, No. 12, A. F. A. M., of Coventry, R. I., and Landmark chapter, No. 10, of Warwick, R. I. He was also identified with Washington lodge, No. 11, I. O. O. F., of River Point, R. I., and Howard encampment, No. 6, of the same place. He was for many years a member of the Machine Painters' Beneficial association.

FORD Patrick Ford, aged 60 years, died today at 195 Tyler street. He is survived by five sons, James, John, Patrick, Michael and Frank, and one daughter, Mary.

FITZPATRICK—James Fitzpatrick, aged 62 years, died this morning at the home of his sister, Mrs. McNeill, 16 Albion street. He is survived by his father, three sisters and two brothers.

BUTLER—Thomas Leo Butler, aged three months, child of John S., the well known conductor on the Boston & Northern railroad, died this morning at the home of his parents, 132 Middlesex street.

PAIGE—Lucy A. Paige, wife of Elisha F. Paige died last night at the home in Billerica Centre, aged 75 years, 11 months. Besides her husband she is survived by one daughter, Fannie S. Paige.

BILLERICA

List of unclaimed letters at the post office Billerica for month ending July 31: Geo. Behan, Frank Bourjois, Mrs. L. D. Betters, Mrs. Nephen Conner, Frank R. Fow, C. H. Evans, Blanche Evans, Miss A. R. Fletcher, Miss Mary Griffin, Thomas F. Lynch, Millard C. Mackie, Charles H. Tucker, Beatrice Jeffcock, Ailine Kelly, Mary L. Kelley, Margaret Miller, William Sanborn, Charles H. Saxen 2, B. Scannell, G. G. Wilson.

INCUBATOR GRADUATES MEET.

NEW YOR, Aug. 1.—Graduates of the Infant Incubator have held a reunion at the Infant Incubator Institute at Coneyisland. There were about forty present ranging in age from three months, the usual period allowed them in the incubators to three years. In the case of the latter there were three from Brooklyn triplets, whose lives had been saved at the incubator exhibit during the Panama American exposition in Buffalo in 1901 and who are now as big and healthy as any youngsters of their age.

CITY COAL SUPPLY

Is About all in Municipal Bins

PAUPER DEPT. COAL AT AMBULAACE STATION

Mr. Murphy an Expect on Weight of Coal

On July 11, the city started to get in its annual coal supply under the direction of Mr. Murphy, Purchasing Agent Donnelly's assistant. Mr. Murphy personally supervised the weighing of thousands of tons of coal from that date to the present and the only bins yet remaining to be filled are those at the police station and ambulance station, which are being filled today. The coal delivered by the pauper department to poor families which last year was delivered from the city farm, will be delivered from the ambulance station this winter as in former years and thus save the long trip from the Chelmsford street institution. Mr. Murphy has had so much experience at weighing loads of coal that he can now tell the weight of a load within a few pounds at a glance and it is impossible to pass off a short load on him.

TWOLITTLE CURLS

Policeman Found Them in Lawrence Street

Two golden curls are at the police station awaiting an owner. They were picked up by Officer Charles Hill in Lawrence street, Sunday morning. The curls were wrapped in coarse paper. One curl is lighter than the other and pinned to the paper in which they are contained is the following note: "Chester and Lester Worden's curls, cut off when they were two years old—1889."

SIXTY-ONE ALARMS

RESPONDED TO BY FIRE DEPARTMENT IN JULY.

The local firemen responded to 61 alarms during the month of July just ended. Fifteen of this number were from the automatic box at the Putnam & Son clothing store in Central street during the early part of the month, caused by the automatic alarm being out of order. For several days, during all hours of the day and night the firemen from the protective company were summoned to the store, only to find that there was no fire.

The only real serious fire during the month was on the 17th of the month when an alarm from box 371 was pulled in for a fire in the house of Mrs. William F. Courtney, in Middlesex street, at the city line.

During the month there were 19 bell alarms, 15 automatic, 17 telephone and 10 stills, as follows:

July 2, two automatics and box 35; 3, two stills, two telephones and three automatics; 4, four automatics, one still, one telephone and boxes 38, 37 and 16; 5, two automatics, a telephone and box 19; 6, box 131 and two automatics; 9, two telephones, a still and an automatic; 10, telephone and automatic; 12, telephone; 13, telephone; 14, telephone; 15, box 21; 16, three telephones; 17, box 371, still and telephone; 18, boxes 16 and 147; 19, still; 20, box 43 and two stills; 21, boxes 6, 35, 53 and 37 and a telephone; 22, box 46 and a still; 30, box 48 and a telephone; 31, box 115 and a telephone.

JIMMY GARDNER

ASKED TO MEET SAM LANGFORD.

Owen Kenny, the fistic promoter of Manchester, N. H., has a great treat in store for the fight fans up in the Granite State if he can bring together Jimmy Gardner and Sam Langford.

Kenny has been working the wires for the past week, and all that remains now to clinch the match is for Gardner to say the word. Langford's quick work in disposing of George McFadden in two rounds has made a strong impression up there.

REV. FR. KERWIN PREACHED.

At the Sacred Heart church yesterday, high mass was sung by Rev. Fr. Flynn, O. M. I., and the sermon was delivered by Rev. Fr. Kerwin, O. M. I., a former altar boy of this church and whose parents still reside in the parish. The text of his discourse was "I Believe in One Catholic and Apostolic Church," and was delivered in an eloquent and instructive manner.

FEET BURNED.

Afpemoss Paros, residing at 98 Fenwick street and employed at the Lowell Machine shop while at work this morning met with a painful accident. He was pouring hot metal from a ladle when the metal was spilled over both his feet. He was removed in the ambulance to the Lowell hospital where his feet were dressed.

60,000 ARE IDLE

Collieries in Schuykill Region Closed

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Aug. 1.—The shut-down at the collieries in the Schuykill region today was complete with the exception of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company's collieries in the Panther Creek valley.

All the individual operations along the Reading system were compelled to shut down by reason of the fact that no cars will be furnished until August 8. About 60,000 men in this county are idle as the result of the suspension.

CITY OF ROCKLAND

ROCKLAND, Me., Aug. 1—Temporary repairs which will continue about five days were begun today on the steamer City of Rockland which was floated and beached at Five Kilns yesterday. Three divers, Abbott Baker of Vineyard Haven and Brooks and Sullivan of Boston, were working on the hull and bottom. The machinery will be examined and possibly if found to be in working order the steamer will proceed to Boston under her own steam. She will be accompanied by at least one tug however, and will be equipped with two pumps.

FULLER RECALLED

JAPANESE DEMANDED RETURN OF PASSPORTS.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 1.—The Japanese government, through American Minister Griscom, having obtained the return of the passports given Hector Fuller, the special war correspondent of the Indianapolis News, who recently succeeded in getting into Port Arthur and out again, Mr. Fuller has sailed from Tokio for San Francisco. The passports were demanded on the ground that as Mr. Fuller had been in Russian territory and within the Russian lines he could not remain on Japanese soil. He was under constant Japanese espionage from the time he returned to Chefoo from Port Arthur.

ASSASSIN DEAD

MAN WHO KILLED VON PLEHVE MADE NO DISCLOSURES.

LONDON, Aug. 1—A despatch to the Central News from St. Petersburg says the assassin of Von Plehve is dead and adds that he made no disclosures before dying.

RETURN TO CALIFORNIA.

Mrs. Mary McSorley, her daughter Annie and her son Judge A. I. McSorley who have been visiting Mrs. McSorley's sister, Mrs. Margaret McNabb of Pleasant street, have started for their home in Calaveras County, Cal.

EXPECT GOOD FISHING.

John J. Sullivan, th ewell-known tailor, John J. Hanlon, member of the schoo committee, and Dr. John Walsh left today for Shapleigh, Me., where they will spend the next two weeks. There is great fishing on the lake situated near the hotel where they are stopping and they expect to land some fine trout and salmon.

LADDER BROKE

One Man Killed and Another Fatally Injured

WORCESTER, Aug. 1—By the breaking of a ladder running at the end of a staging on which they were working, Wm. R. Vergo was killed, Arthur Berleau, was fatally injured and Albert E. Stunstall was seriously hurt today while repairing the roof of the J. B. Garland and Son grain elevator here. They were at work close to the roof when the ladder broke, allowing them to fall to the ground, 20 feet, where they landed on the Boston and Albany railroad tracks.

TEAMSTERS QUIT

10,000 of Them Out on Strike

VIENNA, Aug. 1.—10,000 teamsters began a strike today causing general demoralization in many industries. The public is suffering great inconvenience as the drivers of water carts and garbage wagons are among the strikers. The chief demands are an increase in wages and 11 hours' work per day. In the forenoon the strikers gathered in many parts of the city and endeavored to prevent wagons being taken out by union strikers. Disturbances ensued and many arrests were made.

EIGHT WARRANTS

Packers Charged With Violating Labor Laws

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—State factory inspector Davis took a hand in the stock yards strike today and procured eight warrants for Wm. B. Farris, superintendent of the Nelson Morris and company, charging Mr. Farris with working four children all under the age of 10 years, longer than the law permits, and for employing such children without proper school or age certificates. There are two warrants in each case. A session of the allied trades today resulted in a decision to delay appealing to President Roosevelt until all other resources have been exhausted. The decision was reached on the advice of Homer D. Call, who as a republican, declared he was averse to embarrassing the president at the present time. "I do not think it right," said Mr. Call, "to bring President Roosevelt into this fight at the present time. Mr. Donnelly brought the resolution to me asking the president to step in and I have thought it over long and thoroughly, but I am convinced we should wait. We must be patient if we would win."

VANDERBILT'S HORSE WON.

PARIS, Aug. 1.— W. K. Vanderbilt's Banchee won the race for the Prix Grand Chene at St. Cloud today. Six horses started.

All Kinds of Stamps Given
ON ALL PURCHASES

JOHN F. SAUNDERS
159 Gorham Street, Cor. Summer

AND SPECIAL ON FOLLOWING:

On All Kinds of Stamps

120 with 1 lb 60c Baking Powder.
160 with 1 lb 70c Tea.
100 with 1 lb 60c Tea.
70 with 1 lb 50c Tea.
10 with 1 lb 15c Butterine.
20 with 1 Pkg. 10c Mince.
10 with 1 pkg. Pancake flour.
6 with 1 pkg 14c Force.
5 with 1 pkg. 10c Presto
20 with 1 lb. 20c and 25c Coffee.
10 with 1 bottle 10c Blue.
10 with 1 can 12c Peas.
10 with 1 can 12c Tomatoes.
10 with 1 pkg. 10c Corn Starch.
20 with 1 pkg. 14c Norka Oats.
20 with 1 pkg. Malted Oats.

BEEF IS CHEAPER

Good Eggs 20c Doz.
Large New Potatoes 20 and 25c Peck.
Best Round Steak 15c Lb.
Best Rump and Sirloin 15c to 22c Lb.
Corn Beef 6c and 7c Lb
Butter Beans 3c qt. 2 for 5c
Bread Flour 75c Bag
Challenge Milk 3 cans 25c
BEST BUTTERINE
10c to 15c Lb.

Window Screens and Screen Doors
Marked down below cost to close them out, besides
DOUBLE DARK BLUE STAMPS
O'Brien Bros TEA DEALERS
TEA DEALERS. 227 CENTRAL ST.

CARTER'S
Cough Balsam 25c
WILL CURE THAT COUGH
Carter & Sherburne's
LOW-PRICED DRUG STORE
Merrimack, Cor. Bridge St.

YOUR COMFORT
In hot weather depends on buying your Bread and Cake at
HARRY RICHARDSON'S
Tel. 234-2

Suit Cases
DEVINE'S
88 Merrimack St.
Factory, 72 Middlesex St. Telephone.

Wall Paper
—AT—
97 Appleton Street

HETEROPHORIA
Or muscular insufficiency causes headaches, tired eyes and dizziness.
Optician George G. Rogers,
145 MERRIMACK STREET,
Up Stairs.

CARNEY & BUNKER
GOLD, SILVER AND NICKEL PLATERS.
Polishing, Lacquering, Dipping and Tinning. Sole manufacturers of the Carney Weavers' Drawing-in Hook.
37 Shattuck Street, Cor. Market.
Telephone 8-15-12.

JOHN W. McEVOY
Counselor-at-law and Public Administrator
137 Central Street Tel. 489-6

MILLS ARE CLOSED

No Attempt to Resume Work in Fall River

FALL RIVER, Aug.1—The rumors current yesterday but officially denied that two of the cotton mills in this city would make an attempt to operate their machinery today were found to be false when the usual opening time came this morning, as not a mill involved in the strike was opened. No developments in the great strike were expected today and consequently the strikers lay abed late, leaving the streets with a deserted appearance during the early hours of the day. A meeting of the textile council will be held tomorrow when plans for the maintenance of the strike will be discussed.

UNION OFFICIALS

EXPECT SUPPORT OF FEDERATION OF LABOR.

FALL RIVER, Aug. 1—President Golden and Secretary Hibbert of the United Textile workers returned this morning from their trip to Washington for the purpose of securing the support of the American Federation of Labor. While they were not successful in seeing President Gompers, who was in Philadelphia, they were given every assurance, by Secretary Morrison, of the moral and financial support of the A. F. L. and felt highly satisfied with the result of their trip.

The spinners union held a general meeting this morning and listened to the treasurer's weekly report. It was announced that strike contributions of $5??8.35 exclusive of the funds received by collectors have been made and relief had been given in a number of cases of distribution.

Rev. Bennetts C. Miller, pastor of the Summerfield M. E. church, announces that on account of the strike he will forego his usual vacation this year.

Contributions for the strikers continue to come in.

HEAD-ON COLLISION

Twenty Injured on Boston & Worcester Road

SOUTHBORO, Mass., Aug. 1.—Twenty persons were injured by a collision of two heavy trolley cars on the Boston & Worcester street railroad at a point one and a half miles west of Whites corner today. Physicians were immediately summoned from Framingham, Hudson and Marlboro. The cars of the road run over a single track in the Whites corner section. The company, however, recently constructed a second track and the new line is to be used about the latter part of the week.

The injured included adults of both sexes and a number of children. The uninjured passengers bound west were taken to Worcester by the Marlboro division of the Worcester consolidated road and eastbound passengers who were not seriously hurt were transferred to another car.

The cars met head on about 300 yards east of a turnout on Washington street just over the Westboro town line. The officials of the company claim that Conductor Balcom who was in charge of a car bound for Boston had orders to wait at the turnout until a Worcester bound car passed him. It is claimed that the orders were not carried out and that Balcom's car continued on a high rate of speed until suddenly it collided with the Worcester car in charge of Conductor Metcalf. Although the impact was terrific the cars did not leave the rails but the passengers were hurled violently forward and those in the front seats were somewhat cut by glass. One of the motormen was the most seriously injured of any of those on both cars and he was taken to the hospital at South Framingham in a critical state.

A score of persons in all were hurt, 17 of whom were hastily transferred to ambulances and trolley cars which conveyed them to a hospital at South Framingham. The accident occurred in a remote section about noon and it was some time before the physicians in the nearby towns and cities were notified. The officials of the company have been making a rigid investigation into the collision.

GEN. KELLER DEAD

Russian Officer Killed in Battle by Japanese

MUKDEN, Aug. 1.—It is reported that Lieut.-General Count Keller has been killed east of Liao Yang.

REPORT CONFIRMED.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—A despatch to a news agency from St. Petersburg confirms the report of the death of General Keller, saying he was killed by a fragment of a Japanese shell at the time he was opposing the Japanese advance along the railway near Haicheng.

Lieut.-General Count Keller at the opening of the war was in command of the second Siberian army division. He was 54 years of age and resigned the governorship of Ekatorinslaff in order to go to the front.

He sustained two reverses at the hands of the Japanese July 4 and 17, being repulsed in attacks on Motien pass. General Kellar took part in the three campaigns of the Russo-Turkish war. He possessed cool judgment and was considered to be a fine strategist.

EX-GOV. PATTISON

DEMOCRATIC LEADER IN PENNSYLVANIA IS DEAD.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 1.—Former Governor Robert E. Pattison, one of the democratic leaders of Pennsylvania died today at his country home at Overbrook, a suburb.

HOT IN BOSTON

SEVERAL PERSONS WERE OVERCOME BY HEAT.

BOSTON, Aug. 1.—Several persons were overcome by the heat here today. This afternoon the mercury stood at 90.

PROMINENT LAWYER DEAD.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Jos. H. Campbell, 73 years of age, formerly a lawyer of Louisville, Ky., and later an inventor of food-products, is dead at the home of his daughter in Mount Vernon. Mr. Campbell was born in Pennsylvania and was graduated from Washington and Jefferson college in 1852.

Mr. Campbell and S. R. Wilson of the department of agriculture worked together in dveloping food-products.

SOCIALIST CAUCUSES.

BOSTON, Aug. 1 The socialists state committee has sent out its call for state caucuses to be held September 26 and 27. The caucuses on the 26th will be held in cities and towns which have not accepted the Lane joint caucus law, and on the 27th at all other places. The state convention will be held in Paine Memorial Hall, Boston, October 3.

GIRL DROWNED

LOST HER LIFE WHILE IN BATHING.

WOODMONT, Conn., Aug. 1—Miss Grace Sherwood, aged 18, daughter of A. F. Sherwood, a prominent citizen of Waterbury was drowned today while swimming. She was visiting at the summer home of Elliot H. Morse, treasurer of the Connecticut Savings bank of New Haven.

NINETEEN STATES

REPRESENTED AT BERNE, SWITZERLAND.

BERNE, Switzerland, Aug. 1.—Nineteen states, including the United States were represented at the International conference on industrial property which opened here today. The conference will discuss the unification and simplification of regulations relating to industrial property in different countries. P. G. L. Webb, chief clerk of the patent office at Washington represents the United States.

GEORGE GARDNER

WILL GET BACK IN THE GAME IN THE FALL.

BUTTE, Mont., Aug. 1—George Gardner, with his manager, Jack Curley, is still in this city, where Gardner is matched to fight Jim Jeffords. Gardner has not been himself pugilistically speaking, for some time, and it is here where the ex-lightweight champion hopes to rejuvenate himself for a big campaign next fall, when he hopes to go out after the best in the business.

Gardner likes the climate here and is working hard to regain his old time form. This he says he is fast doing and thinks he will have little trouble in knocking out the big fellow Jeffords.

BROKE RECORD

FLANAGAN THREW THE HAMMER 173 FEET.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1—In the presence of fully 7000 spectators who attended the Gaelic athletic tournament for the benefit of the Christian training college at Clontarf, Dublin, Ire., which was held at Celtic park, Long Island City, yesterday, John J. Flanagan of the Greater New York Irish athletic association, increased the world's 16-pound hammer throwing record from 171 feet 9 inches to 173 feet. He also threw the 56-pound weight a distance of 36 feet 4 inches, which is within five inches of his world's record with that weight.

These two performances were recorded in the all-around weight-throwing contest, which also included throwing the discus and putting the 16-pound shot. The points scored were five for first three for second and one for third place in each of the four events, and Flanagan won with a total of 14 points.

John Gallagher of Chapel street has started on a short vacation to be spent in Boston.

ASPHALT CASE

Official Account of the Seizure

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1—The first official account of the action of the Venezuelan government in respect to the seizure of the properties of the New York and Bermudez Asphalt company have come to the state department in a cablegram from Minister Bowen at Caracas. Mr. Bowen said that suit was brought by the Venezuelan government against the Asphalt company on the ground that it had failed to carry out certain portions of its concessions, especially those requiring it to dig canals, dredge channels in the rivers and export other produce than asphalt. Because of the company's failure in these matters, the Venezuelan government asked the court to order an embargo (corresponding to the ordinary American injunction) and to appoint a custodian or receiver. The court granted this application, laid the embargo and appointed A. H. Carner as custodian. He sailed on a Venezuelan warship for the nearest port to the Asphalt lakes before notice was issued on the company. Minister Bowen explains that while the statutes of Venezuela embargo proceedings such as in the case of leases, this would scarcely apply to the New York and Bermudez Asphalt company property which are held under concessions. The custodian, Mr. Carner seized these properties on the 27th ultimo and remains in possession. Prof. John Bassett Moore and John Lindsay of New York as attorneys representing the New York and Bermudez company called at the state department today and had a long conference with acting Secretary Loomis and Solicitor Penfield in regard to the protection of the company's interests against such arbitratory proceedings as those that have taken place. They confirmed the press report from Port of Spain to the effect that the British minister at Caracas had protested against the seizure of the asphalt lake at Guanaco. It was explained that there is a proper double interest in this matter for while New York and Bermudez company is an American corporation and most of its stock is owned here, the bonds of the company are held to the extent of about a million dollars in England, giving the British government the right to intervene to protect its citizens' interests. Mr. Bowen has already been authorized by the state department to protest against the retention of the property of the Asphalt company under the court's orders. As the state department is anxious to secure further information as to the complexities of Venezuelan law in this case it probably will await the mails before moving further in the case.

BADLY BATTERED

NOVA SCOTIA SHIP IN BAD CONDITION.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—The Southern Pacific company's steamer Proteus which arrived today from New Orleans reports having passed the Nova Scotia ship Kingscounty in a badly battered but not entirely helpless condition during the voyage. The Kingscounty had lost the fore and main top gallant masts, the main mast head, mizzen royal mast and jib-boom. When seen by the Proteus, however, she was working along under her remaining sails, and as she had not been damaged she declined assistance. The Kingscounty was bound from Pensacola for Rio Janerio and when sighted by the Proteus was about 75 miles off the Florida coast.

READY TO STRIKE

STATEMENT ISSUED BY LIVE STOCK HANDLERS.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—The position of the live stock handlers who struck at the stock yards in sympathy with the packing house employees and afterwards returned to their duties handling stock for the packing companies involved in the strike as well as for the independent plants, has been made plain by the official statement that their action was taken in obedience to their union officers. It is declared that they stand ready to strike again if it appears necessary. A report that the fire insurance underwriters have issued an order cancelling policies on packing establishments on account of the strike and because of the housing of so many men in the buildings has been positively denied by the insurance companies representatives.

dieting that the next few hours will dicted that the next few hours will witness important developments in the breaking up of the strikes. Strong efforts it is said have been made by representatives of the packers to induce desertions from the ranks of the strikers and the claim is made that the efforts are meeting with much success.

RUSSIAN LOSSES NOT YET REPORTED

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 1—A further despatch from Gen. Kuropatkin to the emperor dated today, says:

"All our positions were retained at Simouchong when the fighting ceased at 6.45 p. m. July 31 but have not yet received reports from operations on our extreme right flank.

"We retained all our positions held by our eastern force at Yangze pass. General Keller, commanding, had chosen this as the point from which to watch the fight. A battery near him was exposed to heavier fire than any other and he was mortally wounded at 3 o'clock this afternoon. He died 20 minutes later."

General Kuropatkin also reported the retirement of the Russian van-guard on the south front a short distance in the direction of Haicheng. After determined fighting near the village of Sunchengtze the Japanese apparently concentrated considerable forces on the Saomatza side of Lia Yang. The Russian losses in the fighting on July 31, have not yet been reported but the Russians hold their positions.

SHELL BURST NEAR COUNT KELLER

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 1.—The report of Lieutenant General Count Kellers death is confirmed.

He was killed July 29 while repelling the attack of General Kuroki's army on the Yanze pass, 30 miles east of Liao Yang. The general was standing near a battery which was subjected to a terrific fire when a shell burst close to him and he fell, mortally wounded, dying 20 minutes later. Before he expired, General Keller had the satisfaction of knowing that the Japanese attack had been repelled.

General Keller was the first high Russian military commander to lose his life in this war. He resigned the high and lucrative post of governor of Ekaterinoslaff to go to the front and exchanged with General Zassalitch, who may now resume the command of the first Siberian army corps.

The loss of General Keller is deeply felt in court circles. He was a personal favorite of the emperor. His sister, Countess Kleinmichel, is one of the leaders of St. Petersburg society.

RUSSIAN TROOPS HOLDING THEIR OWN

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 1—Preparations have been completed for the departure, under the command of Rear Admiral Enquist, of the cruiser Division of the second Russian Pacific squadron, now lying off Cronstadt. The warships will weigh anchor and put to sea under sealed orders within three days while it is also believed the auxiliary cruisers Don and Ural, which probably are the ships reported as passing Copenhagen with two torpedo boats, will be followed at once by other converted merchantmen. This time the admiralty has resolved that there shall be no question of the character of the warships engaged in stopping contraband. The Don and the Ural will replace the St. Petersburg and Smolensk, which will come home and be recommissioned.

A current story of an attempt to blow up a building in the Navy yards by a man in a boat is untrue. It is only a distorted version feature of M. Plehve's assassin's accomplice, of which the true account was cabled from here July 29.

The suggestion of M. Souvorin, editor of the Nove Verymra of the establishment of a responsible cabinet is creating much popular comment. Great significance attaches to the freedom with which the newspapers are discussing the matter. The cry has been taken up by the reactionary Prince Meshchersky, editor of the Grazhdanin, who argues that a cabinet has become necessary. M. Souvorin this morning refers to the charge in a signed article pointing out the evils of the present system and saying that the rivalry between the ministers is causing chaos in the public service, each pulling its own way, secure from criticism under the cloak of personal irresponsibility.

AMERICAN TRUSTS BLAMED FOR WAR

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 1—12.55 p. m.—M. Menshokooff the well known writer, who formerly accused the Jews of responsibility for promoting the present war, now charges "the gigantic American trusts, anxious to find new fields for exploitation in Asia," with the main responsibility.

With the view of promoting shipbuilding the government has promised to loan money to purchasers of Russian built merchantmen. The details of the new Russo-German commercial treaty are carefully guarded and will not be promulgated although it seems certain that Russia has conceded greatly against Russian cereals which are even said to be double. Some of the papers express satisfaction saying this is better than uncertainty.

It is not believed here that the German agrarians will succeed in having the new tariff enforced before January, 1906. The Novoe Vremyra, today devotes an editorial to praising the German captain of the Portland and Asiatic liner Arabia, seized by the Russian Vladivostok squadron, for protesting against carrying contraband when he discovered what the nature of his cargo was to be.

Discussing the case of the British steamer Knight Commander (sunk by the Vladivostok squadron off Izu) the Novoe Vremyra points to the action of the Americans in the war of 1812 in sinking English ships and also to some alleged history of the civil war, when, the paper says, over a hundred blockade runners were sunk. The Novoe Vremyra concluded: "Before lodging the complaints our well wishers are preparing, it would be well for them to look up what they did themselves."

On the other hand, most of the other papers seem to have no desire to arouse an acrimonious discussion and are abstaining entirely from criminations.

RUSSIAN TROOPS HOLDING THEIR OWM

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 1—4.25 p. m.—The latest reports from the scene of the battle are to the effect that the Russians up to last night successfully repulsed the Japanese attacks against Simouncheng.

IMPORTANT BATTLE EXPECTED SOON

LIAO YANG, Saturday, July 30.—(Delayed in transmission)—A Japanese officer who had been taken prisoner and a hundred wounded and disabled Russians have arrived here from the east where it is reported the Russians attempted to cut the Japanese column marching toward Mukden.

The Russians have taken very few prisoners so far, probably because of their having fallen back from the battlefield in each engagement, leaving the Japanese in possession of the spoils. A train bearing wounded Russians has arrived from the south, where it is reported there is continued fighting east and south of Haicheng.

Events of most important consequence are now expected to occur east of Liao Yang.

SOLDIERS SING DURING BATTLE

HAICHENG, Aug. 1. The Japanese on Sunday attacked the heights of Kang Wa pass, the right of the Russian position at Simoucheng. Under cover of their artillery the Japanese infantry charged, but the Russian guns drove them back in confusion and silenced two of their batteries. The Russian losses were slight.

At Haicheng and Tatchekiao the same day there was a long distance artillery duel which had little effect. A shell burst over a Russian gun killing two and wounding 11 gunners.

On Saturday night the Japanese made a desperate assault on Kang Wa heights with the bayonet and a hand-to-hand fight ensued but the Japanese were again repulsed fleeing down the hill in confusion. The Japanese are said to have employed their customary trick of advancing and shouting in Russian "Don't fire, we are friends." The Japanese renewed the attack at daylight yesterday, training all their guns on Kang Wa heights. By 6 o'clock the fight had developed along the whole front of 14 miles and was especially [illegible] against General Mistchenko. The Russian artillery did magnificently several times forcing the Japanese batteries to shift their positions. The Russians are holding all their positions at the hour when the despatch was sent from Haicheng.

The heat is almost unbearable and is trying to the fighting men but even while marching under the blazing sun and weighted down by accoutrements and ammunition, often without food or drink all day the men try to be cheerful and sing songs while grim work is in progress.

MADE NO DEMAND

Germany Has Not Sent Ultimatum to Venezuela

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—The foreign office here denies the report from Caracas that the German minister has presented an ultimatum to the Venezuelan government demanding the immediate payment of the interest on the indemnity stipulated in the protocol signed by H. W. Bowen representing Venezuela in February, 1903, under penalty of the withdrawal of the German minister on Aug. 4.

STRANGE PHENOMENOM

VESSEL AND CREW HAD FIERY COATING.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 1. The British ship Mohican while making for the Delaware breakwater has encountered a strange phenomenon. A cloud of phosphoric enveloped the vessel magnetizing everything on board. Capt. Urquhart says the vessel and crew had a fiery coating. "When the sailors saw it," said the captain, "they rushed to the needle and it was flying around like an electric fan. I ordered several of the crew to move some iron chains that were lying on the deck thinking to distract their attention. The sailors could not budge the chains, although they did not weigh more than 75 pounds each.

"Everything was magnetized and chains, bolts, spikes and bars were as tight on the deck as if they had been riveted there. The cloud was so dense that it was impossible for the vessel to proceed. I could not see beyond the decks. It appeared as if the whole world was a mass of glowing fire. The sailors fell on the decks and prayer. Suddenly the cloud began to lift. The phosphorescent glow on the ship and the crew began to fade. In a few minutes the cloud passed over the vessel and we saw it moving off over the sea."

CAPT. FOURNIER

IN COMMAND OF THE MOORISH POLICE.

PARIS, Aug. 1. The sultan of Morocco in accord with the French government has appointed Captain Fournier, of the French army to command the Moorish police in the Tangier district.

EMPEROR'S GUARD

HAS BEEN TRIPLED SINCE THE ASSASSINATION OF VON PLEHVE.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 1—While the emperor's legions are fighting desperately at the front his majesty today attended the consecration of the new church of St. Zeraphim at Old Peterhof. The new shore batteries at Oranienbaum below Peterhof have been completed. Two tiers of nine inch guns emplaced in these batteries command the south shore of the gulf of Finland beyond the radius of the fire of the Cronstadt forts.

In spite of the fact that the police say that the plot that resulted in the assassination of Interior minister Von Plehve, distinctly placed the emperor as "uninvolved" many extra precautions have been taken to ensure his majesty's safety. His personal guard has been tripled.

BANK HOLIDAY

CELEBRATED THROUGHOUT THE UNITED KINGDOM.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The bank holiday was celebrated today throughout the United Kingdom. In London none of the government offices were open and here and in every other city the banks, stock exchanges and business houses were closed. Brilliant weather prevailed and in consequence the river and seaside resorts were crowded. At Cowes, Isle of Wight, King Edward, Queen Alexandria, and a large assembly of fashionable people attended the opening of regatta week. The weather was fine but the wind was light, only enough to flutter the innumerable burgees flying from the yachts which crowded the roadstead. The first race was a handicap for yachts over 100 tons, in which Emperor William's Meteor II and the Ingomar (owned by Morton F. Plant of New York) competed.

PERSONALS

Mr. Howard Hill of Chicago, representative of the Apollo piano player, was in Lowell last week as the guest of Louis Grunewald, Jr., whose music emporium is at 22 Central street. During his stay Mr. Hill gave an enjoyable demonstration of the capabilities of the Apollo to several prominent citizens who were present by invitation of Mr. Grunewald.

Mr. B. J. Daucherf and family will spend the next two weeks in Northboro.

Miss Nora Grady of Springfield is visiting relatives on Linden street.

Miss Katie Ingham of Bleachery street, tick binder for Doherty Mattress Co., sails for England tomorrow on the Ivernia in company with her father.

Mr. and Mrs. Leland Curtis and daughter, Maude, and Mr. and Mrs. Forest Curtis and children, will spend the next two weeks at Portland, East Harpswell and other points on the Maine coast.

Master M Wells, son of E C. Wells, is visiting his cousin, Louie Neff, in Nashua, N. H.

Miss Mary Gallagher of Chapel street has returned from her vacation spent with relatives in Rhode Island.

Charles Anderson, foreman at the J. C. Ayer Co. in Middle street, left this morning for a tour of the beaches on the north shore.

200,000 AT CONEY ISLAND.

NEW YORK Aug. 1—Sunday was the biggest day in Coney Island's history according to expert counters. It is estimated that fully 200,000 persons went to the resort by trolley cars, trains and boats. The crowd was well handled.

BRITISH SHIP ASHORE.

LONDON, August 1.—Advices received from Montevido say that the British ship Louvina, Captain Kain, from Annapolis, N. S., May 3, for Rosario is ashore near Maldonado. Assistance has been sent to the stranded vessel.

STRANGE DISEASE

Physicians in Adams are Baffled

ADAMS, Mass., Aug. 1.—Several physicians of this place are baffled by a disease which appeared in the family of Patrick J. Courtney last week and from which one child, George, six years old, died today and another son, James, three years old, cannot recover. Mr. Courtney himself and his daughter Mollie, 14 years of age, are both ill, and while the doctors consider that the trouble is ptomaine poisoning, they are confused by the fact that the two boys first became ill last Tuesday while Mr. Courtney and the daughter were not seized until Saturday. There are two other children younger than Mollie who have not been affected in any way.

GIRL KIDNAPPED

SHE WAS DRAGGED INTO THE WOODS.

BOSTON, Aug. 1. The mysterious disappearance of Annie Plea of Cedar street, Winchester, a 13 year old Italian girl, who landed in America only three months ago, has been reported to the police. Her brother claims that she was set upon by three men and dragged into the woods near the Symmes farm, and has not been seen since.

The missing girl was employed, with perhaps a[?] others of her nationality, on the Symmes farm. She is said to be the comeliest girl of her race in the vicinity of Boston.

On Friday night, when Annie left work and started for home with two girl companions, they went along a strip of woods. Three Italians approached from the opposite direction, and springing upon them, one man, said to be named "Billy," grabbed Annie about the waist and dragged her into a thicket. She screamed, but Billy pressed his hand over her mouth. Annie's companions ran back to the farm to give the alarm, and the other men went into the woods.

Chief McIntosh and Patrolman Hargrove, with Selectman Symmes, searched the woods for nearly five hours, but no trace of the girl or the men supposed to have kidnapped her could be found.

FEMALE TRAMP

MARY HAYDEN ADMITS SHE IS A HOBO.

NEW HAVEN, Aug. 1—Mary Hayden, apparently 35 years old, poorly dressed and penniless, was arrested last night by an officer at the freight yard of the Consolidated railroad for vagrancy. When taken to the police station, Mary failed to tell a connected story of her wanderings. Her occupation was "nothing" and she failed to give any particular address.

At the depot she said that she lost what little money she had by betting on the races last week in New York and jumped a freight in the hopes of getting to Boston, where she has friends. She refused to give their names, however, and doesn't seem to mind her arrest. She says the ride from New York was all right, although the brakeman put her off several times. They finally took pity on her and let her ride the last few miles in the caboose.

She claims to have made the ride between New York and Boston several times on freight trains, and freely admits that she is a female tramp.

LAMED FOR LIFE

BEAR ATTACKED SEVEN YEAR OLD BOY.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 1—Several hundred persons saw a brown bear attempting to eat seven-year-old Robert Mayer at the bear pit in Cadwallader Park yesterday. The little fellow had ventured near the cage and was caught and held by the beast putting its claws through the bars of the cage. The animal tore off the shoe off his right foot and had sunk its teeth in his leg before the chief of the park guard rescued the lad. The chief used his club on the animal and broke its hold on the boy. The little fellow was hurried to the hospital where his injuries were found to be so severe that he will be lamed in all probability for life.

FELL FROM CAR

MAN WAS SERIOUSLY INJURED AT MEDFORD.

MEDFORD, Aug. 1.—An unknown man, apparently a Swede, fell from the Boston & Northern street railway car due at Medford at 10.20 yesterday morning and was severely injured.

He was standing on the platform of the car when his hat blew off near Franklin avenue, just above the city farm. Without waiting for the car to stop, he jumped, facing to the rear.

He was picked up in a semiconscious condition and removed to the Medford police station in the patrol wagon. A physician was called and the injured man was later removed to the Massachusetts general hospital.

Only a watch and a small mirror were found upon him. The conductor was of the opinion that the man boarded the car in the vicinity of North Woburn or Wilmington, and had a recollection of changing a $1 bill for his fare. No money, however, was found in his pockets.

He is described as about 25 to 28 years old, 5 feet 9 inches in height, weighing about 170 pounds, of muscular build, apparently a farmer or laborer. He wore a suit of dark clothes. His light hair, blue eyes and round features gave the impression that he was a Swede.

GOING TO EUROPE.

Sailing from Boston Tuesday, on the Cunard Line steamship Ivernia for England, Ireland and Scotland are the following Lowell people booked through Murphy's steamship agency: Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Warren, Everett A. Warren, H. Raymond Warren, Miss Lettey Sharples, Mrs. Eliza Greenall, Miss Rose Ovlington, Miss Rose A. Curley, Miss Hannah Sullivan, Miss Mary A. Sullivan, Mr. John McCallum, Miss Catherine Marsden, Mr. Joseph Flynn, Mr. Thomas Gray, Mr. Thomas Foudy, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas England, Mr. James McCallum, Mrs. Agnes Barrett, Miss Lillian C. Barrett, Miss Sabina McDermott, Miss Nellie O'Hara, Mrs H. J. Nichols, Mr. Charles Graham, Mr. Ralph Cullinan, and Miss Eliza Kullum.

Andrew F. Roach and Michael Kelley will sail for Europe tomorrow. They were booked through O'Donnell's agency.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more

FEAR UPRISING

Japanese Keep Close Watch in Korea

PARIS, Aug. 1.—According to trustworthy advices, the Japanese seriously fear an uprising in Korea, where the announcement that Japan intends to distribute the lands not actually cultivated among Japanese colonists has greatly incensed the natives. The Japanese garrisons, it is added, have been strengthened by thousands during the last few days.

BREACH OF PROMISE

SUIT ENTERED AGAINST PROPRIETOR OF AMERICAN HOUSE.

BOSTON, Aug. 1.—A suit, alleging breach of promise of marriage, has been entered in the New York courts by Miss Corinne Jungers of that city against Allen C. Jones, proprietor of the American House, in the sum of $25,000. As Miss Jungers is not yet 20 years old, the suit has been brought in the name of her mother, Marie Jungers.

She alleges that Miss Jungers first met Mr. Jones in May, 1902, and that his attentions became very marked. About a year ago Miss Jungers visited him in Boston, and it is further alleged that he proposed to her at that time, and was accepted. In view of these facts, Miss Jungers says she informed her friends and relatives of her approaching marriage, but that Mr. Jones finally became less attentive, and on June 4 last married Miss Ruth A. Robbins.

Mr. Jones, when seen last evening, said that it was the first intimation that he had that a suit had been brought against him. "I can satisfactorily explain my position before the court," he continued, "if the case ever comes to trial. I know the young lady who has brought this suit, but decided to break off my acquaintance with her some time ago, for good and sufficient reasons. Since that time I have had several letters from lawyers in New York telling me that if I would call and see them, the matter could probably be settled up satisfactorily, and I have also had threats of a suit to be brought against me. To all of these I replied that they could go ahead and sue, and that I would explain my side of the case to the court. That is all I care to say about the matter."

ARMED MOB

SURROUNDS A SWAMP WHERE HIGHWAYMEN ARE HIDING.

PORTAGE, Pa., Aug. 1.—Fully 500 men surround Cedar swamp near Dunlo where the highwaymen who killed Driver Charles Hayes and dangerously wounded Paymaster Patrick Campbell on Saturday, are supposed to be in hiding, but up to noon today no effort had been made to penetrate the swamp. Paymaster Campbell was reported today to be resting easy.

NO MORE CALLERS

JUDGE PARKER HAS CALLED A HALT.

ESOPUS, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Until after the notification ceremonies on August 10, callers at Rosemount will be discouraged. Judge Parker is making few appointments. No one arrived on the forenoon trains and no political visitors are expected today. Judge Parker's morning routine included superintending the harvesting of a field of rye.

ANDRE'S LETTER

PICKED UP NORTH OF SPITZBERGEN.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, Aug. 1.—Despatches received here report that a Norwegian whaler has found north of Spitzbergen a letter from Prof. Andre, dated 1898. The text of the letter is not disclosed.

Prof. Andre left Spitzbergen in a balloon July 11, 1897, with the intention of crossing the North pole. He has not been definitely heard from since, though a number of unfounded reports have been circulated in connection with the aeronaut.

McMILLAN WITHDRAWS.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 1.—In a signed statement to the democratic voters of Tennessee, issued last night, former Governor Benton McMillan withdraws from the race for U. S. senator to succeed General Wm. B. Bate the incumbent. In explanation of his act, Mr. McMillan says:

"I take this course at this time because in certain counties that have heretofore acted favorably to me the opposition has gone so far as to nominate and threaten to nominate independent legislative tickets and I am anxious to remove any action which tends to party defeat."

AUGUST IS QUARTER MONTH AT Washington Savings Institution

Pays 4 Per Cent.

Don't Delay Depositing

265 Central St. Lowell, Mass.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

The Product of the 7-20-4 10c Cigar Factory

is now larger than that of any individual manufacturer in New England. The name R. G. Sullivan stamped on every cigar insures quality.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N. H.

DARING ROBBERY

Train Held Up by Bandits Near Chicago

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Four highwaymen, all heavily armed and two of them wearing masks, last night held up the passengers on the Illinois Central's Chicago & St. Louis express train, known as the "Diamond Special," on the outskirts of Chicago, as it neared Matteson, Ill.

The robbers secured all the money and valuables carried by the 30 passengers in the two Pullman sleeping cars, stopped the train and escaped in the darkness. The forward sleeper was entered first, the occupants were aroused and with nothing on but their night clothes were marched back to the Pullman car behind. Two of the passengers who were slow in responding to the commands of the robbers were hit on the heads with hatchets and one was seriously injured. It was impossible last night to obtain the names of the injured passengers. When the passengers in the two cars had been lined in the rear Pullman, two of the robbers stood guard, one at each end of the car, with drawn revolvers. The third who is supposed to have been the leader, ordered the passengers who had been compelled to bring along their clothes from the first car, to throw the garments on the floor of the car. The passengers in the rear car were then commanded to deposit their clothes in the same manner. Then the leader with the utmost coolness began to search the clothing for valuables. When he had finished the search he made a close examination of the passengers for any money they might have secreted. When the search was completed, all the booty was placed in a flour sack and the three robbers joined their companion who had stood guard in the vestibule of the train. Pulling the bell rope, the signal to the engineer to stop was given and when the speed of the train had slackened sufficiently the robbers, after having locked the doors of the car, jumped off and fled in the darkness.

So systematic was the work of the robbers and with so little confusion was it done that the train crew was unaware of what was going on. It was not until the engineer in response to the signal brought his train to a stop and seeing nothing of the remainder of the crew walked back to the rear of the train to ascertain what was the matter that he learned of the robbery.

No attempt was made to rob the mail or express cars. The robbers secured more than $1000 in money and valuables.

E. H. Groce, superintendent, who was one of the men robbed, left the train at Kankakee and notified the Illinois Central railroad detectives in Chicago. The latter notified the Central police and detectives were sent out on a train to begin the search for the robbers. Supt. Groce's story as to the attack was as follows:

"The men must have boarded the train at Harvey, for we were but a few miles out when they appeared at the door of the last Pullman and, cursing the brakemen and porter ordered them into the smoking compartment. They went through the car and ordered all the men out. At first the men seemed to think the affair a joke and did not hasten. One of the bandits then fired into a berth whose occupant was slower than the rest. He came scrambling out in a hurry and the rest responded more readily to the orders after that.

One other passenger, a boy 18 years of age, was but partly awake and the shot startled him. He, too, was slow and when a bandit told him to get into the aisle, the robber struck him with a hatchet. He was cut severely.

"They drove all the men to the smoking compartment and there two of them searched us while the others stood guard at the doors. They took $100 from me and $300 from a man near me. I guess those were the largest individual amounts they obtained. They searched the women who were yet awake, but did not bother those who were in the berths when the curtains were drawn. In the second Pullman there were only five or six passengers and they had an experience like the rest of us."

The train which left Chicago at 9.27 o'clock carried many passengers for the St. Louis fair and all remained on the train despite that experience.

GRAND CIRCUIT

Buffalo Track Was Very Fast

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 2.—The Buffalo Driving club's grand circuit meeting opened yesterday afternoon at Kenilworth park with a very fast track prepared for the light harness cracks. On paper the day's card looked promising for competition, but as it developed there was little exciting in the events, straight heats deciding all.

The opening event, the three-year-old trot, developed a peculiar situation. Under the conditions, calling for but two heats, Princess Athel and Alta Axtelworthy were tied in the summary, and it was not until some search that the judges discovered another clause which gave the fastest heat winner first money in this event. Princess Athel won the race by a quarter of a second. The winner was favorite in the pools. Alexander and Major C. were hot favorites in their races, and both won handily, although with a change in drivers. Little Squaw brushed Geers to a head in the closing event. The summaries:

First Race—The Preparation, Three-Year Old Trotters, Purse $500.

Princess Athel, br, (De Ryder)	1	2
Alta Axtelworthy, ch f (Thomas)	2	1
Major Cinderella, bs, (Hudson)	3	3
Betty Poix, bs, (Garrett)	dis	
Lord Revelstoke, bs, (McGary)	dis	

Time 2.17¼, 2.15½.

Second Race—The Introduction—Three-Year-Old Pacers—Purse $1000.

Simon Kenton, br c (Hudson)	1	2
Doris B., bf, (Snow)	4	1
Albata, blk c (McLaughlin)	2	3
Teddy Weaver, bc (Hilton)	3	5
Dorcas H., bf, (D. Thomas)	5	4
Bolase, sf, (Kelly)	dis	

Time 2.13½, 2.15¼.

Third Race—2.20 Trot—Purse $1600.

Alexander, bg, (Geers)	1	1
Bonnie Russell, bg, (Hudson)	2	2
Silver Ore, gg, (Snow)	3	3

Time 2.10¼, 2.11¼.

Fourth Race—2.01 Pace—Purse $1500.

Major C., bs, (Geers)	1	1
Little Squaw, blk m, (Crichton and McLaughlin)	3	2
Locanda, bs, (Rosemire)	2	5
Joe Pointer, blk, (McCarey)	4	4
Chinatown, bm, (McLaughlin)	dis	

Time 2.05¼, 2.05½.

SARATOGA RACES.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 2.—A fast track, partly cloudy and warm weather, a remarkably large crowd, and a well filled card, combined to make the opening day's racing here yesterday well worth while. Lord of the Vale, August Belmont's four-year-old chestnut, won the feature event of the day, the Saratoga handicap, without effort, covering the mile and a quarter in 2.05 and thus equalling the track record for that distance. A length and a half separated the Hastings colt from E. R. Bradley's Bad News at the finish, Hermis and Waterboy having been withdrawn. The Picket ruled favorite, having 9 to 5 chalked against him when they went to the post, but was beaten out of third money by Caughnawaga, by a neck.

James R. Keen's Sysonby won the Flash stakes worth $5000 to the winner, in hollow fashion.

At one time in the steeplechase, the Ballston cup, Bonfire was the only horse on his feet with a rider on his back, except Thorn Hedge, who could not be induced to take the jumps. Donohue on Celigny, was thrown in clearing the water jump, the first time around. He remounted, however, when his mount had been caught, and finished. Jiminez, an added starter, fell in taking the Liverpool and was so badly injured that it was found necessary to destroy him. His rider, Connolly, suffered a dislocated shoulder. The summary:

First heat, six furlongs—W. R. Condon, 110, Cormack, 20 to 1, won; Girdle, 108, Redfern, 15 to 1, second; Emergency, 100, Robbins, 4 to 1, third. Time—1.13. Mimosa, Hildebrand up, won, but was disqualified for fouling in the back stretch.

Second, the Ballston cup, steeplechase, full course, about 2½ miles—Bonfire, 132, H. B. Wilson, 11 to 5, won; Celigny, 154, Donahue, 2 to 5, second. Time—6.21.

Third, the Flash stakes, five and a half furlongs—Sysonby, 125, Redfern, 2 to 5, won; Aturur, 119, J. Martin, 3 to 5, second; Glorifier, 125, Hildebrand, 11 to 5, third. Time 1.06 4-5.

Fourth, the Saratoga handicap, 1 1-4 miles, for 3-year-olds Lord of the Vale, 112, Lyne, 3 to 1, won; Bad News 108, C. Kelly, 5 to 1, second; Caughnawaga, 111, Odom, 20 to 1, third. Time 2.05.

Fifth, 5½ furlongs—Heart's Desire 109, Hildebrand, 9 to 10, won; Mirthless 109, Phillips, 3 to 1, second; Zeala, 109, Lyne, 12 to 1 third. Time 1.07 4-5.

Sixth, one mile—Sais, 107, Redfern, 7 to 1, won; Funnyside, 103, E. Walsh, 5 to 2, second; Prince Ching, 105, T. Burns, 50 to 1, third. Time—1.39 3-5.

CONSUELLO HURT

Duchess Was Thrown From Her Horse

LONDON, Aug. 2.—Consuello, Duchess of Marlborough, (formerly Miss Vanderbilt) was thrown from a horse yesterday evening in Blenheim park and considerably bruised and shaken. She was taken to the palace in a motor car and probably will be confined to the house for a week.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Bernard W. Taylor and Miss Nellie M. Bowen were united in marriage last evening by Rev. F. M. Pickles. The ceremony was performed at the bride's home, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Weeks. Miss Cora Titus was the maid of honor. The gifts were many and useful and included a chocolate set from the Sunday school scholars of Miss Bowen at the Centralville Methodist church. During a short reception and social hour, refreshments were served.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Taylor have been active in the work of the Centralville church, Mr. Taylor serving on the official board. Their future home is to be near Keene, N. H., where Mr. Taylor's services are needed on his mother's farm, his boyhood home.

AITKEN—PRITCHARD.

Mr. Alexander Aitken and Miss Jessie M. Pritchard were united in marriage last evening at the home of the bride's parents, 18 Mt. Grove street. The ceremony was performed at 7.30 o'clock by Rev. Ralph Gillam, in the presence of a few relatives and friends. Miss Jennie P. Pritchard, sister of the bride, was the maid of honor, and Robert Aitken, brother of the groom, was best man.

PAULSON—SANDERS.

Mr. Philip Paulson and Miss Helga Sanders were united in marriage July 30, at 338 Lincoln street, by Rev. T. W. Lindhahn.

Don't have a heater put in your house until you have seen our line—the finest display of Boilers and Furnaces in Lowell.

CARROLL BROS.

Tel. 640. 36 Middle St.

BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

Corrected to June 27, 1904. Trains leave Merrimack street depot Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.43, 6.22, x6.45, 7.40, *8.50, 9.22, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, 4.25, x5.44 p. m. SUNDAYS 8.45 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex street station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.46, 6.28, *6.39, x6.49, w6.50, 7.01, 7.24, 7.31, *7.48, x7.52, w*8.00, *8.57, w9.25, 9.33, w10.50, 11.05, *11.43 a. m.; w12.05, 12.14, w12.45, 1.44, *1.56, w2.30, w3.10, *3.47, w3.55, *4.02, 4.28, w5.06, 5.22, x5.40, *6.12, w6.15, 7.00, *7.23, 8.42, w9.15 p. m.; SUNDAYS 6.30, 7.24, 8.15, 8.48, 9.20 a. m.; w12.10, 3.25, w3.55, 5.29, w6.30, *6.12, *7.29, w8.45 p. m.

For Lawrence and Haverhill, 6.28, w6.50, z7.31, w8.30, w9.25, w10.50 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28 (to Lawrence only), w2.30, 3.55, w5.06, w6.15, w7.00, w9.15, qw11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.10, 6.30, 8.45 p. m.

For stations between Reading and Boston, Western Division, 6.50, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 3.55, 5.06, 7.00, 9.15, p. m. SUNDAYS 8.15, a. m.; 12.10, 3.55, 5.50, 8.45 p. m.

For Salem, Mass., w6.28, 7.31 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, j2.30, j3.55, w5.06, 5.28 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.28 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.00, 3.55, 6.15 p. m.

For Haverhill Bridge, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach R. R., 3.00 p. m., until Sept. 9, inclusive.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30, a. m.; 12.05, 3.55, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.10, 5.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55, 5.06, p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.10, 5.30 p. m.

For Waterville, Rockland and way stations 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.06, p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.10 to Lewiston only, 5.30 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast and way stations, 8.30 a. m.; 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15, a. m. (to Bangor only); 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 6.50 a. m.; 5.06 p. m. (5.06 train does not run Saturdays) SUNDAYS 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland) on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesday and Friday at 5.06 p. m.

For Woburn 6.28, 7.01, 7.31, *7.45, 11.03 a. m.; 1.43, 4.28, 8.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 8.48 a. m.; 3.25, 5.29 p. m.

For stations between Winchester and Boston, Southern Division, 5.43, 6.28, 7.31, 7.48, 9.33, 11.05 a. m.; 1.44, 1.56, 4.28, 5.22, 8.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.30, 7.27, 8.45, 9.20 a. m.; 3.25, 5.29 p. m.

For Ayer Junction and Way Stations 7.07, 11.55 a. m.; 5.01, and 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.03 a. m.; 1.00, 3.40, 4.07, 5.29 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.03 a. m.; 3.40 to Hillsboro, 4.07 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.30, 9.03, *9.39, *9.59, *10.20 a. m.; 12.00, 1.00, *1.30, *1.34, 3.40 (Nashua only) 4.07, 5.29, 6.27, *8.10, *10.10, 12.23 (Nashua only) a. m. SUNDAYS, 10.02, *10.50 a. m.; *12.00, 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, *10.10 p. m.

For Stations on White Mt. Div., 7.30, *9.53 a. m.; *1.34, 5.29 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon, White River Junction, 7.30, 9.30 a. m.; b12.00, *1.39, 5.29, *†8.10 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction 7.30, *9.53, a. m.; 1.39, *5.29 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.00 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River, b10.29 a. m.; *b8.10 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal via Central Vermont Line 9.29 a. m.; *b8.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line, *b10.29 a. m.; *b8.10 p. m. QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, *1.39, *b8.10 p. m.

References—

j via Wakefield Junction.

*Express. b Daily.

q Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

w via Western Division.

x via Bedford. z via Wilmington Junction.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

LEFT TO CHARITY

WILL OF THE LATE MARIA MURPHY.

BOSTON, Aug. 2—The will of Maria Murphy of Cambridge, which was filed for probate yesterday, contains a number of bequests to charities. Herbert Rose of Cambridge is named as executor, and the will directs that all real estate be sold and the proceeds, together with funds remaining in the bank, be divided among the Holy Ghost Hospital of Cambridge, Little Sisters of the Poor of Somerville, St. Vincent de Paul Society and the Annunciation Guild of St. Mary's parish, $50 each. To the Sisters of St. Francis of Sheafe street, North end, $200 is left and the bed and bedding of testatrix goes to the Holy Ghost Hospital. The residue of the estate will be divided equally between the Free Home for Consumptives, Quincy street, Dorchester, and Trinity College, conducted by the Sisters of Notre Dame of Washington, D. C.

BARN BURNED

RUMOR THAT STRIKERS SET THE FIRE.

PROCTOR, Vt., Aug. 2.—A large barn owned by United States Senator Redfield Proctor was burned yesterday. Several valuable horses were lost. It is rumored that the fire was set by one of the striking marble workers or a sympathizer. Loss, $5000; insured.

LAKEVIEW THEATRE

The comic opera "Jack and the Beanstalk" was presented at Lakeview theatre yesterday afternoon and evening, before a large and enthusiastic audience during the afternoon and a smaller attendance at night owing to the heavy downpour of rain. The production however is one of the best that has ever been presented by a company at the summer theatre and the company is a capable and painstaking one.

People who attended either of the performances yesterday were reminded of old times as there were many familiar faces in the cast. There was George J. Macfarlane, who played with the Colonial Opera Co. at the lake last season and Miss Esther Barton, who filled in the place vacated by Miss Tyler during the last few weeks of last season. Misses Louise Buchanan and Beatrice LeMour who were in the chorus last season also appear with the company. Frank Edwards, who plays the part of the giant, was playing at the lake under James J. Gilbert several years ago.

The applause given by the audience at the several performances fully demonstrates the fact that comic opera will ever be popular in this city. The production now playing at the theatre, however, is far ahead of anything heard for many years at the lake as the company is organized to present one opera and not a number as the majority of companies on the road are.

Miss Rose LaHarte as "Jack," is the leading singer of the company. She possesses a fine voice, while her carriage on the stage is little short of perfection. She made quite a hit last night with the audience and received numerous encores. Miss Hazel Lowry, who portrays the part of "Princess Mary," pitte contrary, is a petite little miss with a pleasing countenance, a sweet voice and is invaluable as a member of the cast. Her winsome ways together with her singing made for her many friends among the theatre going public of this city. "Little Miss Muffett," Princess Mary's companion was well played by Miss Aletta Bridgeford, a charming young lady, with a voice full of sweetness and harmony. Her doll song was especially catching and proved to be a winner for applause. Miss Louise Buchanan, was the giant's wife, and while her part does not call for much stage work what she did was done well. The part of the giant was played by Frank Edwards and he acted his part well.

Vociferous applause greeted George J. Macfarlane when he stepped before the footlights; and it was many minutes before it ceased. He was a general favorite among the theatre goers last year particularly on account of his rich baritone voice. He played the part of "King Cole, who was a merry old soul," and if his voice was considered excellent last season it is much more so this season, having undergone wonderful improvement, a fact noted by those who heard him then and again yesterday. His part is a comical one and a better man for the role could not have been found. His solos in "Old King Cole," and his parody on "Up in the Cocoanut Tree" were encored until he had to beg to be excused. George will ever be a favorite in this city and the fact that he is with the company will be an incentive for many theatre goers to attend during the week.

The Germans are clever and as funny as usual. John takes off the part of "Solanum Tuberosum," queen dowager of fairies and his brother George is seen in "Sinbad," the sailor. Both men are well known here and their comical action need no description. Mr. Walter Clifford, formerly of "The Prince of Pilsen" company is seen in the part of "Sir Harry Hatework," leader of the forty thieves. He has a fine tenor voice.

Last, but by no means least is Miss Esther Barton who plays the part of "Old Mother Hubbard." She is funny to say the least and her wit assists her in many instances to bring out something comical on the impulse of the moment, and her voice fills the remainder of the bill.

The chorus is of god proportion and the visitors to the cozy theatre will recognize not a few faces seen here with other companies. The fairies were Misses Jeanette Pawsey, Beatrice LaMoure, Della Ranney and Mabel Ellicott. The "King Cole Fiddlers Three" were Misses Percie Judah, Carrie Griffin and Belle LaFavor. The sextette given by the chorus girls in the second act made the most decided impression of any number on the programme. The musical director is Mr. William Schaffer, formerly at the Majestic theatre, Boston.

"Jack and the Beanstalk" will be given every afternoon and evening at the Lakeview theatre the remainder of the week, and should prove of sufficient strength to crowd the place at each performance.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

BROKE CAMP

AND OWING TO ACCIDENT HAD TO SHOULDER HIS CANOE.

Messrs. John Finch and Frank Campbell, who have been in camp on the shores of Mud pond, Pelham, for the past three weeks, reached this city Saturday evening. Their companion, Frank Drumm, arrived yesterday morning about three o'clock. The reason of his late appearance was because of an accident to the carriage on which he was conveying his canoe, and he was obliged to carry it upon his shoulder for about five miles. He was assisted by a friendly farmer. While in camp Mr. Campbell presented Mr. Drumm with a fine violin, the music of which was much enjoyed by the visitors to camp. A fish and salad dinner was given Sunday by Mr. Finch in honor of Mr. Drumm, and fifteen young lady visitors were entertained.

LANDLORDS.

If you have a tenement idle that rents for $15 a month, you are losing 50 cents a day every day it is vacant. A little ad. in The Sun "To Let" column will rent your tenement in a very few days. Others have tried it with good results; why don't you try it?

LOWELL GIRL

SENTENCED ON A CHARGE OF VAGRANCY.

The following is from the Nashua correspondence in today's Manchester Union:

"Nellie Gill blew in from Lowell all forlorn this morning, barefooted and ragged as the wandering Jew. Nellie is 21 years old and doesn't go overweighted with clothing when the humidity is up. She was given a chance to try her hands at the farm for forty days on a charge of vagrancy."

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

At the regular meeting of Wamesit lodge, I. O. O. F. M. U., held last night, there was a large attendance of members. The [illegible] which are being made to secure the Montreal district [illegible]. The members are [illegible] plans. Most of the [illegible] will occur in Boston, but on Saturday, Sept. 10, the Lowell and [illegible] lodges will entertain [illegible] and it is expected that [illegible] a large gathering.

Suicide Prevented.

The startling announcement that a preventive of suicide had been discovered will interest [illegible]. A run down system, or despondency invariably precede suicide and something has been found that will prevent that condition which makes suicide likely. At the first thought of self destruction take Electric Bitters. It being a great tonic and nervine will strengthen the nerves and build up the system. It's also a great Stomach, Liver and Kidney regulator. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by F. C. Goodale, Druggist, 217 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS

MRS. CLARA ADAMS, clairvoyant and card reader and help employment office, 24 Gorham street opposite Court house.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO., 376 Bridge street. Ladies your attention is called to see our silent ball-bearing, light-running, rotary machine. It excels all others. We repair all makes of sewing machines, give us a call.

T. BEAUCHEMIN & M. FOURNIER, express and furniture moving in and out of city, pianos handled with great care, office 331 Middlesex st., residence 809 Princeton st.

REAL ESTATE MEN, property owners, etc. Will paper your room, furnishing gold paper and border to match, and hanging same in a first class manner for $2 per room. Special prices quoted on more than one room. Painting, whitewashing, etc., at correspondingly low prices. D. Baker & Co., 150 Gorham st.

IF YOUR STRAW HAT is looking dusty or dirty best call at Joe Delorme the Hater, 261 Middlesex st. where you can have it cleaned and pressed at short notice. Hats made to order.

RAILROAD AND COMMERCIAL telegraphy taught thoroughly by an experienced telegrapher, positions guaranteed when competent. H. L. Whitten, 930 Gorham st.

BENT'S NO. 2 for excessive sweating feet; harmless, 25c at Falls and Burkinshaw's only, corner Middlesex and Thorndike sts.

DRINK GLORIA for new and vigorous life. Boyle Bros. Telephone.

LADIES Dr. LaFranco's Compound gives positive relief; powerful combination; used by 200,000 women; price 25 cents; druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LIMBURG Chimney expert; chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1123 Bridge street. Telephone.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY LOANED salaried people, easy weekly payments, no delay, we trust to your honor. Massachusetts Loan Co., 13 Merrimack Sq., 16 Prescott st., Room 9.

MONEY TO LOAN On credit without security, salaried people, merchants. Easy payments, lowest rates, discount for prompt payments. Merrimack Loan Co., 27 Associate Bldg.

DON'T BE SHORT—Plenty of money to loan to salaried people, merchants boarding house keepers, teamsters, etc. Easy weekly payments, lowest rates in the city. Confidential; no publicity; no delay. Special inducements for quick payments. Private office. U. S. Loan Co., 90 Prescott st., room 5, Lowell, Mass.

PAWNBROKER Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A Stein, 313 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office, (Strictly confidential.) Room 5, Swan building, 26 Central street.

MONEY TO LOAN salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses, without security; easy payments; largest business in 42 principal cities. Tolman, room 26 Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Leases paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Lembus, room 9, Barristers hall.

SUMMER RESORTS

NAHANT BEACH—Furnished rooms to let by the day or week. 12 and 14 Suffolk st., Lynn, Mass.

REVERE BEACH—Billerica cottage, 872 Ocean Ave., rooms and board. All home cooking, terms reasonable. Apply to Miss MacDonald.

"You may be prosperous today, but cannot foretell tomorrow. Put your money where it will be secure and make it earn all it safely can. What is better than Real Estate? Is it not better than preferred stock in some "Wild Cat Speculation?"

We have for sale a nice clean four tenement block that is now renting for $98 per year that can be sold for $3500.

How would a nice Two Apartment House suit you, that pays 10 per cent. gross on $5000? $1500 will buy it.

For Sale—Flour, hay grain and coal business, stock, horses, wagons and everything pertaining to the business. Now doing a business of $1200 per month. Investigation invited.

$250 will buy one of the prettiest little country homes to be found outside of Lowell.

E. H. WHITE

Successor to Fish & Plummer

137 CENTRAL STREET

BUY A HOME OF YOUR OWN—If you are renting a house a thousand rent receipts hold no meaning for the future, investigate our plan it is never too late to begin. It is easier to pay a few dollars down and balance as rent than to pay a thousand dollars all at once. Rent money is like seed, but the harvest is the landlord's not yours. The renter lives from day to day, from springtime to springtime. The home owner enjoys the satisfaction of a permanent home for his family, the small improvements and adornments that make a home the center of a family pride are doubly dear, because their permanency is assured. Hundreds of renters are yearly becoming home owners through the assistance of the liberal terms of the S. Lagasse Co. You can sow those rent dollars in the field of easy payments and reap a home of your own, start today. Without seeding there can be no harvest, you can begin with $25.00 or more down, balance same as rent, call today. S. Lagasse, 235 Hildreth street, Centralville.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

THE SUN

Is on Sale

At both Newstands

In the Union Station

BOSTON

SPECIAL NOTICES

DRESSMAKER will make a lady's suit for $3.00 as advertisement, 23 C St.

MRS. ANNA M. COGGESHALL has moved from 26 to 38 Nichols street.

TRADING STAMPS—All colors, we make a specialty of Tea and Coffee. we give 80 stamps with one pound of Baking Powder at 50c; 80 with one pound of our 60c Tea; 60 with our 50c Tea; 10 with our 25c Coffee; 20 with our 30c Coffee; 30 with our 35c Coffee. The Elwood Tea Co., Davis Square.

LADIES—A most satisfactory summer dessert is "Dainty Desserts." Makes delicious puddings by simply adding pure milk. Flavoring if desired. No baking—prepared in a moment's time. Send 10c for full size package, also our booklet entitled "Some Ideas for Desserts." Leopold Anderson Co., Campello, Mass.

PRACTICAL DRESSMAKER—Miss M. W. Taylor solicits your patronage, 17 Caddell Avenue, Crescent st., off Chelmsford st.

DAVID HUNTLEY wishes to announce to his friends and patrons that he has opened up a bakery store at 1030 Gorham st. with a fresh supply of pies, cake, bread and pastry every day, wedding cakes made to order.

THAT POUND OF COFFEE if bought at Dickson's will be fresh roasted, fresh ground or pulverized and the best coffee you ever had. Double stamps all this week. Dickson's Tea Store, 65 Merrimack st.

BILLIARD AND POOL tables bought, sold and repaired, all work guaranteed, S. Scott, 34 Central st.

THE SUN IN BOSTON The Sun is on sale every day at both news-stands of the Union Station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

WANTED

WANTED—A tenement of 5 or 6 rooms, good location, about $11 a month. Steady tenant. Address J. D., Sun Office.

TRADING STAMPS—We give 20c per 100 for Green, 12c for Blue. Count your stamps and send them by mail. We forward money order for same. L. E. Gibson, 505 Massachusetts Ave., Boston.

WANTED—Sewing to do at home. Mrs. J. S. Wilkinson, 88 First stret.

WANTED—Children to board in East Chelmsford, second house on right past city line. Take Boston car.

LYING IN HOSPITAL—This is the only place of its kind in this vicinity and is so equipped as to accommodate all classes. Mrs. Blanchard, 658 Pleasant street, Dracut Centre. Telephone 734-4.

WANTED—Children to board in country desirable home, terms reasonable. Address Box 163, Billerica Centre.

CASH PAID for second-hand furniture, also sold and exchanged. Bornstein & Quinn, 115-120 Gorham street.

QUINCY HOUSE, 53 Lee street—Boarders wanted; three square 20c meals for 30c a day, 7 days in the week. James McGregor, prop.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A competent Protestant girl in a small family. Apply at 436 Varnum Ave.

EXPERIENCED KITCHEN GIRL wanted, no washing, no chamber work, Thomas Don, 56 Merrimack Square, Mass. Corp.

WANTED—A young man between 16 and 21 years old to learn barber trade. Inquire Sun Office.

WANTED A good experienced table girl. Inquire 39 Chelmsford st.

WANTED—By a young woman, a place as housekeeper in a small family and a child 7 years old. Address this office, Mrs. S. M.

WANTED—Representatives in Lowell and vicinity for the Equitable Banking Company. Steady work and good pay. W. D. Cobb, 26 Central st., Room 2.

WANTED—A woman to do housework and to take care of children. Apply at 93 West Sixth street.

WANTED—A cook at once. 23 Robinson st.

WANTED—A girl in a Greek Coffee House. Call at 594 Market st.

WANTED—A kitchen girl, no washing to do. Apply 111 Westford st.

WANTED—Three or four good spinners wanted on D. & F. long mules that are willing to work steady for good pay, no other need apply. Family help preferred. Cochrane Mfg. Co., Dedham, Mass.

WANTED—Table girl at 233 Middlesex st.

150 CARPENTERS WANTED

for long steady job. Good wages. Apply immediately to

R. L. FOSBURGH & SONS

Beverly, Mass.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED Middle aged lady would like housework or minding children. A W., Sun Office.

SITUATION WANTED—Doing general housework by a Norwegian young woman. Apply at 124 London street.

SITUATION WANTED—Would like position as housekeeper in widower's family or would care for invalid. Address Housekeeper, Sun Office.

WANTED—A job on a farm, can do almost any kind of farm work. Address 41 Aiken st.

WANTED—A chance to work as clerk in grocery or saloon, can talk several languages. Address William Nowroski, 93 Fayette st.

WANTED—A situation by a middle aged woman to do light housework or care for 1 child under 1 year old. Inquire at 167 East Merrimack st.

WANTED—By a woman of middle age, a place to do housework in a small family, permanence desired more than large wages. Mrs. Scott, 74 London st.

WANTED—Light work around gentleman's place or as watchman by sober, honest man with references. Good home more than pay desired. Inquire at 28 Smith street, James Kelley.

WANTED—By an elderly woman, a situation to care for an invalid or to do light housework. Address Mrs. Lacy this office or call at 152 Appleton st.

NURSE—Thoroughly experienced nurse, capable of acting as midwife, confinement cases a specialty. Address 20 Chestnut square.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Boot black stand, 6 chairs, plenty polish, cigars and tobacco, ladies' dressing, etc. Reason for sale sickness. For particulars call at The Sun Office.

FOR SALE—Singer sewing machines, three almost new machines, one tailor machine, very cheap as we retire from business. Apply today 102 Gorham st.

STOP, THINK—Men's Goodyear welt sample shoes for sale at cost prices, Stover & Bean, Hood Bldg.

FOR SALE—Books, law, religious and miscellaneous. Boscawen and Hollis Town Histories. Large and small lots of books purchased. Merritt, 277 Middlesex st.

FOR SALE—Milk route, $750; variety store, $85; bakery and store, $300; cigar and tobacco store, $100; barber shop and store, $200; lodging house, 17 rooms, $425; grocery store, $250. All these places are great bargains. Apply Greene, 104 Central st.

FOR SALE First class lodging house, centrally located, 18 rooms all rented, must be sold at once on account of sickness. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE—Near centre of the city, a large fruit, tobacco and confectionery store, takes in from $100 to $125 a week, cheap for cash. Address, H. D., Sun Office.

FOR SALE—A desirable house lot containing 5200 sq. ft. situated on Madison street. High and dry, city water, gas and sewer on the street. Inquire J. T. Hornby, 41 Madison st.

FOR SALE—Steam carriage, built to order, New Stanley engine and Stanley '04 burner; price, $300. "B," 434 Haverhill st., Lawrence, Mass.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE—For sale by family giving up housekeeping Apply at Sun Office.

PIANO FOR SALE—Also household furniture at 103 East Merrimack st.

FOR SALE—Two second hand safes and one cash register. Inquire at 23 East Merrimack st.

TO LET

TO LET—Camp 2 miles out on line of Lawrence electrics. Inquire at 19 Dutton st., one week only.

TO RENT—2 upstair flats on Middlesex st. Nos. 1105 and 1107, one has bath, set tubs and range. See owner, 55 Harvard st.

TO LET—A good tenement at a low rent in Brown's Block, Marshal street, Key at No. 4.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Very pleasant front and two side rooms. Reasonable to respectable parties. 271 Gorham st., opposite Court House.

TO LET—Small tenement fronting on the street. Rent low. Inquire at 154 South street.

TO LET—Furnished rooms at 40 Kirk st.

TO LET—At 58 John st. furnished rooms, no objection to light housekeeping.

TO LET—A nice sunny tenement of 4 rooms $1.25 a week. Inquire at 22 Jewett st.

NICE AIRY ROOMS—$2.00 to $3.00 per week. Board if desired, one minute to beach. 95 Newhall st., Lynn.

TO LET—Furnished rooms single or suite, bath, gas, private house, 151 Branch street. Electrics pass door.

TO LET—Furnished rooms with baths, hot and cold water; steam heat; $1.50 per week and upwards, best rooms for price in city. Apply 201 Middlesex st.

TO LET—Tenement at 311 Lakeview ave, A1 condition, $1.35 to $1.60 per week. Inquire at store.

TO LET—On Riverside st. near the Textile School a modern tenement of seven rooms, bath, pantry and laundry.

TO LET—On Salem st. corner of Dane. A modern six room tenement. Call at 282 Riverside st.

TO LET—Large front room, bay window, modern conveniences, bath, telephone, excellent location for traveling man, five minutes walk from square. Address W. D., this office.

TO LET AT HAMPTON BEACH—Rooms at reasonable rates in a very desirable cottage. Address A. D. Winslow, Hampton Beach, N. H.

TO LET—Furnished room on School street, near Pawtucket. Gentleman preferred. Address C. M. W., Sun Office.

TO LET—Two houses at Salisbury Beach, rent very low, for further particulars address Mrs. A. T. Clark, 75 Market st., Amesbury, Mass.

TO LET—Suite of unfurnished rooms at 20 Bridge street.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address or call at 19 Dutton street, after 6 o'clock.

TO LET—A first class boarding house in good repair, all furnished with curtains, 21 rooms 512 Central street. Inquire 34 Jackson or 705 Bridge street.

TENEMENTS—Two room and four room tenements, Chestnut square. Inquire 81 Chestnut street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—On Rogers street, Belvidere, two story, ten room house with bath and pantry and seven thousand feet of land all fenced in. Smith & Cavanaugh Donovan building, Central st.

SEASHORE FARM—Magnificent ocean view; dig clams, catch lobsters and go fishing right on your own shore; excellent shade; 110 acres; 14 rooms in house; plenty of good well water; barn 40x65, with cellar; all in good repair; mail delivered; few steps to good neighbors; ¼ mile to school and store; only 3½ miles out from village and depot; cuts 25 tons hay from level; smooth fields; excellent soil, growing fine crops of corn, beans, oats, potatoes, vegetables and small fruits, which bring fancy prices at nearby resorts, good pasture for 14 cows, with trout brook; 500 cords wood; 40 apple trees, good for 50 barrels a year; owner to get quick sale will sacrifice; price only $1800; half cash and easy terms; it is the chance of a life time to secure a warranty deed to easy living; write us for travelling instructions, so that you can go to see it at once; illustrated lists of other New England farms, with reliable information of soils, crops, markets, climate, &c., mailed free. E. A. STROUT, Farm Department, 20, 150 Nassau st., New York City, or Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—A small purse at entrance to Crescent Park, Sunday. Finder rewarded at Sun Office.

LOST—A long, black lace scarf. Suitable reward. Address S. B. E., 38 Main st., Andover.

LOST—A gold bracelet marked letter G. Friday evening. Return to Sun Office and receive reward.

LOST—A lady's open face chatelaine watch between Crowley st. Railroad Bridge, Lawrence st. Reward at this office.

THEY SPLIT EVEN

Lowell Took One in Manchester Double Header

Cross Pitched Finely in First—Day Pounded in Second—A New Pitcher Has a Disastrous Try-Out

Lowell went to Manchester yesterday and split even with the home team in a double header. The first game was "some" baseball with old reliable Cross in the points for Lowell, and poor little Deacon Morrisey with a felon on his finger, doing the best he could for the home team.

In the second game the home team waded into Billy Day and soon had him looking like a deuce spot in a game of whist pool. Then along came Tholt, who tholt he could pitch. Tholt couldn't pitch quoit, but he thought he could and as he had come direct from Maine, with the odor of pine needles all over him and his return ticket sewed in his pants pocket, demanding a trial, Manager Lake gave him a chance and put him in after Day had been soundly walloped.

Tholt soon showed that he wouldn't make good in a backyard game of three-o-cat, but they let him finish the game out and after supper the gang all said, "Goodby, Jack old boy!" while the village band played "Home Sweet Home," as the wonder from Maine cut the thread that held his return ticket and fastened to to the rear car in the train bound for Maine.

Leith pitched the second game for the home team and the game reminded one of "Blind Man's Buff," for in the entire game Lowell got but two hits.

FIRST GAME.

Both teams scored in the opening inning.

Lowell at bat. Tierney drew his base on balls and went to second on Connors' sacrifice. Morrisey to Chapman. Dorgan foul-flied to Page. Hickey pounded out a single to left, scoring Tierney from second base, who did some very clever sprinting. Lake foul-flied to Chapman.

For Manchester, Graham went out, McLaughlin to Lake, who did quick work as the Manchester runner sprinted to beat the band. Armbuster bunted the ball slowly toward third and beat it out to first and then stole second. Smith died, Hickey to Lake. Armbuster going to third. Warren got his base on balls and stole second, McGovern throwing to McLaughlin, who muffed, Armbuster scoring. Chapman singled, scoring Warren. The former attempted to steal second but was retired, McGovern to McLaughlin.

Score—Manchester 2, Lowell 1.

Lowell scored again in the fourth and seventh. In the fourth Hickey hit a high fly to Armbuster, who failed to hold the ball, Mattie continuing along to second and then went to third on Lake's out out, Knau to Chapman. Bigbie singled to left and went to second on Armbuster's fumble of the hit. McLaughlin got a life on a fumble of Warren, who fell all over the ball, while Bigbie in the meantime went to third, McGovern flied to Knau. McLaughlin ran toward second and Page threw to Taylor, who quickly returned the ball, catching Bigbie at the home plate.

McLaughlin bunted the ball slowly toward third and beat it out to first and went to second on McGovern's sacrifice, Taylor to Chapman. Cross high flied to Armbuster. Tierney singled, scoring McLaughlin from second. Tierney attempted to go to second on the throw to the home plate to head off McLaughlin, but was retired, Graham, Morrissey and Taylor figuring in the put out.

LOWELL.

	ab	r	bh	tb	po	a	e
Tierney cf	3	1	2	2	1	0	0
Connors 3b	3	0	1	1	3	2	1
Dorgan cf	4	0	2	2	1	0	0
Hickey 2b	3	1	1	1	1	4	0
Lake 1b	4	0	0	0	11	0	0
Bigbie lf	4	0	1	1	3	1	0
McLaughlin ss	4	1	1	1	4	5	1
McGovern c	3	0	0	0	2	2	1
Cross p	3	0	0	0	1	1	0
Totals	31	2	8	8	27	15	3

MANCHESTER.

	ab	r	bh	tb	po	a	e
Graham cf	4	0	1	2	1	1	0
Armbuster lf	3	1	2	2	4	0	2
Smith rf	3	0	1	1	0	0	0
Warren 3b	3	1	0	0	1	1	1
Chapman 1b	4	0	1	1	12	0	0
Taylor 2b	4	0	1	2	1	4	0
Knau ss	3	0	0	0	1	3	0
Page c	3	0	0	0	4	2	0
Morrissey p	3	0	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	30	2	6	8	27	15	3

Score by innings:

Lowell	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	—3
Manchester	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Earned runs—Lowell. Two base hits—Graham, Taylor. Sacrifice hits—Connors, Hickey, McGovern. Stolen bases—Armbuster 2, Warren. Double plays—Smith and Chapman. First base on balls—Tierney, Warren, Knau, Armbuster, Smith. Struck out—Graham, Knau. Time—1.45. Umpire—Kerins. Attendance—500.

SECOND GAME.

The second game was 2 to 0 in favor of the home team for five innings but in the sixth the home team pounded Day out of the box and made five runs. They scored three more in the eighth by taking kindly to Tholt's Maine curves.

LOWELL.

	ab	r	bh	tb	po	a	e
Tierney p	4	0	0	0	2	0	0
Connors 3b	3	0	1	1	2	2	1
Dorgan cf	4	0	0	0	4	0	1
Hickey 2b	4	0	0	0	1	4	1
Lake 1b	4	0	1	2	9	0	0
Bigbie lf	3	0	0	0	1	0	1
McLaughlin ss	3	0	0	0	2	1	1
McGovern c	2	0	0	0	3	2	0
Day p	2	0	0	0	0	2	0
Tholt p	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	30	0	2	3	24	11	5

MANCHESTER.

	ab	r	bh	tb	po	a	e
Graham cf	4	3	2	2	1	0	0
Armbuster lf	5	0	2	2	1	0	0
Smith rf	3	1	1	1	0	0	0
Warren 3b	5	0	1	1	1	4	0
Chapman 1b	5	1	1	2	14	0	0
Taylor 2b	3	2	2	2	1	5	0
Knau ss	4	1	0	0	1	2	3
Page c	3	1	2	2	7	1	0
Leith p	4	0	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	36	9	11	12	27	11	3

Score by innings:

Lowell	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Manchester	1	1	0	0	0	4	0	3	x	—9

Earned runs—Manchester 3. Two base hits—Smith, Lake. Sacrifice hits McGovern, Smith, Knau 2, Page. Stolen bases—Day, Graham 2, Chapman, Taylor, Knau First base on balls—Graham, Connors, Knau, McLaughlin, Taylor. Hit by pitched ball—Bigbie. Struck out—Dorgan, Page, McGovern, Graham, Leith, Tholt, Hickey, Lake. Time—1.30. Umpire—Kerins. Attendance—500.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

At Manchester—(first game) Lowell 3, Manchester 2. Batteries, Cross and McGovern. Morrisey and Page. (Second game) Manchester 9, Lowell 0. Batteries, Day, Tholt and McGovern. Attendance 500.

At Nashua, Nashua 5, Concord 5; 10 innings, rain. Batteries, Swope and Merritt, Steveton and Diggins. Attendance 500.

At New Bedford New Bedford 3, Haverhill 2. Batteries, Friend and Burrill. McGinley and C. Murphy, Attendance 500.

At Fall River—Lawrence 3, Fall River 0. Batteries, Lahey and Eaton, Harris and Peterson. Attendance 500.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Boston 8, Cleveland 0.

At Washington—Chicago 4, Washington 2.

At Detroit—Detroit 8, New York 6.

At St. Louis—Philadelphia 4, St. Louis 0

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Brooklyn—Boston-Brooklyn game postponed—rain.

At Pittsburg Pittsburg 4, Chicago 0.

At New York—Philadelphia-New York game postponed—rain.

GAMES TODAY.

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

Manchester at Lowell.
Nashua at Concord (two games).
Haverhill at New Bedford.
Lawrence at Fall River.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston at Cleveland.
New York at Detroit.
Washington at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis at Boston.
Pittsburg at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at New York.
Chicago at Philadelphia.

N. E. LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Haverhill	53	23	.697
Lowell	39	24	.584
Nashua	39	37	.513
Fall River	38	40	.487
Concord	36	38	.486
Manchester	36	40	.474
New Bedford	35	40	.471
Lawrence	25	50	.333

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Boston	57	33	.616
Chicago	54	35	.607
New York	50	31	.595
Cleveland	47	36	.566
Philadelphia	47	38	.553
St. Louis	21	45	.425
Detroit	31	50	.365
Washington	18	65	.217

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
New York	62	24	.721
Chicago	52	34	.600
Cincinnati	52	37	.584
Pittsburg	50	36	.581
St. Louis	48	40	.545
Boston	31	57	.367
Brooklyn	32	59	.352
Philadelphia	22	63	.259

DIAMOND NOTES.

Manchester here today.

Holty Tholty! Back to the tall pines.

Double-header with the scrappy Concords at Spalding park, Thursday.

It didn't take McGovern long to get back to his old job.

Manager Mack has been trying to get Lord, third baseman of the South Portland team.

Tholty was recommended to Manager Mack by a Portland newspaperman. Thus it isn't always farmers who buy gold bricks.

Will Page, the clever catcher of the Manchester baseball team, is fast sickening of the game and the way it is being played by the team which he represents. While conversing with a representative of The News this morning, he said: "I must confess that the way things have been going this season have taken some of the enthusiasm out of me, but at the same time, if we were winning, I think that things would look better to every man on the team. It is a peculiar feature of the Manchester team this season that, when playing on the home grounds, they simply can't bat, but when they get out of town, they go at the sphere like fiends. I don't think that I shall be in the game next year, although if I play at all, it will probably be with Manchester, for I am bound here. Guess I'll hike me back to Nashua and put my time into my business instead of hiring someone to manage it for me."—Manchester News.

George Noblit has now made more base hits than any other player in the New England league. Soffel of Nashua reached the 100 mark earlier, but has held off since, and Noblitt passed him on Friday, when he secured five good ones.

Billy Hamilton is triumphant, Fred Lake is satisfied, Billy Merritt is hopeful, Tom McDermott is prosperous, John Smith is sore, Steve Flanagan and Fred Doe are silent, and Jim Cooper and Nate Pulsifer are the prey of conflicting emotions—Concord Patriot.

John Smith says he has lost because he has been playing "scientific" baseball. He further adds that but two teams in the league, Manchester and Lawrence, have played scientific ball and that because of the results as compared with other teams he thinks he will "bull" it from now on and see what that will bring. Surely poor John is woozly.—Nashua Press.

Frank Morrissey, the popular pitcher of the Manchester team, is crippled with a bone felon on his right hand and may have to quit the game for the remainder of the season. The felon started from an injury to his finger and has been growing worse, although the deacon has pluckily stuck to work when he was in no shape to do so. His physician will not be able to decide for another day whether it will be necessary to lance the finger, but if that operation is performed, Morrissey will be unable to play for several weeks and will return to his home in Baltimore. The team is so short of pitchers that Morrissey has had to work and it was said this noon that he might have to go in today to do the best he could with his crippled hand.

Manager Smith has signed a new pitcher, "Kid" Jordan of Lawrence, but Jordan, other teams he thinks, he will "bull" it out of condition. Jordan has done some brilliant work in the league, but it is understood that Lawrence let him go to reduce expenses.

Derby, the former Lowell twirler, was with the team yesterday, but jumped while on the trip to Nashua.—Manchester Mirror.

BAN JOHNSON

GIVES REASONS WHY POST SERIES SHOULD BE PLAYED.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2—In a signed statement given out last night Ban Johnson, president of the American league, gives his reasons why a series of post-season games should be played between the leading teams in both major leagues to determine which team has the right to claim the baseball championship.

In his statement, Mr. Johnson bitterly scores John T. Brush and John McGraw of the New York National league team, and declares that these two men have done more toward the detriment of baseball in America than could the worst enemies of the game.

Replying to McGraw's recent accusation against the American league and its president Mr. Johnson says:

"This is only the latest of a series of vicious attacks and unfriendly actions toward our organization by John T. Brush. The true calibre of the president of the New York National league club is disclosed when he attempts to take refuge behind such an irresponsible character as McGraw.

"It is indeed a loathsome bird that befouls its own nest. The incidents of the last fortnight prove, beyond fear of contradiction, that there are at least two of that species in the National league."

In his arguments for the post-season series President Johnson, after a recital of Mr. Brush's refusal last year to participate in those games, concludes his statement as follows:

"At a meeting of the joint schedule committee of the American and National leagues last spring, a motion that a world's series be played this fall was put by President Hart of the Chicago National league club and was carried unanimously.

"Recently, however, Mr. Hart and his associates have shown little inclination to live up to this agreement.

"Sound sportsmanship, and not a sordid spirit, influences the American league in a desire to make the world's series and other interleagues' post-season games features each year. There is a public demand for these tests of the relative strength of the rival major league teams and we are content to submit to it.

"We believe that baseball would be benefited far more by maintaining its standard of skill and sportsmanship in the United States than by sending picked teams abroad to popularize our pastime in other countries, as the National league proposes to do this year."

BALD HEADS COVERED

With Luxuriant Hair and Crusted Scalps Cleansed and Purified by

CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by Light Dressings of Cuticura, the Great Skin Cure.

This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales and dandruff, destroys hair parasites, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, loosens the scalp skin, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

Millions now rely on Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings and chafings, for annoying irritations, or too free or offensive perspiration, for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet and nursery.

Complete treatment for every humour, consisting of Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the skin, Cuticura Ointment, to heal the skin, and Cuticura Resolvent Pills, to cool and cleanse the blood, may now be had for one dollar. A single set is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning and scaly humours, eczemas, rashes and irritations, from infancy to age, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), Ointment, 50c., Soap, 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors. Send for "How to Cure Every Humour," and "How to Have Beautiful Hair."

POLO CHAMPIONSHIP

ROCKAWAY FIRST CAPTURED THE GAME.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Aug. 2.—The national polo championships opened yesterday at the Point Judith Country club with an interesting and spirited contest in the junior division between Rockaway First and Bryn Mawr Second, which the former won by a score of 14 to 9½ goals. Two Rockaway players were unhorsed, P. F. Collier and R. Lamontoigne, but fortunately escaped with but slight injuries.

Rockaway took the lead at the start and was never headed although fierce playing by Strawbridge in the third period brought Bryn Mawr to within two goals of their opponents. Only one foul was imposed during the game.

The lineup and summary:

ROCKAWAY 1st	BRYN MAWR 2nd
William A. Hazard	Alexander Brown
D. C. Chauncey jr.	H. W. Harrison
R. Lamontaigne	R. C. Strawbridge
Back—P. D. Collier	Back—George A. McFadden

FIRST PERIOD.

Goal won by	Made by	Time
1—Rockaway	La Montaigne	3.22
2—Bryn Mawr	Harrison	3.05
3—Rockaway	La Montaigne	.32
4—Bryn Mawr	McFadden	1.33
5—Rockaway	Hazard	.35
6—Rockaway	La Montaigne	1.12
7—Rockaway	Chauncey	3.22

SECOND PERIOD.

8—Bryn Mawr	McFadden	3.10
9—Bryn Mawr	Harrison	1.50
10—Rockaway	Chauncey	.39
11—Rockaway	Collier	1.51
12 Rockaway	Collier	1.17
13—Rockaway	Hazard	.11

THIRD PERIOD.

14—Bryn Mawr	McFadden	1.26
15—Bryn Mawr	Strawbridge	.31
16—Bryn Mawr	Strawbridge	7.30
17—Bryn Mawr	Strawbridge	3.50
18—Rockaway	La Montaigne	.12

FOURTH PERIOD.

19—Rockaway	Chauncey	.47
20—Bryn Mawr	Strawbridge	1.11
21—Rockaway	La Montaigne	2.25
22—Rockaway	La Montaigne	.35
23—Rockaway	La Montaigne	1.23
24 Bryn Mawr	Harrison	.25

The score—Rockaway 14, Bryn Mawr 9½ goals.

Foul—Harrison. Referee—E. A. Mitchell and W. C. Lanell. Timer W. D. King.

CRICKET NOTES

LOWELL TEAMS ARRANGE FOR IMPORTANT GAME.

A meeting of the State Cricket league was held in the American house in Boston last night and the principal business of local interest transacted was the matter of the Merrimack-Bunting game of June 25, which it was decided would have to be replayed. Both sides are perfectly satisfied with the decision as the way it stood neither side received any points, while with the replaying of the game one team stands as good a chance of gaining points as the other.

The Buntings were represented by Mr. Fred G. Humphriss, who ably presented the Buntings case to the league Umpire Duggan, Vice Capt. Gath and Scorer Robinson also spoke for the Buntings.

After reviewing the details of the attempt to play the game on June 25 Mr. Humphriss closed with the following remarks:

The league is to be congratulated for their quiet and persistent efforts for the promotion of cricket and they are largely responsible for the increased interest which is now being manifested in every city where the State league has a member. Followers of cricket all over New England are watching the movements of this league committee, as to a great extent the future of cricket in this section of the state is entrusted to your keeping, and whatever action you take in this matter will be read with interest by followers of the game, not only in this state, but wherever cricket is played on this side of the Atlantic. Careful consideration and thoughtful deliberation should be given to all the points and facts in the case, the standing of the club should have no hearing in the matter. No club in the league would feel as if they had won the championship honestly if the decision of that honor depended upon the two points which the Buntings would lose if you decide against them. Personally, I feel convinced that this committee will admit that the reasons we have presented are good ones and that there cannot be any question in your minds after listening to the evidence that the Buntings are entitled to these points and their claim recognized. We are not looking for any favors; all that we want is a chance to win the games honestly and above board. We do expect and have cause to believe that we shall receive just treatment in this case. The Buntings have no ill feelings in the matter. They are on excellent terms with every club in the league and especially can this be said in regard to the Merrimacks. I have refrained from saying anything that might hurt any one's feelings and have and shall avoid all personalities. We welcome a full decision in the case and hope it will be so conducted that after the matter has been settled there will be no soreness between any of the clubs. Let no word be spoken which will cause friction in this body, which has the reputation of doing their business in a gentlemanly and dignified manner.

There were many other matters of minor importance to local cricketers, brought before the meeting.

TERRIBLE RIDE

MAN HUNG HEAD DOWNWARD BETWEEN TWO CARS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2. With one foot held firmly as if in a vice, George Hardie, 23 years old, of Elizabeth, N. J., hung head downward between two coal cars of a train on the Central New Jersey yesterday afternoon while it traveled a distance of 10 miles. He was struck repeatedly by projections rising above the track level, but was powerless to extricate himself until the train reached Fanwood station.

He was found there by a brakeman and taken to Plainfield, his head torn and his chest cut in a dozen places. After boarding the train at Elizabeth Hardie was jolted from his seat, and, in falling, caught his foot in the coupling, which saved him from being ground to pieces.

Dr. Charles Lufborrow, who was summoned to attend him, says Hardie will recover.

BOURKE COCKRAN

HON. BOURKE COCKRAN.

Arrainged Foreign Policy of Republican Party

BOSTON, Aug. 2 Despite the intense heat more than 2000 persons crowded into Faneuil hall last night to hear W. Bourke Cockran of New York, Gov. L. F. C. Garvin, of Rhode Island, and Charles Francis Adams of this city, address a mass meeting called by the New England Anti-Imperialistic league, "adherence to the democratic platform," was the slogan of the speakers.

The venerable George D. S. Boutwell, former governor of Massachusetts, and the president of the New England Anti-Imperialistic league, presided. The meeting was most enthusiastic, all of the speakers receiving tremendous ovations.

Former Gov. Boutwell made a brief introductory address and then introduced as the first speaker Gov. L. F. C. Garvin of Rhode Island. Gov Garvin said in part:

"President Roosevelt in accepting the nomination for president, said: 'We are governing the Philippines in the interest of the Philippine people themselves.' At the same time he approved the Republican platform, including the following plank: 'In the Philippines we have suppressed insurrection, established order and given to life and property a security never before known there before. We have organized civil government, made it effective and strong in administration, and have conferred upon the people of those islands the largest civil liberty they have ever enjoyed.'

"Thus it appears that the only argument now above announced for the subjugation of the Filipinos is that they are benefitted thereby.

"But even the claim that the people of the Philippines are better off than they otherwise would have been because of our 'benevolent assimilation,' is an extremely dubious one. Quite likely, as the republican platform and candidates aver, our government of them is an improvement upon that of Spain. But that is not the contention. The question is whether the Philippines would not be still better off if we had dealt with them as we did with the Cubans. Certainly that seems probable. Half a century ago we came into contact with another Asatic people. Today as a direct result of the wise and consistent action of two democratic administrations, Japan ranks with other civilized nations. Why could not Admiral Dewey have been instructed to do for the Philippine islands what Commodore Perry did for Japan?

"Instead of an independent and powerful friend, as is Japan, we have in the Philippine archipelago, a costly dependent and bitter enemy. As was to be expected, our denial of the right of self-government to other people has already reacted here at home. In Rhode Island in 1902 a street railway syndicate which had secured irrepealable privileges of great values in our highways, refused to obey a ten-hour law for motormen and conductors. As a result of this anarchy, for which Senator Aldrich, as president of the street railway companies was chiefly responsible, strikes and disturbances arose in the most populous sections of the state, the military was called out, and although the law was declared constitutional, it was repealed in effect, by the same legislature which a few months before had unanimously passed it."

Governor Garvin closed by expressing the opinion that there never had been a popular demand for a war with Spain, and in declaring his interest not only in the abolition of imperialism, but in the abolition of that government of the few which had made imperialism possible. To this end he advocated a more direct and complete control by the people of the state and national constitutions. He would have the power conferred upon 5 per cent. of the voters to propose constitutional amendments and to have them submitted to the entire electorate for adoption or rejection.

When the applause accorded Governor Garvin at the conclusion of his address had subsided, Charles Francis Adams of Boston was introduced.

"Important as the question of imperialism is, I frankly acknowledge that I am not one of those who regard it as of paramount importance in the present canvass. There are in my judgment other issues involved more momentous, and quite as pressing. So far as the Filipinos are concerned, the precedent recently established in the case of Cuba is always there; and it would cost but a signature to a sheet of paper for us, as a nation, to revert to our cardinal principle that every community must be assumed to be capable of self-government until the contrary is proven by results. We Americans do not like that political system exemplified and brought to its tragic conclusion in the recent assassination of Von Plehve for we are assured that, as we in the Philippines, so the late chief of the secret police in Russia, recognized the necessity of bestowing a large measure of self-government upon the people, as soon as they have become fitted to receive it.' They sound familiar, whether uttered by Von Plehve at St. Petersburg or, as yesterday, at Washington—those words 'as soon as they have become fitted to receive it'.

"A question admitting of such easy and summary disposition at any time at this issue of the Philippines does not, therefore, seem to me the most vital of our issues. The thing of paramount importance in our present political situation is, as I see it, the creation of an organized party of the opposition, self-respecting, and the exponent of certain well-considered political principles.

"To imagine that any community living under a representative system of government especially a community thoroughly democratic in its organization can long go on in satisfactory political shape without the presence within it of an effective opposition, as well as of a party in power, is, I hold it, contrary to reason. For eight years, for reasons which it is wholly unnecessary now to enter upon, this country has been without an opposition, either effective or self-respecting.

"The first duty, therefore, as I hold it, of any thoughtful independent, is to do, in the present canvass, whatever lies in his power towards bringing such an opposition into existence. If complete success should happily attend him in this effort, the most that could happen would be that the opposition would become the government, and the present government the opposition And this I hold would be an outcome of the election in no way to be deplored. The republican party has been too long in power.

"Whatever be the result of the canvass, in it I see my way clearly. That way is to do the utmost in my power to do, much or little, to convert the democratic party into what is known in England as "His Majesty's Opposition," that most essential feature in every community, the political policy of which is shaped from within and through discussion.

"More than this, I do not hesitate to and that if the one result most likely to be brought about by such action were brought about, it would, by and large, be for the country and the very best result which could possibly be brought about. We would have an executive with a house of representatives behind it, and on its side, and a senate in opposition. Light would then be shed into dark places, while no legislation could be enacted except what was thoroughly well-considered and safe.

"One step more. They talk today of paramount issues the issue of anti-imperialism, the great race issue in the South, the issue of the tariff, the money issue, the issue of trusts. They talk about 'curbing the trusts.' I maintain there is no issue before the American people so important, or so difficult to meet, as the issue of curbing the senate! The oligarchic body has got to be brought back to its proper functions in the machinery of government, or disaster will result. As was predicted in the early days of the constitution, a portion of the legislative, clothed with a share of executive functions, has usurped functions one by one which did not belong to it, until even appointments in the judiciary have been turned over to the members of the senatorial ring, to be disposed of as comfortable berths for life for their influential political 'heelers.' There is no department of government today in which that irresponsible chamber is not actually supreme, under the operation of what is known as "the courtesy of the senate." Moreover, while they talk of trusts, I maintain we have never in our existence been called upon to confront such an insidious and dangerous trust as that partnership between the executive and the senatorial ring, which today exists under the Roosevelt regime, and exists as matter of public notoriety."

At the conclusion of the speech which he had prepared, Mr. Adams delivered some impromptu remarks. In the course of these he referred to the trust question. He declared that the "meat trust, oil trust, ship trust and other trusts that are held up as a source of danger," are not to be feared as they can restrained. The most dangerous trust, he said, was that one known as "The courtesy of the United States senate," which he explained was a conspiracy against the people inasmuch as it disposes of all federal patronage, amounting to hundreds of millions of dollars each year.

The courtesy of the United States senate, he declared, was distributed by President Roosevelt, Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, Massachusetts, Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, and Senator Philander C. Knox of Pennsylvania.

W. Bourke Cockran was greeted with enthusiastic and prolonged applause. He said in part:

"In this assemblage there are many men of different minds on various subjects likely to be discussed during this campaign. They are all, however, unanimous on one question of surpassing importance which this election must settle, and that is, shall imperialism govern or shall democracy continue to guide this nation; shall this republic remain constitutional as Washington established it, democratic as Jefferson made it, free as Lincoln left it, or shall it give place to a personal government which a strenuous boss administrators—which the trusts exploit and control—which monarchies and nobles have begun to flatter and which therefore good men and patriots everywhere have begun to distrust?

"We have not assembled to suggest any new experiment in government—we simply ask that the policy of freedom, justice and liberty established in Cuba, which has proved both creditable and profitable to us, which the Cuban people have found a source of progress, a beacon of freedom and a bulwark of order, which the whole world applauds as a most valuable contribution to civilization, shall be substituted for the imperialistic policy which has proved wasteful and discreditable to this country in the Philippine Islands. The decision of this question at the polls will affect profoundly the progress of the Philippine Island, but it will affect vitally the American people, and indeed the whole progress of civilization. The violation of every moral obligation in the Philippine Island has been followed by the violation of constitutional limitations in the United States. The spirit which led our imperialists to deny the right of self-government to the Filipino manifests itself in their bearing at home. Law has fallen into contempt. In some states republican government is wholly abolished. Men are imprisoned, deported and beaten by a self-constituted military authority. These extraordinary methods are justified on the ground that they are necessary precautions to avert graver excesses. But even if this be so, it only shows the startling decay of that orderly, sober, law-abiding spirit which was formerly instinctive among all American citizens.

"The gravest danger of imperialism is the general demoralization which it must inevitably work in the public character and the public conscience.

"The object of imperialism is always plunder, violence always its method, corruption its inevitable fruit. If therefore, our authority is maintained and exercised over the Philippine islands, solely for the benefit of the Filipinos, as Mr. Roosevelt claims in his speech of acceptance, then it cannot be imperialism. But the statement is not true. Recent legislation enacted for the government of the Philippine Islands shows that it is not administered nor intended to be administrated for the benefit of the inhabitants but for the benefit of certain American citizens.

"We anti-imperialists believe that the first reform absolutely necessary for the existence of this government is the restoration of justice to full dominion through all its departments, that justice shall be made to mark the full extent of every man's rights and the strict limit of power to every officer. We support the democratic platform because it declares for justice, not in any locality but wherever our flag typifies our authority. We support the democratic candidate because we believe that as he has been successful in causing reluctant leaders to fully and effectively perform their duties, he will be equally successful in leading the followers to the rescue of their government from corruption, to the defense of their constitution from usurpation to the establishment of permanent prosperity among all the people by the enthronement of justice in every department of our government."

During the meeting letters were read from prominent anti-imperialists throughout the country, including Carl Schurz, Henry Wade Rogers, dean of Yale Law school; Edward M. Shepard of New York, and Daniel Hall of New Hampshire.

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SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1903, was **14,590**

A gain of 1083 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1904.

JOHN J. HOGAN, Notary Public.

14,718 The sworn daily average circulation for seven months of 1904 was: **14,718**

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all other the newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

A lot of men and women in Chicago celebrated the assassination of Minister Von Plehve of Russia with a great jubilation. In so doing they acknowledged themselves to be anarchists, a brood which should be not only barred but crushed from this country.

Judge Emmons had beter put a guard upon the state house or else the Boston burglars will steal the gilded dome. When they leisurely enter a building, rig a derrick and load the safe upon a stolen team it seems there is nothing too bold for them to attempt.

IF JAPAN DEFEATS RUSSIA--WHAT?

If Japan succeeds in bringing the present war in the far east to a sudden termination the world will stand aghast. Japan will then jump from a third-rate power to a first-rate, able to fight any nation on earth, on land or sea.

Japan no doubt will feel greatly elated and will want the fruits of victory but the European powers are not likely to let her reap the fruits of victory. They prevented her despoiling China and they will likewise prevent her from taking any large territory on the mainland of Asia assuming that she will win.

If Russia be beaten it will be because of the inadequacy of the single track railway to transport and supply an organized force sufficient to cope with that of Japan. The Japanese have shown probably greater mobility than has ever been displayed in any war while their courage is second to none. They are fatalists and take pride in dying for their country or their emperor.

SERIOUS RAILWAY DISASTER.

The Boston and Worcester electric railway has had a bad disaster on the only piece of single track the company has, between Southboro and Worcester and it was due to the old, old cause of going ahead instead of waiting at a turnout until the other car came in.

Thus there was some misunderstanding, some neglect of orders or else the orders given were not sufficiently specific.

The Sun some time ago suggested a means of preventing such accidents but it may have been too systmatic to be adopted by such a progressive company as the Boston and Worcester. Our plan was that every car reaching a turnout remain until it gets the key of the road--something like a baton passed from one motorman to the other--before going ahead. This would prevent the possibility of head-on collisions which are usually the most disastrous. But if the railways do not adopt this rule there is another which we might suggest for the observance of motormen and conductors. It is this --"When in doubt don't go ahead."

VENEZUELA IN A BAD MIXUP.

In all probability Venezuela will soon learn a lesson if she has not learned it already, that will convince her that she cannot violate international law with impunity even though the Monroe doctrine does prevent European powers from acquiring property on this continent.

Possibly when Venezuela showed such disregard for European powers she felt secure under the protection against armed invasion and loss of territory.

But there is another means of collecting claims against her. The Hague tribunal is in existence and several special commissions were appointed to pass upon the numerous claims against Venezuela on account of a series of blunders by the government. The latest is the attacks made upon foreign corporations, the Bermudez Asphalt company being among the number.

This is an American company, and if it is not more scrupulous in its methods than the asphalt trust the embargo placed upon it may be justified.

Venezuela has flunked upon the payment of the interest upon the German claims, and according to the arrangements of The Hague tribunal, it is now in order for Belgium to appoint a commission to take charge of the Venezuelan custom houses at La Guayra and Port Cabello and with 30 per cent. of the receipts pay the creditors pro-rata until their claims are satisfied. But for this arrangement not only Germany but England would probably make a demonstration in force against Venezuela on account of the failure to meet her obligations. This new state of affairs may precipitate another revolution that will succeed in overthrowing a government that long ago demonstrated its worthlessness.

MR. BORDEN'S APPREHENSION.

Mr. N. P. Borden of Fall River, says the labor laws of Massachusetts must be changed or the New England cotton industry will be destroyed. Mr. Borden has not specified wherein he believes the law is wrong, but it is presumed that his contention is that New England has to compete at a disadvantage with the South, because of the longer hours, the lower wages and the fewer restrictions upon child labor. All these are points upon which we believe Massachusetts will take no backward step, even if the cotton industry of New England should be destroyed. The cotton industry seems to be more sensitive to business and political changes than any other and it is perhaps the one industry of the country which pays the lowest wages and offers the least inducement to intelligent men and women to engage in it. The manufacturers may complain that their dividends are not as large or as regular as desirable, but on the other hand the wages of the average operative are certainly not such as to be susceptible of reduction unless the operatives are put upon starvation fare. If to save the cotton industry of New England it be necessary to go back to the conditions that prevailed twenty years ago, we fear the future of that industry holds out but little hope of success. Mr. Borden and the mill men for whom he speaks, had better seek some mode of improving the cotton industry other than a reversal of industrial progress and a relapse to the primitive conditions such as prevail in the South. If New England mills utilized the textile instruction as they should they should be able to produce grades of goods on which the South could not compete. This, it seems, furnishes the only means by which New England can hold her supremacy in the cotton business.

If men like Mr. Borden begin to talk of going backward and downward instead of onward and upward the cotton industry hereabouts is surely doomed to destruction, not by strikes, not by short hours or the fact that wages are higher here than in the South, but by ignoring the main chance by which alone they can infuse new life into the industry and put it upon a plane on which southern competition can be largely set at defiance and on which higher wages will be paid, because more skill will be required in the manufacture of finer fabrics. There is no man so stupid that he cannot learn something, aye considerable, if given an opportunity. The present operatives can easily be trained to do finer work, but the mills are too eager to draw continuous dividends to make much progress in adapting their machinery to the manufacture of finer goods.

SEEN AND HEARD

The next witness was a hard-fisted resolute woman with a bristling chin beard.

"Mr. Gibson," said the attorney for the defense, "are you acquainted with the reputation of this man for truth and veracity in the neighborhood in which he lives?"

"I reckon I am," replied the witness.

"I will ask you to state what it is."

"Well, sir, his reputation for truth isn't no good. His reputation for veracity well, that's diff'rent. Some says he does and some says he don't."

"Witness," interposed the judge, "do you know the meaning of 'veracity'?"

"I reckon I do."

"What do you understand by the word?"

The witness twirled his hat in his fingers a few moments without answering. Then he looked up defiantly.

"I refuse to answer that question, judge," he said, "on the ground that it might discriminate me."

Indignation has been caused among the feminine bathers at Sunshade Sands, Manhattan Beach, by the appearance of large signs announcing that no more white bathing suits would be tolerated, and that all suits must be "modest, circumspect and respectable".

The new regulations resulted from a walk that James H. Sherwood, lessee of the beach, took along the sands Friday afternoon, says the New York World, watching a chorus girl. She wore a creamy creation of pongee silk that looked more like an evening dress cut off below the knees than anything else. No one could find fault with its modesty.

But after taking a header in the surf the way that pongee clung to her was amazing. The women disappeared from the crowd and Mr. Sherwood at once went to a sign painter.

Shoes selling at $1000 a pair are the product of a factory near Madison square, says the New York Evening Mail. To style it "shop" would be to insult the artisans employed therein. They call it a "footgear institute," and the proprietor goes by no less title than "curative orthopedist." The wearing of these $1000 shoes is, in the main, a hobby, and is based on nerves gone wrong. For there are some persons, it seems, who are plagued with sensitive nerves in their feet which ache so exceedingly that nothing can assuage the pain but shoes "prescribed" by a physician-cobbler. The learned cobbler listens to a tale of toe ache with the attending nervous disturbances and examines the patient's feet with critical scrutiny. Every hill and dale of the foot is inspected and studied, and especially is a sharp lookout kept for the sensitive nerves, which ultimately are sure to be found. A volume of notes is taken and the prospective customer naturally becomes impressed with the severity of his ailment. Next, and what is very important, a plaster cast of the foot is taken, and if the patient's purse is proportioned to his plaint the physician-cobbler is apt to enter a new order in his book.

The shoes are made of good leather, but do not generally follow the lines of the latest fashions, rather the reverse. It all depends on views of the healer. Some sufferers are scientifically shod in exchange for $500, $350 or even $100; but those customers who prefer to pay the highest prices are satisfied with nothing less than a $1000 pair. The shoe bills of one New Yorker--a rich contractor--who rides the orthopedic hobby have footed up to $60,000. Yet the shoes he wears are queer looking contrivances.

A girl likes to go yachting if it makes her hair nice and wavy.

Every grown up forgets he was once a child, and every child that he will be a grown up.

Some men would rather be in a breach-of-promise suit than not be in some kind of trouble.

There is more fun in having a grievance than in thinking a presidential election depends on your arguments.

The queer thing about the clothes women wear in summer is you have a feeling if they won't be bashful about them you ought to.--New York Press.

After a hard struggle in the waters of Sheepshead Bay Manuel Storm, of No. 31 Walton street, Brooklyn, was rescued from drowning yesterday by his playmate, Louis Scharff, of No. 13 Walton street. Storm fought hard when his friend reached him, and for a time it looked as if both boys would go down, but finally the shore was reached by the two in an exhausted condition. Storm had to be taken to the Reception Hospital, where he stayed for the night.

At the funeral of Mrs. Agnes Green, the wife of Edmund Green, a bicycle dealer, held in New Rochelle yesterday, six of her women friends served as pallbearers. The women were members of the Independent Order of Good Templars, of which Mrs. Green was the local president. They were all dressed in white, with black sashes.

After the service at the house, which was conducted by the Rev. Dr. Saul O. Curtice, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, they carried the coffin out to the hearse and marched with it to the cemetery. At the cemetery they carried the casket to the grave, where each dropped a bouquet of flowers on it as it was covered up.

The funeral was the first at New Rochelle at which women took the part of pallbearers and it attracted much attention.

BEGGED HIS AID

AND THEN RELIEVED HIM OF $10.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1--Rev. Frank MacDavis, pastor of the Orange, N. J., Methodist Church, involuntarily loaned $10 last night to a woman who came to him with a story that she was "Mrs. Abbott, of Philadelphia," and was in pursuit of a recreant husband. She said she had been stranded, and told the minister she came to him because she knew he would send her where she would not fall into "bad company."

Mr. MacDavis went upstairs to write a note to the Young Woman's Christian Association and soon heard the door slam below. He found that the woman had decamped, taking $10 from his wife's pocketbook that had been left on the table.

BOY FIGHTS CHUM

IN WAVES IN ORDER TO SAVE HIS LIFE.

"Mike" Leonard, 11 years old, had to be a hero to avoid a spanking, says a New York exchange.

"Mike" is glad that he missed the spanking, but he wants no medals for being a hero. The hero business served a good enough purpose when the spanking was imminent, but "Mike" wants it understood that the incident is now closed.

Thanks to "Mike" "Tommie" Burns, 13 years old, is gradually getting rid of the surplus water he accumulated in New York bay yesterday afternoon before "Mike" hauled him out, at the Long Island College hospital, and will be out in a few days.

Michael Leonard lives with his parents at No. 450 South street, Brooklyn. The boys all call him "Mike." Since the school holidays began the boys have looked longingly and often upon the cool waters of New York bay from the foot of Clinton street.

Whenever opportunity presented itself the boys looked upon the hot shore from the cool waters of the bay, but that is not to be boasted of at home. "Mike" is small for his age but in the water he is a giant or a whale.

A few days ago "Mike" didn't notice that the sun was getting low, and when he hurried into the house for supper there was that tell-tale hair, standing out damp and accusing.

"Michael," said his mother, and Michael's hand shot up to his head. She always calls him Michael when there is anything serious up. "Michael," came the accusing voice, "you have been in swimming!" "Well all the other boys go and their mammas dont care. You jes' won't let me do nothing the other boys do," and the thin little voice broke into sobs.

But Michael had disobeyed and he was punished.

Yesterday was the first day that "Mike" had visited the foot of Clinton street since that eventful day. All of the boys had been in, and some of them were putting on their clothes, while their teeth chattered as though they would rattle out.

"Tommie Burns, who lives at No. 147 Nelson street, was showing off in the water and shouted to "Mike:"

"Why doesher come in?"

"Don't want to," responded "Mike", digging his toes in the ground.

"Ah gwan and come in. It's fine. Jes' as warm as milk."

"Naw, I don't wanter," responded Mike bravely.

"You're scared to," came tauntingly from the water. "You're skeered of a lickin'."

"Naw I ain't either," said Mike, though his conscience pricked him.

"Jes' watch me float," said Tommie, and he turned upon his back and paddled around in the water. The wake of a big steamer came rushing in and the choppy waves washed over Tommie, and with a gasp and cry he threw up his hands and sank.

Quick as a flash "Mike" had peeled off his clothes and was overboard. "Tommie" had gone down twice and was struggling feebly.

"Mike" grabbed him as he went down the third time. The struggling boy threw his arms around the neck of his little friend and both went down. Finally "Mike" wriggled himself free, while a hundred persons watched the fight from the shore, and then caught "Tommie" and brought him ashore unconscious. An ambulance came from Long Island College hospital, and while "Mike" was getting into his clothes, "Tommie" was hurried off to the hospital.

"Michael," said his mother when he got home, "you have been in swimming again. What made you disobey me?"

"Oh, Mrs. Leonard, 'Mike' jumped in the bay and saved 'Tommie' Burns's life jest a little while ago," said an enthusiastic neighbor, running into the Leonard home.

Then the mother petted her brave little man and told him that she was proud of him.

"'Taint anything," said "Mike," last night. "'Tommie' jes' got caught in that steamboat swell and I pulled him in by the ear.

"Now, I don't want no medals. Wat'cher tryin' to give me?" and the independent little hero ran away to where the "gang" was waiting.

HOME CHAT

A WOMAN'S DUTY TO BE A HOUSEKEEPER.

A reader asks: "Don't you think a woman, first of all, should be a good housekeeper?"

Well, that depends. There are women and women, you know, and not every woman is born with the mental or physical endowment necessary to make herself a success in the profession of housekeeping, any more than that every man is fitted by nature to make of himself a shining light in the profession of law or literature. That housekeeping is a profession, calling for a high order of ability, is becoming more and more recognized, and bright women are everywhere urging that it be taken from the category of menial service and given its proper standing among the "learned professions." Schools are being opened, classes formed, and courses of instruction are being added to the curriculum of colleges, all tending toward that point. There has been so much haphazard housekeeping, and the "sphere" so abused by being considered as beneath the notice of a woman with any claim whatever to refinement and social standing, that, until recently it has been considered as a term of reproach, and many otherwise sensible women have been known to apologize for having, through some misfortune, or lack of fortune to "do their own work." It has been the custom to "look down" upon the girl or woman who chooses, or has thrust upon her, the vocation of housework, until a respectable, high-minded woman had to be very brave indeed to claim for the work any congeniality whatever.

But the twentieth century woman is wiser. She is beginning to demand recognition for the work which, sooner or later, nearly every woman has to do with, and she is finding, and proving to others, that in the proper discharge of the duties of the housekeeper, there is honor as well as profit. So intimately connected with the best interests of the family life have these homely duties been proven to be that women everywhere are awakening to the importance of knowing "how the wheels go 'round," whether she, or another is supplying the revolving power.

Not all women are born with the needed faculties by which to become, in the popular sense, a first-class housekeeper, any more than that her brother, man, is in all cases born to be a hewer of wood. In the sense of "looking well to the ways of her household," if a woman has a household, it is generally conceded by all to be her part of the contract to look after it and see that the intricate machinery runs smoothly and to the best interests of the home over which, whether as wife or employe, she is placed, just as the manager of any other business must "keep an eye" on every detail pertaining thereto, though he may not, and generally does not, do any of the physical work himself. In order to intelligently do this, there are lessons which every woman must not only theoretically, but practically, acquaint herself with and this fact is more and more making itself felt in all stations of life.

GUATEMALAN ANT

GIVES HOPE OF DESTROYING THE BOLL WEEVIL.

The Guatemalan ants just imported have either arrived in a state of acute hunger induced by the long sea voyage, or else they are going to maintain their reputation as destroyers of injurious insects. They are not only eating the boll weevils, worms and moths, but they are devouring other obnoxious insects, and even the ants that make life unpleasant for cotton pickers, while the useful little lady bug is left untouched. So far the importation of the foreign ants is a success, but it goes a very short way in relieving the cotton situation at present. Even if the ant propagates with rapidity it must take some years before it is here in numbers to effect the stricken regions. But if the spread of the boll weevil can be checked at once, and the safety of the cotton crop is assured as we have it now, and its future is to be better still, the work is begun well, and the Agricultural Department scores another triumph in extending its help to the farmer.

HEAVY THUNDER STORM.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2--During a heavy thunder storm, in this city yesterday afternoon, lightning shattered the flagstaff on the Federal building. The flag pole on the "Flat iron" building at 23rd street and Broadway was also splintered by a bolt. The Third avenue elevated near 52nd street was struck, the third rail blazing up and two horses are reported to have been killed by the same bolt.

Great quantities of surface water in Broad street choked the manholes and a portion of the overflow flooded the basements of some of the buildings in that section.

ADAMS

Piazza Furniture

Do you need one or two more pieces of piazza furniture? A small rocker for 85c, large arm rockers $1.50, $1.69 to $3.25 each. Good value and will add to your out of door comfort.

ADAMS & CO.

Furniture, Rugs

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Appleton Bank Block

174 CENTRAL STREET

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FOR THE BEST

(Chemically Pure)

Powdered Borax

AT

C. B. COBURN CO.'S

63 MARKET ST.

CAUSE OF HEAT PROSTRATIONS

Sleepless nights in this hot weather weaken vitality and expose to heat prostrations. A cup of Sanford's Ginger tea, made from the genuine Sanford's Ginger, taken on retirement, will give refreshing, natural sleep. It draws the blood from the head, quiets the nerves, quickens circulation and promotes digestion. It instantly relieves cramps and pains, and speedily checks all forms of summer ills, breaks up colds and fevers, and wards off malarial, contagious and epidemic influences.

THE PRICE OF THE

OUT O' SIGHT FLY STRINGS

Has Been Reduced to

10 Cents for a Box of Six

They're neat, effective and out of the way

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 Central Street

Some Cool Suggestions For Boys' Wear

Wash Sailor Suits, of crash and neat prints, with deep Sailor collar. Regular $1 goods, now **50c**

Wash Sailor Suits, the remnants of our $2 and $3 lines. Fine Chambrays in plain reds, blues, grays and neat stripes, sizes 3 to 8 years. All now at **$1.00**

Cadet Blouses, of fine woven Madras and Chambray, beautiful color combinations. All that are left of our $1.50 line, now **95c**

Shirt Waists, of Percales and prints, dark reds and blues, and light colors. Sailor or shirt collars sizes 3 years to 13, now **25c**

White Duck and Buff Vests, sizes 10 years to 16, now **$1.00**

A Small Lot of Chambray Overalls, sizes 3 years to 6, suitable for little boys' or girls' vacation wear now **25c**

"American Boy" Magazine for one year given with every purchase of $5 in our boys' department. August number now ready.

COLLEGE RECEPTIONS

THE OLD METHOD VIGOROUSLY CONDEMNED.

The Newport News has the following of interest to all educators:

At last some one with authority has had the courage to severely and fearlessly criticise the old-fashioned, out-of-date recitation system which is still followed by many of the colleges of this country. This method is never found in German universities, where the best educational systems exist and knowledge is acquired with the best results, and often it is not practiced even in the elementary schools there. Now comes President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton and boldly denounces the old system, as injurious to the student and lacking in the qualities which stimulate intellectual activity and make brain power. "You cannot teach initiative," he says. "The student must be put on his own resources in communicating what he knows, and the trouble with too many college students is that they have no 'intellectual muscle.'"

"The recitation system," he continues, "makes the college appear only as a continuation of the primary school. There is no independence in it. It does not breed manliness, and where the teacher has no genius for bringing out the thinking faculty in the student the latter stands in the crib of knowledge servily chewing the cud of learning." It is also pointed out by President Wilson that this system, by which full-grown men recite from a text-book like the little boy in the primary school, and the most rigid conformity to the text in the recitation generally secures the highest marks, offers every inducement to the dishonest student to avail himself of outside helps, discourages freedom of thinking and, as he forcibly asserts, is "in every way unworthy of America."

Mr. Wilson says that no two students drink alike, or ought to, from the fountain of wisdom, and that he would simply give the student certain material to work with and let the libraries, the laboratories and other fell helps do the rest. This is wise advice, which ought to be heeded and adopted by every college in these United States. The old recitation system is antiquated for college and should be promptly abolished. There are thousands of men in the country today who failed to get half as much out of their college courses as they ought to have done because of the limitations of this method of instruction, and those who made the most of their opportunities for self development while in college did it in spite rather than because of the system that was in vogue.

There should be a radical revolution in this respect, and college students should be placed upon their mettle and be made to do their own work with the material furnished them, and not be allowed to simply repeat parrot-like what has been told them in lectures or read by them from text-books. The result of the old system is flabby mentality; the result of the new method would be strong mental powers and trained ability to investigate and build up knowledge. By the old system the student is simply a repeater; by the new one he would be an originator, and it is originators that we want in this country today. Any one not absolutely deficient in intellect can repeat, but only those of strong and trained intelligence can originate and create.

THE DARK SIDE

GOVERNOR LUZ WANTED TO SEE HOW CHICAGO POOR LIVED.

The Chicago Record-Herald, in an editorial here reproduced, calls attention to the comments made by Governor Luz, formerly chief executive of Bantangas Province in the Philippines. He was shown the beautiful residences and busines blocks in the city of Chicago, and having seen the things that are usually brought to the attention of visitors, he asked to be shown how the poor lived.

This suggestion coming from the isles of the orient, ought to make an impression upon the men who talk so much about prosperity and who know so little about the wretchedness that accompanies it. The nation's prosperity is not to be measured by the luxury and enjoyment of those who through monopolies seize upon the resources of the country and exploit the people. The masses and the moral sense of the country must be measured by the manner in which the fortunate interest themselves in the welfare of the less fortunate. Whether Governor Luz profits by his visit to the United States or not, the United States ought to profit by the pointed inquiry which he submits. The Record-Herald says:

"Senor Simeon Luz, former governor of Bantangas province, island of Luzon did well to ask that he and his fellow visitors from the Philippines be shown how the poor live in Chicago as well as the rich are housed. Bad laws and an impoverished people, as history shows, breed luxury and magnificence in spots. It is not the palaces and the broad avenues that tell the story of a nation. The true test is how the masses fare. The poor have their pleasures. The thrifty poor have their comforts also. But the well-governed community should have no neighborhoods of abject wretchedness. The unsanitary rookery should be regarded as an inexcusable blemish. The foul street or alley should be cleansed, so that the little children that have no other place to stretch their tender limbs may not be stricken with fever at their play. The great and rich community which cannot manage this has no right to show its marvels to strangers and make a parade of its achievements, for these often spell selfishness rather than brotherhood. When Chicago or any other city is placed on view by an entertainment committee no exhibition of its rows of costly residences and tall business structures can tell the whole truth to the intelligent stranger. No city can be truly great that does not show greatness in its humble streets, in its homes of workingmen and in those quarters where the very poor pay the landlords' profits. We all owe thanks to Senor Simeon Luz for reminding us that the veneer of wealth is unimportant as compared with all the living and striving that go to make up the sum total of humanity."

THE MODERN WAY

To cure a weak stomach is to take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters at the very first symptom. It does away with starving and dieting yourself because it puts the stomach in proper condition to digest the food. In this way it cures Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Biliousness, Heartburn, Insomnia, Headache, Cramps or Diarrhoea. Nervous and sickly women also find the Bitters unequalled as a regulator and tonic. We urge a fair trial.

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W. T. S. BARTLETT

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and it costs very little when you know how to do it. You may have a suit of clothes that cost you quite a sum of money and is only soiled or perhaps it may be the same thing with a lady's coat or skirt; should you want to save several dollars just bring these soiled garments to the

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CHINATOWN ROW

Yee Ton Shing Was Stabbed

TROUBLE OVER EXPULSION FROM SOCIETY

Extra Policemen Sent Into the District

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—The expulsion of three members from the Hep Sing Tong in Chinatown about two weeks ago, the subsequent posting of a bulletin signed to by the same three and alleged to expose unfair and illegal methods of the society, and a murderous assault upon one of the three last evening at the door of a restaurant near the quarters of the Hep Sing Tong, has again thrown the settlement into turmoil.

Although the trouble this time has been wholly an internal one and not between the Hep Sing Tong and the On Leong Tong as previously, yet the latter seems to have taken advantage of the situation and is alleged to be trying to stir up more trouble. That society posted several bulletins last evening after the stabbing, but the nature of them couldn't be learned by the police last evening because no reliable interpreter could be found.

The street was a scene of great excitement after the assault and the police decided immediately upon taking every precaution and several extra patrolmen were detailed to the district.

The Hep Sing Tong is one of the two prominent societies in Chinatown and has always posed as the best element of the celestials, but the police are of the opinion now that they are no good and that they are the real highbinders and blackmailers, and they are keeping their eye on them very closely.

THREE UNDER SUSPICION.

It was one of this society who was murdered in Chinatown a little over a year ago, a sequel to the murder being the Chinese raids and deportation of about 200 Celestials.

Three of the members have been under suspicion for some time by the others in the society. They are Yee Ton Shing, Yee Ton and Yee Ham, all now living at 7 Oxford place. About three weeks ago one of them was alleged to have run away with the wife of a prominent merchant, and when they returned he was confronted with the charge. His two friends tried to protect him and there came near being serious trouble then.

A week ago Sunday the matter was brought before the society and it was decided to expel the three from the organization. According to members who were there bloodshed was barely averted. Knives and other weapons were drawn and there was great excitement. It was finally suppressed and the three men were put out.

Yesterday there appeared on the well known "bulletin board," otherwise the side of a brick building in Oxford place where all Chinese bulletins are displayed, a lengthly screed signed by Shing, Ton and Ham, which is understood by the police, on the statement of a reliable interpreter, to be a scathing denunciation of the society, alleging its members to be the highbinders, informers and the like. The bulletin contained also an alleged exposition of the corruption in the society.

The appearance of the signed statement caused great excitement among the residents of the settlement and all day there were groups of Chinamen talking in and out of doors about it. When the police learned the nature of the statement they began to watch for trouble.

SHING STABBED IN THE SIDE.

Early in the evening the three men whose names were signed to the bulletin went into the restaurant of Lock Sen Low at 46 Beach street and ate. When they came down about 7.15 a Chinaman was waiting for them at the door. Shing was the first to come out, and as he appeared at the door he was stabbed in the side and knocked down. The Chinaman who had done the cutting ran, and immediately a cry went up for the police.

Patrolmen Brooks, Wilson and Nee, who were not far away, found Shing lying in the doorway in a pool of blood. He was hurried to the relief station.

It was about impossible for the officers to get a line on the man who had committed the assault, but they think now that they are on his track and intend to take action against several Chinamen today whom they believe to be causing all the trouble. The police say that for two weeks they have been confident that trouble was brewing there and they think that they can get today the ones who are at the bottom of it.

Every Chinaman in the place was on the street, running here and there and talking about what had happened, and the police had to tell them to get indoors and keep quiet. The rooms of the Hep Sing Tong were a scene of turmoil. Fully 100 Chinamen were up there, and every one of them refused to confess to the least knowledge of the English language.

Expecting that more serious trouble might develop at any moment, several extra officers were at once detailed to Chinatown.

Shing was not seriously cut, and the physicians said that he could be taken home any time, but the police asked that he be kept at the hospital until things had quieted down a little.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

TERRIFIC STORM

Lightning Struck Down Man in Salem

BOLT PASSED THROUGH HOUSE IN WOBURN

Large Barn in Concord Was Destroyed

SALEM, Aug. 2.—A terrific electric storm raged over this city early last evening. At 6.40 rain began to fall in torrents, accompanied by loud thunder and chain lightning.

Lieut. James W. Nichols at 6.45 attempted to enter G. A. R. hall and had placed one foot on a steel mat when there was a terrific roar of thunder and the hall was brightly lighted with lightning. He was stricken to the floor unconscious and a short time after on regaining his senses, attempted to rise, but was unable to do so. He made a second unsuccessful attempt to get up and then began to call for help. His appeal was finally heard by Grand Army men in the lower hall of the building and they rushed to his relief. His right leg and arm were badly numbed. Later feeling returned although he suffered intense pain, as if pricked with hundreds of needles. It is not thought that he is seriously injured.

Lightning struck in numerous places about the city. The cupola on the big pavilion at the Willows was shattered and the residence of Mrs. Call, on Beach street, was damaged. The chimney was knocked from the house on the corner of Hardy and Derby streets, a tree was silvered on Sutton avenue, and a telephone pole on Washington street was struck and set on fire. During the height of the storm the power at the Boston & Northern station was shut off, stalling all cars on the Salem division for 10 minutes. The telephone service was considerably impaired.

Lightning struck the northwest corner of the almshouse, tearing a big cleft in the brick wall to the ground, a distance of four stories. The bolt entered the building and destroyed the entire incandescent light service, burned out the telephone box and then passed from the structure to re-enter the ground and break the six-inch main that supplies the building with water. There were more than 100 inmates, many advanced in years, in the building, and for a short time there was intense excitement, although none was injured.

A bolt of lightning bored a large hole in Washington street at the Bridge street end of the Boston & Maine railroad tunnel. It was discovered an hour after the storm had spent its fury.

One of the engines at the Lynn & Boston power station on Mason street, was disabled by lightning, which necessitated stopping the entire plant for about 15 minutes.

CHILD SLEPT

LIGHTNING BOLT PASSED THROUGH THE HOUSE.

WOBURN, Aug. 2.—The storm of wind and lightning came up very quickly yesterday afternoon, and was severe while it lasted. The residence of Henry Curtis, on the corner of Ward and Webster streets, was struck and badly damaged by lightning. The bolt entered by the chimney, and passed all through the house. It entered the pantry, where Mr. Curtis chanced to be. He was stunned by it. It also tore off window casings, wrecked a closet, tore off plastering and split the front door sill. Mrs. Curtis escaped injury, and her baby slept undisturbed through it all.

A slight fire was started in the pantry, but was extinguished quickly. It will cost $500 to fix up the house.

UNDER A TREE

BOY STRUCK BY LIGHTNING AT THOMPSONVILLE, CONN.

THOMPSONVILLE, Conn., Aug. 2.—While standing under a tree last evening to escape the rain, Leonard Taylor the 14-year-old son of William Taylor of Amsterdam, N. Y., was struck by lightning and instantly killed. His brother and a friend, who were a few feet away, were not injured.

The storm which passed over the western part of the state yesterday afternoon was one of the most severe in the year, considerable damage being done in Winsted, Torrington, Norwalk and Danbury. Trees were uprooted and telephone and telegraph service was impaired for hours.

BARN BURNED

CARRIAGE HOUSE AND WOODSHED ALSO DESTROYED.

CONCORD, Mass., Aug. 2.—Lars Petersen's barn on Monument street was struck by lightning early last evening and burned to the ground. The carriage house and woodshed were also destroyed. The house nearby was saved by tearing down the shed.

The fire alarm system was crippled when the storm first started and the nearest telephone was half a mile away. The well on the place was quickly emptied and then the firemen had to depend entirely upon the chemical engine, and they succeeded in saving the house. Most of the contents had been removed to places of safety.

The live stock was all gotten out of the barn, but the carriages, tools and nearly 50 tons of hay were destroyed. The loss was $5000, insured.

BALFOUR WON

Vote of Censure Was Defeated

CHAMBERLAIN'S FISCAL POLICY DISCUSSED

Premier Balfour Ignored Chamberlain's Suggestion

LONDON, Aug. 2.—In the house of commons yesterday the liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, moved the vote of censure, which he announced July 15, as a result of the prominent part taken by the leading members of the cabinet in the proceedings of the liberal-unionist council July 14, during which a resolution was passed approving the fiscal policy of Joseph Chamberlain.

Colonial Sec. Littleton defended the action taken by Foreign Minister Lansdowne and Lord Selborne, first lord of the admiralty, in becoming officers of the new liberal-unionist association.

Joseph Chamberlain, in defending himself against the heated attacks of Lord Hugh Cecil and other free traders, declared the only difference between himself and Premier Balfour was that the latter did not think the country would consent to colonial preference, as it involved a food tax.

Personally Mr. Chamberlain said he was certain the question was ripe for submission to the country and the sooner the general election came the sooner he would be pleased. The policy of preference, Mr. Chamberlain maintained, was more urgent than that of retaliation.

The opportunity for establishing preference was slipping away and soon would disappear. He urged Mr. Balfour to call a conference of the colonial representatives to ascertain what they wished and were prepared to do in order that the country might discover whether he had based his policy on knowledge and experience.

Premier Balfour said he thought the motion was one of the most foolish which had ever been submitted to parliament. He declined to be a party to restricting representative institutions like the liberal unionist council.

He had, he said, always been and still was, a free trader, but it was the duty of the government to see whether the evils produced by protectionist countries in neutral markets could be restricted.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman's motion was rejected by a vote of 288 to 210.

It was noticeable that Premier Balfour made no reference whatever to Mr. Chamberlain's suggestion for the calling of a conference of colonial representatives.

At the meeting of the newly constructed liberal-unionist council in London, July 14, the marquis of Lansdowne and the earl of Selbourne were elected vice presidents.

The London Evening Standard, in commenting on the matter, said it considered the fact that the "two principal members of Mr. Balfour's cabinet have become vice presidents of an active electioneering association, of which Mr. Chamberlain is chief," raised a grave constitutional question.

The paper further said that the opposition intended to raise the question in the house of commons and invite Mr. Balfour to explain how two members of his cabinet came to be supporting a policy so different from that enunciated by the premier himself.

FATHER AND SON

JUDGE LECTURES THEM ON THE WHISKEY EVIL.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2—Justice Zeller read a lecture to a father and son yesterday while sitting as a Magistrate in the Harlem Police Court, on the evil of drunkenness, and then discharged them with a warning.

The prisoners were Thomas Trainor, sixty-five years old, and his son James, twenty-seven years old, who were arrested on Saturday at the home of the father for fighting.

The older Trainor was badly battered and both his eyes were blackened.

"I will not hold either of you," said Magistrate Zeller, "but it seems to me that you," indicating the elder Trainor, "should be old enough to know better than to drink to excess."

"You," speaking to the son, "seem to be lacking in filial duty and affection."

CRICKET LEAGUE

HELD A MEETING IN BOSTON LAST NIGHT.

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—The meeting of the Massachusetts state cricket league was held in the American house last night, at which several important matters were settled.

The game between Bunting and Merrimack on June 25 was annulled, and the claim of Lawrence to be credited with two points on June 25 in a match with Brockton was allowed. The games scheduled for July 23 were prevented by rain and left with the league to arrange new games. Those decided upon were: Bunting and Everett at Lowell Sept. 24, Bunting and Merrimack at Lowell Sept. 10, Boston and Merrimack at Franklin field Sept. 24, Mohair and Lynn Wanderers on Labor day at Lynn.

The Niblo Co.'s

Premium Butterine is the only first quality High Grade Butterine that comes to Lowell. It is way ahead of butter—15c lb.; Globe, 10c to 12½c lb.; Swift's, 10c to 12½c lb. Teas, best that grown, 4 lbs. $1.00. Flynn's Farm Pork, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes.

Flynn's Market, 137 Gorham St.

LOWELL OFFICERS

ATTENDED SALVATION ARMY WEDDING IN NASHUA.

NASHUA, N. H., Aug. 2.—The first Salvation Army wedding in Nashua took place at city hall last evening, when Howard Tucker and Ethel Duncan were married by Staff Captain Andrew T. Crawford, commander of the New England division. The hall was crowded to the doors, and great interest was displayed in the event. During the early part of the evening there was an officers' council for the visiting officers, presided over by Staff Captain Crawford, and later a march through Main street and an open air meeting.

The gathering at city hall was called to order shortly after 8 o'clock, and a varied program of addresses, songs and choruses was given. Then came the marriage, Cadet Florence Estes of Nashua being bridemaid and Captain R. C. Byron of Webster, Mass., best man. The wedding march was played by Nellie Kirtwood of this city. The flower girls were Blanche Ella, Mabel Tilly, Reba Crawford and Alice Rudd.

There was a wedding supper at the army hall, at which the wedding party and officers were guests.

The visiting officers were: Ensign Jennie Crawford of Portland, Ensign Abraham Tilley of New Bedford, Ensign William E. Elliott of Haverhill, Ensign David Pelley of Keene, Adjutant Morris of Lawrence, Ensign May Tilley of Nashua, Captain Marshall of Concord, Captain Susie Swift of Leominster, Lieutenant Craig of Leominster, Cadet Bougarde of Springfield, Captain and Mrs. Rudd of Lowell.

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FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR for children; safe, sure. No opiates.

AGES AT WHICH THE PRESIDENTS HAVE BEEN ELECTED

AT the time of his succession to the presidency Theodore Roosevelt was nearer in point of age to the constitutional thirty-five years than any man who had ever been chief executive. At the time of the assassination of President McKinley he was forty-three. It would be difficult to classify Mr. Roosevelt professionally. It may be said, however, that his military career was probably the most potent force in placing him in the vice presidential chair.

The oldest man who was ever elected president was William Henry Harrison of Ohio. Although a great soldier and the son of a signer of the Declaration, he called himself a farmer. When he was a boy of sixteen, a student at Hampden-Sidney college in Virginia, which was his native state, Washington was made first president of the country which his devotion had done so much to establish. It was not until fifty-two years after that memorable event that Harrison was able to reach a like official eminence. Seven presidents after Washington intervened, and four of them—Jefferson, Madison, Monroe and Jackson—served two terms. In 1836 Harrison was nominated as the candidate of the Whigs. He was defeated, but four years later was elected to the presidency. He died one month after his inauguration. It was Harrison's military fame which made him president.

Next in the order of seniority was James Buchanan of Pennsylvania. He was sixty-six before he succeeded in landing the coveted prize. He lived to see the successful end of the war which he bequeathed to his successor, Abraham Lincoln. Buchanan was an eminent lawyer.

Zachary Taylor was sixty-five when he became the tenant of the White House. His father was a Virginia planter. When the boy was very young the family removed to Kentucky, where Zachary was taught whatever was to be learned on a large plantation. He did not go to college, but when he was twenty-four bade farewell to plantation life and joined the army. In a few years Taylor became celebrated as an Indian fighter. All through the war of 1812 he fought the British Indian allies. In the Mexican war Taylor was most efficient, winning the affectionate sobriquet of "Old Rough and Ready." He was hurrahed into the White House, but lived only sixteen months to enjoy the honor.

Of John Adams, "the elder Adams," second president of the United States, it has been said that to have been the father of his distinguished son would have been sufficient to secure fame for himself. It has been declared also of John Quincy Adams, "the younger Adams," sixth president, that to have been the son of so distinguished a sire would have been enough to perpetuate his own memory. The elder Adams reached the presidency at the age of sixty-two, as likewise did Andrew Jackson. It is convenient to contrast the latter with the younger Adams, for they were contemporaries, political rivals and were born the same year. Adams was a northerner, a native of the old Bay State. Jackson was a southerner, claiming South Carolina as his birthplace, though historians insist that he came from the north state. Adams was of aristocratic English lineage; Jackson was of humble Scotch-Irish parentage. While Andrew was helping his widowed mother till a little farm in the Waxhaw settlement John Quincy was his distinguished father's companion on his special mission to France, and the lad was delighting the French court with his precocity. A few years later, while Andrew was learning the saddler's trade, John was charming the pundits at Harvard with his wit and attainments. With no preparation, Andrew began the study of the law in a country lawyer's office; John, a graduate of Harvard, became a law student in the office of the great Theophilus Parsons. Jackson emigrated to Tennessee and hung out his shingle in the wilderness. Adams began at once an official and diplomatic career that progressed steadily upward. The war of 1812 was also Jackson's opportunity. He began as the captain of a troop of raw militia and ended as the hero of New Orleans. Adams had not been backward in the race. He had developed into the foremost diplomat of the age. He was probably the best known American of the day. In 1824 both men were nominated for the presidency. Clay and Crawford were also candidates, and the vote was so divided that the choice was left to the house. Adams was chosen, but at the following election Jackson was successful by the largest popular vote of many years.

Besides the younger Adams, two other men were fifty-eight when they were elected president—James Madison and James Monroe. Madison was of English and Monroe of Scotch origin. Both were Virginians, and both were the sons of well to do planters. Both also were college bred. Madison studied law, drifted into politics and soon made a national reputation. He was elected to the first house of representatives defeating James Monroe. He was elected chief magistrate in 1808 and served two terms. Monroe left college to enter the Revolutionary army and served until the close. At the close of the war he returned home and was sent to the legislature. After that honors fell rapidly—senator, minister to France, governor, minister to England and finally, in 1816, president. He was given two terms, and the famous Monroe doctrine is his passport to fame.

Two men were presidents at the age of fifty-seven. Both were of English ancestry. One of them was the immortal first executive of the United States, and the other was Andrew Johnson. Neither was college bred, but the environments of both were vastly dissimilar. Washington inherited a competency from his father. Johnson's birthright was bitter poverty, his father being a sexton. Washington chose no profession, although he qualified himself as a surveyor. Johnson had not even learned to read when he was married, and his wife taught him both to read and to write. He had acquired the tailor's trade. Washington's pathway to fame was made rugged by the stress of political upheaval; Johnson's climb to the summit was like the progress of a blinded fate. Washington served seven years, ten months and four days; Johnson completed Abraham Lincoln's second term.

Two men became presidents at the age of fifty-five—Martin Van Buren and Benjamin Harrison. Van Buren's father was a farmer, as was also the father of Benjamin Harrison. Van Buren did not go to college; Harrison was a graduate of Miami university. Both studied law and rose to great eminence in the profession. Each served a single term.

Rutherford Birchard Hayes was elected at the age of fifty-four. He was of sturdy Scotch ancestry, his father being a prosperous merchant in a thriving Ohio village. The son became a lawyer. He occupied the White House only one term.

One chief executive only—William McKinley—was fifty-three at the time of his election. He was of Scotch-Irish ancestry. He went into the army during the civil war and served for some time on the staff of Colonel Rutherford B. Hayes. He studied law after the close of the war. Mr. McKinley was president four years, six months and ten days, his second term being brought to a close by assassination.

Abraham Lincoln had reached the age of fifty-two when he was made president. Of English extraction, his father a poor Kentucky farmer, Lincoln was not sent to college. Notwithstanding that drawback he managed to acquire education sufficient to enable him to develop into one of the ablest lawyers of his time. He was president four years, one month and eleven days.

Two men—John Tyler and Chester Alan Arthur—were presidents at the age of fifty-one. Tyler was a Virginian of English stock, and Arthur, of Scotch-Irish ancestry, was a native of the Green Mountain State. The Tylers, father and son, were lawyers, and John was educated at William and Mary. Arthur, whose father was a clergyman, was educated at Union college. Tyler was elected vice president on the ticket with William Henry Harrison. At the latter's death Tyler succeeded. Arthur's accession to the presidency was due to the assassination of President James A. Garfield.

Millard Fillmore and James Knox Polk were fifty when they were called upon to accept the nation's loftiest gift. Both men were the sons of farmers, Polk being a North Carolinian of Scotch-Irish extraction and Fillmore a New Yorker of English ancestry. Fillmore did not go to college, but Polk was a student at the University of North Carolina. Both were lawyers. Polk served a full term, but Fillmore died in office.

There are two presidents aged forty-nine on the list—Franklin Pierce and James Abram Garfield. Farmers' sons, they were both college men and became lawyers. Pierce was educated at Bowdoin and Garfield at Williams. The former served a full term, but the latter fell by the assassin's bullet.

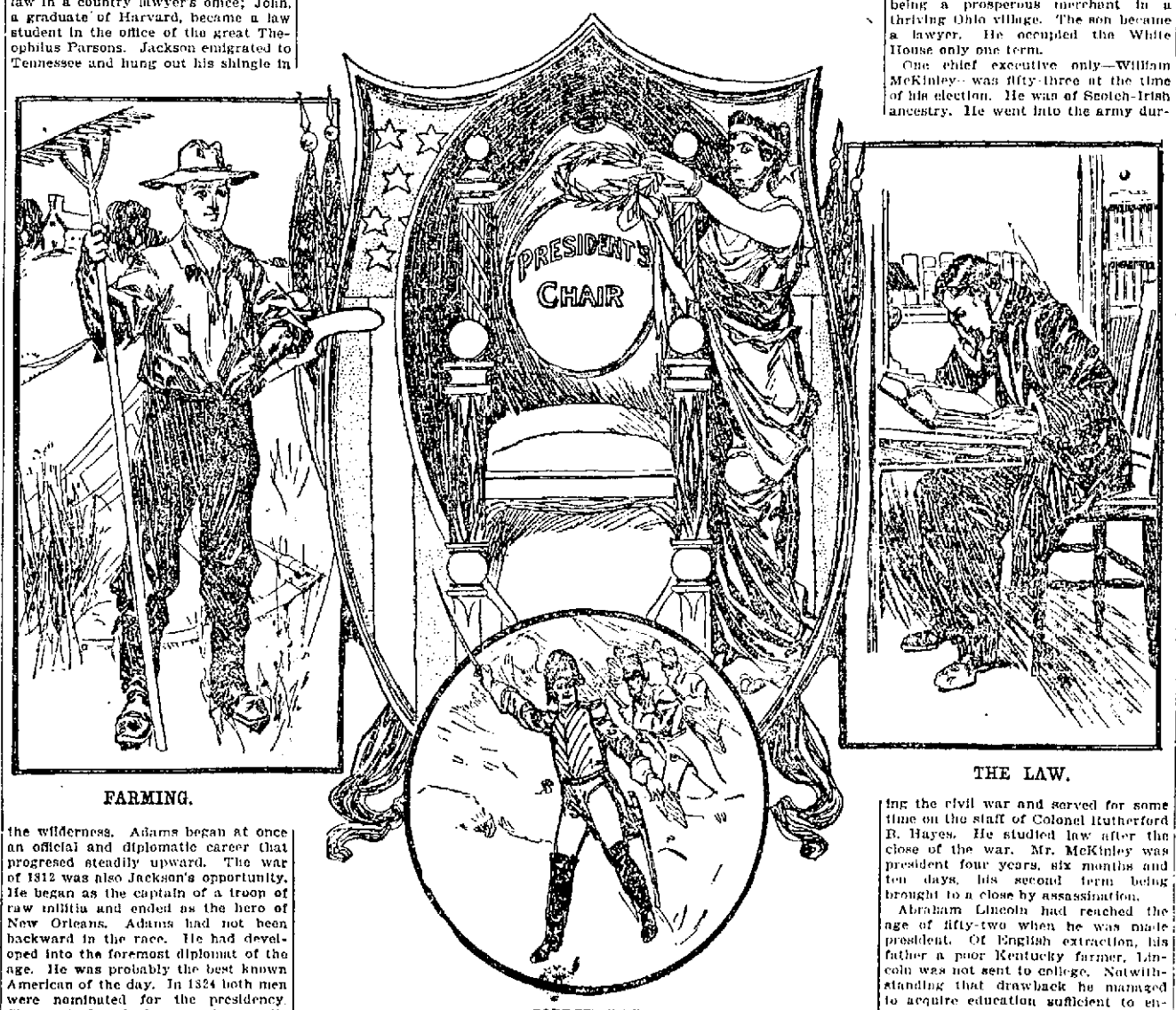
Grover Cleveland became president at the age of forty-eight. He is of English descent. With one exception, his father was the only clergyman who ever had a son destined to reach the presidency. In the other case the son—Chester Alan Arthur—was not elected, but succeeded at the death of the president. Mr. Cleveland is a lawyer. He enjoys the distinction of being the only president who has been married in the White House and of being the only living ex-president.

Since President Roosevelt was not elected to the presidency, but came into it by virtue of his right of succession, the youngest man thus far entitled to the honor of actual election was Ulysses Simpson Grant. This distinction, however, will be transferred to President Roosevelt at the coming election should he be successful at the polls. Grant was in his forty-seventh year when he was inaugurated. He was the son of a tanner and was of Scotch descent. Educated at West Point, the only man on the list of presidents who is accredited to the military school of the nation, General Grant was so dissatisfied with his profession that he abandoned it for seven years. If the civil war had not broken out there is no evidence that Grant's name would have been added to the list of soldiers who afterward were rewarded with the presidency.

Among all the presidents Jefferson and Johnson were the only men who were not professed members of some church organization. Jefferson is known to have been a believer in Christianity, though he had a marked distaste for sectarianism. Johnson also made no mystery of his faith in the principles of Christianity, but could never be persuaded to unite with any church. With the exception of Jefferson, all the Virginia born men—Washington, Madison, Monroe, Tyler, the elder Harrison and Taylor—were Episcopalians. Pierce and Arthur were also members of that church. The Adamses, father and son, were Congregationalists. Jackson, Polk, Buchanan, Cleveland and Benjamin Harrison were Presbyterians. Lincoln, Grant, Hayes and McKinley were Methodists. Van Buren was an adherent of the Dutch Reformed church, and President Roosevelt is a member of the same religious body. Fillmore was the solitary Unitarian, and Garfield was affiliated with the Disciples (sometimes improperly called Campbellites), in whose churches he often preached.

ARTHUR J. WHARTON.

THE THREE OCCUPATIONS WHICH HAVE MADE PRESIDENTS.



FARMING. SOLDIERING. THE LAW.

A SNAPSHOT OF THE PRESIDENT'S DAUGHTER.

Miss Alice Roosevelt has been a recent visitor to the St. Louis fair, and the International thoroughfare known as the Pike gave her a royal welcome. The bright young woman and her party were patrons of all the attractions, and some merry days were spent in making the rounds. The young folks' experience with the X ray apparatus was especially diverting. Try as he might, the German scientist in charge of the test could not bring Miss Roosevelt's heart into view, although the cardiac outlines of the other experimenters were made plainly visible. To offset this startling disclosure, a palmist assured Miss Roosevelt that she would soon be the loving mate of a blond millionaire.

MISS ALICE ROOSEVELT.

MELBA'S FIRST APPEARANCE.

Mme. Melba recently gave an interesting account of her first public appearance. "I was quite a young girl in Australia," she said, "when, notwithstanding the persistent discouragement of my father, who was averse to the idea of a singer's career for me, I engaged a hall and sent round a notice to all my friends. Unfortunately somebody mentioned the little scheme to my father, and he, furious at my clandestine enterprise, begged every one of his acquaintances to uphold his parental authority by ignoring the performance. But I wasn't disheartened and at the hour announced for the commencement of my concert stepped on to the platform to find myself face to face with an audience of two. And nobody else came."

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
5.43	6.50	6.00	7.04
6.22	7.40	6.33	7.26
e6.30	7.30	7.24	8.32
e6.45	7.38	8.25	9.01
e7.01	8.02	e9.00	9.37
e7.24	8.10	9.20	9.47
e7.31	8.5	e10.00	10.37
7.48	8.55	e11.17	12.34
e7.52	10.05	e11.30	12.07
8.50	9.40	12.00	12.56
9.23	12.20	e1.00	1.37
11.03	12.05	1.15	1.52
e11.43	12.25	2.00	3.01
e12.14	1.05	e3.00	3.47
1.40	2.30	3.30	4.07
e1.50	2.39	e3.47	5.00
e3.47	4.30	4.14	5.37
e4.02	4.45	e5.00	5.57
4.25	5.30	5.28	6.21
e5.22	6.15	e5.47	6.54
5.44	7.02	6.14	7.30
e6.12	6.55	e7.00	8.05
e6.29	8.10	e8.30	9.06
8.42	9.36	10.30	11.31
		11.26	12.21

SUNDAY TRAINS

e6.30	7.30	9.00	10.00
e7.24	8.10	e10.00	10.37
7.45	9.49	e11.30	12.07
e9.20	10.15	1.00	1.57
13.25	4.30	3.00	3.59
e5.25	6.20	e7.30	8.05
e6.12	6.55	e8.30	9.08
e7.29	8.10	9.00	10.02

WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6.51	7.50	7.30	8.31
8.04	8.54	9.25	10.31
9.25	10.37	10.45	11.40
10.50	12.00	11.50	1.05
12.05	1.17	2.35	3.20
12.45	1.55	3.50	4.53
2.30	3.31	4.50	5.43
3.20	4.05	6.04	7.05
3.55	5.09	6.35	7.47
5.06	6.40	9.30	10.35
6.15	7.10	B11.15	12.13
7.00	8.05		
9.15	10.20		

SUNDAY TRAINS

8.15	9.26	8.00	9.13
12.10	1.21	12.00	1.00
3.55	4.52	5.00	6.25
5.30	6.34	8.40	9.40
8.45	9.44		

Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex St. Station.

aVia Bedford.

cExpress.

eFrom Middlesex Street Station only.

B Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS

Tolin's—Printing—Associate Bldg. Tel.

. A. D. Sullivan, wholesale grocer.

Lawler Printing Co., 29 Prescott St.

Hire your hacks at O'Donnell's stables. Tel. 439-4.

Merrimack River Savings bank, 417 Middlesex St. The next quarter begins Saturday, August 6th.

REMOVAL

The New York and Boston Despatch Express Co.'s branch office is now located at 5 Bridge street with F. B. Leeds.

AYER HOME

OBSERVED ITS SEVENTEENTH ANNIVERSARY.

A pretty little program was carried out by the children of the Ayer Home yesterday in celebration of the seventeenth anniversary of the Home under the management of Mrs. A. G. Rourke.

The entertainment was held at ten o'clock in the morning and the room where the exercises were held was very prettily decorated. At the dinner hour the children were served with a special treat of ice cream.

The following is the program which was carried out:

Introductory address, Annie Kalil; "Two Merry Little Builders," Ruth Downs, Hazel White and May Herron; recitation, "Work and Play," Margaret Herron; recitation, "Just a Little Girl," Grace Gillis; song, "My Pony," seven children; "Story of the Coal, the Straw and the Bean," May Herron; recitation, "Love of Country," Rosa Kalil; recitation, "How They Sleep," five children; song, "Sweet Summer," May Herron; recitation, "Apostrophe to The Ocean," Beatrice Downs; "Star of the Evening," Annie Kalil; recitation, "Kind Words," Beulah Hosmer; recitation, "The Sandman," Janette Hilbert; song, "The Sunbeams," Ruth Downs, Bertha Winkler and Hazel Clark; recitation, "My Black Hen," Harry Norene; song, "The Swanee River," our girls; recitation, "Rules for Manners," Hazel Clark; recitation "Grandmother's Weather Bureau," Ruth Downs; song, "Grasshopper Green," Nellie Halbert, John Herron and Beulah Hosmer; recitation, "Summer Time," Bertha Winkler; recitation, "Grandmother and Me," Hazel White; song, "Pretty Pussies," Grace and Elizabeth Gillis; recitation, "Pussy Whites' Answer," Hazel White; recitation, "Three Lost Babies," May Herron; "The Golden Rule," five children; recitation, "When Robins Build," Mollie Davis; song, "The Crabs," four girls; recitation, "A Million Little Diamonds," Elizabeth Gillis; recitation, "Good Night," John Herron; song, "The Rocking Breeze," three children; song, "Spain," four girls; song, "I Do Love You," four children; "Cousin Jedediah," all.

JOHN J. HIGGINS
Undertaker and Embalmer
415 Lawrence St.

Middlesex Leather Co.
251 Middlesex St.
Wholesale and retail dealers in
SHOE LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, CUT TAPS, SHOE LACES, AND A LARGE LOT OF UNION LEATHER.
Everything for shoe makers and private use. Lowest cash prices. Please call and see our stock.
We are also agents for G. W. MOHR & CO. SHOE POLISH.
JANPARD BROS.

$15 BIG REDUCTION In Rates to ENGLAND, IRELAND AND SCOTLAND
—AT—
MURPHY'S TICKET AGENCY
18 Appleton Street, Opp Postoffice.

$15.00 To Europe
Liverpool, Queenstown, London, Glasgow, and Londonderry.
$2.50 Return Ticket.
Round Trip $27.50.
O'Donnell's Steamship Agency
Cor Market and Worthen Sts.

BOYLE BROS., Bottlers
773 Pawtucket Street.
The only bottlers in Lowell using MINERAL WATER EXCLUSIVELY in the preparation of beverages. The celebrated MT. PLEASANT SPRING WATER is used in all our Tonics and in Siphons. 11 varieties of Temperance Drinks, 70c case to family trade. Telephone 1023-5.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL
Attorney-at-Law
CHILDRETH BUILDING, LOWELL

than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

LIVES IN DANGER

Burglars Set Fire in Tenement House

THEY TRIED TO RAMSACK THE BUILDING

Tenants Were Rescued by Firemen

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The lives of more than a hundred persons were imperilled today by fire which the police believe was set by burglars who had attempted to ransack a crowded tenement house in the east side. The fire started on the lower floor in a shoe store owned by Herman Freund, soon after the burglars were frightened away by the cries of a woman who surprised them while they were forcing a door. A little later, smoke began to pour upward from the lower part of the building and quickly filled the halls and stairways. Firemen succeeded in rescuing all the tenants and extinguished the flames after the building had been damaged to the extent of $2000.

GONE TO EUROPE

Many Lowell People on the Iverina

The Iverina which sailed from East Boston this afternoon, bound for Europe, carried about 50 Lowell people. The local passengers, accompanied by Agents Murphy and O'Donnell, went to Boston on the 10.50 train this morning. The Northern station was crowded with friends of the tourists and a great many accompanied them to Boston. The boat sailed at 1.30 and there were 1207 passengers, 1000 of the number being third cabin passengers.

COLONIAL CLUB

GAVE A SEND OFF TO ONE OF ITS MEMBERS.

The members of the Colonial club tendered a farewell reception to Andrew F. Roach last night. Mr. Roach sailed this afternoon on the Ivernia for Europe. The affair last evening was a very pleasant one and a fine program of songs and speeches was carried out at the headquarters of the organization.

James Doyle was the presiding officer and there were remarks by Mr. Roach, Thomas Casey ("Happy Days") James Quinlan, John J. O'Connell, Michael Brein, and songs by John Callahan, Thomas Shanlon, John Cotter, Joseph Dawson, John Fanning, the boy tenor, Willie McVey. Many of the members of the club accompanied Mr. Roach to Boston. He will be absent six weeks.

RALPH CULLINAN

GIVEN A ROYAL TIME BY HIS FRIENDS.

Ralph Cullinan, who sailed for Ireland, today passed a most enjoyable evening with his friends last night. There was singing, dancing and speech making and it was nearly midnight when the party dispersed. Mr. Cullinan is accompanied on his trip abroad by his sister. They will be gone about ten weeks.

STATE POLICE

May Investigate Child Labor Law Violations

LAWRENCE, Aug. 2.—The case of Harry Jackson, an overseer in the Washington mills, who was charged with employing Peter Marcelli, a boy who said he was but 11 years old, in violation of the statutes, which direct that the person who employs a person under age, is liable for the offence, was tried in police court yesterday.

The boy said that he was eleven years of age, and his mother told the court that the boy was born Feb. 11, 1892. The certificate was issued on Feb. 18, 1904. At the time the certificate was issued, the boy measured 4 feet 6 1-2 inches and this boy proved to be several inches shorter in height. G. N. Norton, an overseer in the Washington mills, testified that about one and a half years ago he employed the boy in direct contrast to the boy's statement that he had only been working for the past five or six months.

The Marcello boy's mother testified that her son had been in the city two years, while he told the court that he had only resided in Lawrence for a year.

Lawyer Chandler made special mention to the court that Marcello had told many untruths, while on the stand.

Judge Stone in summing up the case, said that he did not doubt but that the officials who issued the certificate were lax in their method of determining, whether or not the applicant was of the required age. His Honor also stated that he would impose only a fifty fine, but remarked as he put it, for the benefit of all the overseers and other employees connected with mercantile establishments whose ears it might reach, that the next party who committed a like offence would be severely punished. A fine of $10 was imposed on Jackson.

In closing Judge Stone told Inspector Worley of the state police, that he was desirous that the chief of the force be notified of the condition and asked investigation be made.

J. J. O'Connell J. J. Cashman
J. J. O'CONNELL & CO.
Funeral Directors
1010 Central St. Davis Sq.
Telephone Connection

IT'S A HOT ONE

"IS ALL IN NOW"

Proprietor of Quincy House Heard Louis Vezina

Use These Words—Vezina Was Charged With Assaulting Officer Bigelow and Was Found Guilty—Assault Was a Brutal One

The case of Louis Vezina, Pawnee Bill's bugler and cavalryman, charged with assault and battery on Patrolman Samuel Bigelow, came up on continuance in police court today and because one year was the longest direct sentence within the power of the lower court to impose, Judge Hadley declined jurisdiction and Vezina was held for the superior court. The police are looking for Vezina's brother and "Billy" Win, who Louis Vezina said was with him on the night of the assault.

OFFICER BIGELOW'S STORY.

"Two weeks ago last Sunday night I was patrolling in Lee street in the absence of the regular officer.

"Shortly after midnight I met three or four young men. The young man in the dock was one of them.

"I ordered them to move on. The defendant talked back to me and while I was talking with him another man struck me on the nose.

"When the other fellow struck me the defendant said, 'Now get into the ——.'

"I grappled with the fellow who struck me and while we were clinched the defendant and another fellow came down from the church steps and disarmed me. They took my club and revolver from me. My nose was broken and my head badly cut."

When asked if he had any questions to ask, Vezina said: "Are you sure I struck you?"

"Yes, I am sure you did."

"How many times did I hit you?"

"I don't know, you were all poking and kicking at me."

Dr. Bell, who attended Officer Bigelow explained to the court the nature of the officer's wounds.

VERY BAD FOR VEZINA

Mr. McGregor, proprietor of the Quincy house in Lee street, was very positive about what he had heard and seen and he made it very bad for Pawnee Bill's bugler.

"When I arrived on the scene of the assault," he said, "the defendant and a big tall fellow were pounding the officer. I saw the defendant kick the officer and the tall fellow struck the officer over the head with the club.

"I heard the defendant say, 'the —— is all in now.' I knew he meant the officer."

Captain Kew told the story of Vezina's arrest in Nashua and Vezina did not have any questions to ask.

LOUIS VEZINA.

THE BUGLER'S STORY.

Vezina, the defendant, was sworn and told his story. He said he did not lay a hand upon the officer, but admitted he was there when the assault was committed.

He said, "When the officer passed by some one of the gang made a noise with his mouth that seemed to aggravate the officer and he came back.

"He stood talking to me and while he talked somebody struck him. I don't know if the blow landed on his chin or on his nose, but I heard the clip.

"We were standing on the church steps, and some one knocked my hat off. I went down the steps. The officer was struggling with the men at the bottom of the steps. When I went back up the steps I heard somebody say, 'Where is the — — — — head.' I did not strike the officer.

"I was visiting friends in Lee street that I had not seen for years. My brother and Billy Win were the two men who were with me. I do not know which of them assaulted the officer."

When asked if he told Captain Kew that he had walked the greater part of the way from Lowell to Nashua, Vezina answered in the affirmative.

"Why did you walk?" asked the deputy.

"Because I had to get there early in the morning, in time for the parade, and the last car had gone."

"What time did the parade start at Nashua?" asked the deputy.

"About te no'clock," replied Vezina.

"The first car in the morning would have been early enough, would it not?" queried the deputy.

"No. I had a great deal of work to do before the parade started. I had to prepare my saddle and other things for the parade."

Because one year was the most that Judge Hadley could give Vezina, he declined jurisdiction and ordered the defendant in $700 for the superior court.

Vezina was found guilty a few days ago on a complaint charging him with failing to provide proper and lawful support for his minor child, and on that complaint Judge Hadley, today, sentenced Vezina to three months in the common jail.

Officer Bigelow's head and face bore sore signs of the rough treatment which he received. His head, face and nose were plastered and he walked lame because of injuries which he received about the legs and body.

LEVESQUE NOT GUILTY.

Joseph Levesque, Vezina's brother-in-law, who was also charged with assaulting Officer Bigelow, had his case dismissed. He was fined $2 for drunkenness. E. D. McVey appeared for Levesque and Vezina was without counsel.

FEW DRUNKEN OFFENDERS.

Eight was the total number of drunken offenders in police court today. Timothy Desmond was fined $6; four first offenders were fined $2 each and one, a woman, was released.

George Nanopoulo was charged with threatening Costes Skilas and was put under bonds to keep the peace.

NEW UNDERTAKER.

John J. Higgins who has been in the employ of C. H. Molloy for the past five years and having had a practical experience of the business and having graduated from the New York College of Embalming has opened up parlors on his account at 415 Lawrence street, where he will be found in the future.

NOTICE.

H. Harmon sold his grocery and provision store at 129 Howard street to J. Smith.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

FAVORS MASSACRE

President Nord of Hayti Threatens Foreigners

PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Aug. 2.—At a public reception yesterday President Nord made an address which has alarmed the foreign residents.

He accused the foreign population of plotting against his government, with the object of overthrowing which they had put up the rate of exchange and also the prices of all goods.

The president said he had decided to defend himself and intimated that he would take strong measures.

President Nord made a threatening reference to "what happened in Hayti in 1804."

The rate of exchange is 600 per cent.

In January, 1804, after the power of the French ceased in the island of Hayti, the independence of the island was proclaimed and Jean Jacques Dessalines was named governor general for life, with full legislative and military powers and the right of appointing his successor.

In March of that year he proclaimed the massacre of all the whites, calling upon his people to "render war for war, crime for crime and outrage for outrage, to the European cannibles who have so long preyed upon our race."

As a result of this proclamation there was a general massacre of nearly the whole of the whites, including aged men and women and children, numbering at the lowest estimate 2500.

The negroes then declared Dessalines emperor, and in the following October he was crowned at Port au Prince with the title of Jean Jacques I.

In October, 1806, Dessalines was assassinated, after which the island was divided into the republic of Hayti and the republic of Santo Domingo.

The Place to Buy
Fred H. Rourke
984 Corham St. Tel. 1177

Stove Coal	$7.00 per ton	Lehigh Coal, all sizes,	$7.50 per ton
Egg Coal	$7.00 per ton	Franklin, all sizes,	$8.50 per ton
Broken Coal	$7.00 per ton	Cumberland Coal,	$6.50 per ton
No. 1 Chestnut	$7.00 per ton	Steam Coal,	$5.25 per ton
No. 2 Chestnut	$6.00 per ton		

OLD GOLD FLOUR $6.00 Per Barrel
KING ARTHUR FLOUR $7.00 Per Barrel

Meal, Shorts, Wheat, Oats, Corn, Hay, Horse Feed, etc. Very Lowest Prices

Lowell, Tuesday, Aug. 2, 1904

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

Dark Blue Trading Stamps — Good Forever and Everywhere

WOMEN'S WRAPPERS AT 59c
INSTEAD OF 75c

WOMEN'S WRAPPERS AT 79c
INSTEAD OF $1.00

WOMEN'S WRAPPERS AT 98c
INSTEAD OF $1.25

A fortunate purchase brings these remarkable values to your notice. Wrappers that we can guarantee to be right in every particular at a saving of from 20 to 33⅓ per cent., are a very, very rare offering in this community.

25 dozen S. R. Percale Wrappers, in dark colors, blues, blacks and garnets, with a 12 inch flounce, made full, with shoulder cape trimmed with heavy braid, full lining, regular price 75c, only **59c each**

20 dozen Banner Percale Wrappers, with extra deep flounce, felled seams, lining, collar and cuffs with braid, all new patterns, dark colors or light grounds, sizes from 32 to 44. The usual grade with the $1 tag, only **79c each**

40 dozen Sea Island Percale Wrappers, "grand" fitting, light and dark colors, made full sizes in every way, plain with white pipings and full tucked front or the shoulder lapel style, trimmed with fine braid. Blacks, greys, whites, reds and blues. Always before $1.25 each, only **98c each**

We're putting in a big show on Palmer Street. Better still, come and examine the wrappers themselves. Ready for sale this morning.

Palmer Street, Basement

THE WEATHER
The indications are that it will be fair tonight and Wednesday. There probably will be light variable winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

6 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL, MASS. TUESDAY AUGUST 2 1904 | 8 PAGES ONE CENT

NIGHT EDITION

FAY'S NEW MOVE

Starts Report That He is "Ducking"

On Question of Legality of the Labor Day Order—Will Not Apply For Injunction Today

Peter A. Fay, who recently threatened injunction proceedings against the payment of the money voted for the celebration of Labor Day, by his action in the matter has convinced many about city hall that, in the vernacular, he is "ducking" or beginning to hedge on his own proposition. This however, may be an injustice to the lawyer, for, as great bodies move slowly, he may be only playing for more time in which to acquaint himself with certain facts and law before proceeding into court.

On Friday, Mr. Fay went to the city clerk and wanted official copies of all the papers bearing reference to the Labor Day appropriation stating that he intended to bring the matter to court at once and get an injunction to restrain the city treasurer from paying out any of the money so voted.

The city clerk went to work at once and made copies and waited around all day Saturday for Mr. Fay to show up for his official copies, which by the way, cost $2. Mr. Fay did not put in an appearance, but this morning his typewriter did and instead of calling for the official copies stated that she had been sent by Mr. Fay to make her own copies of the papers. The papers were produced and the typewriter spent a couple of hours copying them after which she returned with them to Mr. Fay.

This has led some to conclude that Mr. Fay has no intention of proceeding to court immediately for the copies taken by his typewriter, be they ever so accurate would not be accepted by any court where only official documents and official copies can go, and before he can ask for injunction proceedings he must procure the proper copies. This action gave rise to the report at city hall that Mr. Fay was "ducking," but the copies were made in order to give him an opportunity to study up his case more closely before making any radical move.

Mayor Howe was at his office bright and early this morning and when a reporter of The Sun called there His Honor in his shirt sleeves was busily going over his morning's work while Sec. Cheney was busily perusing a copy of the statutes pertaining to "Cities."

When asked for a statement in regard to the injunction matter and the special meeting Mayor Howe said: "I know nothing about them except what I read in the papers. I want to wait now until the thing has been decided before I say or do anything. I think that I have done all that was required of me. The legality of it is for somebody else to decide.

"I don't think I should have called a special meeting of the government to act on such a matter.

"In cases of emergency I think it is proper for the acting mayor to act. I have known chairmen of the board of aldermen who did not so much as go near the mayor's office while that official was away.

"I don't think that the business before that special session of the government Thursday evening last was of enough importance to have warranted the calling of a special meeting."

I guess everyone would have lived along a few days longer all right, even if a special meeting had not been called.".

JUDGE WAS VEXED

Because of Deceit Practiced in His Court

"I will have no more of this. I know the tricks that these people try to play and I will put a stop to them right here and now. They must not think that they can run things in this court to suit themselves." 'Twas Judge Hadley who spoke and he was exasperated because of an attempt on the part of the defendants in a Lithuanian assault case to make the court believe they could not understand Mr. Stein, the interpreter. Mr. Stein knew them all, very well, and had talked with them many times. They had their own interpreter, however, and they wanted to use him.

Judge Hadley cried a halt while the case was yet in its infancy and ordered the officers to get a new interpreter. "I am sure they can understand Mr. Stein," said the court, "but at any rate they will not use the interpreter that came with them to this court. He is interested in the case and I will not have him."

William Stanis is the complainant in the case and he alleges that Martin Wedithka stabbed him in the back of the head, with a knife at 72 Davidson street, Saturday evening.

The officers were unable to procure another interpreter this forenoon and the case went over to 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Hearing of the case was resumed at 2 o'clock and after two witnesses for the defense had been heard Judge Hadley called it all off and sent for the clerk to make record of the fact that the defendant had been discharged. "I will not hear any more of this drunken jamboree story. The time of the court is too valuable to be lost in hearing such a case as this. Witnesses in such cases will swear there was no beer on the premises when there were barrels upon barrels of it there. I will discharge the defendant in this case and there will be no cost to the Commonwealth except to pay Mr. Stein for interpreting."

The patience of the court is sorely tried in the trials of such cases. The majority of cases where foreigners are involved are all hard enough to unravel but the Lithuanian cases are worst of all. It is almost impossible to get at the truth and the story told when application is made for the warrant looks like another story entirely when the case goes to trial.

LABOR DELEGATES

WILL ATTEND TRADES CONGRESS IN LEEDS.

BOSTON, Aug. 2—Dennis Driscoll of this city, president of the state branch American Federation of labor and W. G. Ryan of Springfield, Ills., international vice president of the United Mine Workers' union, sailed from this port today on the steamer Ivernia for Liverpool. Driscoll and Ryan are the delegates of the American Federation of labor to the trades congress which will begin its session at Leeds, England, September 5. A large number of local labor leaders accompanied the delegates down the harbor.

UNEASINESS IN MOROCCO.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Acting secretary of state Loomis has received a report from Mr. Gummer, the American consul general at Tangier, dated July 15, showing a state of great interest and uneasiness in Morocco following the Perdicaris incident. He says that sometime ago very strong representations were addressed to the Morocco court by the foreign representatives as to the necessity of enlarging the customs storehouse. Work was begun on these, but was promptly stopped upon receipt of letters from the tribesmen who threatened the sultan's representatives and his advisers if they undertook the enlargement of the buildings.

COUNSEL PELLO DEAD.

NORWICH, N. Y., Aug. 2.—Word was received here today of the death at Barranquilla, Colombia, of E. Porter Pello, who went from Norwich to the above place in 1866 as U. S. counsel. Mr. Pello was 70 years of age and a veteran of the Civil war.

O'Sullivan Bros. Company

Comfort Shoes

—FOR—

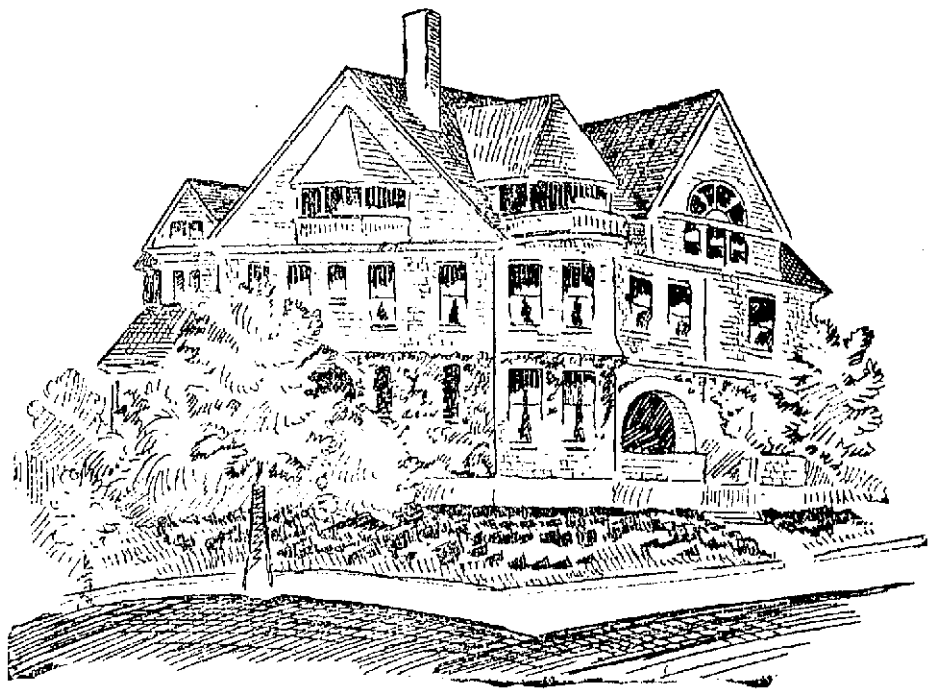
Warm Weather

The Nurses' Juliets with our rubber heels on, make one of the most comfortable shoes that a woman can wear in warm weather. They are hand-sewed, not a wrinkle in the lining to hurt the foot, every seam is evened out smooth. They neither draw nor burn the feet, and the price is

Only $1.50 Pair

Any width from C to EE.
Remember our Clearance Sale is still on.

O'Sullivan Bros. Company
OPPOSITE CITY HALL.



THE RESIDENCE OF E. L. WHITE, DAMAGED BY FIRE THIS MORNING, (Sketched by The Sun Artist).

WHITE MANSION

Was Badly Damaged by Fire This Morning

Two Colored Occupants Narrowly Escaped Suffocation — Electric Wires the Probable Cause—Suspicious Whiskey Bottles on the Lawn

A disastrous fire visited the magnificent residence of Mr. Edward L. White at the corner of Nesmith and Sherman streets about one o'clock this morning, and but for the prompt response and efficient work of the firemen the building would have been burned to the ground. The loss it is thought will not reach over $10,000 dollars, the principal damage being to the main hall, a side hall and several rooms on the first floor. The principal damage was to the natural wood finishing and floors in several of the down stairs roomsand will make a large item towards the losses as will the carpets and draperies upstairs which were damaged by smoke and water.

The cause of the fire is not known, but it is believed to have been electric wires, while on the other hand there is a slight possibility of the fire having been of incendiary origin.

Marshal Patterson, a colored servant, who was in the house, had a narrow escape from being suffocated, while a companion named George Jennings, a colored boy, was equally affected.

Both colored men owe their lives to Police Officer Linane, who first discovered the fire and awakened the two men and afterward pulled in an alarm from box 141. The prompt discovery of the fire by the officer probably saved the building from being completely gutted.

It was a few minutes after one o'clock this morning when Police Officer Linane happened to be passing the house and seeing huge volumes of smoke issuing from several of the windows on the first and second floors, he rushed around to the rear and rapped on the windows in a room on the basement floor occupied by Patterson and Jennings. He then pulled in the fire alarm from a box at the corner of Talbot and Fairmount streets.

When the firemen arrived they found a fierce blaze in progress in the main hallway of the house near an open fireplace. The fire had also found its way into a side hallway, and into the dining room and afterwards worked upstairs to several bedrooms and two bath rooms. Considerable water was poured on the flames and as soon as the water reached the fire huge volumes of smoke worked their way through the spacious corridors to all parts of the house.

The main hallway received the principal attention of the firemen, though others went through the rooms overhead and used their extinguishers to good effect where the fire had broken through the partitions. Owing to the many rooms and the partitions which are rather spacious the fire found its way through a good portion of the house and the firemen were kept busy extinguishing small fires about the different rooms in the vicinity of the main chimney of the building.

It was several hours before the recall was sent in and the department did not leave the scene of the fire until four o'clock in the morning, and one of the members of the Protective company remained in the house all night with several extinguishers in case that other fires might start, but the firemen evidently did good work with the water and the extinguishers, for after the department left the house there was no further outbreak of the flames.

In the lower hall and many of the rooms on the first floor the flooring is of hard wood, while the dining room is finished with costly wood. Many ornaments in the side hall together with some furniture in both halls were destroyed and in the vicinity of the fireplaces the partitions were practically burned away. The fire on the second floor was confined to two sleeping rooms, several bath rooms and two closets which were directly over where the fire started.

The smoke made its way through the house and did considerable damage in addition to the damage by fire to the interior finish, draperies and other

(Continued to Page Three.)

KILLED HERSELF

Woman Jumped From Window of Hospital

NEW YORK, Aug. 2—A woman whose name is believed to be Mrs. Gessie Fass killed herself today by jumping from the fifth floor of Mount Sinai hospital. Beyond the statement that the body was found in the court yard by a watchman no information regarding the case was given out at the hospital which is a private institution. The woman's identity was suppressed by the authorities.

BATTLESHIP OHIO

MADE 17.86 KNOTS PER HOUR IN SPEED TEST.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2—Rear Admiral Whiting, who represented the government aboard the battleship Ohio, which was given her first speed trial in Santa Barbara channel yesterday, reported to the navy department by telegraph today that the uncorrected figures for the Ohio's trip showed an average speed of 17.86 knots per hour. These figures are subject to change on account of tidal allowances. Under the terms of the contract the Ohio is to make 18 knots an hour. The penalty for failing below the speed is at the rate of $25,000 per quarter knot for the first half knot under 18.

JUDGE WHEELER

CONTINUES RESTRAINING ORDER AGAINST STONINGTON BANK.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Aug. 2.—At a hearing in Chambers before Judge Ralph Wheeler of the superior court this forenoon, a continuation of the order restraining the Stonington Savings bank from placing out money to its depositors was granted. The order is for five months from August 8, and provides that deposits may receive 14 percent. of their deposits on September 15 and 15 per cent. on November 15. Judge Wheeler intimated that the bank should have its affairs entirely wound up by July 1, 1905. The liquidation will be through the present officers of the bank and no receiver will be appointed.

Your dealer has this superior brand in stock and he realizes that they are "A Little Better Than Any Other"

C. C. A.

UNION MADE
10c CIGARS
C. C. A. CIGAR CO., - - BOSTON

WUXTRA

HO! FOR THE
McManus Picnic

5000 Souvenirs given away by
THE BON MARCHE
TOMORROW MORNING

The Children must be on hand by 7.30 at Kirk Street Entrance

Only Children With Tickets Can Get Souvenirs

JOHN M. FARRELL, Auctioneer
OFFICE, 262 MARKET STREET - - - LOWELL, MASS.
Open Evenings From 7 to 9.

FURNITURE AT AUCTION

I have instructed the auctioneer to sell, without limit, 9 iron beds, 9 springs, 5 refrigerators, 2 hall stands, 10 new ranges, 8 couches, 10 parlor tables, 40 chairs, [illegible] cases, 2 chiffoniers, 100 sheets of music, 3 carpets, piano, 5 new bicycles, parlor suite, oil stoves, tin, agate, crockery and nickel ware, etc. Here is a chance.

CRYSTAL THEATRE, 314 Middlesex Street, THURSDAY, AUG. 4th, 2 and 7 p. m. JOHN D. RAYMOND.

EXTRA

TROLLEY ACCIDENT

Two of the Victims Were From Lowell

Mrs. Arthur Whitney and Miss Lydia Lock who were on their way from Lowell to Springfield were among the victims in the trolley accident on the Boston & Worcester street railway near Westboro, yesterday and the doctors are not holding out any hope for Miss Lock's recovery.

Mrs. Whitney and Miss Lock came to Lowell, Friday, to bury their mother, Mrs. William Lock, who died in Springfield, Mrs. Lock was buried in the Edson cemetery. She used to live in Lowell.

Miss Lock and her sister Mrs. Whitney visited with their cousin Mrs. Z W Sturtevant, 91 Fort Hill avenue, while in Lowell and they left here Monday morning. They did not intend to go to Worcester by way of the electric road but the humidity was so great and the heat so intense when they arrived in Boston that they decided it would be more comfortable to go by trolley. Both women are well known in Lowell and great sympathy is felt for them.

CHICAGO STRIKE

Greeks Persuaded Not to Work

100 NEGRO AND ITALIAN RECRUITS ARRIVE

Large Receipts of Livestock Today

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Difficulty was experienced today by the packers' employment agents in bringing new men into the stock yards. In one case 12 Greeks who have come from Milwaukee failed to reach their destination. They were captured while en route through Chicago by a crowd of strike pickets.

The Greeks were taken to union headquarters and discouraged from working. The packers had better success with a special train bearing 145 men and women, chiefly negroes and Italians. These were switched directly into the stock yards and unloaded at the doors of the various packing houses. A short time previous 100 hands quit or were discharged for incompetency. The receipts of live stock today were much better than yesterday, consisting of 3000 cattle, 16,000 hogs and 14,000 sheep.

Two new commissary stores, making four altogether, were opened by the strikers today. Crowds surrounded both places securing an apportionment of food.

In view of wrong statements leading to a belief that the live stock handlers union ordered its members to return to work in the stock yards in violation of orders of meat cutters' and butchers' union, the live stock handlers' union has adopted a resolution advising the public "that our return to work was due to explicit instructions from President Donnelly and his associates; and that should the officers of the Amalgamated meat cutters and butcher workmen of North America deem it wise to again order us to participate in the strike, we hold ourselves in readiness to respond to the call."

The packers today appealed for police protection for their distributing plants, the union pickets having turned back all the retail butchers, with wagons after supplies of meat. Police were despatched to prevent further interference with the retailers. The first eviction resulting from the stock yards strike was made today. A crowd of strike sympathizers stoned two constables who put Mrs. Mary Anderson out of her home in Forty-fourth street for non-payment of rent. Mrs. Anderson's husband, a striker, had left Chicago in search of work. The wife was ill in bed when she and her household goods were carried out by constables. Mrs. Anderson was cared for by neighbors. Before the arrival of the police the crowd had wrecked the cottage from which two men had been evicted.

FEDERAL COURT

ORDERED THAT PICKETS BE WITHDRAWN.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 2.—M. Donnelly, president of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workers of America, addressed the striking packing house employees today. Donnelly said the strikers would win their battle and they were becoming stronger all the time.

In obedience to the federal court the strikers have withdrawn all pickets and non union men enter the plants here at will. Donnelly will go to Kansas City tonight.

DEATHS

TEAGUE—James P. Teague, aged 6 months twin son of Thomas and Margaret Teague, died this morning at the home of his parents, 23 Elmwood avenue.

CONWAY—Edward Conway, aged 18 years, died yesterday at his home, 29 Ash street after an illness of four months. The deceased is survived by his parents, two brothers and two sisters.

MANY INDICTMENTS

BEARING ON ALLEGED CUSTOMS FRAUD SEIZURES.

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—A number of indictments bearing on several alleged customs fraud seizures were returned by the U. S. jury today. Samuel Gunburb, C. A. Baitler, Simon Burman, Wm. Munroe, J. A. Sheild and J. W. Trafton were indicted on the charge of entering into a conspiracy to defraud the U. S. of customs duties. W. R. Robinson and T. R. Mazzaccara were indicted on smuggling counts and Chas. Osgood had a bill reported against him for alleged fraudulent entry of imported merchandise. Hibbard Dellill and W. A. Empey were indicted on a charge of engaging in a lottery scheme.

FINED $2000

SECRET SERVICE AGENT ALSO SENT TO JAIL.

WILMINGTON, Del., Aug. 2.—Former secret service agent Peeke, who was convicted of conspiracy in connection with the arrest of Italians for naturalization frauds, was today sentenced by Judge Bradford, in the United States district court here to five years imprisonment and to pay a fine of $3000.

CHAMPION SPRINTERS ON HAND.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 2.—For the first time in more than six years, St. Louis has been included in the grand circuit which decides the national bike championship, and today the crack sprinters of the country met in competition before a very large crowd at the Worlds Fair Stadium.

While the result of this meet will not decide the national championship, the points won simply being added into the regular circuit totals, still the winners of the Stadium races will be awarded the title of "Olympic champion in the several events.

A PERFECT SMOKE
MARKSMAN
UNION MADE
5¢ CIGAR

TO LET—Cottage newly painted and papered, at Adams Ave., Pawtucketville. Rent $8. Key at Mrs. Donales, next door. W. A. Read, 228 Liberty st.

LOST—A black bill book with large sum of money on Salem st. Reward at 25 Bowers st.

WANTED—A first class warper tender on No. 20 yarn, good pay and steady work, also a few spooler tenders. Apply to F. L. Leavitt, overseer, Amesbury, Mass.

WANTED—A boy about 16 years old to work in a piano store; one who can play the piano preferred. Address in own handwriting, Piano Boy, Sun Office, Lowell, Mass.

INTEREST BEGINS
Wednesday, August 3rd, Savings Department. Traders National Bank.

Deposit Now

America's Greatest Heater
THE WINCHESTER
WELCH BROTHERS
Sole Agents
61-63 Middle Street

6 O'CLOCK

GENERAL RETREAT

Russian Forces Escape Being Surrounded

Gen. Stakelberg's Force Cut Off From That of Kuropatkin—Little Hope of Staying Progress of Japanese Armies

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2, 4.05 a. m.—A report from an apparently reliable source late tonight was to the effect that General Kuropatkin's main force had been rapidly moving north for several days.

According to this report, no troops proceeding to the front from Russia had gone past Harbin in the past three days.

They will be detained there and every available piece of rolling stock will be rushed south empty for the removing of troops at Liaoyang and other points to the northward, leaving a skeleton force to contest the Japanese advance on vital positions.

GLOOMY FEELING AT WAR OFFICE

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2, 1.52 p. m.—The feeling at the war office here was distinctly gloomy this morning. No official telegrams had been received by the general staff from General Kuropatkin who was communicating direct with the emperor, but some private sources at the front had it that it already was apparent that Simoucheng 15 miles south southeast of Haicheng, at the juncture of the Fengwangcheng-Siuyen roads, had been lost, Gen. Stakelberg's outposts having fallen back to Haicheng. No word was received enabling the staff to either confirm or deny the reported capture of the late General Count Keller's position at Ikhavuen east of Liao Yang and Yangse pass, 30 miles east of Liao Yang, but heavy fighting continues on both the southern and eastern fronts, the object of the Japanese in the east being to flank General Keller's corps from the south and north which is easily possible. The progress of the enveloping may have forced the corps to retire on Liandiansan, which is the next position in the direction of Liao Yang. Despatches detailing the engagement are hardly expected till the evening. The failure of the garrison of Simoucheng to retreat along the northern road probably was due to the presence of the Japanese column flanking the late General Keller's corps from the south.

In view of the inability of the Russians to hold Simoucheng it is considered likely that General Zarubaieff and Stakelberg will attempt to offer stubborn resistance at Haicheng. It is possible that they are already retiring on Anshan (also written Anshantschan) half way between Haicheng and Liao Yang, as indicated in these despatches last night. There is reason to believe that two of General Oku's divisions are advancing from New Chwang on Haicheng with the view of flanking and cutting off General Stakelberg's retreat but this movement is not likely to succeed on account of Stakelberg's ability to retire northward on Anshan. An interesting detail evidencing the fierceness of the artillery duel south of Haicheng July 31, is the fact that the Russian batteries on the left flank fired 481 shots in four hours.

VLADIVOSTOK FLEET RETURNS TO PORT

VLADIVOSTOK, Aug. 2.—The Vladivostok cruiser division returned to port at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The cruisers were in perfect condition. They captured during their cruise the steamer Arabia and destroyed some schooners, a small Japanese steamer, one German steamer and one British steamer. The last mentioned two were carrying contraband material and had nearly reached their destination, Yokohama, but were almost without coal and it was, therefore, impossible to send them to Vladivostok.

The cruisers steamed up and down in front of the Japanese capital but saw nothing of the enemy's warships.

Although the Russian vessels had only three doors through which to get home—the straits of Korea, La Perouse strait and Tsugaru strait—which apparently could easily have been barred by Vice Admiral Kamimura's vessels, bad luck pursued the Japanese admiral and the Russian cruisers had no difficulty in eluding him.

GERMAN STEAMER SUNK BY RUSSIANS

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—The Associated Press despatch from Vladivostok brought the first statement for the reason of the sinking of the steamer Knight Commander which was, that she was so short of coal she could not be sent to Vladivostok. It also contained the first announcement that German steamer had been sunk for the same reason, but gave no clue to the identity of the latter vessel.

RUSSIA EXPLAINS MALACCA SEIZURE

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—The text of the Russian government's statement regarding the release of the British steamer Malacca seized in the Red Sea by the Russian volunteer fleet steamer St. Petersburg, is as follows:

"From the beginning of the Russo-Japanese war the imperial government took measures to prevent the transportation of contraband of war. In the regulations sanctioned by the emperor February 14, 1904, which Russia proposed to follow during the war, a list was given of articles regarded by us as contraband. It was also decided that the military and maritime authorities would reserve to themselves the right of executing the decisions contained in the regulations for naval prizes, sanctioned by the emperor, March 27, 1895, and in the instructions confirmed by the council of the admiralty September 20, 1900, regarding the procedure for stopping, visiting and seizing as well as for the carrying off and delivering over of vessels and cargoes seized. The volunteer fleet vessels St. Petersburg and Smolensk having received a special commission, the term of which has now expired, on proceeding to their destinations acted in accordance with the above decisions and while passing through the Red Sea stopped and visited all suspected vessels, encountered in those waters.

"It was under these conditions that the commander of the St. Petersburg stopped, among others, the British steamer Malacca, the captain of which refused to show his ship's papers relating to the cargo, a refusal which led to the seizure of the vessel and the decision to send her to Libau, with the idea of throwing light on the matter.

"Nevertheless, in view of the official statement of the British government that the Malacca was carrying British state cargo, the imperial government, acting in agreement with the British government, decided that a fresh visit should be paid to the seized vessel at the nearest port on its route in the presence of the British consul. This visit occurred at Algiers. The British consul general officially certified that the military stores on board continued to be the property of the British government and that the rest of her cargo was not contraband of war. Taking this attestation into consideration, the imperial government decided to liberate the cargo and vessel. This decision must not, however, be interpreted as a renunciation by the imperial government of its intention to despatch cruisers and warships in general to prevent the carrying of contraband for our enemy."

SUCCESSOR TO M. VON PLEHVE

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—The emperor today received in audience General Count Kontaissoff, military governor of Irkutsk, Siberia, which lends to support the rumors that Count Kontaissoff will succeed the late M. Von Plehve as minister of the interior.

UNITED STATES OFFER PLEASES RUSSIA

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—The fact that the United States offered to assist in the protection of the Kommander Islands sealing grounds during the war and Russia's acceptance of the offer, which was only published in the Russian papers this morning is the subject of much favorable comment, as showing the pleasant relations existing between the two governments.

LITTLE NEWS REACHES RUSSIA

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—All the newspapers were late in publication this morning, the editions evidently having been held back in hope of the receipt of later advices from the front. The only despatch published was one appearing in the Official Messenger, under date of Haicheng, Aug. 1, referring to events of the previous day. According to this despatch numerous assaults were made upon the positions of Lieut. General Count Keller and Lieut. General Sazalitch, all of which were repulsed. The Japanese on July 29th the despatch says, fired upon a [illegible] train running south of Haicheng and a car was wrecked, but no one was killed.

The Official Messenger publishes the notice of the release of the steamer Malacca which was seized in the Red Sea by the Russian volunteer fleet steamer St. Petersburg and reviews the case. The article concludes thus:

"The arrangement for her inspection and release now is taken in abrogation of Russia's right which she still maintains and her cruisers and warships will stop vessels and search them for contraband destined for the enemy."

RUSSIAN FORCES WERE DEFEATED

TOKIO, Aug. 2, Noon.—After two days' fighting, General Kuroki has defeated the Russian forces in two separate actions fought at Yushulikan and the Yangse pass.

The Yangze pass or Yangse pass is situated 30 miles east of Liao Yang. The Russian army engaged there is generally known as the eastern army and was commanded by the late Lieut. General Count Keller who was killed by the explosion of a shell.

DECISIVE MOMENT IN THE CAMPAIGN

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—All the military critics this morning take the view that the decisive moment of the campaign has arrived. The army organization says that General Kuroki prepared for his advance by drawing in his forces which were scattered over a front of 40 miles. The paper says it is evident that a large Japanese force is working along the Sumaitzsa-Liao Yang line. It expresses doubt, however, which advance of the enemy will push home and whether it is Kuroki's intention to try to flank Kuropatkin north or south of Liao Yang.

The Russ says: "The decisive moment has arrived, but, judging from the latest reports, the Russians have retained their positions and this time it will not be an order to retreat."

FIREMAN KILLED

FIRE EXTINGUISHER THAT HE HELD EXPLODED.

JERSEY CITY, Aug. 2.—Joseph Campbell, a member of the company attached to No. 3 fire truck was killed last night by the explosion of a fire extinguisher which he had taken off the truck to use at a fire.

SENATOR DAVIS

WILL HANDLE STATE CONVENTION IN VIRGINIA.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Aug. 2—The democratic state convention meets here tomorrow for the nomination of a state ticket. The preliminary hearings as well as conferences were held today and they indicate that former senator Henry G. Davis will be the guiding spirit.

Previous to his nomination at St. Louis for the vice presidency, it was said that Davis would be the candidate for governor in the unusual contest that the party experts to make this year to carry West Virginia. All deference is shown now to Senator Davis who is here with his friends giving personal attention to the convention. C. Wood Daily, the attorney of the Davis interests at Elkin, W. Va., and Wm. H. Thompson of Huntington are both mentioned as Davis men for governor. The convention is being made a general ratification of the nomination of Senator Davis for the vice presidency.

COSTS TOO MUCH

ROCKEFELLER WILL ABANDON PRIVATE ELECTRIC PLANT.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 2.—After spending $10,000 and considerable time in experimenting, John D. Rockefeller has decided that insofar as he is concerned the operation of a private electric lighting plant is a failure and he has signed a contract with the local lighting company to light his estate at Pocantico Hills. As soon as the new service is begun, the private plant which cost about $10,000 will be for sale at a bargain price. It requires about 800 large incandescent lamps to light the mansion grounds and private park and they will be installed at once. The private plant was put in a year ago. The dynamos were set up in one end of the barn.

After operating it a short time, Mr. Rockefeller discovered that the new system was costing more than the electricity formerly supplied by the lighting company. There was also the constant danger of burning the barns which cost about $20,000.

FATALLY INJURED

MAN JUMPED FROM ROOF OF HOUSE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—After drinking carbolic acid in an attempt to end his life, and fearing that the poison would not do its work, a man believed to be Isadore Dutsch, jumped from the roof of a five-story tenement house today and was killed. He was about 28 years of age.

AN INJUNCTION

AGAINST MEMBERS OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS' UNION.

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 2.—An injunction against 17 members of the local union of electrical workers has been issued by Judge Case of the superior court on the application of the Rice & Baldwin Electric company of this city. The complaint declares that the defendants have conspired to injure the business of the plaintiff company by threats, intimidation and boycott and the injunction orders them to refrain from further acts of the nature alleged. A hearing on the matter will be held Sept. 6.

This action is an outcome of the strike of the local electrical workers union last December, resulting from the company's refusal to sign a new schedule presented by the men.

RURAL CARRIERS

WILL RECEIVE $720 PER ANNUM.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—In the adjustment of the salaries of rural carriers in the postal service it has been decided that all carriers appointed prior to June 30, 1904, who were entitled to the maximum pay of $600 under the rules which governed the establishment of routes at that time, shall receive the maximum pay of $720, but that the schedule which became effective July 1, 1904, and recently announced, shall prevail in fixing the compensation of all carriers appointed since June 30.

DISTRIBUTION OF AID

MAKES TROUBLE FOR MANAGERS OF CHICAGO STRIKE.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—One of the serious questions which confronts the managers of the packing house strike is the separation of the worthy from the unworthy, in the distribution of food supplies. It is claimed that most of the supplies so far given out have been secured by persons who have money for their own support while many families in actual want have been unable to secure anything. Favoritism in the distribution has also been charged.

Lack of food and proper nourishment among the poorer classes compelled to leave their work on account of the strike has caused much illness and at the dispensary of the University of Chicago settlement, it is reported that 1000 cases, mostly children, had been treated within the last four days.

MRS. MILES DEAD

SHE PASSED AWAY AT WEST POINT.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—A despatch from West Point announces that Mrs. Nelson A. Miles died suddenly last night. General Miles was not present at the time of her death. He arrived at West Point today.

SCHOONER GROUNDED.

MACHIAS, Me., Aug. 2.—The schooner Mary Lee Newton, laden with coal from New York for Lubec, her home port, grounded on Cross island near the outer shore during the night and was floated at high tide with the assistance of the life saving crew. The damage was slight.

MALVINA TRUDEAU

Pretty Girl Missing From Her Home in Lakeview Ave.

Malvina Trudeau, sweet sixteen and very pretty, is missing from her home in Lakeview avenue and her parents and the neighbors think it is because

MALVINA TRUDEAU.

"love found a way." A young man known to Malvina as Arthur Gardner and who is said to have masqueraded under other names, has also disappeared. Malvina loved Arthur and asked permission of her parents several times to marry him, but her parents believed her too young to marry and withheld their consent.

Malvina met the capturer of her heart last Thanksgiving. He has about him that delightful camaraderie which puts one instantly at ease and Malvina, simple-hearted and beautiful as the dew moistened rose, was in love with him before she knew it. He was the only one who had ever tried to understand her. If she said anything the least bit foreign to the conversation he probed for the thought that influenced the stray words. He studied her, she was delighted and to cap the climax of her increasing happiness he one day told her that he loved her best of all on earth.

He knew that her heart had already gone out to him and he wanted to marry her right away. She went to her parents and they objected because of her age. She pleaded and so did he, but in vain and now it is believed that they are together as man and wife.

Malvina's mother has reported the case to the police and Inspector Charles Laflamme is looking for Malvina and her Adonis. Gardner is a weaver. He has worked on the Prescott where he earned $11 a week and Malvina worked in the spinning room of the Massachusetts mills and earned $5 a week.

SHELDON'S AUTO

Fast Time Between New York and Boston

From New York to Boston in an automobile in eight hours and 32 minutes, covering 275 miles of highway, was the record made by Mr. Royal R. Sheldon, treasurer of the Chelmsford iron foundry, whose home is in North Chelmsford.

Mr. Sheldon travelled in his 20-horse power touring car and no accident marred the trip. Stops were made at New Haven, Hartford and Springfield. Mr. Sheldon and his chauffer taking lunch at Springfield.

No attempt was made to break the record but Mr. Sheldon was well pleased at the work of his car.

In an interview Mr. Sheldon said:

"After having breakfast at the Waldorf-Astoria I left for Boston accompanied by my chauffer. I made the run just for fun. We went through New Rochelle, Portchester, Stamford, New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and Worcester to Boston. I didn't attempt to make a record, and know that the machine will go much faster than it went Sunday, although there were parts of the course that were covered at better than a mile a minute.

"The trip was without incident. I didn't attempt to come through without stopping the engines. We stopped at New Haven, a few minutes at Hartford and when we reached Springfield stopped for lunch. After that we came right through to Boston.

"It was about 9 o'clock when I left the Waldorf, and it was 5.32 when we pulled up in front of Young's hotel. The entire trip was one of the pleasantest I have ever made. At Cedar Hill, Conn., we passed the wreck of the White Mountain express. It is a badly mixed up looking mess, and a big gang of railroad men were at work on it when we passed.

"I was very fortunate in not meeting a policeman on the entire course. I think that there might have been danger of our being arrested had a policeman been in sight, for we came through some of those country highways at a terrific speed. But there were no accidents and the whole trip was a pleasant one."

WESTERN UNION

DENIES THAT RACING NEWS WAS GIVEN OUT.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 2.—At the office of the Western Union Telegraph company it was officially denied today that the company had furnished the racing news to the big pool room at Manayunk, Pa., which was raided last Saturday by the law and order society. The following statement was made: "The Western Union company has discontinued its racing service absolutely. It has dispensed with its racing reporters and has withdrawn its operators. There is only this to be said, on our part, regarding the pool room affair at Manayunk. It was not our service, our wires, nor our men that furnished the reports."

FOLSOM TURNED DOWN.

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 2.—At a meeting of the governor and council today, Governor Bachelder nominated Channing Folsom of Dover, to succeed [illegible] as superintendent of public instruction. The council refused to confirm, Councillors Seavy and Richards voting in the affirmative and Councillors Kennett, Kelley and Collins in the negative.

Mrs. Lillian C. Streeter, of this city, was reappointed a member of the state board of charities and correction.

CRUSHED BY CAR

South Boston Boy Was Killed Instantly

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—Struck by the fender of an outward bound electric car on West Broadway, South Boston, about 4.15 yesterday afternoon, 11-year-old Thomas Brady, son of Thomas J. Brady of 349 West 4th st., was thrown under the car between the forward and rear trucks and instantly killed. A broken neck was the cause of death, the wheels not having passed over his body.

The boy was crossing the street near the home of Councilman William Newton, 209 B. West Broadway, to get a piece of ice out of a cart. In avoiding one car he ran directly in front of another of the Dover and Washington street line on its way to City Point.

Motorman William J. Hassan quickly reversed the power, but it was too late and the fender struck the boy, throwing him sideways.

Three witnesses of the accident all tell a similar story, each one certain that he did not go under the forward wheels, but fell between the forward and rear trucks. The car was slowing down, but the rear wheel did not pass over his head as would be supposed. Aided by the rear truck his body rolled over and over until the car was brought to a stop.

Although the head was free, just touching the wheel, the body seemed to be wedged underneath the truck. Half a hundred willing hands took hold of the car sufficiently to move it so that the boy could be taken out.

The accident occurred almost in front of the office of Dr. Herbert J. Keenan and the lad was immediately brought in there, although there seemed to be little doubt that the boy's neck, several ribs and right arm had been broken and the head cut.

Dr. Keenan pronounced the lad dead.

TRAIN DERAILED

Cause of Accident Not Known

NORWICH, Conn., Aug. 2.—Inspection today of the section of track near the Norwich town station on which the Central Vt. railroad train was derailed yesterday afternoon failed to show conclusively the cause of the accident. The theory held to by railroad men is that the tracks spread, derailing the engine which in turn pulled the coaches off the iron. Derailment may have been assisted by loose gravel on the iron as trackmen had been working on the road bed. Fireman Pauquette says that after leaving the street crossing just above the station and at which point Engineer Alger had begun to shut off steam, he felt something jump under the engine as if there had been a break. The cause of this jump may have been a broken flange but this cannot be determined until the locomotive is carefully examined. The condition of all the injured this morning was satisfactory. The line was blocked for many hours but is clear today.

HO! FOR THE BEACH PICNIC.

To avoid delay at Ho! for the Beach picnic, Thursday morning, get your tickets at Murphy's, 18 Appleton street on Wednesday before 9 p. m. Parties holding tickets report sales at Barristers' hall 8 p. m. Wednesday evening. Round trip tickets 75c; show tickets free. GEN. MGR. M. A. LEE.

STORES CLOSED

Serious Disorders Expected in Hayti

SOLDIERS TRIED TO PILLAGE CENTRAL MARKET

Other Soldiers and Police Restored Order

PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Aug. 2.—The most serious disorders are anticipated here. The population is very much excited by the continued rise in the prices of all merchandise and a band of soldiers today made an attempt to begin pillaging the central market and the shops in that vicinity. Other troops and police immediately intervened and re-established order. All the stores in Port Au Prince however, are now closed.

NARROW ESCAPE

QUICK ACTION OF MOTORMAN SAVED CHILD'S LIFE.

Last night as the Lawrence car that leaves the square at 5 o'clock had turned into First street and taken on a few passengers, the motorman, Mr. A. Huckins, turned on the power after receiving the signal from Conductor St. Lawrence and was going at a fair rate of speed. Near Read street a group of children was on the street, but not near enough to the car track to cause alarm. Suddenly, however, one of the children, a little girl about four years old, shot across the track, ten or fifteen feet in front of the car. Nothing saved the child's life but the quick action of that motorman. There was such a rapid reversal of the power and application of air brakes that the passengers were thrown forward in their seats. It was all done in a second and the child escaped being run down by only a few inches.

The conductor remarked that if motormen were subject to heart disease they would not last long, for they receive many a shock from this very cause—viz: children running in front of a car to see how close they can cross without being hit. It is dangerous play and it is a wonder that more of them are not killed.

MAY GO TO CLINTON

MATHEWS WILL TAKE ACTION ON INVITATION.

At the meeting of the Mathew Temperance Institute tonight action will be taken on the invitation received some time ago from the Springfield Diocesan union to participate in the annual field day of that union in Clinton on Labor day. The sentiment in the society seems to favor participating in the demonstration, and favorable action may be taken tonight.

Mrs. Bernice McDaniel, Miss Clara Wormell and Mrs. Annie M. Travor are at South Lubec, Me.

ONE VICTIM DEAD

Motorman Doe is in Dangerous Condition

ACTRESS HAD ONE LEG AMPUTATED

Later Details of Trolley Car Accident

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, Aug. 2.—At the local hospital today it was stated that the report published in some morning papers that motorman Edward Doe, who was severely injured in the trolley car collision at Westboro yesterday died last night was incorrect. Mr. Doe was still lying in a critical condition at the hospital early today and it was impossible to determine whether he would recover. Miss Caroline Stewart of Winthrop Beach, who died late yesterday afternoon was the only one of the 16 persons hurt in the crash to succumb to injuries up to this morning. At the hospital it was thought Motorman Doe was the only one on the dangerous list although the physicians said the nature of the injuries received by some was such that they could not say definitely how serious they were. Miss Maud Maguire of Boston, the actress whose leg was amputated was resting easily this morning and it was thought she would survive the operation.

"ROYAL TOURIST"

FIRST OF THE AUTOS TO CLEVELAND.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 2.—The eighteen horsepower gasolene car "Royal Tourist" was the first of the automobiles making a run from New York to St. Lewis, to arrive here from Erie today. The "Royal Tourist" came in at 6.10 a. m., having made the run from Erie in six hours and ten minutes. Other cars arrived at short intervals throughout the morning.

The roads between here and Erie were reported to be in fine condition. The visitors devoted their time here in visiting various points of interest. This evening they will be entertined at a banquet by the Cleveland Automobile club.

TWO WEEKS' SHUT DOWN.

ST. STEPHENS, N. B., Aug. 2.—The St. Croix cotton mills in Milltown are closed for two weeks on account of the unfavorable market conditions. The plant had been running on a short time schedule part of the spring and early summer.

35 PER CENT. DIVIDEND.

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—A dividend of 35 per cent. to depositors of the Union Trust company was authorized by the supreme court to be paid at once by the receivers, Congressman Samuel McCall and Chas. F. Choate, Jr. The trust company closed its doors March 31 with estimated liabilities of $1,500,000 and assets nominally the same. Wm. E. Barrett was president.

All Kinds of Stamps Given
ON ALL PURCHASES

JOHN F. SAUNDERS
159 Corham Street, Cor. Summer

AND SPECIAL ON FOLLOWING:

On All Kinds of Stamps

120 with 1 lb 50c Baking Powder.
150 with 1 lb 70c Tea.
100 with 1 lb 60c Tea.
70 with 1 lb 50c Tea.
10 with 1 lb 15c Butterine.
10 with 1 Pkg. 10c Mince.
10 with 1 pkg. Pancake flour.
6 with 1 pkg 14c Force.
5 with 1 pkg. 10c Presto.
70 with 1 lb. 30c and 35c Coffee.
10 with 1 bottle 10c Blue.
10 with 1 can 12c Peas.
10 with 1 can 12c Tomatoes.
10 with 1 pkg. 10c Corn Starch.
20 with 1 pkg. 14c Norka Oats.
20 with 1 pkg. Malted Oats.

BEEF IS CHEAPER

Good Eggs 20c Doz.
Large New Potatoes 20 and 25c Peck
Best Round Steak 15c Lb.
Best Rump and Sirloin 15c to 22c Lb.
Corn Beef 6c and 7c Lb
Butter Beans 3c qt. 2 for 5c
Bread Flour 75c Bag
Challenge Milk 3 cans 25c
BEST BUTTERINE
10c to 15c Lb.

Window Screens and Screen Doors
Marked down below cost to close them out, besides
DOUBLE DARK BLUE STAMPS
O'Brien Bros
TEA DEALERS
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CARTER'S
Cough Balsam 25c
WILL CURE THAT COUGH
Carter & Sherburne's
LOW-PRICED DRUG STORE
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YOUR COMFORT
In hot weather depends on buying your Bread and Cake at
HARRY RICHARDSON'S
Tel. 234-2

Suit Cases
DEVINE'S
88 Merrimack St.
Factory, 72 Middlesex St. Telephone.

Wall Paper
—AT—
97 Appleton Street

HETEROPHORIA
Or muscular insufficiency causes headaches, tired eyes and dizziness.
Optician George G. Rogers,
145 MERRIMACK STREET,
Up Stairs.

CARNEY & BUNKER
GOLD, SILVER AND NICKEL PLATERS.
Polishing, Lacquering, Dipping and Tinning. Sole manufacturers of the Carney Weavers' Drawing-in Hook.
87 Shattuck Street, Cor. Market.
Telephone 8-15-12.

JOHN W. McEVOY
Counselor-at-law and Public Administrator
187 Central Street Tel. 631-4

LATEST

NON-UNION HELP

Besiege Labor Leaders For Help

MORE CONTRIBUTIONS FOR STRIKE FUND

The Carders Will Help Non-Unionists

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 2.—A heavy fall of rain gave the streets the most deserted appearance today of any time since the strike began. Those of the strikers who have been resorting to berry picking and clam digging were forced to remain indoors. The labor leaders have little to report, other than that they are besieged with applications for aid from the non-union help. The carders have voted to sacrifice 25 per cent. of their strike benefits, which amount it is understood, will be devoted to the benefit of the non-unionists.

Secretary O'Donnell reports that he has received $460 for the general strike fund in the 24 hours ending at noon today.

MANIAC ESCAPED

Made An Attack on His Wife

BOSTON, Aug. 2—Henry A. Oman of Circuit street, Melrose, escaped from the Danvers Insane Asylum last Sunday for the third time within a year. Being familiar with the hours the patrolmen are on duty, he did not go to his home until about 4 o'clock Monday morning, when he broke in the rear door and pulled his wife out of bed demanding all the money she had in the house.

When she gave him but a few dollars, he went wild and grabbed her by the throat, choking her until she produced the balance, which amounted in all to $13.

The Melrose police are provoked with the Danvers authorities, as they were not notified of Oman's escape until after 7 o'clock Sunday night, and he escaped about 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Officer Heaton called at the Oman residence shortly after 3 o'clock yesterday morning, and finding that Oman had not reached there, he went to his home, thinking it would be impossible for Oman to walk from Danvers to Melrose before noon on Monday. The police of neighboring towns were notified by Chief McLaughlin to be on the lookout for the fugitive.

Oman was committed to the Danvers asylum May 22, 1902. When the officers went after him he put up a fierce fight, and during the scuffle Oman inflicted three deep gashes in Officer Hartley's head with a flatiron. He first made his escape about a year ago and shortly after going to bed the night he reached home, as he tells it, "the spirit of God came to me and told me to break into John H. Gately's house and break up the furniture, and I had to do it."

He left the house partially dressed and broke into Gately's house and was caught by the officers.

His second escape was about a month ago, and to escape capture jumped through the second story window to the ground, a distance of about 30 feet. After a hard run he was caught and returned to the Danvers Asylum.

No trace of him had been found up to a late hour last night.

ALTON BAY

CAMP MEETING AUG. 2 TO 31. LOW RATES.

The annual camp meeting at Alton Bay will take place August 2d to 31st, inclusive. The program includes a number of eminent divines and evangelists and a large crowd is expected in attendance.

Round trip tickets at reduced rates, good going and returning August 2d to 31st inclusive, will be on sale at this station and principal stations on the Boston & Maine Railroad.

For list of stations and rates, see Boston & Maine posters or inquire of agent.

LEG FRACTURED

WOMAN FELL DOWN FLIGHT OF STAIRS.

Amenun Gaudau, residing at 1 rear of 158 Salem street, met with a painful accident at her home this morning. She was coming downstairs when she slipped to the bottom, sustaining a fracture of the right leg. The ambulance was summoned and the injured woman was removed to the Lowell hospital where her injury was dressed.

NOT AMBASSADOR'S NEPHEW.

PARIS, Aug. 2—The American embassy declares there is no truth in the report that Waldron Shapleigh, the student of West Lebanon, Maine, who committed suicide by swallowing strychnine at the hotel Dore here July 16 was a nephew of Ambassador Porter. The ambassador never heard of him previous to his death.

COUNTERFEIT BILL.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Chief Wilkie of the U. S. secret service announces the discovery of a new counterfeit $1 national note. It is on the National bank of commerce in New York, series 1882, Bruce register, Wyman treasurer. It is a poorly executed photograph.

COTTON MILL CLOSED.

FREDERICKTON, N. B., Aug. 2.—The Gibson cotton mills at Marysville have shut down for one month. The mills employ about 700 hands.

MAYOR HOWE INVITED.

On Aug. 5th Mayor Howe will be the guest of the mayor of Springfield at the outing of the Commercial Travelers' association of Springfield.

MAY NOT STRIKE

Miners Await Return of President Mitchell

SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 2.—The executive board of the United Mine Workers' resumed its sessions here today for the consideration of grievances. The miners are in a conciliatory mood and appear averse to ordering a strike to force the operators to accept Umpire Wright's decision.

A plan is under discussion for impressing the operators with the sincerity of the mine workers and giving the operators until the end of this month to agree to the decision. At that time President Mitchell will have returned from his European trip.

SERIOUS CHARGE

Officers Accused of Selling Promotions

NEW YORK, Aug. 2—A naval board is investigating reports that certain property officers on the receiving ship Hancock stationed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard have been selling rations or promotions to sailors for cash. The reports were started by blue-jackets who talked freely of the matter ashore. When the commanding officers of the ship and the yard heard of these reports they reported to the navy department and a board was detailed to investigate the rumors.

A new blue-jacket was recently appointed on the Hancock. It was said that he had been transferred from the Washington navy yard. On the Hancock, it is alleged, he had a talk with a petty officer about his rating and paid $25 for an advancement. Not long afterward he was jumped from a landsman to second class fireman. He enjoyed his honors only 48 hours, disappearing suddenly.

It turns out that he was a secret service man who had been sent on to get evidence. The petty officers have been summoned as witnesses to Washington. The blue-jackets at the yard say that grafting has been going on for a long time, unknown to the commissioned officers, however, until recently.

TO END STRIKE

LIVE STOCK MEN WILL MAKE ATTEMPT.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 2.—The News today says:

A movement to intervene in the packers' strike in the east will result from a meeting of livestock men from all over the west which begins here tomorrow. These men have suffered as much as anyone from the strike because of a lack of demand for their cattle and they will start a campaign as the independent party to secure an immediate settlement of the strike. Backed up as they will be by the presence of governors of at least six states, officers of the National Livestock association and several of the federal government officials, they hope to bring both sides into a conference, secure an agreement to arbitrate and restore conditions to their normal level in all the stock yards and meat centres of the nation.

The stock men have been called to meet federal officers and discuss grazing.

MOB OF 2000

STORMED THE POLICE STATION IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2 Rioters stoned the Deerings st. police station late last night and for a quarter of an hour the police battled with the crowd of 2000 men and women, as it charged the station repeatedly with sticks and stones, shouting vengeance against the police.

The trouble started when the police went to the assistance of Frank Castellano, a strike-breaker employed in the stock yards, who had been dragged from a street car and severely beaten.

Before the police could reach Castellano he had fired four shots from a revolver at his assailants. One of the bullets took effect in John Sheehan's arm.

The mob, already in an angry mood, became infuriated when they saw that their companion had been shot. At least 100 men made a rush for Castellano, but he was rescued by the police. The police station was only two blocks away and Castellano was taken there for safety.

Seeing that their intended victim had escaped, the rioters tried to wreck the station. Stones and bricks by the hundred were hurled at the building and the windows were broken. Charge after charge was made by the police and the rioters were driven back only by strenuous use of clubs.

Nearly a dozen times the police sallied forth and charged the crowd with clubs before the rioters dispersed.

In one of these charges three policemen were injured with bricks. At least 50 rioters were cut about the head in the hand-to-hand conflicts with the police before they were finally subdued.

MAY BE MURDER

BROTHER OF DEAD MAN DENIES SUICIDE THEORY.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2—A brother of Timothy O'Connell of Manchester, Conn., a well to do hotel keeper who was found dead at the Grand Central hotel Sunday was greatly incensed when informed that the death certificate gave suicide as the cause of death. He declared that his brother either came to his death by accident or was murdered. "He had no reason to commit suicide," said the brother. "He was wealthy and happy. He had plenty of money when he came here besides a gold watch and jewelry. Where are they? I believe the death was either accidental or that he was murdered." When the body was discovered no valuables of any sort were found.

CITY HALL NOTES

The board of health will hold its regular meeting at City Hall this afternoon.

The committee on accounts will meet at the auditor's office on Friday morning.

MADE GOOD HAUL

Masked Robbers Held up Two Men

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—In thorough "wild west" style, five highwaymen, wearing black masks, held up and robbed in the 97th street traverse road across Central park, Joseph Cross of 50 East 103d street, and J. C. Hurley, a friend, who is staying at the Putnam house.

Cross and Hurley started to walk across the traverse road, from Central park west shortly after midnight yesterday morning. The traverse road is dimly lighted with gas lamps, placed at long distances.

When they got half-way through the road way a tall, well-dressed man walked up to them and asked them the time. Mr. Cross told him. The man thanked him and walked westward. A little later they noticed him retracing his steps past them, on the opposite sidewalk. When they got to the beginning of the last turn in the road, near 5th avenue, two men suddenly stepped before them and pointed long-barreled revolvers at them.

"Throw up your hands and make no sound if you want to save yourselves trouble," said one of the men, shoving the weapon in his hand under Cross' nose. Hurley was being similarly intimidated by the second man.

The two robbers were thin black masks with eyelets cut in them. Three other men, wearing masks of the same character, jumped down into the roadway from the bushes overhead.

"We want everything you got," said one of the men. "If you shout for aid we will blow your head off."

While three of the men covered the two victims with revolvers, the other two backed them against the stone wall. They removed a diamond ring from Cross' finger, took his gold watch and chain and $50 from his purse. The chain was worth $60 and the watch about $200. The value of the ring is placed at $125. The highwaymen even examined his private papers to see if any of them were negotiable.

Hurley's watch and chain, a diamond pin and a roll of bills were taken. During the robbery, both victims were made to keep their hands above their heads.

"We will keep you covered with our revolvers until you are out of sight," said one of the desperadoes. "If you make any call for help, we will fire on you and you will be killed."

No arrests have been made.

STOCK MARKET

Today's Quotations on Active Stocks

The following are the closing quotations of today's stock market for active stocks:

NEW YORK STOCKS

Am Sugar	128¾
A & T	77⅞
B & O	84½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	51⅜
Chi & G W	13⅞
C M & P	146½
C R & P	22
Con Gas	194
Del & Hud	160½
Erie R R	24⅞
Erie 1st	60½
Manhat Con	150
Mo Kan & Tex	17¾
Mo Kan & Tex pfd	39½
Met St Ry	118½
Mis Pac	92⅞
N Y Cen	115½
N Y Ont & W	30¾
Penn	119¾
Peoples' Gas	100⅞
Reading	52
Reading pfd	82
Reading 2d pfd	79
So Pac	49⅞
So Pac rights	⅛
Tenn Coal & Iron	45
Tex & Pac	24¾
Union Pac	95⅝
Union Pac pfd	93½
U S Steel	12⅛
U S Steel pfd	60⅝
Wabash	16⅞
Wabash pfd	35⅛
W U Telegraph	85⅛
U S Leather	7
U S Leather pfd	83

BOSTON STOCKS

Adventure	.75
Amalgamated	51⅞
American Wool	11⅞
American Wool pfd	77
Am Tel & Tel	135¼
Arcadian	1
Atlantic	9
Anaconda	18¼
Allouez	8⅝
B & Albany	250
B & Maine	164
Bingham	9¼
Calumet & Hecla	475
Centennial	24¾
Chicago Junction	14½
Chicago Junction pfd	122
Copper Range	54½
Daly-West	13
Dom Coal	47½
Dom Coal pfd	105
Dom Steel	8¾
Elevated	148⅝
Elm River	2⅛
Fitchburg pfd	137
Franklin	7
Mass	4¼
Mass Gas	39
Mass Gas pfd	82⅝
Mass Electric	17¾
Mass Electric pfd	63¾
Mex Cen	9⅝
Michigan	4
Mohawk	43
Mont C & C	4
N E Tel	123½
N Y, N H & H R R	189
Osceola	64½
Old Colony Mine	96⅞
Old Colony R R	205
Old Dominion	13½
Shannon	5¾
Royal	11
Tamarack	59
Parrott	24
Quincy	85
Santa Fe	15⅝
Trinity	7¾
United States	21⅞
Utah	33
U S Oil	10⅝
Winona	7⅝
Wolverine	78¼
Western Tel	13½
Western Tel pfd	91½
Victoria	2¾
West End	90
West End pfd	112
Wyandotte	65

Rev. W. George Mullin of St. Peter's church, is attending the exposition at St. Louis.

ESCAPED POLICE

Ray McDonald Made Sensational Run

DEDHAM, Aug. 2. Raymond A. McDonald of Hyde Park, famous as a lifesaver, although only a boy of 18 years, yesterday added another record to his already varied career when he made a sensational escape at the Dedham railroad station from an officer taking him to Dedham jail to await his appearance before the grand jury in September on the charge of breaking and entering.

In company with Fred Powers of Norwood, also charged with breaking and entering, McDonald went from Quincy in charge of court officer Marden of the Quincy district court. The two boys were shackled together and all went well until Dedham was reached. The two went into the toilet room and there McDonald slipped his bracelet, and the instant the two got back into the waiting room he gave a jump and was out of the door, running down the platform like a flash. Marden, who had hold of Powers, called for help, turned his prisoner over to a railroad man and ran out after McDonald, who, jumping from the stone wall to High street in front of Snow Bros.' store, started down High street toward Hyde Park.

Marden called upon McDonald to stop, and there being no slackening of speed the officer sent three bullets after him, which however, only served as an impetus to the fleeting boy, who ran along High street as far as St. Mary's Catholic church and then disappeared through Brookdale cemetery.

Chief William F. Drugan, hearing the shots, went to the depot and took Powers to Dedham jail.

Officer Maurice Brown and special officer John P. Delaney procuring a team in company with Marden searched the vicinity, going as far as the sub-station in West Roxbury, where the particulars of the escape and description of McDonald were given to the Boston police.

McDonald is 17 years old, 5 feet and 2 inches in height and weighs 130 pounds. He wore a light scotch tweed suit, black derby hat and low shoes.

McDonald was in the district court at Quincy yesterday charged with breaking and entering the dwelling of Nathan J. Horton at Milton on two counts on July 28 and 31, and was held for the grand jury of the September term under bonds of $500 and $300, and Powers was held on one count of breaking and entering the same place with McDonald, under $300 bonds. In default of bail the two were being taken to the Dedham jail when McDonald made his sensational escape.

While McDonald has been in court before, he can rightly lay claim to a worthy and honorable service of lifesaving, beginning more than six years ago and continuing until he has a record of four heroic rescues and a brave attempt at the river, near Fairmount bridge.

He first showed his courage in June of 1898, when he made heroic attempts to rescue William Mahoney, who had been tipped from a canoe with him. A year later he pulled Willie Thompson out of the river, near the bridge at Hyde Park. The next year he jumped in to the river at the Fairmount bridge and pulled Lester Reed out, at the risk of his own life. The name of the third boy saved by McDonald is not known. McDonald saw him capsize from a canoe, near the Fairmount bridge, and pulled him out just in time. In January of 1901 he saved John Thompson, who fell through the ice.

REVENUE BUREAU REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The preliminary report of Commissioner Yerkes covering the operations of the internal revenue bureau for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1904, shows that receipts from all sources of internal revenue for the year aggregated $232,004,004, being an increase of $2,163,079 over 1903.

Marion Valley of Gorham street has returned from Methuen where she spent her vacation.

HELD IN $1,000

Conductor and Flagman Under Arrest

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 2.—John B. Foley of Hartford and Thomas McNally of this city, the conductor and flagman respectively of the freight train with which the White Mountain express collided near Cedar Hill Saturday night were taken back to the town court in Hamden today charged with manslaughter. They waived examination and were held for the October term of the superior court. Bonds were fixed at $1000 in each case.

The conductor and flagman were arrested last evening by order of the coroner, whose findings were that they were negligent in failing to obey a signal.

FUNERALS

SANDERSON—The funeral of William Sanderson took place yesterday afternoon at his home, 26 Bleachery street, and the services were conducted by Rev. E. Victor Bigelow. Undertaker Young had charge of the arrangements and the bearers were Messrs. Charles Miller, John Perry, William Curtis, Geo. Munroe, John Griffin and Alfred Pearson. Burial was in the Edson cemetery.

HOFFMAN—The funeral of Charles H. Hoffman, the air ship inventor, who was drowned in the Concord river at Bedford on Tuesday during a thunder shower, was held Sunday from his home, 45 Newbury street, West Somerville, Rev. Edward Tilleston officiating. He also conducted interment services at Woodbrook cemetery, Woburn.

ASHWORTH—The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Ashworth was held yesterday afternoon at her home, and the service was conducted by Rev. Ralph Gillam, pastor of the First Congregational church. Miss Alice Leith was the singer. Burial was in the Lowell cemetery. Funeral arrangements under the direction of Undertaker Weinbeck.

NELLIGAN—The funeral of Ellen M. Nelligan took place yesterday afternoon from the residence of her parents, William and Catherine Nelligan, 163 Crosby street, and was largely attended. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. Funeral Directors John J. O'Connell & Co. had charge of the arrangements.

FITZPATRICK—The funeral of the late James Fitzpatrick took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from his late home, 16 Albion street, and was largely attended by relatives and friends of the deceased. A high mass of requiem was celebrated at St Michael's church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Fr. Murphy. The choir was in attendance and sang the Gregorian mass and during the service appropriate selections were rendered by the members of the choir. There was a profusion of beautiful and appropriate floral offerings in evidence, showing the esteem in which the deceased was held by his many friends and acquaintances.

The bearers were Messrs. John H. Burke, Rhoddy Monohan, John Murphy and John McCausland. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Murphy. The funeral was under the direction of Funeral Director John F. Rogers.

TO END RATE WAR.

LONDON, Aug. 2—The board of trade confirms the report that arrangements are under way for a meeting of the representatives of the steam lines at Hamburg, early in September to resume the negotiations looking to a settlement of the Atlantic rate war. While it is hoped that the negotiations will effect an agreement it is pointed out that recent combination of the Hamburg-American North German Lloyd and Austro-American lines in order to break the Cunard lines monopoly of the Hungarian immigrant traffic has considerably lessened the prospect of a settlement.

THEY OWN THEIR HOMES

Read This Letter:

New Bedford, Mass., June 15, 1904.

North American Trust, 144 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.:

Gentlemen:—I am much pleased to note the short while it has taken to mature my contract. I made application on the 4th of the present month and have already received the benefits, your company having purchased a certain piece of property in Lakeville and allowing me 10 years in which to pay for it. I very highly recommend your plan to any person of moderate means that wishes to own his own home.

James H. McNulty, 788 Middle Street, New Bedford, Mass.

Another Letter:

New Bedford, Mass., June 16, 1904.

North American Trust, 144 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.:

Gentlemen:—This is to certify that the North American Trust have lifted my mortgage and fulfilled their contract with me in every respect. I wish to state that it is a most remarkable plan for the person of moderate means to get a start in the world.

Yours very truly,

John DeBeech, Jr., 54 Katherine Street, New Bedford, Mass.

We are Buying Homes for Others—We Can Do the Same for You

We will buy or build you a house, farm or cottage any place in the United States, at the following rates

$1.25 puts you in possession of a $1000 Home or Farm.
$2.50 puts you in possession of a $2000 Home or Farm.
$3.75 puts you in possession of a $3000 Home or Farm.
$5.00 puts you in possession of a $4000 Home or Farm.
$6.25 puts you in possession of a $5000 Home or Farm.

WE LIFT YOUR MORTGAGE ON THE ABOVE PLAN

NO INTEREST

TEN YEARS TO PAY US BACK

17 Cts A Week Puts You in Possession of **$100** Worth of Personal Property

Larger sums in same proportion. We will buy you an Automobile, Liquor Business, Cigar Business, Lodging House Business, Furnishings of a flat, Piano, or any kind of a business and allow you to repay us on small weekly payments without interest.

The sooner you start the greater your benefits. Call and let us explain fully the workings of this great money saving plan. For mail inquiries you must send 2c stamp. No postals answered. Call at once. All business strictly confidential.

North American Trust of Boston

Lowell Office, Barristers' Hall

Main Office—144 Tremont Street North American Trust Bldg.) Boston.

WHITE MANSION

Continued.

things. A number of carpets on both floors were also more or less damaged by water.

The White family have been away since last October at their residence in Boston and at their summer home in Magnolia, while Mr. White left some time ago for Mexico, being interested in several mines in that country and also in the West.

Marshall Patterson has been at the house since last Friday getting the house ready for the home-coming of the family and the plumbers have been at work. Patterson on his arrival last Friday asked George Jennings to stay with him, and the two have together occupied the house, dusting the rooms, cutting the lawn and other work necessary in the day time and at night sleeping in the basement.

To a representative of The Sun this morning Patterson said: "My companion and I were asleep in the room in the basement when the fire started and I cannot really say whether it was the knock on the window by the policeman or the crackling of the flames overhead that awakened me. When I awoke the room was filled with smoke and I was nearly choked. I groped my way to one of the windows with the intention of escaping that way, but found it impossible to open the window. After considerable difficulty I reached the door and opened it and more smoke rushed in. I do not know how long it was before I got the outside the door open and then I got some fresh air and going back to the room pulled Jennings out of bed and left him on the lawn. Very soon after this the firemen arrived. I do not know how the fire could have started, because both of us went through the house before retiring and everything was all right. We left one light burning in the main hall and another on the floor above. The house is equipped with electric lights but we lighted the gas."

It was intimated that the plumbers who were at work might through carelessness set fire to something while working about the partitions, the spark working its way through the partitions, but Chief Hosmer does not think that it was the work of the plumbers.

It is thought that the fire was caused by defective wiring, but it is hard to find this out as the place where the wires were is completely destroyed. At any rate the fire started where the wires were the most numerous, in the rear of the fireplace in the side hallway and on the side of the fireplace in the main hallway. This portion of the partition, the flooring and the ceiling overhead is completely burned away, and while Electrician Henry Fernald of the fire department and Mr. L. A. Derby, of the firm of Derby & Morse, spent the entire morning investigating the wires, or rather what is left of them they have not got much to work upon.

In the large front hall a jug containing turpentine, used yesterday in cleaning, had been left. The turpentine had not all been used, but as the jug was a considerable distance from where the fire started no importance was attached to this find. Patterson has been in the employ of the White's for eight years.

The fact that a bed in one of the upstairs sleeping rooms was disturbed, plainly indicating that it had been slept in recently and also that a number of empty liquor bottles were found on the lawn, has led more than one person who investigated the fire to believe something was wrong. It looked as though someone has been occupying the house while the people have been away.

A number of months ago a colored servant in the employ of the Whites was discharged for some reason and when asked for his key to the house he said he had lost it, and turned over all the keys except one which unlocked one of the outside doors. This together with the disturbed bed, and the empty bottles may furnish a clue for the investigators to work upon.

The White residence, which is one of the most palatial on Quilty Hill, was partially built by Edward Lamson, of the Lamson Consolidated Store Service company. The building was started over 15 years ago and owing, it is said, to lack of funds, it was not finished until about five years later when Mr. Edward L. White, then one of the owners of the White Bros.' tannery, bought the place as it was and completed the building.

Mr. White has been residing in the house for a little over ten years, and shortly after moving into the place the peace of the community was disturbed by a tragedy which was enacted near the house. A domestic named Sadie Heslin while at work one morning was summoned to the front door and after arriving there found a friend of hers, a man named Holden, who without any warning fired several shots into her body.

She was removed to the hospital where she later recovered, and Holden, calmly walking down the different streets of the city, visited a local pawnbroker's shop and afterwards boarded a train at the Middlesex street station, occupying the same car with a local police officer, and successfully made his escape.

Fred C. Church had the insurance on the E. L. White residence and furniture.

GEORGE F. PEABODY

MAY BE TREASURER OF DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2—Geo. Foster Peabody who is said to be the probable choice as treasurer of the democratic national committee, was born in Columbus, Ga., July 3, 1852, and has been prominently identified with many financial and other enterprises in all parts of the U. S. and Mexico for many years. He is a director in many corporations, including the General Electric company, the American Ice Securities Company, Mexican National Construction Company, Mexican Northern Railway, Montezuma Land Company, the Southern Education board and the Sanitary Improvement Company.

SULTAN'S REPLY

WILL BE GIVEN OUT ON THURSDAY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2—Minister Leishman of Constantinople today cabled the state department that he had been informed by the Sublime Porte that the latter's reply to the demands of this government will be given in a formal audience next Thursday instead of today as originally announced. The demands in general are that the discriminations against American citizens shall cease and that Americans shall have the same privileges and exemptions as citizens of European nations and especially that Turkey shall recognize American educational institutions in Turkish dominions.

DEATHS

ALLEN—Henry Allen of 12 Columbus avenue, received the sad intelligence yesterday of the death of his father, which occurred on the 21st of July at his residence, Thornton avenue, Streatham hill, London. He was the son of the late John Allen of Pagleham house, Pugleham, and was 87 years of age. He had been ailing for some time but had greatly improved when last he wrote, a fortnight since, to his son in Lowell. His death was due to syncope, and was without any warning to his family. He leaves four sons and two daughters to mourn his loss.

FORD—Patrick Ford, aged 60 years, died yesterday at his home, 19 Tyler street. He leaves five sons, James, Michael, John, Patrick and Frank, also one daughter, Miss Mary Ford.

BOUTILLIER—Word was received in this city today of the death of Mrs. E. M., wife of A. R. Boutillier, at Versailles, Conn., yesterday, after a week's illness.

CLANCY—Alice Clancy, infant daughter of John F. and Ellen, died this morning at the home of her parents, 9 rear of 259 Worthen street.

PERSONALS

Mrs. James Marsden of 30 Dunfey street has gone on a visit to Ireland and will remain until the first of January.

Miss Emma Gallagher of Bleachery street will spend the next two weeks at Old Orchard.

Wagon Officer James Holland began his two weeks' vacation yesterday.

Mrs. Geo. E. Hutchins and daughter Mildred, are spending their vacation at Crescent cottage, Revere beach.

Mrs. William Clark of Gorham street, and her grandchild, Lilla Maher of North Andover, are going on a two weeks' vacation to Nantasket beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Leland Curtis, and Miss Mamie Curtis of North Chelmsford, and Mr. Forrest Curtis and family of Centralville will spend the next two weeks in Portland, East Harpswell and Cundy's Harbor, Maine.

Master A. Wells, son of E. C. Wells is visiting friends in Nashua, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Brown, Miss Ethel Brown and Mrs. Coburn, left Saturday for their camp at Silver Lake, N. H.

Mr. James F. Riley has returned from a four weeks' visit to Fitchburg and Cambridge.

Mr. J. Elmer Jackson, business manager for H. Henry's minstrels, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Miss Frances Keefe, the talented pianist of Lawrence street, this city, participated in a musical last Friday evening at Hotel Algonquin, Marblehead, Mass. Miss Keefe rendered "The Blue and the Gray" in a very artistic manner.

Mrs. Annie Delaney, of South street, will spend the month around the coast of the Provinces, visiting Halifax, N. S., St. John, N. B., Charlottetown and Southport, P. E. I. At the latter place she will stay with her sister, Mrs. E. M. Burns. Her son accompanies her.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bernier and family will spend the next four weeks at Black Rocks and Salisbury beach.

Mr. Schuyler Waller is spending his vacation at Thousand Islands.

Dr. and Mrs. E. E. Kinney will spend August at Richmond Corner, N. H.

Mrs. W. C. Piper and daughter Lilla are spending their vacation at Lake Winnipesaukee, N. H. Miss Blanche Piper accompanied them.

Dr. Eugene Mayrand has gone to Canada for two months for a much needed rest.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Short of Liberty street have returned from a pleasant vacation spent at Hampton beach.

Mr. E. M. Barrette of the Bon Marche dry goods store has gone to Canada.

Mrs. Charles W. Davis has gone to Springfield, Mass., to recuperate from a long illness of nervous prostration.

Officer William O'Brien and family are at their cottage, Hampton beach, for two weeks.

Judge Frederick Lawton, with Mrs. Lawton and their two sons, will sail from Boston today, for a European trip.

Rev. and Mrs. T. G. A. Cote have gone to Block Island, R. I., on their vacation.

Herman F. Blood of 5 Fulton street has gone for one week to Bridgeport, Conn., to visit his brother, Abbott L. Blood.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Judge of Appleton street are visiting their son, Rev. J. J. Judge of Southampton, Mass.

J. J. Reardon of the Associate building is to spend the next two weeks at Old Orchard.

Miss Nora F. Mahoney of 409 Westford street will spend the next four weeks in Ocean Park, Me.

Miss Minnie Mooney, of Young's accompanied by Miss Kittie Miskella, of the city treasurer's office, left Lowell today for a tour of the New England beaches.

Miss C. M. Saunders of 90 Prescott street is spending the week at Old Orchard, Me.

Mr. Leon Haynes of Pine street is at York beach.

Mrs. Emma Keith of Campello is spending the week with relatives in Emery street, having just returned from Wilton and Milford, N. H.

AUGUST

IS

QUARTER MONTH

AT

Washington Savings Institution

Pays 4 Per Cent.

Don't Delay Depositing

265 Central St. Lowell, Mass.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

The Product of the

7-20-4

10c Cigar Factory

is now larger than that of any individual manufacturer in New England. The name R. G. Sullivan stamped on every cigar insures quality.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N. H.

DARING ROBBERY

Train Held Up by Bandits Near Chicago

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Four highwaymen, all heavily armed and two of them wearing masks, last night held up the passengers on the Illinois Central's Chicago & St. Louis express train, known as the "Diamond Special," on the outskirts of Chicago, as it neared Matteson, Ill.

The robbers secured all the money and valuables carried by the 30 passengers in the two Pullman sleeping cars, stopped the train and escaped in the darkness. The forward sleeper was entered first, the occupants were aroused and with nothing on but their night clothes were marched back to the Pullman car behind. Two of the passengers who were slow in responding to the commands of the robbers were hit on the heads with hatchets and one was seriously injured. It was impossible last night to obtain the names of the injured passengers. When the passengers in the two cars had been lined in the rear Pullman, two of the robbers stood guard, one at each end of the car, with drawn revolvers. The third who is supposed to have been the leader, ordered the passengers who had been compelled to bring along their clothes from the first car, to throw the garments on the floor of the car. The passengers in the rear car were then commanded to deposit their clothes in the same manner. Then the leader with the utmost coolness began to search the clothing for valuables. When he had finished the search he made a close examination of the passengers for any money they might have secreted. When the search was completed, all the booty was placed in a flour sack and the three robbers joined their companion who had stood guard in the vestibule of the train. Pulling the bell rope, the signal to the engineer to stop was given and when the speed of the train had slackened sufficiently the robbers, after having locked the doors of the car, jumped off and fled in the darkness.

So systematic was the work of the robbers and with so little confusion was it done that the train crew was unaware of what was going on. It was not until the engineer in response to the signal brought his train to a stop and seeing nothing of the remainder of the crew walked back to the rear of the train to ascertain what was the matter that he learned of the robbery.

No attempt was made to rob the mail or express cars. The robbers secured more than $1000 in money and valuables.

E. H. Groce, superintendent, who was one of the men robbed, left the train at Kankakee and notified the Illinois Central railroad detectives in Chicago. The latter notified the Central police and detectives were sent out on a train to begin the search for the robbers. Supt. Groce's story as to the attack was as follows:

"The men must have boarded the train at Harvey, for we were but a few miles out when they appeared at the door of the last Pullman and, cursing the brakemen and porter ordered them into the smoking compartment. They went through the car and ordered all the men out. At first the men seemed to think the affair a joke and did not hasten. One of the bandits then fired into a berth whose occupant was slower than the rest. He came scrambling out in a hurry and the rest responded more readily to the orders after that.

One other passenger, a boy 18 years of age, was but partly awake and the shot startled him. He, too, was slow and when a bandit told him to get into the aisle, the robber struck him with a hatchet. He was cut severely.

"They drove all the men to the smoking compartment and there two of them searched us while the others stood guard at the doors. They took $100 from me and $300 from a man near me. I guess those were the largest individual amounts they obtained. They searched the women who were yet awake, but did not bother those who were in the berths when the curtains were drawn. In the second Pullman there were only five or six passengers and they had an experience like the rest of us."

The train which left Chicago at 9.07 o'clock carried many passengers for the St. Louis fair and all remained on the train despite that experience.

LEFT TO CHARITY

WILL OF THE LATE MARIA MURPHY.

BOSTON, Aug. 2—The will of Maria Murphy of Cambridge, which was filed for probate yesterday, contains a number of bequests to charities. Herbert Rose of Cambridge is named as executor, and the will directs that all real estate be sold and the proceeds, together with funds remaining in the bank, be divided among the Holy Ghost Hospital of Cambridge, Little Sisters of the Poor of Somerville, St. Vincent de Paul Society and the Annunciation Guild of St. Mary's parish, $500 each. To the Sisters of St. Francis of Sheafe street, North end, $200 is left and the bed and bedding of testatrix goes to the Holy Ghost Hospital. The residue of the estate will be divided equally between the Free Home for Consumptives, Quincy street, Dorchester, and Trinity College, conducted by the Sisters of Notre Dame of Washington, D. C.

BARN BURNED

RUMOR THAT STRIKERS SET THE FIRE.

PROCTOR, Vt., Aug. 2—A large barn owned by United States Senator Redfield Proctor was burned yesterday. Several valuable horses were lost. It is rumored that the fire was set by one of the striking marble workers or a sympathizer. Loss, $5000; insured.

LAKEVIEW THEATRE

The comic opera "Jack and the Beanstalk" was presented at Lakeview theatre yesterday afternoon and evening, before a large and enthusiastic audience during the afternoon and a smaller attendance at night owing to the heavy downpour of rain. The production however is one of the best that has ever been presented by a company at the summer theatre and the company is a capable and painstaking one.

People who attended either of the performances yesterday were reminded of old times as there were many familiar faces in the cast. There was George J. Macfarlane, who played with the Colonial Opera Co. at the lake last season and Miss Esther Barton, who filled in the place vacated by Miss Tyler during the last few weeks of last season. Misses Louise Buchanan and Beatrice LeMour who were in the chorus last season also appear with the company. Frank Edwards, who plays the part of the giant, was playing at the lake under James J. Gilbert several years ago.

The applause given by the audience at the several performances fully demonstrates the fact that comic opera will ever be popular in this city. The production now playing at the theatre, however, is far ahead of anything heard for many years at the lake as the company is organized to present one opera and not a number as the majority of companies on the road are.

Miss Rose LaHarte as "Jack," is the leading singer of the company. She possesses a fine voice, while her carriage on the stage is little short of perfection. She made quite a hit last night with the audience and received numerous encores. Miss Hazel Lowry, who portrays the part of "Princess Mary," quite contrary, is a petite little lass with a pleasing countenance, a sweet voice and is invaluable as a member of the cast. Her winsome ways together with her singing made for her many friends among the theatre going public of this city. "Little Miss Muffett," Princess Mary's companion was well played by Miss Aletta Bridgeford, a charming young lady, with a voice full of sweetness and harmony. Her doll song was especially catching and proved to be a winner for applause. Miss Louise Buchanan, was the giant's wife, and while her part does not call for much stage work, what she did was done well. The part of the giant was played by Frank Edwards and he acted his part well.

Vociferous applause greeted George J. Macfarlane when he stepped before the footlights; and it was many minutes before it ceased. He was a general favorite among the theatre goers last year particularly on account of his rich baritone voice. He played the part of "King Cole, who was a merry old soul," and if his voice was considered excellent last season it is much more so this season, having undergone wonderful improvement, a fact noted by those who heard him then and again yesterday. His part is a comical one and a better man for the role could not have been found. His solos in "Old King Cole," and his parody on "Up in the Cocoanut Tree" were encored until he had to beg to be excused. George will ever be a favorite in this city and the fact that he is with the company will be an incentive for many theatre goers to attend during the week.

The Gormans are clever and as funny as usual. John takes off the part of "Solanum Tuberosum," queen dowager of fairies and his brother George is seen in "Sinbad," the sailor. Both men are well known here and their comical actions need no description. Mr. Walter Clifford, formerly of "The Prince of Pilsen" company is seen in the part of "Sir Harry Hatework," leader of the forty thieves. He has a fine tenor voice.

Last, but by no means least is Miss Esther Barton who plays the part of "Old Mother Hubbard." She is funny to say the least and her wit assists her in many instances to bring out something comical on the impulse of the moment, and her voice fills the remainder of the bill.

The chorus is of good proportion and the visitors to the cosy theatre will recognize not a few faces seen here with other companies. The fairies were Misses Jeanette Pawsey, Beatrice LaMours, Della Ramsey and Mabel Elliott. The "King Cole Fiddlers Three" were Misses Percie Judah, Carrie Griffin and Belle LaFayer. The sextette given by the chorus girls in the second act made the most decided impression of any number on the programme. The musical director is Mr. William Schaffer, formerly at the Majestic theatre, Boston.

"Jack and the Beanstalk" will be given every afternoon and evening at the Lakeview theatre the remainder of the week, and should prove of sufficient strength to crowd the place at each performance.

BROKE CAMP

AND OWING TO ACCIDENT HAD TO SHOULDER HIS CANOE.

Messrs. John Finch and Frank Campbell, who have been in camp on the shores of Mud pond, Pelham, for the past three weeks, reached this city Saturday evening. Their companion, Frank Drumm, arrived yesterday morning about three o'clock. The reason of his late appearance was because of an accident to the carriage on which he was conveying his canoe, and he was obliged to carry it upon his shoulder for about five miles. He was assisted by a friendly farmer. While in camp Mr. Campbell presented Mr. Drumm with a fine violin, the music of which was much enjoyed by the visitors to camp. A fish and salad dinner was given Sunday by Mr. Finch in honor of Mr. Drumm, and fifteen young lady visitors were entertained.

LANDLORDS.

If you have a tenement idle that rents for $15 a month, you are losing 50 cents a day every day it is vacant. A little ad. in The Sun "To Let" column will rent your tenement in a very few days. Others have tried it with good results; why don't you try it?

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

GRAND CIRCUIT

Buffalo Track Was Very Fast

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 2.—The Buffalo Driving club's grand circuit meeting opened yesterday afternoon at Kenilworth park with a very fast track prepared for the light harness cracks. On paper the day's card looked promising for competition, but as it developed there was little exciting in the events, straight heats deciding all.

The opening event, the three-year-old trot, developed a peculiar situation. Under the conditions, calling for but two heats, Princess Athel and Alta Axelworthy were tied in the summary, and it was not until some search that the judges discovered another clause which gave the fastest heat winner first money in this event. Princess Athel won the race by a quarter of a second. The winner was favorite in the pools. Alexander and Major C. were hot favorites in their races, and both won handily, although with a change in drivers. Little Squaw brushed Geers to a head in the closing event. The summaries:

First Race The Preparation, Three-Year Old Trotters Purse $6000.

Princess Athel, bf (De Ryder) 1 2
Alta Axelworthy, ch f (Thomas)........ 2 1
Major Gusterlle, b (Hudson)........ 3 3
Fairy Fedx, bs, (Barrett)........ dis
Lord Revelstoke, be, (Molary)........ dis
Time 2.15½, 2.15½.

Second race The Introduction Three-Year-Old Pacers Purse $5000.

Simon Kenton, br c (Hudson)........ 1 2
Dork B, bf, (Snow)........ 4 1
Allota, blk, c (McLaughlin)........ 2 3
Teddy Weaver, be, (Dillon)........ 3 5
Dorcas H, bf, (D. Thomas)........ 5 4
Bokas, sf, (Dolly)........ dis
Time 2.15½, 2.16½.

Third Race 2.25 Trot Purse $1500.

Alexander, bg, (Geers)........ 1 1
Bonnie Russell, bs, (Hudson)........ 2 2
Silver Ore, gg (Snow)........ 3 3
Time 2.11½, 2.13¼.

Fourth Race 2.07 Pace—Purse $1500.

Major C, bg, (Geers)........ 1 1
Little Squaw, blk m, (Geldeburg and McLaughlin)........ 3 2
Locande, bs, (Rosemire)........ 2 3
Joe Pointer, blk, (McClary)........ 4 4
Chitamald, bm, (McLaughlin)........ dis
Time 2.04½, 2.05¼.

SARATOGA RACES.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 2.—A fast track, partly cloudy and warm weather, a remarkably large crowd, and a well filled card, combined to make the opening day's racing here yesterday well worth while. Lord of the Vale, August Belmont's four-year-old chestnut, won the feature event of the day, the Saratoga handicap, without effort, covering the mile and a quarter in 2.05 and thus equalling the track record for that distance. A length and a half separated the Hastings colt from E. R. Bradley's Bad News at the finish, Hermis and Waterboy having been withdrawn. The Picket ruled favorite, having 9 to 5 chalked against him when they went to the post, but was beaten out of third money by Caughnawaga, by a neck.

James R. Keen's Sysonby won the Flash stakes worth $5000 to the winner, in hollow fashion.

At one time in the steeplechase, the Ballston cup, Bonfire was the only horse on his feet with a rider on his back, except Thorn Hedge, who could not be induced to take the jumps. Donohue on Celigny, was thrown in clearing the water jump, the first time around. He remounted, however, when his mount had been caught, and finished. Jiminez, an added starter, fell in taking the Liverpool and was so badly injured that it was found necessary to destroy him. His rider, Connolly, suffered a dislocated shoulder. The summary:

First heat, six furlongs—W. R. Condon, 110, Cormack, 20 to 1, won; Girtle, 105, Redfern, 15 to 1, second; Emergency, 100, Robbins, 4 to 1, third. Time—1.12. Mimosa, Hildebrand up, won but was disqualified for fouling in the back stretch.

Second, the Ballston cup, steeplechase, full course, about 2½ miles—Bonfire, 152, G. H. Wilson, 11 to 5, won; Celigny, 154, Donohue, 3 to 5, second. Time—6.21.

Third, the Flash stakes, five and a half furlongs—Sysonby, 125, Redfern, 2 to 5, won; Augur, 119, J. Martin, 2 to 5, second; Glorifier, 125, Hildebrand, 11 to 5, third. Time 1.06 4-5.

Fourth, the Saratoga handicap, 1 1-4 miles, for 3 year-olds—Lord of the Vale, 112, Lyne, 2 to 1, won; Bad News 108, C. Kelly, 5 to 1, second; Caughnawaga, 111, Odom, 20 to 1, third. Time 2.05.

Fifth, 5½ furlongs—Heart's Desire 109, Hildebrand, 9 to 10, won; Mirthless, 109, Phillips, 6 to 1, second; Zeala, 109, Lyne, 12 to 1, third. Time 1.07 4-5.

Sixth, one mile—Sec, 107, Redfern, 7 to 1, won; Unmasked, 103, E. Walsh, 5 to 2, second; Prince Chirg, 105, T. Burns, 20 to 1, third. Time 1.39 3-5.

LOWELL GIRL

SENTENCED ON A CHARGE OF VAGRANCY.

The following is from the Nashua correspondence in today's Manchester Union:

"Nellie Gill blew in from Lowell all forlorn this morning, barefooted and ragged as the wandering Jew. Nellie is 20 years old and doesn't go overweighted with clothing when the humidity is high. She was given a chance to try her luck at the farm for forty days on a charge of vagrancy."

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

At the regular meeting of Wamesit lodge, I. O. O. F., held last night, there was a large attendance of members. The preparations which are being made for the Montreal district delegation gave the members an opportunity of discussing plans. Most of the coming events will occur in Boston, but on Sunday, Sept. 19, the Lowell and Lawrence lodges will entertain the Wamesit and it is expected that there will be a large gathering.

Suicide Prevented.

The startling announcement that a preventive of suicide has been discovered will interest many. A run down system, or despondency invariably precede suicide and something has been found that will prevent that condition which makes suicide likely. At the first thought of self destruction take Electric Bitters. It being a great tonic and nervine will strengthen the nerves and build up the system. It's also a great Stomach, Liver and Kidney regulator. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by F. C. Goodale, Druggist, 217 Central street.

CONSUELLO HURT

Duchess Was Thrown From Her Horse

LONDON, Aug. 2.—Consuello, Duchess of Marlborough, (formerly Miss Vanderbilt) was thrown from a horse yesterday evening in Blenheim park and considerably bruised and shaken. She was taken to the palace in a motor car and probably will be confined to the house for a week.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Bernard W. Taylor and Miss Nellie M. Bowen were united in marriage, last evening, by Rev. F. M. Pickles. The ceremony was performed at the bride's home, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Weeks. Miss Cora Titus was the maid of honor. The gifts were many and useful and included a chocolate set from the Sunday school scholars of Miss Bowen at the Centralville Methodist church. During a short reception and social hour, refreshments were served.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Taylor have been active in the work of the Centralville church, Mr. Taylor serving on the official board. Their future home is to be near Keene, N. H., where Mr. Taylor's services are needed on his mothers' farm, his boyhood home.

AITKEN—PRITCHARD.

Mr. Alexander Aitken and Miss Jessie M. Pritchard were united in marriage last evening at the home of the bride's parents, 18 Mt. Grove street. The ceremony was performed at 7.30 o'clock by Rev. Ralph Gillam, in the presence of a few relatives and friends. Miss Jennie P. Pritchard, sister of the bride, was the maid of honor, and Robert Aitken, brother of the groom, was best man.

PAULSON—SANDERS.

Mr. Philip Paulson and Miss Helga Sanders were united in marriage July 30, at 338 Lincoln street, by Rev. T. W. Lindhalm.

Don't have a heater put in your house until you have seen our line—the finest display of Boilers and Furnaces in Lowell.

CARROLL BROS.
Tel. 640. 86 Middle St.

BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

Corrected to June 27, 1904. Trains leave Merrimack street depot Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.13, 6.22, x6.45, 7.40, *8.50, 9.22, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, 4.25, x5.44 p. m. SUNDAYS 8.15 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex street station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.46, 6.28, *6.39, x6.49, w6.50, 7.01, 7.24, 7.31, *7.48, x7.52, w*8.00, *8.57, w9.25, 9.33, w10.50, 11.05, *11.43 a. m.; w12.05, 12.14, w12.45, 1.44, *1.56, w2.30, w3.10, *3.47, w3.55, *4.02, 4.28, w5.06, 5.22, x5.49, *6.12, w6.15, 7.00, *7.29, 8.12, w9.15 p. m.; SUNDAYS 6.39, 7.24, 8.16, 8.43, 9.20 a. m.; w12.10, 3.25, w3.55, 5.29, w5.30, *6.12, *7.29, w8.45 p. m.

For Lawrence and Haverhill, 6.28, w6.50, z7.31, w8.30, w9.25, w10.50 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28 (to Lawrence only), w2.30, 3.55, w5.06, w6.16, w7.00, w9.15, qw11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.10, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.

For stations between Reading and Boston, Western Division, 6.50, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 3.55, 5.06, 7.00, 9.15, p. m. SUNDAYS 8.15, a. m.; 12.10, 3.55, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.

For Salem, Mass., w6.28, 7.31 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, j2.30, j3.55, w5.06, 5.28 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.28 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.00, 3.55, 6.15 p. m.

For Haverhill Bridge, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach R. R., 3.00 p. m., until Sept. 9, inclusive.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30, a. m.; 12.05, 3.55, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.10, 5.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55, 5.06, p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.10, 5.30 p. m.

For Waterville, Rockland and way stations 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.06, p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.10 to Lewiston only, 5.30 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast and way stations, 8.30 a. m.; 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15, a. m. (to Bangor only); 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 6.50 a. m.; 5.06 p. m. (5.06 train does not run Saturdays) SUNDAYS 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland) on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesday and Friday at 5.06 p. m.

For Woburn 6.28, 7.01, 7.31, *7.48, 11.05 a. m.; 1.43, 4.28, 8.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 8.43 a. m.; 3.25, 5.29 p. m.

For stations between Winchester and Boston, Southern Division, 5.46, 6.28, 7.31, 7.48, 9.33, 11.05 a. m.; 1.44, 1.56, 4.28, 5.22, 8.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.39, 7.27, 8.15, *9.20 a. m.; 3.25, 5.29 p. m.

For Ayer Junction and Way Stations 7.07, 11.55 a. m.; 5.01, and 5.12 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.45 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.03 a. m.; 1.00, 3.10, 4.07, 5.39 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Leamington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.03 a. m.; 3.10 to Hillsboro, 4.07 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.30, 9.03, *9.39, *9.59, *10.39 a. m.; 12.00, 1.00, *1.39, *1.51, 3.10 (Nashua only) 4.07, 5.39, 6.27, *8.10, *9.10, 12.23 (Nashua only) a. m. SUNDAYS, 10.02, *10.39 a. m.; *12.00, 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, *9.10 p. m.

For stations on White Mt. Div., 7.30, *9.59 a. m.; *1.54, 5.39 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon, White River Junction, 7.30, 9.39 a. m.; b12.00, *1.39, 6.59, *b9.10 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.) Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.30, *9.39, a. m.; 1.39, *5.39 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.00 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River, b9.39 a. m.; *b9.10 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal via Central Vermont line, 9.39 a. m.; *b12.00, *b9.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line, *b10.39 a. m.; *b9.10 p. m. QUEBEC EXPRESS via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, *1.39, *b9.10 p. m.

References—
j via Wakefield Junction.
*Express. b Daily.
qWednesdays and Saturdays only.
w via Western Division.
x via Bedford. z via Wilmington Junction.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.
H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

MISCELLANEOUS

MRS. CLARA ADAMS clairvoyant and card reader and intelligence employment office, 75 Gorham street, opposite Court House.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO., 376 Bridge street. Invites your attention is called to see our silent ball-bearing, light-running, rotary machine. It excels all others. We repair all makes of sewing machines, give us a call.

T. BEAUCHEMIN & M. FOURNIER, express and furniture moving in and out of city, pianos handled with great care, office 231 Middlesex st., residence 809 Princeton st.

REAL ESTATE MEN, property owners, etc. Will paper your room, furnishing gold paper and border to match, and hanging same in a first class manner for $2 per room. Special prices quoted on more than one room. Painting, whitewashing, etc., at correspondingly low prices. D. Baker & Co., 150 Gorham st.

IF YOUR STRAW HAT is looking dusty or dirty just call at Joe Delorme the Hater, 261 Middlesex st. where you can have it cleaned and pressed at short notice. Hats made to order.

RAILROAD AND COMMERCIAL telegraphy taught thoroughly by an experienced telegrapher, positions guaranteed when competent. H. L. Whitten, 194 Gorham st.

BENT'S NO. 2 for excessive sweating feet; harmless 25c at Falls and Burkinshaw's only, corner Middlesex and Thorndike sts.

DRINK GLORIA for new and vigorous life. Bade Bros. Telephone.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound gives positive relief; powerful combination; used by 200,000 women; price 25 cents; druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LIMBURG—Chimney expert; chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1123 Bridge street. Telephone.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY LOANED salaried people, easy weekly payments, no delay, we trust to your honor. Massachusetts Loan Co., 13 Merrimack Sq., 16 Prescott st., Room 9.

MONEY TO LOAN—On credit without security, salaried people, merchants. Easy payments, lowest rates, discount for prompt payments. Merrimack Loan Co., 25 Associate Bldg.

DON'T BE SHORT—Plenty of money to loan to salaried people, merchants boarding house keepers, teamsters, etc. Easy weekly payments, lowest rates in the city. Confidential; no publicity; no delay. Special inducements for quick payments. Private office. U. S. Loan Co., 50 Prescott st., room 5, Lowell, Mass.

PAWNBROKER—Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A Stein, 343 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 5, Swan building, 28 Central street.

MONEY TO LOAN salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses, without security; easy payments; largest business in 42 principal cities. Tolman, room 26 Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Leases paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Leinbas, room 9, Barristers hall.

SUMMER RESORTS

NAHANT BEACH—Furnished rooms to let by the day or week. 12 and 14 Suffolk st., Lynn, Mass.

REVERE BEACH—Billerica cottage, 372 Ocean Ave., rooms and board. All home cooking, terms reasonable. Apply to Miss MacDonald.

"You may be prosperous today, but cannot foretell tomorrow. Put your money where it will be secure and make it earn all it safely can. What is better than Real Estate? Is it not better than preferred stock in some "Wild Cat Speculation?"

We have for sale a nice clean four tenement block that is now renting for $408 per year that can be sold for $3500.

How would a nice Two Apartment House suit you, that pays 13 per cent. gross on $5000. $1700 will buy it.

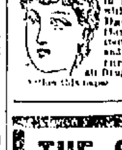
For Sale—Flour, hay grain and coal business, stock, horses, wagons and everything pertaining to the business. Now doing a business of $1200 per month. Investigation invited.

$200 will buy one of the prettiest little country homes to be found outside of Lowell.

E. H. WHITE
Successor to Fish & Plummer
137 CENTRAL STREET

BUY A HOME OF YOUR OWN—If you are renting a house a thousand rent receipts hold no meaning for the future, investigate our plan It is never too late to begin, it is easier to pay a few dollars down and balance as rent than to pay a thousand dollars all at once. Rent money is like seed, but the harvest is the landlord's not yours. The renter lives from day to day, from springtime to springtime. The home owner enjoys the satisfaction of a permanent home for his family, the small improvements and adornments that make a home the center of a family pride are doubly dear, because their permanency is assured. Hundreds of renters are yearly becoming home owners through the assistance of the liberal terms of the S. Lagasse Co. You can sow those rent dollars in the field of easy payments and reap a home of your own, start today. Without seeding there can be no harvest, you can begin with $25.00 or more down, balance same as rent, call today. S. Lagasse, 225 Hildreth street, Centralville.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.



THE SUN
Is on Sale
At both Newstands
In the Union Station
BOSTON

SPECIAL NOTICES

DRESSMAKER will make a lady's suit for $3.00 as advertisement. 23 C St.

MRS. ANNA M. COGGESHALL has moved from 26 to 28 Nichols street.

TRADING STAMPS—All colors, we make a specialty of Tea and Coffee, we give 80 stamps with one pound of Baking Powder at 50c; 80 with one pound of our 60c Tea; 60 with our 50c Tea; 10 with our 25c Coffee; 20 with our 30c Coffee; 30 with our 35c Coffee. The Elwood Tea Co., Davis Square.

LADIES—A most satisfactory summer dessert is "Dainty Desserts." Makes delicious puddings by simply adding pure milk. Flavoring if desired. No baking—prepared in a moment's time. Send 10c for full size package, also our booklet entitled "Some Ideas for Desserts." Leopold Anderson Co., Campello, Mass.

PRACTICAL DRESSMAKER—Miss M. W. Taylor solicits your patronage, 17 Caddell Avenue, Crescent st., off Chelmsford st.

DAVID HUNTLEY wishes to announce to his friends and patrons that he has opened up a bakery store at 1030 Gorham st. with a fresh supply of pies, cake, bread and pastry every day, wedding cakes made to order.

THAT POUND OF COFFEE if bought at Dickson's will be fresh roasted, fresh ground or pulverized and the best coffee you ever had. Double stamps all this week. Dickson's Tea Store, 65 Merrimack st.

BILLIARD AND POOL tables bought, sold and repaired, all work guaranteed. S. Scott, 34 Central st.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—The Sun is on sale every day at both news-stands of the Union Station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

WANTED

WANTED—A tenement of 5 or 6 rooms, good location, about $11 a month. Steady tenant. Address J. D., Sun Office.

TRADING STAMPS—We give 50c per 100 for Green, 12c for Blue. Count your stamps and send them by mail. We forward money order for same. L. E. Gibson, 508 Massachusetts Ave., Boston.

WANTED—Sewing to do at home. Mrs. J. S. Wilkinson, 88 First stret.

WANTED—Children to board in East Chelmsford, second house on right past city line. Take Boston car.

LYING IN HOSPITAL—This is the only place of its kind in this vicinity and is so equipped as to accommodate all classes, Mrs. Blanchard, 688 Pleasant street, Dracut Centre. Telephone 731-4.

WANTED—Children to board in country desirable home, terms reasonable. Address Box 163, Billerica Centre.

CASH PAID for second-hand furniture, also sold and exchanged. Bornstein & Quinn, 118-120 Gorham street.

QUINCY HOUSE, 53 Lee street—Boarders wanted; three square 25c meals for 36c a day, 7 days in the week. James McGregor, prop.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A competent Protestant girl in a small family. Apply at 426 Varnum Ave.

EXPERIENCED KITCHEN GIRL wanted, no washing, no chamber work. Thomas Don, 56 Merrimack Square, Mass. Corp.

WANTED—A young man between 16 and 21 years old to learn barber trade. Inquire Sun Office.

WANTED—A good experienced table girl. Inquire 39 Chelmsford st.

WANTED—By a young woman, a place as housekeeper in a small family and a child 7 years old. Address this office, Mrs. S. M.

WANTED—Representatives in Lowell and vicinity for the Equitable Banking Company. Steady work and good pay. W. D. Cobb, 26 Central st., Room 2.

WANTED—A woman to do housework and to take care of children. Apply at 25 West Sixth street.

WANTED—A cook at once. 25 Robinson st.

WANTED—A girl in a Greek Coffee House. Call at 524 Market st.

WANTED—A kitchen girl, no washing to do. Apply 111 Westford st.

WANTED—Three or four good spinners wanted on D. & F. long mules that are willing to work steady for good pay, no other need apply. Family help preferred. Cochrane Mfg. Co., Dedham, Mass.

WANTED—Table girl at 213 Middlesex st.

150 CARPENTERS WANTED

for long steady job. Good wages. Apply immediately to

R. L. FOSBURGH & SONS
Beverly, Mass.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED—Middle aged lady would like housework or minding children. A. W., Sun Office.

SITUATION WANTED—Doing general housework by a Norwegian young woman. Apply at 124 London street.

SITUATION WANTED—Would like position as housekeeper in widower's family or would care for invalid. Address Housekeeper, Sun Office.

WANTED—A job on a farm, can do almost any kind of farm work. Address 41 Andover st.

WANTED—A chance to work as clerk in grocery or saloon, can talk several languages. Address William Nowrocki, 212 Fayette st.

WANTED—A situation by a middle aged woman to do light housework or care for 1 child under 1 year old. Inquire at 167 East Merrimack st.

WANTED—By a woman of middle age, a place to do housework in a small family, permanence desired more than large wages. Mrs. Scott, 74 London st.

WANTED—Light work around gentleman's place or as watchman by sober, honest man with references. Good home more than pay desired. Inquire at 28 Smith street. James Kelley.

WANTED—By an elderly woman, a situation to care for an invalid or to do light housework. Address Mrs. Lucy this office or call at 152 Appleton st.

NURSE—Thoroughly experienced nurse, capable of acting as midwife, confinement cases a specialty. Address 20 Chestnut square.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Boot black stand, 6 chairs, plenty polish, cigars and tobacco, ladies' dressing, etc. Reason for sale sickness. For particulars call at The Sun Office.

FOR SALE—Singer sewing machines, three almost new machines, one tailor machine, very cheap as we retire from business. Apply today 103 Gorham st.

STOP, THINK—Men's Goodyear welt sample shoes for sale at cost prices, Stover & Dean, Hood Bldg.

FOR SALE—Books, law, religious and miscellaneous. Boscawen and Hollis Town Histories. Large and small lots of books purchased. Merritt, 277 Middlesex st.

FOR SALE—Milk route, $350; variety store, $85; bakery and store, $300; cigar and tobacco store, $160; barber shop and store, $200; lodging house, 17 rooms, $125; grocery store, $250. All these places are great bargains. Apply Greene, 104 Central st.

FOR SALE—First class lodging house, centrally located, 13 rooms all rented, must be sold at once on account of sickness. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE—Near centre of the city, a large fruit, tobacco and confectionery store, takes in from $100 to $125 a week, cheap for cash. Address, H. D., Sun Office.

FOR SALE—A desirable house lot containing 5200 sq. ft. situated on Madison street. High and dry, city water, gas and sewer on the street. Inquire J. T. Hornby, 41 Madison st.

FOR SALE—Steam carriage, built to order. New Stanley engine and Stanley '04 burner; price, $300. "B," 434 Haverhill st., Lawrence, Mass.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE—For sale by family giving up housekeeping Apply at Sun Office.

PIANO FOR SALE—Also household furniture at 103 East Merrimack st.

FOR SALE—Two second hand safes and one cash register. Inquire at 23 East Merrimack st.

TO LET

TO LET—Camp 2 miles out on line of Lawrence electrics. Inquire at 19 Dutton st., one week only.

TO RENT—2 upstair flats on Middlesex st. Nos. 1105 and 1107, one has bath, set tubs and range. See owner, 55 Harvard st.

TO LET—A good tenement at a low rent in Brown's Block, Marshal street, Key at No. 4.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Very pleasant front and two side rooms. Reasonable to respectable parties. 271 Gorham st., opposite Court House.

TO LET—Small tenement fronting on the street. Rent low. Inquire at 154 South street.

TO LET—Furnished rooms at 40 Kirk st.

TO LET—At 98 John st. furnished rooms, no objection to light housekeeping.

TO LET—A nice sunny tenement of 4 rooms $1.25 a week. Inquire at 22 Jewett st.

NICE AIRY ROOMS—$2.00 to $3.00 per week. Board if desired, one minute to beach. 95 Newhall st., Lynn.

TO LET—Furnished rooms single or suite, bath, gas, private house, 151 Branch street. Electrics pass door.

TO LET—Furnished rooms with baths, hot and cold water; steam heat; $1.50 per week and upwards, best rooms for price in city. Apply 201 Middlesex st.

TO LET—Tenement at 341 Lakeview ave, A1 condition, $1.35 to $1.60 per week. Inquire at store.

TO LET—On Riverside st. near the Textile School a modern tenement of seven rooms, bath, pantry and laundry.

TO LET—On Salem st. corner of Dane. A modern six room tenement. Call at 282 Riverside st.

TO LET—Large front room, bay window, modern conveniences, bath, telephone, excellent location for traveling man, five minutes walk from square. Address W. D., this office.

TO LET AT HAMPTON BEACH—Rooms at reasonable rates in a very desirable cottage. Address A. D. Winslow, Hampton Beach, N. H.

TO LET—Furnished room on School street, near Pawtucket. Gentleman preferred. Address C. M. W., Sun Office.

TO LET—Two houses at Salisbury Beach, rent very low, for further particulars address Mrs. A. T. Clark, 75 Market st., Amesbury, Mass.

TO LET—Suite of unfurnished rooms at 23 Bridge street.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address or call at 19 Dutton street, after 6 o'clock.

TO LET—A first class boarding house in good repair, all furnished with curtains, 21 rooms 512 Central street. Inquire 31 Jackson or 705 Bridge street.

TENEMENTS—Two room and four room tenements, Chestnut square. Inquire 81 Chestnut street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—On Rogers street, Belvidere, two story, ten room house with bath and pantry and seven thousand feet of land all fenced in. Smith & Cavanaugh Donovan building, Central st.

SEASHORE FARM—Magnificent ocean view; dig clams, catch lobsters and go fishing right on your own shore; excellent shade; 140 acres; 11 rooms in house; plenty of good well water; barn 40x60, with cellar; all in good repair; mail delivered, few steps to good neighbors; ¼ mile to school and store; only 3½ miles out from village and depot; cuts 25 tons hay from level; smooth fields; excellent soil, growing fine crops of corn, beans, oats, potatoes, vegetables and small fruits, which bring fancy prices at nearby resorts; good pasture for 14 cows, with trout brook; 500 cords wood; 40 apple trees, good for 30 barrels a year; owner to get quick sale will sacrifice; price only $1800; half cash and easy terms; it is the chance of a life time to secure a warranty deed to easy living; write us for travelling instructions, so that you can go to see it at once. Illustrated lists of other New England farms, with reliable information of soils, crops, markets, climate, &c., mailed free. E. A. STROUT, Farm Department, 39, 150 Nassau st., New York City, or Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—A small purse at entrance to Crescent Park, Sunday. Finder rewarded at Sun Office.

LOST—A long, black lace scarf. Suitable reward. Address S. B. E., 98 Main st., Andover.

LOST—A gold bracelet marked letter G, Friday evening. Return to Sun Office and receive reward.

LOST—A lady's open face chatelaine watch between Crowley st. Railroad Bridge, Lawrence st. Reward at this office.

THEY SPLIT EVEN

Lowell Took One in Manchester Double Header

Cross Pitched Finely in First—Day Pounded in Second—A New Pitcher Has a Disastrous Try-Out

Lowell went to Manchester yesterday and split even with the home team in a double header. The first game was "some" baseball with old reliable Cross in the points for Lowell, and poor little Deacon Morrisey with a felon on his finger, doing the best he could for the home team.

In the second game the home team waded into Billy Day and soon had him looking like a deuce spot in a game of whist pool. Then along came Thoit, who thoit he could pitch. Thoit couldn't pitch quoit, but he thought he could and as he had come direct from Maine, with the odor of pine needles all over him and his return ticket sewed in his pants pocket, demanding a trial, Manager Lake gave him a chance and put him in after Day had been soundly walloped.

Thoit soon showed that he wouldn't make good in a backyard game of three-o-cat, but they let him finish the game out and after supper the gang all said, "Goodby, Jack old boy!" while the village band played "Home Sweet Home," as the wonder from Maine cut the thread that held his return ticket and fastened to to the rear car in the train bound for Maine.

Leith pitched the second game for the home team and the game reminded one of "Blind Man's Buff," for in the entire game Lowell got but two hits.

FIRST GAME.

Both teams scored in the opening inning.

Lowell at bat. Tierney drew his base on balls and went to second on Connors' sacrifice, Morrisey to Chapman. Dorgan foul-flied to Page. Hickey pounded out a single to left, scoring Tierney from second base, who did some very clever sprinting. Lake foul-flied to Chapman.

For Manchester, Graham went out, McLaughlin to Lake, who did quick work as the Manchester runner sprinted to beat the band. Armbuster bunted the ball slowly toward third and beat it out to first and then stole second. Smith died, Hickey to Lake, Armbuster going to third. Warren got his base on balls and stole second, McGovern throwing to McLaughlin, who muffed, Armbuster scoring. Chapman singled, scoring Warren. The former attempted to steal second but was retired, McGovern to McLaughlin.

Score—Manchester 2, Lowell 1.

Lowell scored again in the fourth and seventh. In the fourth Hickey hit a high fly to Armbuster, who failed to hold the ball, Mattie continuing along to second and then went to third on Lake's put out, Knau to Chapman. Bigbie singled to left and went to second on Armbuster's fumble of the hit. McLaughlin got a life on a fumble of Warren, who fell all over the ball, while Bigbie in the meantime went to third. McGovern flied to Knau. McLaughlin ran toward second and Page threw to Taylor, who quickly returned the ball, catching Bigbie at the home plate.

McLaughlin bunted the ball slowly toward third and beat it out to first and went to second on McGovern's sacrifice, Taylor to Chapman. Cross high flied to Armbuster. Tierney singled, scoring McLaughlin from second. Tierney attempted to go to second on the throw to the home plate to head off McLaughlin, but was retired, Graham, Morrissey and Taylor figuring in the put out.

LOWELL.

	ab	r	bh	tb	po	a	e
Tierney rf	3	1	2	2	1	0	0
Connors 3b	3	0	1	1	3	2	1
Dorgan cf	4	0	2	2	1	0	0
Hickey 2b	3	1	1	1	1	4	0
Lake 1b	4	0	0	0	11	0	0
Bigbie lf	4	0	1	1	3	1	0
McLaughlin ss	4	1	1	1	4	5	1
McGovern c	3	0	0	0	2	2	1
Cross p	3	0	0	0	1	1	0
Totals	31	3	5	5	27	15	3

MANCHESTER.

	ab	r	bh	tb	po	a	e
Graham cf	4	0	1	2	1	1	0
Armbuster lf	3	1	2	2	4	0	2
Smith rf	3	0	1	1	0	0	0
Warren 2b	3	1	0	0	1	1	1
Chapman 1b	4	0	1	1	12	0	0
Taylor 2b	4	0	1	2	1	4	0
Knau ss	3	0	0	0	1	3	0
Page c	3	0	0	0	4	2	0
Morrissey p	3	0	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	30	2	6	8	27	15	3

Score by innings:

Lowell	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	—3
Manchester	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Earned runs—Lowell. Two base hits—Graham, Taylor. Sacrifice hits—Connors, Hickey, McGovern. Stolen bases—Armbuster 2, Warren. Double play—Smith and Chapman. First base on balls—Tierney, Warren, Knau, Armbuster, Smith. Struck out—Graham, Knau. Time—1.45. Umpire—Kerins. Attendance—500.

SECOND GAME.

The second game was 2 to 0 in favor of the home team for five innings but in the sixth the home team pounded Day out of the box and made five runs. They scored three more in the eighth by taking kindly to Thoit's Maine curves.

LOWELL.

	ab	r	bh	tb	po	a	e
Tierney rf	4	0	0	0	2	0	0
Connors 3b	3	0	1	1	2	2	1
Dorgan cf	4	0	0	0	4	0	1
Hickey 2b	4	0	0	0	1	1	1
Lake 1b	4	0	1	2	9	0	0
Bigbie lf	3	0	0	0	1	0	1
McLaughlin ss	3	0	0	0	2	1	1
McGovern c	2	0	0	0	3	2	0
Day p	2	0	0	0	0	2	0
Thoit p	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	30	0	2	3	24	11	5

MANCHESTER.

	ab	r	bh	tb	po	a	e
Graham cf	4	3	2	2	1	0	0
Armbuster lf	5	0	2	2	1	0	0
Smith rf	3	1	1	1	0	0	0
Warren 2b	5	0	1	1	1	1	0
Chapman 1b	5	1	1	2	11	0	0
Taylor 2b	3	2	2	2	1	5	0
Knau ss	4	1	0	0	1	2	3
Page c	3	1	2	2	7	1	0
Leith p	4	0	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	36	9	11	12	27	14	3

Score by innings:

Lowell	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manchester	1	1	0	0	0	4	0	3	x	—9

Earned runs—Manchester 3. Two base hits—Smith, Lake. Sacrifice hits—McGovern, Smith, Knau 2, Page. Stolen bases—Day, Graham 2, Chapman, Taylor, Knau. First base on balls—Graham, Connors, Knau, McLaughlin, Taylor. Hit by pitched ball—Bigbie. Struck out—Dorgan, Page, McGovern, Graham, Leith, Thoit, Hickey, Lake. Time—1.40. Umpire—Kerins. Attendance—500.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

At Manchester—(first game) Lowell 3, Manchester 2. Batteries, Cross and McGovern. Morrisey and Page. (Second game) Manchester 9, Lowell 0. Batteries, Day, Thoit and McGovern. Attendance 500.

At Nashua, Nashua 5, Concord 5; 10 innings, rain. Batteries, Swope and Merritt, Steventon and Diggins. Attendance 500.

At New Bedford—New Bedford 3, Haverhill 2. Batteries, Friend and Burrill, McGinley and C. Murphy. Attendance 500.

At Fall River—Lawrence 3, Fall River 0. Batteries, Lahey and Eaton, Harris and Peterson. Attendance 500.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Boston 8, Cleveland 0.
At Washington—Chicago 4, Washington 2.
At Detroit—Detroit 5, New York 6.
At St. Louis—Philadelphia 4, St. Louis 0.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Brooklyn—Boston-Brooklyn game postponed—rain.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg 4, Chicago 0.
At New York—Philadelphia-New York game postponed—rain.

GAMES TODAY.

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

Manchester at Lowell.
Nashua at Concord (two games).
Haverhill at New Bedford.
Lawrence at Fall River.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston at Cleveland.
New York at Detroit.
Washington at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis at Boston.
Pittsburg at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at New York.
Chicago at Philadelphia.

N. E. LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Haverhill	53	23	.697
Lowell	39	24	.584
Nashua	39	37	.512
Fall River	38	40	.487
Concord	36	35	.486
Manchester	36	41	.474
New Bedford	36	40	.474
Lawrence	25	50	.333

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Boston	53	33	.616
Chicago	54	35	.607
New York	50	34	.595
Cleveland	47	36	.566
Philadelphia	47	38	.553
St. Louis	34	46	.425
Detroit	34	50	.405
Washington	18	65	.217

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
New York	62	24	.721
Chicago	53	34	.609
Cincinnati	52	37	.584
Pittsburg	50	36	.581
St. Louis	48	40	.545
Boston	33	57	.367
Brooklyn	32	59	.352
Philadelphia	22	65	.253

DIAMOND NOTES.

Manchester here today.

Hoity Thoity! Back to the tall pines.

Double-header with the scrappy Concords at Spalding park, Thursday.

It didn't take McGovern long to get back to his old job.

Manager Mack has been trying to get Lord, third baseman of the South Portland team.

Thoity was recommended to Manager Mack by a Portland newspaperman. Thus it isn't always farmers who buy gold bricks.

Will Page, the clever catcher of the Manchester baseball team, is fast sickening of the game and the way it is being played by the team which he represents. While conversing with a representative of The News this morning, he said: "I must confess that the way things have been going this season have taken some of the enthusiasm out of me, but at the same time, if we were winning, I think that things would look better to every man on the team. It is a peculiar feature of the Manchester team this season that, when playing on the home grounds, they simply can't bat, but when they get out of town, they go at the sphere like fiends. I don't think that I shall be in the game next year, although if I play at all, it will probably be with Manchester, for I am bound here. Guess I'll hike me back to Nashua and put my time into my business instead of hiring someone to manage it for me."—Manchester News.

George Noblit has now made more base hits than any other player in the New England league. Soffel of Nashua reached the 100 mark earlier, but has laid off since, and Noblitt passed him on Friday, when he secured five good ones.

Billy Hamilton is triumphant. Fred Lake is satisfied, Billy Merritt is hopeful, Tom McDermott is prosperous, John Smith is sore, Steve Flanagan and Fred Doe are silent, and Jim Cooper and Nate Pulsifer are the prey of conflicting emotions.—Concord Patriot.

John Smith says he has lost because he has been playing "scientific" baseball. He further adds that but two teams in the league, Manchester and Lawrence, have played scientific ball and that because of the results as compared with other teams he thinks he will "ball" it from now on and see what that will bring. Surely poor John is woozly.—Nashua Press.

Frank Morrissey, the popular pitcher of the Manchester team, is crippled with a bone felon on his right hand and may have to quit the game for the remainder of the season. The felon started from an injury to his finger and has been growing worse, although the deacon has pluckily stuck to work when he was in no shape to do so. His physician will not be able to decide for another day whether it will be necessary to lance the finger, but if that operation is performed, Morrissey will be unable to play for several weeks and will return to his home in Baltimore. The team is so short of pitchers that Morrissey has had to work and it was said this noon that he might have to go in today to do the best he could with his crippled hand.

Manager Smith has signed a new pitcher, "Kid" Jordan of Lawrence, but Jordan other teams he thinks he will "ball" it out of condition. Jordan has done some brilliant work in the league, but it is understood that Lawrence let him go to reduce expenses.

Derby, the former Lowell twirler, was with the team yesterday, but jumped while on the trip to Nashua. Manchester Mirror.

BAN JOHNSON

GIVES REASONS WHY POST SERIES SHOULD BE PLAYED.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2—In a signed statement given out last night Ban Johnson, president of the American league, gives his reasons why a series of post-season games should be played between the leading teams in both major leagues to determine which team has the right to claim the baseball championship.

In his statement, Mr. Johnson bitterly scores John T. Brush and John McGraw of the New York National league team, and declares that these two men have done more toward the detriment of baseball in America than could the worst enemies of the game.

Replying to McGraw's recent accusation against the American league and its president Mr. Johnson says:

"This is only the latest of a series of vicious attacks and unfriendly actions toward our organization by John T. Brush. The true calibre of the president of the New York National league club is disclosed when he attempts to take refuge behind such an irresponsible character as McGraw.

"It is indeed a loathsome bird that befouls its own nest. The incidents of the last fortnight prove, beyond fear of contradiction, that there are at least two of that species in the National league."

In his arguments for the post-season series President Johnson, after a recital of Mr. Brush's refusal last year to participate in those games, concludes his statement as follows:

"At a meeting of the joint schedule committee of the American and National leagues last spring, a motion that a world's series be played this fall was put by President Hart of the Chicago National league club and was carried unanimously.

"Recently, however, Mr. Hart and his associates have shown little inclination to live up to this agreement.

"Sound sportsmanship, and not a sordid spirit, influences the American league in a desire to make the world's series and other interleagues' post-season games features each year. There is a public demand for these tests of the relative strength of the rival major league teams and we are content to submit to it.

"We believe that baseball would be benefited far more by maintaining its standard of skill and sportsmanship in the United States than by sending picked teams abroad to popularize our pastime in other countries, as the National league proposes to do this year."

BALD HEADS COVERED

With Luxuriant Hair and Crusted Scalps Cleansed and Purified by

CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by Light Dressings of Cuticura, the Great Skin Cure.

This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales and dandruff, destroys hair parasites, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, loosens the scalp skin, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

Millions now rely on Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings and chafings, for annoying irritations, or too free or offensive perspiration, for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet and nursery.

Complete treatment for every humour, consisting of Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the skin, Cuticura Ointment, to heal the skin, and Cuticura Resolvent Pills, to cool and cleanse the blood, may now be had for one dollar. A single set is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning and scaly humours, eczemas, rashes and irritations, from infancy to age, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), Ointment, 50c., Soap, 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors. Send for "How to Cure Every Humour," and "How to Have Beautiful Hair."

POLO CHAMPIONSHIP

ROCKAWAY FIRST CAPTURED THE GAME.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Aug. 2—The national polo championships opened yesterday at the Point Judith Country club with an interesting and spirited contest in the junior division between Rockaway First and Bryn Mawr Second, which the former won by a score of 14 to 9½ goals. Two Rockaway players were unhorsed, P. F. Collier and R. Lamontaigne, but fortunately escaped with but slight injuries.

Rockaway took the lead at the start and was never headed, although fierce playing by Strawbridge in the third period brought Bryn Mawr to within two goals of their opponents. Only one foul was imposed during the game.

The lineup and summary:

ROCKAWAY 1st	BRYN MAWR 2nd
William A. Hazard	Alexander Brown
D. C. Chauncey jr.	H. W. Harrison
R. Lamontaigne	R. C. Strawbridge
Back—P. H. Collier	Back George A. McFadden

FIRST PERIOD.

Goal won by	Made by	Time
1—Rockaway	La Montaigne	3.22
2 Bryn Mawr	Harrison	3.05
3—Rockaway	La Montaigne	.52
4—Bryn Mawr	McFadden	1.53
5 Rockaway	Hazard	.15
6—Rockaway	La Montaigne	1.12
7—Rockaway	Chauncey	3.22

SECOND PERIOD.

8—Bryn Mawr	McFadden	3.10
9—Bryn Mawr	Harrison	1.50
10—Rockaway	Chauncey	.39
11—Rockaway	Collier	1.51
12—Rockaway	Collier	1.17
13—Rockaway	Hazard	.11

THIRD PERIOD.

14—Bryn Mawr	McFadden	1.56
15—Bryn Mawr	Strawbridge	.51
16—Bryn Mawr	Strawbridge	7.50
17—Bryn Mawr	Strawbridge	3.50
18—Rockaway	La Montaigne	.12

FOURTH PERIOD.

19—Rockaway	Chauncey	.47
20—Bryn Mawr	Strawbridge	4.11
21—Rockaway	La Montaigne	2.18
22—Rockaway	La Montaigne	.35
23—Rockaway	La Montaigne	1.53
24 Bryn Mawr	Harrison	.25

The score:—Rockaway 14, Bryn Mawr 9½ goals.

Foul—Harrison. Referee—E. A. Mitchell and W. C. Lanell. Timer—W. D. King.

CRICKET NOTES

LOWELL TEAMS ARRANGE FOR IMPORTANT GAME.

A meeting of the State Cricket league was held in the American house in Boston last night and the principal business of local interest transacted was the matter of the Merrimack-Bunting game of June 25, which it was decided would have to be replayed. Both sides are perfectly satisfied with the decision as the way it stood neither side received any points, while with the replaying of the game one team stands as good a chance of gaining points as the other.

The Buntings were represented by Mr. Fred G. Humphriss, who ably presented the Buntings case to the league. Umpire Duggan, Vice Capt. Gath and Scorer Robinson also spoke for the Buntings.

After reviewing the details of the attempt to play the game on June 25 Mr. Humphriss closed with the following remarks:

"The league is to be congratulated for their quiet and persistent efforts for the promotion of cricket and they are largely responsible for the increased interest which is now being manifested in every city where the State league has a member. Followers of cricket all over New England are watching the movements of this league committee, as to a great extent the future of cricket in this section of the state is entrusted to your keeping, and whatever action you take in this matter will be read with interest by followers of the game, not only in this state, but wherever cricket is played on this side of the Atlantic. Careful consideration and thoughtful deliberation should be given to all the points and facts in the case, the standing of the club should have no bearing in the matter. No club in the league would feel as if they had won the championship honestly if the decision of that honor depended upon the two points which the Buntings would lose if you decide against them. Personally, I feel convinced that this committee will admit that the reasons we have presented are good ones and that there cannot be any question in your minds after listening to the evidence that the Buntings are entitled to these points and their claim recognized. We are not looking for any favors; all that we want is a chance to win the games honestly and above board. We do expect and have cause to believe that we shall receive just treatment in this case. The Buntings have no ill feelings in the matter. They are on excellent terms with every club in the league and especially can this be said in regard to the Merrimacks. I have refrained from saying anything that might hurt any one's feelings and have and shall avoid all personalities. We welcome a full decision in the case and hope it will be so conducted that after the matter has been settled there will be no soreness between any of the clubs. Let no word be spoken which will cause friction in this body, which has the reputation of doing their business in a gentlemanly and dignified manner."

There were many other matters of minor importance to local cricketers, brought before the meeting.

TERRIBLE RIDE

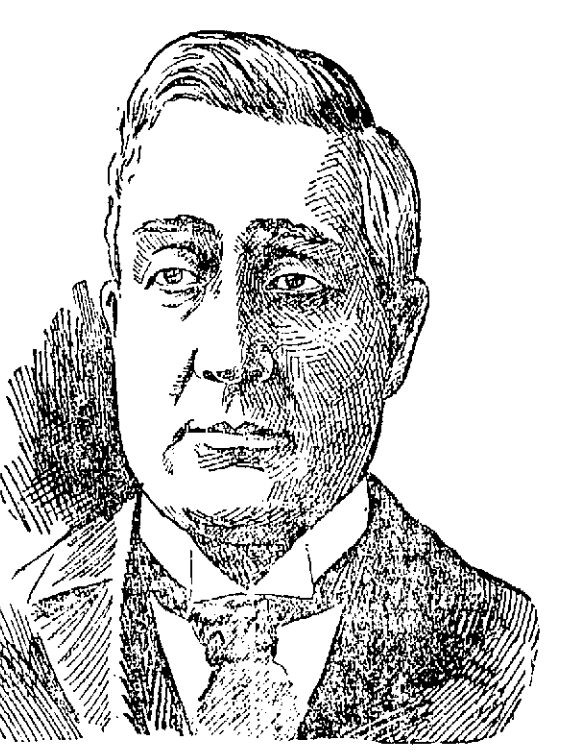
MAN HUNG HEAD DOWNWARD BETWEEN TWO CARS.

NEW YORK Aug. 2—With one foot held firmly as if in a vice, George Hardie, 23 years old, of Elizabeth, N. J., hung head downward between two coal cars of a train on the Central New Jersey yesterday afternoon while it traveled a distance of 10 miles. He was struck repeatedly by projections rising above the track level, but was powerless to extricate himself until the train reached Fanwood station.

He was found there by a brakeman and taken to Plainfield, his head torn and his chest cut in a dozen places. After boarding the train at Elizabeth Hardie was jolted from his seat, and, in falling, caught his foot in the coupling which saved him from being ground to pieces.

Dr. Charles Luftsarow, who was summoned to attend him, says Hardie will recover.

BOURKE COCKRAN



HON. BOURKE COCKRAN.

Arrainged Foreign Policy of Republican Party

BOSTON, Aug. 2—Despite the intense heat more than 200 persons crowded into Faneuil hall last night to hear W. Bourke Cockran of New York, Gov. L. F. C. Garvin, of Rhode Island, and Charles Francis Adams of this city, address a mass meeting called by the New England Anti-Imperialistic league. "Adherence to the democratic platform," was the slogan of the speakers.

The venerable George D. S. Boutwell, former governor of Massachusetts, and the president of the New England Anti-Imperialistic league, presided. The meeting was most enthusiastic, all of the speakers receiving tremendous ovations.

Former Gov. Boutwell made a brief introductory address and then introduced as the first speaker Gov. L. F. C. Garvin of Rhode Island. Gov. Garvin said in part:

"President Roosevelt in accepting the nomination for president, said: 'We are governing the Philippines in the interest of the Philippine people themselves.' At the same time he approved the Republican platform, including the following plank: 'In the Philippines we have suppressed insurrection, established order and given to life and property a security never before known there before. We have organized civil government, made it effective and strong in administration, and have conferred upon the people of those islands the largest civil liberty they have ever enjoyed.'

"Thus it appears that the only argument now above announced for the subjugation of the Filipinos is that they are benefitted thereby.

"But even the claim that the people of the Philippines are better off than they otherwise would have been because of our 'benevolent assimilation,' is an extremely dubious one. Quite likely, as the republican platform and candidates aver, our government of them is an improvement upon that of Spain. But that is not the contention. The question is whether the Philippines would not be still better off if we had dealt with them as we did with the Cubans. Certainly that seems probable. Half a century ago we came into contact with another Asiatic people. Today as a direct result of the wise and consistent action of two democratic administrations, Japan ranks with other civilized nations. Why could not Admiral Dewey have been instructed to do for the Philippine islands what Commodore Perry did for Japan?

"Instead of an independent and powerful friend, as is Japan, we have in the Philippine archipelago, a costly dependent and bitter enemy. As was to be expected, our denial of the right of self-government to other people has already reached here at home. In Rhode Island in 1902 a street railway syndicate which had secured irrepealable privileges of great values in our highways, refused to obey a ten-hour law for motormen and conductors. As a result of this anarchy, for which Senator Aldrich, as president of the street railway companies was chiefly responsible, strikes and disturbances arose in the most populous sections of the state, the military was called out, and although the law was declared constitutional, it was repealed, in effect, by the same legislature which a few months before had unanimously passed it."

Governor Garvin closed by expressing the opinion that there never had been a popular demand for a war with Spain, and in declaring his interest not only in the abolition of imperialism, but in the abolition of that government of the few which had made imperialism possible. To this end he advocated a more direct and complete control by the people of the state and national constitutions. He would have the power conferred upon 5 per cent. of the voters to propose constitutional amendments and to have them submitted to the entire electorate for adoption or rejection.

When the applause accorded Governor Garvin at the conclusion of his address had subsided, Charles Francis Adams of Boston was introduced.

"Important as the question of imperialism is, I frankly acknowledge that I am not one of those who regard it as of paramount importance in the present canvass. There are in my judgment other issues involved more momentous, and quite as pressing. So far as the Filipinos are concerned, the precedent recently established in the case of Cuba is always there; and it would cost but a signature to a sheet of paper for us, as a nation, to revert to our cardinal principle that every community must be assumed to be capable of self-government until the contrary is proven by results. We Americans do not like that political system exemplified and brought to its tragic conclusion in the recent assassination of Von Plehve—for we are assured that, as we in the Philippines, so the late chief of the secret police in Russia, recognized the necessity of bestowing a large measure of self-government upon the people, as soon as they have become fitted to receive it.' They sound familiar, whether uttered by Von Plehve at St. Petersburg or, as yesterday, at Washington—those words 'as soon as they have become fitted to receive it.'

"A question admitting of such easy and summary disposition at any time as this issue of the Philippines does not, therefore, seem to me the most vital of our issues. The thing of paramount importance in our present political situation is, as I see it, the creation of an organized party of the opposition, self-respecting, and the exponent of certain well-considered political principles.

"To imagine that any community living under a representative system of government—especially a community thoroughly democratic in its organization can long go on in satisfactory political shape without the presence within it of an effective opposition, as well as of a party in power, is, I hold it, contrary to reason. For eight years, for reasons which it is wholly unnecessary now to enter upon, this country has been without an opposition, either effective or self-respecting.

"The first duty, therefore, as I hold it, of any thoughtful independent, is to do, in the present canvass, whatever lies in his power towards bringing such an opposition into existence. If complete success should happily attend him in this effort, the most that could happen would be that the opposition would become the government, and the present government the opposition. And this I hold would be an outcome of the election in no way to be deplored. The republican party has been too long in power.

"Whatever be the result of the canvass, in it I see my way clearly. That way is to do the utmost in my power to do, much or little, to convert the democratic party into what is known in England as 'His Majesty's Opposition,'—that most essential feature in every community, the political policy of which is shaped from within and through discussion.

"More than this, I do not hesitate to and that if the one result most likely to be brought about by such action were brought about, it would, by and large, be for the country and the very best result which could possibly be brought about. We would have an executive with a house of representatives behind it, and on its side, and a senate in opposition. Light would then be shed into dark places, while no legislation could be enacted except what was thoroughly well-considered and safe.

"One step more. They talk today of paramount issues—the issue of anti-imperialism, the great race issue in the South, the issue of the tariff, the money issue, the issue of trusts. They talk about 'curbing the trusts.' I maintain there is no issue before the American people so important, or so difficult to meet, as the issue of curbing the senate! The oligarchic body has got to be brought back to its proper functions in the machinery of government, or disaster will result. As was predicted in the early days of the constitution, a portion of the legislative, clothed with a share of executive functions, has usurped functions one by one which did not belong to it, until even appointments in the judiciary have been turned over to the members of the senatorial ring, to be disposed of as comfortable berths for life for their influential political 'heelers.' There is no department of government today in which that irresponsible chamber is not actually supreme, under the operation of what is known as 'the courtesy of the senate.' Moreover, while they talk of trusts, I maintain we have never in our existence been called upon to confront such an insidious and dangerous trust as that partnership between the executive and the senatorial ring, which today exists under the Roosevelt regime, and exists as matter of public notoriety."

At the conclusion of the speech which he had prepared, Mr. Adams delivered some impromptu remarks. In the course of these he referred to the trust question. He declared that the "meat trust, oil trust, ship trust and other trusts that are held up as a source of danger," are not to be feared as they can restrained. The most dangerous trust, he said, was that one known as "The courtesy of the United States senate," which he explained was a conspiracy against the people inasmuch as it disposes of all federal patronage, amounting to hundreds of millions of dollars each year.

The courtesy of the United States senate, he declared, was distributed by President Roosevelt, Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, Massachusetts, Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, and Senator Philander C. Knox of Pennsylvania.

W. Bourke Cockran was greeted with enthusiastic and prolonged applause. He said in part:

"In this assemblage there are many men of different minds on various subjects likely to be discussed during this campaign. They are all, however, unanimous on one question of surpassing importance which this election must settle, and that is, shall imperialism govern or shall democracy continue to guide this nation; shall this republic remain constitutional as Washington established it, democratic as Jefferson made it, free as Lincoln left it, or shall it give place to a personal government which a strenuous boss administrators—which the trusts exploit and control—which monarchies and nobles have begun to flatter and which therefore good men and patriots everywhere have begun to distrust?

"We have not assembled to suggest any new experiment in government—we simply ask that the policy of freedom, justice and liberty established in Cuba, which has proved both creditable and profitable to us, which the Cuban people have found a source of progress, a beacon of freedom and a bulwark of order, which the whole world applauds as a most valuable contribution to civilization, shall be substituted for the imperialistic policy which has proved wasteful and discreditable to this country in the Philippine Islands. The decision of this question at the polls will affect profoundly the progress of the Philippine island, but it will affect vitally the American people, and indeed the whole progress of civilization. The violation of every moral obligation in the Philippine island has been followed by the violation of constitutional limitations in the United States. The spirit which led our imperialists to deny the right of self-government to the Filipino manifests itself in their bearing at home. Law has fallen into contempt. In some states republican government is wholly abolished. Men are imprisoned, deported and beaten by a self-constituted military authority. These extraordinary methods are justified on the ground that they are necessary precautions to avert graver excesses. But even if this be so, it only shows the startling decay of that orderly, sober, law-abiding spirit which was formerly instinctive among all American citizens.

"The gravest danger of imperialism is the general demoralization which it must inevitably work in the public character and the public conscience.

"The object of imperialism is always plunder, violence always its method, corruption its inevitable fruit. If therefore, our authority is maintained and exercised over the Philippine islands, solely for the benefit of the Filipinos, as Mr. Roosevelt claims in his speech of acceptance, then it cannot be imperialism. But the statement is not true. Recent legislation enacted for the government of the Philippine islands shows that it is not administered nor intended to be administrated for the benefit of the inhabitants but for the benefit of certain American citizens.

"We anti-imperialists believe that the first reform absolutely necessary for the existence of this government is the restoration of justice to full dominion through all its departments, that justice shall be made to mark the full extent of every man's rights and the strict limit of power to every officer. We support the democratic platform because it declares for justice, not in any locality but wherever our flag typifies our authority. We support the democratic candidate because we believe that as he has been successful in causing reluctant leaders to fully and effectively perform their duties, he will be equally successful in leading the followers to the rescue of their government from corruption, to the defense of their constitution from usurpation to the establishment of permanent prosperity among all the people by the enthronement of justice in every department of our government."

During the meeting letters were read from prominent anti-imperialists throughout the country, including Carl Schurz, Henry Wade Rogers, dean of Yale Law school; Edward M Shepard of New York, and Daniel Hall of New Hampshire.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR stops the cough and heals lungs

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QUIGLEY BROTHERS, originators and producers, in their own creation, "A Congressman at Large."

WARD & CURRAN, eccentric comedians and pleasing singers, in their farcical sketch, "That Terrible Judge."

HOWLEY & LESLIE, introducing Mr. Howley's unparalleled dancing and Miss Leslie's superb juvenile impersonations.

HENRY & HOON, in a novelty singing act. Songs illustrated with moving pictures.

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THE LOWELL SUN

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SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1903, was **14,590**

A gain of 1083 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1904. JOHN J. HOGAN, Notary Public.

14,718 The sworn daily average circulation for seven months of 1904 was: **14,718**

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all other the newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

A lot of men and women in Chicago celebrated the assassination of Minister Von Plehve of Russia with a great jubilation. In so doing they acknowledged themselves to be anarchists, a brood which should be not only barred but crushed from this country.

Judge Emmons had better put a guard upon the state house or else the Boston burglars will steal the gilded dome. When they leisurely enter a building, rig a derrick and load the safe upon a stolen team it seems there is nothing too bold for them to attempt.

IF JAPAN DEFEATS RUSSIA—WHAT?

If Japan succeeds in bringing the present war in the far east to a sudden termination the world will stand aghast. Japan will then jump from a third-rate power to a first-rate, able to fight any nation on earth, on land or sea.

Japan no doubt will feel greatly elated and will want the fruits of victory but the European powers are not likely to let her reap the fruits of victory. They prevented her despoiling China and they will likewise prevent her from taking any large territory on the mainland of Asia assuming that she will win.

If Russia be beaten it will be because of the inadequacy of the single track railway to transport and supply an organized force sufficient to cope with that of Japan. The Japanese have shown probably greater mobility than has ever been displayed in any war while their courage is second to none. They are fatalists and take pride in dying for their country or their emperor.

SERIOUS RAILWAY DISASTER.

The Boston and Worcester electric railway has had a bad disaster on the only piece of single track the company has, between Southboro and Worcester and it was due to the old, old cause of going ahead instead of waiting at a turnout until the other car came in.

Thus there was some misunderstanding, some neglect of orders or else the orders given were not sufficiently specific.

The Sun some time ago suggested a means of preventing such accidents but it may have been too systmatic to be adopted by such a progressive company as the Boston and Worcester. Our plan was that every car reaching a turnout remain until it gets the key of the road—something like a baton passed from one motorman to the other—before going ahead. This would prevent the possibility of head-on collisions which are usually the most disastrous. But if the railways do not adopt this rule there is another which we might suggest for the observance of motormen and conductors. It is this —"When in doubt don't go ahead."

VENEZUELA IN A BAD MIXUP.

In all probability Venezuela will soon learn a lesson if she has not learned it already, that will convince her that she cannot violate international law with impunity even though the Monroe doctrine does prevent European powers from acquiring property on this continent.

Possibly when Venezuela showed such disregard for European powers she felt secure under the protection against armed invasion and loss of territory.

But there is another means of collecting claims against her. The Hague tribunal is in existence and several special commissions were appointed to pass upon the numerous claims against Venezuela on account of a series of blunders by the government. The latest is the attacks made upon foreign corporations, the Bermudez Asphalt company being among the number.

This is an American company, and if it is not more scrupulous in its methods than the asphalt trust the embargo placed upon it may be justified.

Venezuela has flunked upon the payment of the interest upon the German claims, and according to the arrangements of The Hague tribunal, it is now in order for Belgium to appoint a commission to take charge of the Venezuelan custom houses at La Guayra and Port Cabello and with 30 per cent. of the receipts pay the creditors pro-rata until their claims are satisfied. But for this arrangement not only Germany but England would probably make a demonstration in force against Venezuela on account of the failure to meet her obligations. This new state of affairs may precipitate another revolution that will succeed in overthrowing a government that long ago demonstrated its worthlessness.

MR. BORDEN'S APPREHENSION.

Mr. N. P. Borden of Fall River, says the labor laws of Massachusetts must be changed or the New England cotton industry will be destroyed. Mr. Borden has not specified wherein he believes the law is wrong, but it is presumed that his contention is that New England has to compete at a disadvantage with the South, because of the longer hours, the lower wages and the fewer restrictions upon child labor. All these are points upon which we believe Massachusetts will take no backward step, even if the cotton industry of New England should be destroyed. The cotton industry seems to be more sensitive to business and political changes than any other and it is perhaps the one industry of the country which pays the lowest wages and offers the least inducement to intelligent men and women to engage in it. The manufacturers may complain that their dividends are not as large or as regular as desirable, but on the other hand the wages of the average operative are certainly not such as to be susceptible of reduction unless the operatives are put upon starvation fare. If to save the cotton industry of New England it be necessary to go back to the conditions that prevailed twenty years ago, we fear the future of that industry holds out but little hope of success. Mr. Borden and the mill men for whom he speaks, had better seek some mode of improving the cotton industry other than a reversal of industrial progress and a relapse to the primitive conditions such as prevail in the South. If New England mills utilized the textile instruction as they should they should be able to produce grades of goods on which the South could not compete. This, it seems, furnishes the only means by which New England can hold her supremacy in the cotton business.

If men like Mr. Borden begin to talk of going backward and downward instead of onward and upward the cotton industry hereabouts is surely doomed to destruction, not by strikes, not by short hours or the fact that wages are higher here than in the South, but by ignoring the main chance by which alone they can infuse new life into the industry and put it upon a plane on which southern competition can be largely set at defiance and on which higher wages will be paid, because more skill will be required in the manufacture of finer fabrics. There is no man so stupid that he cannot learn something, aye considerable, if given an opportunity. The present operatives can easily be trained to do finer work, but the mills are too eager to draw continuous dividends to make much progress in adapting their machinery to the manufacture of finer goods.

SEEN AND HEARD

The next witness was a hard-fisted resolute yeoman with a bristling chin beard.

"Mr. Gesson," said the attorney for the defense, "are you acquainted with the reputation of this man for truth and veracity in the neighborhood in which he lives?"

"I reckon I am," replied the witness.

"I will ask you to state what it is."

"Well, sir, his reputation for truth ain't no good. His reputation for veracity, and, that's diff'rent. Some says he does and some says he don't."

"Witness," interposed the judge, "do you know the meaning of 'veracity'?"

"I reckon I do."

"What do you understand by the word?"

The witness raised his hat in his fingers a few moments without answering. Then he looked up defiantly.

"I refuse to answer that question, judge," he said, "on the ground that it might discriminate me."

Indignation has been caused among the feminine bathers at Sunshade Sands, Manhattan Beach, by the appearance of large signs announcing that no more white bathing suits would be rented, and that all suits must be "modest circumspect and respectable".

The new regulations resulted from a walk that James H. Sherwood, lessee of the beach, took along the sands Friday afternoon, says the New York World, watching a chorus girl. She wore a creamy creation of pongee silk that looked more like an evening dress cut off below the knees than anything else. No one could find fault with its modesty.

But after taking a header in the surf the way that pongee clung to her was amazing. The women disappeared from the crowd and Mr. Sherwood at once went to a sign painter.

Shoes selling at $1000 a pair are the product of a factory near Madison Square, says the New York Evening Mail. To style it "shop" would be to insult the artisans employed therein. They call it a "footgear institute," and the proprietor goes by no less title than "curative orthopedist." The wearing of these $1000 shoes is, in the main, a hobby, and is based on nerves gone wrong. For there are some persons, it seems, who are plagued with sensitive nerves in their feet which ache so excruciatingly that nothing can assuage the pain but shoes "prescribed" by a physician-cobbler.

The learned cobbler listens to a tale of toe ache with the attending nervous disturbances and examines the patient's feet with critical scrutiny. Every hill and dale of the foot is inspected and studied, and especially is a sharp lookout kept for the sensitive nerves, which ultimately are sure to be found. A volume of notes is taken and the prospective customer naturally becomes impressed with the severity of his ailment. Next, and what is very important, a plaster cast of the foot is taken, and if the patient's purse is proportioned to his plaint the physician-cobbler is apt to enter a new order in his book.

The shoes are made of good leather, but do not generally follow the lines of the latest fashions, rather the reverse. It all depends on views of the healer. Some sufferers are scientifically shod in exchange for $500, $350 or even $100; but those customers who prefer to pay the highest prices are satisfied with nothing less than a $1000 pair. The shoe bills of one New Yorker—a rich contractor—who rides the orthopedic hobby have footed up to $50,000. Yet the shoes he wears are queer looking contrivances.

A girl likes to go yachting if it makes her hair nice and wavy.

Every grown up forgets he was once a child, and every child that he will be a grown up.

Some men would rather be in a breach-of-promise suit than not be in some kind of trouble.

There is more fun in having a grievance than in thinking a presidential election depends on your arguments.

The queer thing about the clothes women wear in summer is you have a feeling if they won't be bashful about them you ought to.—New York Press.

After a hard struggle in the waters of Sheepshead Bay Montel Storm, of No. 36 Walton street, Brooklyn, was rescued from drowning yesterday by his playmate, Louis Schaub, of No. 33 Walton street. Storm fought hard when his friend reached him, and for a time it looked as if both boys would go down, but finally the shore was reached by the two in an exhausted condition. Storm had to be taken to the Reception Hospital, where he stayed for the night.

At the funeral of Mrs. Agnes Green, the wife of Edmund Green, a bicycle dealer, held in New Rochelle yesterday, six of her women friends served as pallbearers. The women were members of the Independent Order of Good Templars, of which Mrs. Green was the local president. They were all dressed in white, with black sashes.

After the service at the house, which was conducted by the Rev. Dr. Saul O. Cortlee, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, they carried the coffin out to the hearse and marched with it to the cemetery. At the cemetery they carried the casket to the grave, where each dropped a bouquet of flowers on it as it was covered up.

The funeral was the first at New Rochelle at which women took the part of pallbearers and it attracted much attention.

BEGGED HIS AID

AND THEN BELIEVED HIM OF $10.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1. Rev. Frank MacDaniel, pastor of the Orange, N. J., Methodist Church, involuntarily loaned $10 last night to a woman who came to him with a story that she was "Mrs. Abbott, of Philadelphia," and was in pursuit of a recreant husband. She said she had been stranded, and told the minister she came to him because she knew he would send her where she would not fall into "bad company."

Mr. MacDaniel went upstairs to write a note to the Young Woman's Christian Association and soon heard the door slam below. He found that the woman had decamped, taking $10 from his wife's pocketbook that had been left on the table.

BOY FIGHTS CHUM

IN WAVES IN ORDER TO SAVE HIS LIFE.

"Mike" Leonard, 11 years old, had to be a hero to avoid a spanking, says a New York exchange.

"Mike" is glad that he missed the spanking, but he wants no medals for being a hero. The hero business served a good enough purpose when the spanking was imminent, but "Mike" wants it understood that the incident is now closed.

Thanks to "Mike" "Tommie" Burns, 13 years old, is gradually getting rid of the surplus water he accumulated in New York bay yesterday afternoon before "Mike" hauled him out, at the Long Island College hospital, and will be out in a few days.

Michael Leonard lives with his parents at No. 450 South street, Brooklyn. The boys all call him "Mike." Since the school holidays began the boys have looked longingly and often upon the cool waters of New York bay from the foot of Clinton street.

Whenever opportunity presented itself the boys looked upon the hot shore from the cool waters of the bay, but that is not to be boasted of at home. "Mike" is small for his age but in the water he is a giant or a whale.

A few days ago "Mike" didn't notice that the sun was getting low, and when he hurried into the house for supper there was that tell-tale hair, standing out damp and accusing.

"Michael," said his mother, and Michael's hand shot up to his head. She always calls him Michael when there is anything serious up. "Michael," came the accusing voice, "you have been in swimming!" "Well all the other boys go and their mammas dont care. You jes' won't let me do nothing the other boys do," and the thin little voice broke into sobs.

But Michael had disobeyed and he was punished.

Yesterday was the first day that "Mike" had visited the foot of Clinton street since that eventful day. All of the boys had been in, and some of them were putting on their clothes, while their teeth chattered as though they would rattle out.

"Tommie Burns, who lives at No. 147 Nelson street, was showing off in the water and shouted to "Mike:"

"Why doesn't come in?"

"Don't want to," responded "Mike", digging his toes in the ground.

"Ah gwan and come in. It's fine. Jes' as warm as milk."

"Naw, I don't wanter," responded Mike bravely.

"You're scared to," came tauntingly from the water. "You're skeered of a lickin'."

"Naw I ain't either," said Mike, though his conscience pricked him.

"Jes' watch me float," said Tommie, and he turned upon his back and paddled around in the water. The wake of a big steamer came rushing in and the choppy waves washed over Tommie, and with a gasp and cry he threw up his hands and sank.

Quick as a flash "Mike" had peeled off his clothes and was overboard. "Tommie" had gone down twice and was struggling feebly.

"Mike" grabbed him as he went down the third time. The struggling boy threw his arms around the neck of his little friend and both went down. Finally "Mike" wriggled himself free, while a hundred persons watched the fight from the shore, and then caught "Tommie" and brought him ashore unconscious. An ambulance came from Long Island College hospital, and while "Mike" was getting into his clothes, "Tommie" was hurried off to the hospital.

"Michael," said his mother when he got home, "you have been in swimming again. What made you disobey me?"

"Oh, Mrs. Leonard, 'Mike' jumped in the bay and saved 'Tommie' Burns's life jest a little while ago," said an enthusiastic neighbor, running into the Leonard home.

Then the mother petted her brave little man and told him that she was proud of him.

"'Taint nawthing," said "Mike," last night. "'Tommie' jus' got caught in that steamboat swell and I pulled him in by the car.

"Now, I don't want no medals. Watcher tryin' to give me?" and the independent little hero ran away to where the "gang" was waiting.

HOME CHAT

A WOMAN'S DUTY TO BE A HOUSEKEEPER.

A reader asks: "Don't you think a woman, first of all, should be a good housekeeper?"

Well, that depends. There are women and women, you know, and not every woman is born with the mental or physical endowment necessary to make of herself a success in the profession of housekeeping, any more than that every man is fitted by nature to make of himself a shining light in the profession of law or literature. That housekeeping is a profession, calling for a high order of ability, is becoming more and more recognized, and bright women are everywhere urging that it be taken from the category of menial service and given its proper standing among the "learned professions." Schools are being opened, classes formed, and courses of instruction are being added to the curriculum of colleges, all tending toward that point. There has been so much haphazard housekeeping, and the "sphere" so abused by being considered as beneath the notice of a woman with any claim whatever to refinement and social standing, that, until recently it has been considered as a term of reproach, and many otherwise sensible women have been known to apologize for having, through some misfortune, or lack of fortune to "do their own work." It has been the custom to "look down" upon the girl or woman who chooses, or has thrust upon her, the vocation of housework, until a respectable, high-minded woman had to be very brave indeed to claim for the work any congeniality whatever.

But the twentieth century woman is wiser. She is beginning to demand recognition for the work which, sooner or later, nearly every woman has to do with, and she is finding and proving to others, that in the proper discharge of the duties of the housekeeper, there is honor as well as profit. So intimately connected with the best interests of the family life have these homely duties been proven to be that women everywhere are awakening to the importance of knowing "how the wheels go 'round," whether she, or another is supplying the revolving power.

Not all women are born with the needed faculties by which to become, in the popular sense, a first-class housekeeper, any more than that her brother, man, is in all cases born to be a hewer of wood. In the sense of "looking well to the ways of her household," if a woman has a household, it is generally conceded by all to be her part of the contract to look after it and see that the intricate machinery runs smoothly and to the best interests of the home over which, whether as wife or employe, she is placed, just as the manager of any other business must "keep an eye" on every detail pertaining thereto, though he may not, and generally does not, do any of the physical work himself. In order to intelligently do this, there are lessons which every woman must not only theoretically, but practically, acquaint herself with and this fact is more and more making itself felt in all stations of life.

GUATEMALAN ANT

GIVES HOPE OF DESTROYING THE BOLL WEEVIL.

The Guatemalan ants just imported have either arrived in a state of acute hunger induced by the long sea voyage, or else they are going to maintain their reputation as destroyers of injurious insects. They are not only eating the boll weevils, worms and moths, but they are devouring other obnoxious insects, and even the ants that make life unpleasant for cotton pickers, while the useful little lady bug is left untouched. So far the importation of the foreign ants is a success, but it goes a very short way in relieving the cotton situation at present. Even if the ant propagates with rapidity it must take some years before it is here in numbers to effect the stricken regions. But if the spread of the boll weevil can be checked at once, and the safety of the cotton crop is assured as we have it now, and its future is to be better still, the work is begun well, and the Agricultural Department scores another triumph in extending its help to the farmer.

HEAVY THUNDER STORM.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—During a heavy thunder storm, in this city yesterday afternoon, lightning shattered the flagstaff on the Federal building. The flag pole on the "Flat iron" building at 23rd street and Broadway was also splintered by a bolt. The Third avenue elevated near 52nd street was struck, the third rail blazing up and two horses are reported to have been killed by the same bolt.

Great quantities of surface water in Broad street choked the manholes and a portion of the overflow flooded the basements of some of the buildings in that section.

ADAMS

Piazza Furniture

Do you need one or two more pieces of piazza furniture? A small rocker for 85c, large arm rockers $1.50, $1.69 to $3.25 each. Good value and will add to your out of door comfort.

ADAMS & CO.

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CAUSE OF HEAT PROSTRATIONS

Sleepless nights in this hot weather weaken vitality and expose to heat prostrations. A cup of Sanford's Ginger tea, made from the genuine Sanford's Ginger, taken on retirement, will give refreshing, natural sleep. It draws the blood from the head, quiets the nerves, quickens circulation and promotes digestion. It instantly relieves cramps and pains, and speedily checks all forms of summer ills, breaks up colds and fevers, and wards off malarial, contagious and epidemic influences.

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OUT O' SIGHT FLY STRINGS

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10 Cents for a Box of Six

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Some Cool Suggestions For Boys' Wear

Wash Sailor Suits, of crash and neat prints, with deep Sailor collar. Regular $1 goods, now **50c**

Wash Sailor Suits, the remnants of our $2 and $3 lines. Fine Chambrays in plain reds, blues, grays and neat stripes, sizes 3 to 8 years. All now at **$1.00**

Cadet Blouses, of fine woven Madras and Chambray, beautiful color combinations. All that are left of our $1.50 line, now **95c**

Shirt Waists, of Percales and prints, dark reds and blues, and light colors. Sailor or shirt collars sizes 3 years to 13, now **25c**

White Duck and Buff Vests, sizes 10 years to 16, now **$1.00**

A Small Lot of Chambray Overalls, sizes 3 years to 6, suitable for little boys' or girls' vacation wear now **25c**

"American Boy" Magazine for one year given with every purchase of $5 in our boys' department. August number now ready.

COLLEGE RECEPTIONS

THE OLD METHOD VIGOROUSLY CONDEMNED.

The Newport News has the following of interest to all educators:

At last some one with authority has had the courage to severely and fearlessly criticise the old-fashioned, out-of-date recitation system which is still followed by many of the colleges of this country. This method is never found in German universities, where the best educational systems exist and knowledge is acquired with the best results, and often it is not practiced even in the elementary schools there. Now comes President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton and boldly denounces the old system, as injurious to the student and lacking in the qualities which stimulate intellectual activity and make brain power. "You cannot teach initiative," he says. "The student must be put on his own resources in communicating what he knows, and the trouble with too many college students is that they have no 'intellectual muscle.'"

"The recitation system," he continues, "makes the college appear only as a continuation of the primary school. There is no independence in it. It does not breed manliness, and where the teacher has no genius for bringing out the thinking faculty in the student the latter stands in the orth of knowledge servily chewing the cud of learning." It is also pointed out by President Wilson that this system, by which full-grown men recite from a text-book like the little boy in the primary school, and the most rigid conformity to the text in the recitation generally secures the highest marks, offers every inducement to the dishonest student to avail himself of outside helps, discourages freedom of thinking and, as he forcibly asserts, is "in every way unworthy of America."

Mr. Wilson says that no two students drink alike, or ought to, from the fountain of wisdom, and that he would simply give the student certain material to work with and let the libraries, the laboratories and other self helps do the rest. This is wise advice, which ought to be heeded and adopted by every college in these United States. The old recitation system is antiquated for college and should be promptly abolished. There are thousands of men in the country today who failed to get half as much out of their college courses as they ought to have done because of the limitations of this method of instruction, and those who made the most of their opportunities for self development while in college did it in spite rather than because of the system that was in vogue.

There should be a radical revolution in this respect, and college students should be placed upon their mettle and be made to do their own work with the material furnished them, and not be allowed to simply repeat parrot-like what has been told them in lectures or read by them from text-books. The result of the old system is flabby mentality; the result of the new method would be strong mental powers and trained ability to investigate and build up knowledge. By the old system the student is simply a repeater; by the new one he would be an originator, and it is originators that we want in this country today. Any one not absolutely deficient in intellect can repeat, but only those of strong and trained intelligence can originate and create.

THE DARK SIDE

GOVERNOR LUZ WANTED TO SEE HOW CHICAGO POOR LIVED.

The Chicago Record-Herald, in an editorial here reproduced, calls attention to the comments made by Governor Luz, formerly chief executive of Bantangas Province in the Philippines. He was shown the beautiful residences and busines blocks in the city of Chicago, and having seen the things that are usually brought to the attention of visitors, he asked to be shown how the poor lived.

This suggestion coming from the isles of the orient, ought to make an impression upon the men who talk so much about prosperity and who know so little about the wretchedness that accompanies it. The nation's prosperity is not to be measured by the luxury and enjoyment of those who through monopolies seize upon the resources of the country and exploit the people. The masses and the moral sense of the country must be measured by the manner in which the fortunate interest themselves in the welfare of the less fortunate. Whether Governor Luz profits by his visit to the United States or not, the United States ought to profit by the pointed inquiry which he submits. The Record-Herald says:

"Senor Siemon Luz, former governor of Bantangas province, island of Luzon did well to ask that he and his fellow visitors from the Philippines be shown how the poor live in Chicago as well as the rich are housed. Bad laws and an impoverished people, as history shows, breed luxury and magnificence in spots. It is not the palaces and the broad avenues that tell the story of a nation. The true test is how the masses fare. The poor have their pleasures. The thrifty poor have their comforts also. But the well-governed community should have no neighborhoods of abject wretchedness. The unsanitary rookery should be regarded as an inexcusable blemish. The foul street or alley should be cleansed, so that the little children that have no other place to stretch their tender limbs may not be stricken with fever at their play. The great and rich community which cannot manage this has no right to show its marvels to strangers and make a parade of its achievements, for these often spell selfishness rather than brotherhood. When Chicago or any other city is placed on view by an entertainment committee no exhibition of its rows of costly residences and tall business structures can tell the whole truth to the intelligent stranger. No city can be truly great that does not show greatness in its humble streets, in its homes of workingmen and in those quarters where the very poor pay the landlords' profits. We all owe thanks to Senor Simeon Luz for reminding us that the veneer of wealth is unimportant as compared with all the living and striving that go to make up the sum total of humanity."

THE MODERN WAY

To cure a weak stomach is to take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters at the very first symptom. It does away with starving and dieting yourself because it puts the stomach in proper condition to digest the food. In this way it cures **Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Biliousness, Heartburn, Insomnia, Headache, Cramps or Diarrhoea. Nervous and sickly women** also find the Bitters unequalled as a regulator and tonic. We urge a fair trial.

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It Pays to Look Neat

and it costs very little when you know how to do it. You may have a suit of clothes that cost you quite a sum of money and is only soiled or perhaps it may be the same thing with a lady's coat or skirt; should you want to save several dollars just bring these soiled garments to the

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and in a very short time they will clean, press or dye them and make them look like new garments. Remember the place

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We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25c bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

Grenelle Pharmacy, F. H. Butler,
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Rochette & Deslale, F. C. Goodale,
F. P. Moody, Albert E. Moore,
Falls & Burkinshaw.

CHINATOWN ROW

Yee Ton Shing Was Stabbed

TROUBLE OVER EXPULSION FROM SOCIETY

Extra Policemen Sent Into the District

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—The expulsion of three members from the Hep Sing Tong in Chinatown about two weeks ago, the subsequent posting of a bulletin signed to by the same three and alleged to expose unfair and illegal methods of the society, and a murderous assault upon one of the three last evening at the door of a restaurant near the quarters of the Hep Sing Tong, has again thrown the settlement into turmoil.

Although the trouble this time has been wholly an internal one and not between the Hep Sing Tong and the On Leong Tong as previously, yet the latter seems to have taken advantage of the situation and is alleged to be trying to stir up more trouble. That society posted several bulletins last evening after the stabbing, but the nature of them couldn't be learned by the police last evening because no reliable interpreter could be found.

The street was a scene of great excitement after the assault and the police decided immediately upon taking every precaution and several extra patrolmen were detailed to the district.

The Hep Sing Tong is one of the two prominent societies in Chinatown and has always posed as the best element of the celestials, but the police are of the opinion now that they are no good and that they are the real highbinders and blackmailers, and they are keeping their eye on them very closely.

THREE UNDER SUSPICION.

It was one of this society who was murdered in Chinatown a little over a year ago, a sequel to the murder being the Chinese raids and deportation of about 200 Celestials.

Three of the members have been under suspicion for some time by the others in the society. They are Yee Ton Shing, Yee Ton and Yee Ham, all now living at 7 Oxford place. About three weeks ago one of them was alleged to have run away with the wife of a prominent merchant, and when they returned he was confronted with the charge. His two friends tried to protect him and there came near being serious trouble then.

A week ago Sunday the matter was brought before the society and it was decided to expel the three from the organization. According to members who were there bloodshed was barely averted. Knives and other weapons were drawn and there was great excitement. It was finally suppressed and the three men were put out.

Yesterday there appeared on the well known "bulletin board," otherwise the side of a brick building in Oxford place where all Chinese bulletins are displayed, a lengthly screed signed by Shing, Ton and Ham, which is understood by the police, on the statement of a reliable interpreter, to be a seathing denunciation of the society, alleging its members to be the highbinders, informers and the like. The bulletin contained also an alleged exposition of the corruption in the society.

The appearance of the signed statement caused great excitement among the residents of the settlement and all day there were groups of Chinamen talking in and out of doors about it. When the police learned the nature of the statement they began to watch for trouble.

SHING STABBED IN THE SIDE.

Early in the evening the three men whose names were signed to the bulletin went into the restaurant of Lock Sen Low at 46 Beach street and ate. When they came down about 7.15 a Chinaman was waiting for them at the door. Shing was the first to come out, and as he appeared at the door he was stabbed in the side and knocked down. The Chinaman who had done the cutting ran, and immediately a cry went up for the police.

Patrolmen Brooks, Wilson and Nee, who were not far away, found Shing lying in the doorway in a pool of blood. He was hurried to the relief station.

It was about impossible for the officers to get a line on the man who had committed the assault, but they think now that they are on his track and intend to take action against several Chinamen today whom they believe to be causing all the trouble. The police say that for two weeks they have been confident that trouble was brewing there and they think that they can get today the ones who are at the bottom of it.

Every Chinaman in the place was on the street, running here and there and talking about what had happened, and the police had to tell them to get indoors and keep quiet. The rooms of the Hep Sing Tong were a scene of turmoil. Fully 100 Chinamen were up there, and every one of them refused to confess to the least knowledge of the English language.

Expecting that more serious trouble might develop at any moment, several extra officers were at once detailed to Chinatown.

Shing was not seriously cut, and the physicians said that he could be taken home any time, but the police asked that he be kept at the hospital until things had quieted down a little.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

TERRIFIC STORM

Lightning Struck Down Man in Salem

BOLT PASSED THROUGH HOUSE IN WOBURN

Large Barn in Concord Was Destroyed

SALEM, Aug. 2.—A terrific electric storm raged over this city early last evening. At 6.40 rain began to fall in torrents, accompanied by loud thunder and chain lightning.

Lieut. James W. Nichols at 6.45 attempted to enter G. A. R. hall and had placed one foot on a steel mat when there was a terrific roar of thunder and the hall was brightly lighted with lightning. He was stricken to the floor unconscious and a short time after on regaining his senses, attempted to rise, but was unable to do so. He made a second unsuccessful attempt to get up and then began to call for help. His appeal was finally heard by Grand Army men in the lower hall of the building and they rushed to his relief. His right leg and arm were badly numbed. Later feeling returned although he suffered intense pain, as if pricked with hundreds of needles. It is not thought that he is seriously injured.

Lightning struck in numerous places about the city. The cupola on the big pavilion at the Willows was shattered and the residence of Mrs. Call, on Beach street, was damaged. The chimney was knocked from the house on the corner of Hardy and Derby streets, a tree was silvered on Sutton avenue, and a telephone pole on Washington street was struck and set on fire. During the height of the storm the power at the Boston & Northern station was shut off, stalling all cars on the Salem division for 10 minutes. The telephone service was considerably impaired.

Lightning struck the northwest corner of the almshouse, tearing a big cleft in the brick wall to the ground, a distance of four stories. The bolt entered the building and destroyed the entire incandescent light service, burned out the telephone box and then passed from the structure to re-enter the ground and break the six-inch main that supplies the building with water. There were more than 100 inmates, many advanced in years, in the building, and for a short time there was intense excitement, although none was injured.

A bolt of lightning bored a large hole in Washington street at the Bridge street end of the Boston & Maine railroad tunnel. It was discovered an hour after the storm had spent its fury.

One of the engines at the Lynn & Boston power station on Mason street, was disabled by lightning, which necessitated stopping the entire plant for about 15 minutes.

CHILD SLEPT

LIGHTNING BOLT PASSED THROUGH THE HOUSE.

WOBURN, Aug. 2.—The storm of wind and lightning came up very quickly yesterday afternoon, and was severe while it lasted. The residence of Henry Curtis, on the corner of Ward and Webster streets, was struck and badly damaged by lightning. The bolt entered by the chimney, and passed all through the house. It entered the pantry, where Mr. Curtis chanced to be. He was stunned by it. It also tore off window casings, wrecked a closet, tore off plastering and split the front door sill. Mrs. Curtis escaped injury, and her baby slept undisturbed through it all.

A slight fire was started in the pantry, but was extinguished quickly. It will cost $500 to fix up the house.

UNDER A TREE

BOY STRUCK BY LIGHTNING AT THOMPSONVILLE, CONN.

THOMPSONVILLE, Conn., Aug. 2.—While standing under a tree last evening to escape the rain, Leonard Taylor the 14-year-old son of William Taylor of Amsterdam, N. Y., was struck by lightning and instantly killed. His brother and a friend, who were a few feet away, were not injured.

The storm which passed over the western part of the state yesterday afternoon was one of the most severe in the year, considerable damage being done in Winsted, Torrington, Norwalk and Danbury. Trees were uprooted and telephone and telegraph service was impaired for hours.

BARN BURNED

CARRIAGE HOUSE AND WOODSHED ALSO DESTROYED.

CONCORD, Mass., Aug. 2.—Lars Petersen's barn on Monument street was struck by lightning early last evening and burned to the ground. The carriage house and woodshed were also destroyed. The house nearby was saved by tearing down the shed.

The fire alarm system was crippled when the storm first started and the nearest telephone was half a mile away. The well on the place was quickly emptied and then the firemen had to depend entirely upon the chemical engine, and they succeeded in saving the house. Most of the contents had been removed to places of safety.

The live stock was all gotten out of the barn, but the carriages, tools and nearly 50 tons of hay were destroyed. The loss was $5000, insured.

BALFOUR WON

Vote of Censure Was Defeated

CHAMBERLAIN'S FISCAL POLICY DISCUSSED

Premier Balfour Ignored Chamberlain's Suggestion

LONDON, Aug. 2.—In the house of commons yesterday the liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, moved the vote of censure, which he announced July 15, as a result of the prominent part taken by the leading members of the cabinet in the proceedings of the liberal-unionist council July 14, during which a resolution was passed approving the fiscal policy of Joseph Chamberlain.

Colonial Sec. Littleton defended the action taken by Foreign Minister Lansdowne and Lord Selborne, first lord of the admiralty, in becoming officers of the new liberal-unionist association.

Joseph Chamberlain, in defending himself against the heated attacks of Lord Hugh Cecil and other free traders, declared the only difference between himself and Premier Balfour was that the latter did not think the country would consent to colonial preference, as it involved a food tax.

Personally Mr. Chamberlain said he was certain the question was ripe for submission to the country and the sooner the general election came the sooner he would be pleased. The policy of preference, Mr. Chamberlain maintained, was more urgent than that of retaliation.

The opportunity for establishing preference was slipping away and soon would disappear. He urged Mr. Balfour to call a conference of the colonial representatives to ascertain what they wished and were prepared to do in order that the country might discover whether he had based his policy on knowledge and experience.

Premier Balfour said he thought the motion was one of the most foolish which had ever been submitted to parliament. He declined to be a party to restricting representative institutions like the liberal unionist council.

He had, he said, always been and still was, a free trader, but it was the duty of the government to see whether the evils produced by protectionist countries in neutral markets could be restricted.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman's motion was rejected by a vote of 288 to 210.

It was noticeable that Premier Balfour made no reference whatever to Mr. Chamberlain's suggestion for the calling of a conference of colonial representatives.

At the meeting of the newly constructed liberal-unionist council in London, July 14, the marquis of Lansdowne and the earl of Selbourne were elected vice presidents.

The London Evening Standard, in commenting on the matter, said it considered the fact that the "two principal members of Mr. Balfour's cabinet have become vice presidents of an active electioneering association, of which Mr. Chamberlain is chief," raised a grave constitutional question.

The paper further said that the opposition intended to raise the question in the house of commons and invite Mr. Balfour to explain how two members of his cabinet came to be supporting a policy so different from that enunciated by the premier himself.

FATHER AND SON

JUDGE LECTURES THEM ON THE WHISKEY EVIL.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2—Justice Zeller read a lecture to a father and son yesterday while sitting as a Magistrate in the Harlem Police Court, on the evil of drunkenness, and then discharged them with a warning.

The prisoners were Thomas Trainor, sixty-five years old, and his son James, twenty-seven years old, who were arrested on Saturday at the home of the father for fighting.

The elder Trainor was badly battered and both his eyes were blackened.

"I will not hold either of you," said Magistrate Zeller, "but it seems to me that you," indicating the elder Trainor, "should be old enough to know better than to drink to excess."

"You," speaking to the son, "seem to be lacking in filial duty and affection."

CRICKET LEAGUE

HELD A MEETING IN BOSTON LAST NIGHT.

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—The meeting of the Massachusetts state cricket league was held in the American house last night, at which several important matters were settled.

The game between Bunting and Merrimack on June 25 was annulled, and the claim of Lawrence to be credited with two points on June 25 in a match with Brockton was allowed. The games scheduled for July 23 were prevented by rain and left with the league to arrange new games. Those decided upon were: Bunting and Everett at Lowell Sept. 21, Bunting and Merrimack at Lowell Sept. 10, Boston and Merrimack at Franklin field Sept. 24, Mohair and Lynn Wanderers on Labor day at Lynn.

The Niblo Co.'s

Premium Butterine is the only first quality High Grade Butterine that comes to Lowell. It is way ahead of butter—15c lb.; Globe, 10c to 12½c lb.; Swift's, 19c to 12½c lb. Teas, best that grows, 4 lbs. $1.00. Flynn's Farm Pork, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes.

Flynn's Market, 137 Gorham St.

LOWELL OFFICERS

ATTENDED SALVATION ARMY WEDDING IN NASHUA.

NASHUA, N. H., Aug. 2.—The first Salvation Army wedding in Nashua took place at city hall last evening, when Howard Tucker and Ethel Duncan were married by Staff Captain Andrew T. Crawford, commander of the New England division. The hall was crowded to the doors, and great interest was displayed in the event. During the early part of the evening there was an officers' council for the visiting officers, presided over by Staff Captain Crawford, and later a march through Main street and an open air meeting.

The gathering at city hall was called to order shortly after 8 o'clock, and a varied program of addresses, songs and choruses was given. Then came the marriage, Cadet Florence Estes of Nashua being bridemaid and Captain R. C. Byron of Webster, Mass., best man. The wedding march was played by Nellie Kirtwood of this city. The flower girls were Blanche Ella, Mabel Tilly, Reba Crawford and Alice Rudd.

There was a wedding supper at the army hall, at which the wedding party and officers were guests.

The visiting officers were: Ensign Jennie Crawford of Portland, Ensign Abraham Tilley of New Bedford, Ensign William E. Elliott of Haverhill, Ensign David Pelley of Keene, Adjutant Morris of Lawrence, Ensign May Tilley of Nashua, Captain Marshall of Concord, Captain Susie Swift of Leominster, Lieutenant Craig of Leominster, Cadet Hongarde of Springfield, Captain and Mrs. Rudd of Lowell.

Save Expense

and save a fit of sickness by having Beecham's Pills in the house and taking one when you first notice anything going wrong. You will feel well, look well and keep well if you will learn to use

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

AT KINGSBURY, No. 273 Bridge St. MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR for children; safe, sure. No opiates.

AGES AT WHICH THE PRESIDENTS HAVE BEEN ELECTED

At the time of his succession to the presidency Theodore Roosevelt was nearer in point of age to the constitutional thirty-five years than any man who had ever been chief executive. At the time of the assassination of President McKinley he was forty-three. It would be difficult to classify Mr. Roosevelt professionally. It may be said, however, that his military career was probably the most potent force in placing him in the vice presidential chair.

The oldest man who was ever elected president was William Henry Harrison of Ohio. Although a great soldier and the son of a signer of the Declaration, he called himself a farmer. When he was a boy of sixteen, a student at Hampden-Sidney college in Virginia, which was his native state, Washington was made first president of the country which his devotion had done so much to establish. It was not until fifty-two years after that memorable event that Harrison was able to reach a like official eminence. Seven presidents after Washington intervened, and four of them—Jefferson, Madison, Monroe and Jackson—served two terms. In 1835 Harrison was nominated as the candidate of the Whigs. He was defeated, but four years later was elected to the presidency. He died one month after his inauguration. It was Harrison's military fame which made him president.

Next in the order of seniority was James Buchanan of Pennsylvania. He was sixty-six before he succeeded in landing the coveted prize. He lived to see the successful end of the war which he bequeathed to his successor, Abraham Lincoln. Buchanan was an eminent lawyer.

Zachary Taylor was sixty-five when he became the tenant of the White House. His father was a Virginia planter. When the boy was very young the family removed to Kentucky, where Zachary was taught whatever was to be learned on a large plantation. He did not go to college, but when he was twenty-four bade farewell to plantation life and joined the army. In a few years Taylor became celebrated as an Indian fighter. All through the war of 1812 he fought the British Indian allies. In the Mexican war Taylor was most efficient, winning the affectionate sobriquet of "Old Rough and Ready." He was hurrahed into the White House, but lived only sixteen months to enjoy the honor.

Of John Adams, "the elder Adams," second president of the United States, it has been said that to have been the father of his distinguished son would have been sufficient to secure fame for himself. It has been declared also of John Quincy Adams, "the younger Adams," sixth president, that to have been the son of so distinguished a sire would have been enough to perpetuate his own memory. The elder Adams reached the presidency at the age of sixty-two, as likewise did Andrew Jackson. It is convenient to contrast the latter with the younger Adams, for they were contemporaries, political rivals and were born the same year. Adams was a northerner, a native of the old Bay State. Jackson was a southerner, claiming South Carolina as his birthplace, though historians insist that he came from the north state. Adams was of aristocratic English lineage; Jackson was of humble Scotch-Irish parentage. While Andrew was helping his widowed mother till a little farm in the Waxhaw settlement John Quincy was his distinguished father's companion on his special mission to France, and the lad was delighting the French court with his precocity. A few years later, while Andrew was learning the saddler's trade, John was charming the pundits at Harvard with his wit and attainments. With no preparation, Andrew began the study of the law in a country lawyer's office; John, a graduate of Harvard, became a law student in the office of the great Theophilus Parsons. Jackson emigrated to Tennessee and hung out his shingle in the wilderness. Adams began at once an official and diplomatic career that progressed steadily upward. The war of 1812 was also Jackson's opportunity. He began as the captain of a troop of raw militia and ended as the hero of New Orleans. Adams had not been backward in the race. He had developed into the foremost diplomat of the age. He was probably the best known American of the day. In 1824 both men were nominated for the presidency. Clay and Crawford were also candidates, and the vote was so divided that the choice was left to the house. Adams was chosen, but at the following election Jackson was successful by the largest popular vote of many years.

Besides the younger Adams, two other men were fifty-eight when they were elected president—James Madison and James Monroe. Madison was of English and Monroe of Scotch origin. Both were Virginians, and both were the sons of well to do planters. Both also were college bred. Madison studied law, drifted into politics and soon made a national reputation. He was elected to the first house of representatives defeating James Monroe. He was elected chief magistrate in 1808 and served two terms. Monroe left college to enter the Revolutionary army and served until the close. At the close of the war he returned home and was sent to the legislature. After that honors fell rapidly—senator, minister to France, governor, minister to England and finally, in 1816, president. He was given two terms, and the famous Monroe doctrine is his passport to fame.

Two men were presidents at the age of fifty-seven. Both were of English ancestry. One of them was the immortal first executive of the United States, and the other was Andrew Johnson. Neither was college bred, but the environments of both were vastly dissimilar. Washington inherited a competency from his father. Johnson's birthright was bitter poverty, his father being a sexton. Washington chose no profession, although he qualified himself as a surveyor. Johnson had not even learned to read when he was married, and his wife taught him both to read and to write. He had acquired the tailor's trade. Washington's pathway to fame was made rugged by the stress of political upheaval; Johnson's climb to the summit was like the progress of a blinded fate. Washington served seven years, ten months and four days; Johnson completed Abraham Lincoln's second term.

Two men became presidents at the age of fifty-five—Martin Van Buren and Benjamin Harrison. Van Buren's father was a farmer, as was also the father of Benjamin Harrison. Van Buren did not go to college; Harrison was a graduate of Miami university. Both studied law and rose to great eminence in the profession. Each served a single term.

Rutherford Birchard Hayes was elected at the age of fifty-four. He was of sturdy Scotch ancestry, his father being a prosperous merchant in a thriving Ohio village. The son became a lawyer. He occupied the White House only one term.

One chief executive only—William McKinley—was fifty-three at the time of his election. He was of Scotch-Irish ancestry. He went into the army during the civil war and served for some time on the staff of Colonel Rutherford B. Hayes. He studied law after the close of the war. Mr. McKinley was president four years, six months and ten days, his second term being brought to a close by assassination.

Abraham Lincoln had reached the age of fifty-two when he was made president. Of English extraction, his father a poor Kentucky farmer, Lincoln was not sent to college. Notwithstanding that drawback he managed to acquire education sufficient to enable him to develop into one of the ablest lawyers of his time. He was president four years, one month and eleven days.

Two men—John Tyler and Chester Alan Arthur—were presidents at the age of fifty-one. Tyler was a Virginian of English stock, and Arthur, of Scotch-Irish ancestry, was a native of the Green Mountain State. The Tylers, father and son, were lawyers, and John was educated at William and Mary. Arthur, whose father was a clergyman, was educated at Union college. Tyler was elected vice president on the ticket with William Henry Harrison. At the latter's death Tyler succeeded. Arthur's accession to the presidency was due to the assassination of President James A. Garfield.

Millard Fillmore and James Knox Polk were fifty when they were called upon to accept the nation's loftiest gift. Both men were the sons of farmers, Polk being a North Carolinian of Scotch-Irish extraction and Fillmore a New Yorker of English ancestry. Fillmore did not go to college, but Polk was a student at the University of North Carolina. Both were lawyers. Polk served a full term, but Fillmore died in office.

There are two presidents aged forty-nine on the list—Franklin Pierce and James Abram Garfield. Farmers' sons, they were both college men and became lawyers. Pierce was educated at Bowdoin and Garfield at Williams. The former served a full term, but the latter fell by the assassin's bullet.

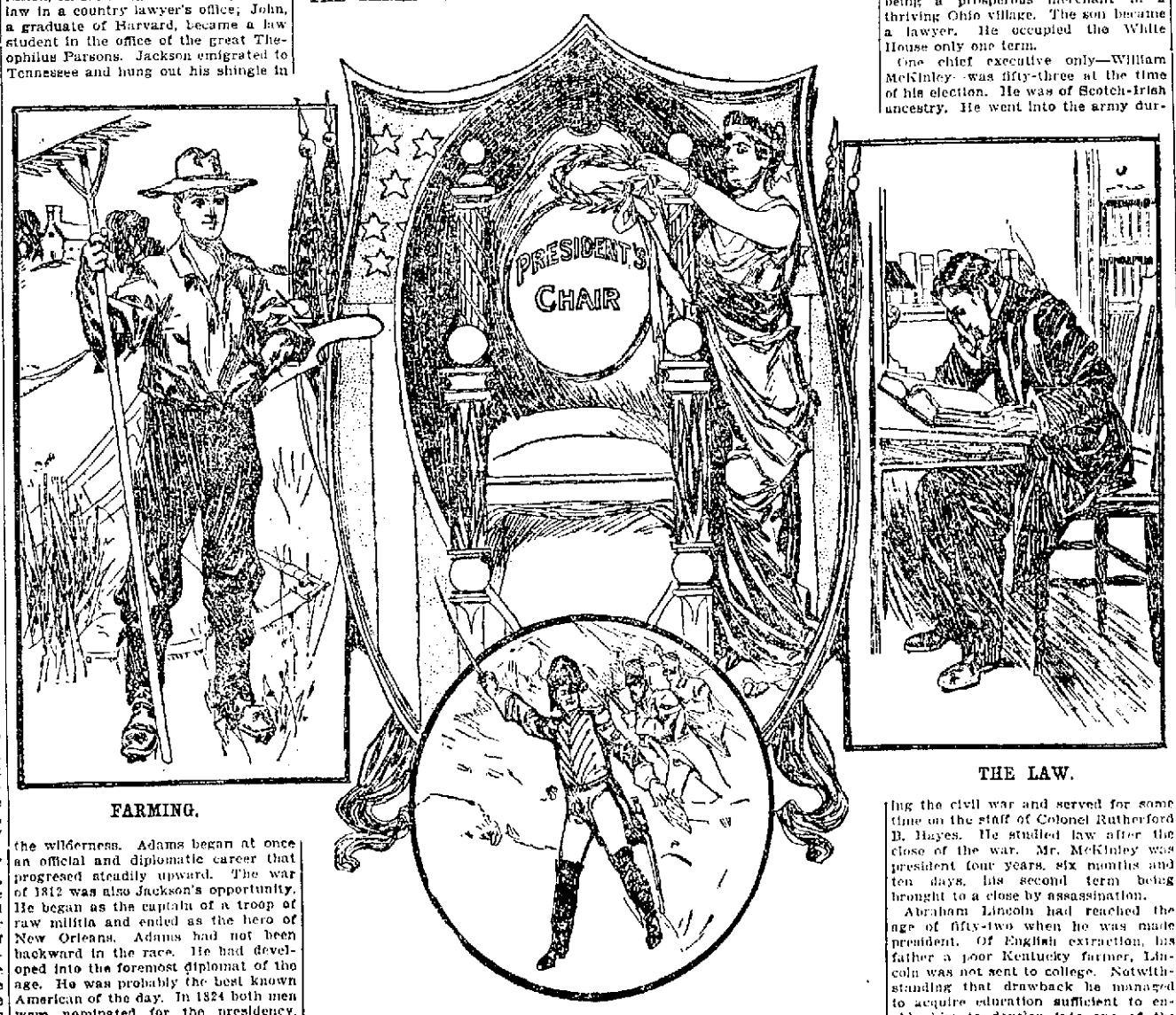
Grover Cleveland became president at the age of forty-eight. He is of English descent. With one exception, his father was the only clergyman who ever had a son destined to reach the presidency. In the other case the son—Chester Alan Arthur—was not elected, but succeeded at the death of the president. Mr. Cleveland is a lawyer. He enjoys the distinction of being the only president who has been married in the White House and of being the only living ex-president.

Since President Roosevelt was not elected to the presidency, but came into it by virtue of his right of succession, the youngest man thus far entitled to the honor of actual election was Ulysses Simpson Grant. This distinction, however, will be transferred to President Roosevelt at the coming election should he be successful at the polls. Grant was in his forty-seventh year when he was inaugurated. He was the son of a tanner and was of Scotch descent. Educated at West Point, the only man on the list of presidents who is accredited to the military school of the nation, General Grant was so dissatisfied with his profession that he abandoned it for seven years. If the civil war had not broken out there is no evidence that Grant's name would have been added to the list of soldiers who afterward were rewarded with the presidency.

Among all the presidents Jefferson and Johnson were the only men who were not professed members of some church organization. Jefferson is known to have been a believer in Christianity, though he had a marked distaste for sectarianism. Johnson also made no mystery of his faith in the principles of Christianity, but could never be persuaded to unite with any church. With the exception of Jefferson, all the Virginia born men—Washington, Madison, Monroe, Tyler, the elder Harrison and Taylor—were Episcopalians. Pierce and Arthur were also members of that church. The Adamses, father and son, were Congregationalists. Jackson, Polk, Buchanan, Cleveland and Benjamin Harrison were Presbyterians. Lincoln, Grant, Hayes and McKinley were Methodists. Van Buren was an adherent of the Dutch Reformed church, and President Roosevelt is a member of the same religious body. Fillmore was the solitary Unitarian, and Garfield was affiliated with the Disciples (sometimes improperly called Campbellites), in whose churches he often preached.

ARTHUR J. WHARTON.

THE THREE OCCUPATIONS WHICH HAVE MADE PRESIDENTS.



FARMING. SOLDIERING. THE LAW.

A SNAPSHOT OF THE PRESIDENT'S DAUGHTER.

Miss Alice Roosevelt has been a recent visitor to the St. Louis fair, and the international thoroughfare known as the Pike gave her a royal welcome. The bright young woman and her party were patrons of all the attractions, and some merry days were spent in making the rounds. The young folks' experience with the X ray apparatus was especially diverting. Try as he might, the German scientist in charge of the test could not bring Miss Roosevelt's heart into view, although the cardiac outlines of the other experimenters were made plainly visible. To offset this startling disclosure, a palmist assured Miss Roosevelt that she would soon be the loving mate of a blond millionaire.

MISS ALICE ROOSEVELT.

MELBA'S FIRST APPEARANCE.

Mme. Melba recently gave an interesting account of her first public appearance. "I was quite a young girl in Australia," she said, "when, notwithstanding the persistent discouragement of my father, who was averse to the idea of a singer's career for me, I engaged a hall and sent round a notice to all my friends. Unfortunately somebody mentioned the little scheme to my father, and he, furious at my clandestine enterprise, begged every one of his acquaintances to uphold his parental authority by ignoring the performance. But I wasn't disheartened and at the hour announced for the commencement of my concert stepped on to the platform to find myself face to face with an audience of two. And nobody else came."

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5.43	6.50	6.00	7.34
6.22	7.49	6.30	7.26
a6.39	7.30	7.34	8.52
s6.45	7.38	8.25	9.01
s7.01	8.02	e9.00	9.37
es7.24	8.10	9.20	9.57
s7.31	8.35	e10.00	10.37
7.48	8.35	a10.17	11.34
s7.52	10.35	e11.20	12.07
8.50	9.40	12.00	12.56
9.22	10.20	e1.00	1.37
11.00	12.03	1.15	2.52
es11.43	12.25	2.00	3.01
s12.14	1.00	e3.00	3.37
1.40	2.50	3.30	4.05
es1.56	2.39	a3.47	5.00
es2.47	4.30	4.14	5.30
es4.02	4.45	e5.00	5.37
4.25	5.30	5.28	6.24
es5.22	6.15	a5.47	6.54
s5.44	7.04	6.31	7.30
es6.12	6.55	e7.30	8.05
es7.29	8.10	e8.30	9.08
8.42	9.36	10.30	11.34
		11.20	12.21

SUNDAY TRAINS

s6.39	7.30	9.00	10.00
s7.24	8.10	e10.00	10.37
7.45	9.49	e11.30	12.07
s9.26	10.15	1.00	1.57
s3.25	4.30	5.00	5.50
s5.29	6.30	e7.30	8.08
s6.12	6.55	e8.30	9.09
es7.29	8.10	9.00	10.02

WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6.55	7.50	7.30	8.31
8.05	8.54	9.25	10.31
9.25	10.37	10.45	11.40
10.50	12.00	11.50	1.05
12.05	1.27	2.15	3.20
12.45	1.55	3.30	4.50
2.30	3.24	4.50	5.49
3.10	4.05	6.04	7.05
3.55	5.00	6.35	7.47
5.06	6.40	9.35	10.55
6.15	7.10	b11.15	12.13
7.00	8.45		
9.15	10.25		

SUNDAY TRAINS

8.15	9.20	8.00	9.13
12.10	1.24	12.00	1.50
3.55	4.52	5.00	6.25
5.30	6.54	8.40	9.40
8.45	9.44		

Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex St. Station.

aVia Bedford.

eExpress.

sFrom Middlesex Street Station only.

B Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS

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Lawler Printing Co., 29 Prescott St.

Hire your hacks at O'Donnell's stables. Tel. 439-1.

Merrimack River Savings bank, 417 Middlesex St. The next quarter begins Saturday, August 6th.

REMOVAL

The New York and Boston Despatch Express Co.'s branch office is now located at 5 Bridge street with F. B. Leeds.

AYER HOME

OBSERVED ITS SEVENTEENTH ANNIVERSARY.

A pretty little program was carried out by the children of the Ayer Home yesterday in celebration of the seventeenth anniversary of the Home under the management of Mrs. A. G. Rouvliere.

The entertainment was held at ten o'clock in the morning and the room where the exercises were held was very prettily decorated. At the dinner hour the children were served with a special treat of ice cream.

The following is the program which was carried out:

Introductory address, Annie Kalil; "Two Merry Little Builders," Ruth Downs, Hazel White and May Herron; recitation, "Work and Play," Margaret Herron; recitation, "Just a Little Girl," Grace Gillis; song, "My Pony," seven children; "Story of the Coal, the Straw and the Bean," May Herron, recitation, "Love of Country," Rosa Kalil; recitation, "How They Sleep," five children; song, "Sweet Summer," May Herron; recitation, "Apostrophe to the Ocean," Beatrice Downs; "Star of the Evening," Annie Kalil; recitation, "Kind Words," Beulah Hosman; recitation, "The Sundown," Janette Hilbert; song, "The Sunbeams," Ruth Downs, Bertha Winkler and Hazel Clark; recitation, "My Black Hen," Harry Norene; song, "The Swanee River," our girls; recitation, "Rules for Manners," Hazel Clark; recitation, "Grandmother's Weather Bureau," Ruth Downs; song, "Grasshopper Green," Nellie Halbert, John Herron and Beulah Hosman; recitation, "Summer Time," Bertha Winkler; recitation, "Grandmother and Me," Hazel White; song, "Pretty Pussies," Grace and Elizabeth Gillis; recitation, "Pussy Whites' Answer," Hazel White; recitation, "Three Lost Babies," May Herron; "The Golden Rule," five children; recitation, "When Robins Build," Mollie Davis; song, "The Cradle," four girls; recitation, "A Million Little Diamonds," Elizabeth Gillis; recitation, "Good Night," John Herron; song, "The Rocking Breeze," three children; song, "Spain," four girls; song, "I Do Love You," four children; "Cousin Jedediah," all.

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SHOE LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, CUT TAPS, SHOE LACES, AND A LARGE LOT OF UNION LEATHER.
Everything for shoe makers and private use. Lowest cash prices. Please call and see our stock.
We are also agents for G. W. MOHR & CO. SHOE POLISH.
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$15 BIG REDUCTION
In Rates to
ENGLAND, IRELAND AND SCOTLAND
—AT—
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18 Appleton Street, Opp. Postoffice.

$15.00 To Europe
Liverpool, Queenstown, London, Glasgow, and Londonderry.
$.2.50 Return Ticket.
Round Trip $27.50.
O'Donnell's Steamship Agency
Cor. Market and Worthen Sts.

BOYLE BROS., Bottlers
773 Pawtucket Street.
The only bottlers in Lowell using MINERAL WATER EXCLUSIVELY in the preparation of beverages. The celebrated MT. PLEASANT SPRING WATER is used in all our Tonics and in Siphons. 11 varieties of Temperance Drinks. 50c case to family trade. Telephone 1038-5.

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5 HILDRETH BUILDING, LOWELL

than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

LIVES IN DANGER

Burglars Set Fire in Tenement House

THEY TRIED TO RAMSACK THE BUILDING

Tenants Were Rescued by Firemen

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The lives of more than a hundred persons were imperiled today by fire which the police believe was set by burglars who had attempted to ransack a crowded tenement house in the east side. The fire started on the lower floor in a shoe store owned by Herman Freund, soon after the burglars were frightened away by the cries of a woman who surprised them while they were forcing a door. A little later, smoke began to pour upward from the lower part of the building and quickly filled the halls and stairways. Firemen succeeded in rescuing all the tenants and extinguished the flames after the building had been damaged to the extent of $2000.

GONE TO EUROPE

Many Lowell People on the Iverina

The Ivernia which sailed from East Boston this afternoon, bound for Europe, carried about 50 Lowell people. The local passengers, accompanied by Agents Murphy and O'Donnell, went to Boston on the 10.50 train this morning. The Northern station was crowded with friends of the tourists and a great many accompanied them to Boston. The boat sailed at 1.30 and there were 1207 passengers, 1000 of the number being third cabin passengers.

COLONIAL CLUB

GAVE A SEND OFF TO ONE OF ITS MEMBERS.

The members of the Colonial club tendered a farewell reception to Andrew F. Roach last night. Mr. Roach sailed this afternoon on the Ivernia for Europe. The affair last evening was a very pleasant one and a fine program of songs and speeches was carried out at the headquarters of the organization.

James Doyle was the presiding officer and there were remarks by Mr. Roach, Thomas Casey ("Happy Days") James Quinlan, John J. O'Connell, Michael Brulin, and songs by John Cullahan, Thomas Stanton, John Cotter, Joseph Dawson, John Fanning, the boy tenor, Willie McVey. Many of the members of the club accompanied Mr. Roach to Boston. He will be absent six weeks.

RALPH CULLINAN

GIVEN A ROYAL TIME BY HIS FRIENDS.

Ralph Cullinan, who sailed for Ireland today passed a most enjoyable evening with his friends last night. There was singing, dancing and speech making and it was nearly midnight when the party dispersed. Mr. Cullinan is accompanied on his trip abroad by his sister. They will be gone about ten weeks.

STATE POLICE

May Investigate Child Labor Law Violations

LAWRENCE, Aug. 2.—The case of Harry Jackson, an overseer in the Washington mills, who was charged with employing Peter Marcelli, a boy who said he was but 11 years old, in violation of the statutes, which direct that the person who employs a person under age, is liable for the offence, was tried in police court yesterday.

The boy said that he was eleven years of age, and his mother told the court that the boy was born Feb. 11, 1892. The certificate was issued on Feb. 18, 1904. At the time the certificate was issued, the boy measured 4 feet 6 1-2 inches and this boy proved to be several inches shorter in height.

G. N. Norton, an overseer in the Washington mills, testified that about one and a half years ago he employed the boy in direct contrast to the boy's statement that he had only been working for the past five or six months.

The Marcello boy's mother testified that her son had been in the city two years, while he told the court that he had only resided in Lawrence for a year.

Lawyer Chandler made special mention to the court that Marcello had told many untruths, while on the stand.

Judge Stone in summing up the case, said that he did not doubt but that the officials who issued the certificate were lax in their method of determining, whether or not the applicant was of the required age. His Honor also stated that he would impose only a light fine, but remarked as he put it, for the benefit of all the overseers and other employees connected with mercantile establishments whose ears it might reach, that the next party who committed a like offence would be severely punished. A fine of $10 was imposed on Jackson.

In closing Judge Stone told Inspector Wesley of the state police, that he was desirous that the chief of the force be notified of the condition and a strict investigation be made.

J. J. O'Connell J. J. Cushman
J. J. O'CONNELL & CO.
Funeral Directors
1010 Central St. Davis Sq.
Telephone Connection

IT'S A HOT ONE

"IS ALL IN NOW"

Proprietor of Quincy House Heard Louis Vezina

Use These Words—Vezina Was Charged With Assaulting Officer Bigelow and Was Found Guilty—Assault Was a Brutal One

The case of Louis Vezina, Pawnee Bill's bugler and cavalryman, charged with assault and battery on Patrolman Samuel Bigelow, came up on continuance in police court today and because one year was the longest direct sentence within the power of the lower court to impose, Judge Hadley declined jurisdiction and Vezina was held for the superior court. The police are looking for Vezina's brother and "Billy" Win, who Louis Vezina said was with him on the night of the assault.

OFFICER BIGELOW'S STORY.

"Two weeks ago last Sunday night I was patrolling in Lee street in the absence of the regular officer.

"Shortly after midnight I met three or four young men. The young man in the dock was one of them.

"I ordered them to move on. The defendant talked back to me and while I was talking with him another man struck me on the nose.

"When the other fellow struck me the defendant said 'Now get into the — — — .'

"I grappled with the fellow who struck me and while we were clinched the defendant and another fellow came down from the church steps and disarmed me. They took my club and revolver from me. My nose was broken and my head badly cut."

When asked if he had any questions to ask, Vezina said, "Are you sure I struck you?"

"Yes, I am sure you did."

"How many times did I hit you?"

"I don't know, you were all poking and kicking at me."

Dr. Bell, who attended Officer Bigelow explained to the court the nature of the officer's wounds.

VERY BAD FOR VEZINA

Mr. McGregor, proprietor of the Quincy house in Lee street, was very positive about what he had heard and seen and he made it very bad for Pawnee Bill's bugler.

"When I arrived on the scene of the assault," he said, "the defendant and a big tall fellow were pounding the officer. I saw the defendant kick the officer and the tall fellow struck the officer over the head with the club.

"I heard the defendant say, 'the — — is all in now.' I know he meant the officer."

Captain Kew told the story of Vezina's

LOUIS VEZINA.

arrest in Nashua and Vezina did not have any questions to ask.

THE BUGLER'S STORY.

Vezina, the defendant, was sworn and told his story. He said he did not lay hands on the officer, but admitted he was there when the assault was committed.

He said: "When the officer passed by some one of the gang made a noise with his mouth that seemed to aggravate the officer and he came back.

"He stood talking to me and while he talked somebody struck him. I don't know if the blow landed on his chin or on his nose, but I heard the clip.

"We were standing on the church steps, and some one knocked my hat off. I went down the steps. The officer was struggling with the men at the bottom of the steps. When I went back up the steps I heard somebody say, 'Where is the — — — — head.' I did not strike the officer.

"I was visiting friends in Lee street that I had not seen for years. My brother and Billy Win were the two men who were with me. I do not know which of them assaulted the officer."

When asked if he told Captain Kew that he had walked the greater part of the way from Lowell to Nashua, Vezina answered in the affirmative.

"Why did you walk?" asked the deputy.

"Because I had to get there early in the morning, in time for the parade, and the last car had gone."

"What time did the parade start at Nashua?" asked the deputy.

"About to no'clock," replied Vezina.

"The first car in the morning would have been early enough, would it not?" queried the deputy.

"No, I had a great deal of work to do before the parade started. I had to prepare my saddle and other things for the parade."

Because one year was the most that Judge Hadley could give Vezina, he declined jurisdiction and ordered the defendant in $700 for the superior court.

Vezina was found guilty a few days ago on a complaint charging him with failing to provide proper and lawful support for his minor child, and on that complaint Judge Hadley, today, sentenced Vezina to three months in the common jail.

Officer Bigelow's head and face bore sore signs of the rough treatment which he received. His head, face and nose were plastered and he walked lame because of injuries which he received about the legs and body.

LEVESQUE NOT GUILTY.

Joseph Levesque, Vezina's brother-in-law, who was also charged with assaulting Officer Bigelow, had his case dismissed. He was fined $2 for drunkenness. E. D. McVey appeared for Levesque and Vezina was without counsel.

FEW DRUNKEN OFFENDERS.

Eight was the total number of drunken offnders in police court today. Timothy Desmond was fined $6; four first offenders were fined $2 each and one, a woman, was released.

George Nanopould was charged with threatening Costos Skilns and was put under bonds to keep the peace.

NEW UNDERTAKER.

John J. Higgins who has been in the employ of C. H. Molloy for the past five years and having had a practical experience of the business and having graduated from the New York College of Embalming has opened up parlors on his account at 415 Lawrence street, where he will be found in the future.

NOTICE.

H. Harmon sold his grocery and provision store at 120 Howard street to J. Smith.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

FAVORS MASSACRE

President Nord of Hayti Threatens Foreigners

PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Aug. 2.—At a public reception yesterday President Nord made an address which has alarmed the foreign residents.

He accused the foreign population of plotting against his government, with the object of overthrowing which they had put up the rate of exchange and also the prices of all goods.

The president said he had decided to defend himself and intimated that he would take strong measures.

President Nord made a threatening reference to "what happened in Hayti in 1804."

The rate of exchange is 600 per cent.

In January, 1804, after the power of the French ceased in the island of Hayti, the independence of the island was proclaimed and Jean Jacques Dessalines was named governor general for life, with full legislative and military powers and the right of appointing his successor.

In March of that year he proclaimed the massacre of all the whites, calling upon his people to "render war for war, crime for crime and outrage for outrage, to the European cannibles who have so long preyed upon our race."

As a result of this proclamation there was a general massacre of nearly the whole of the whites, including aged men and women and children, numbering at the lowest estimate 2500.

The negroes then declared Dessalines emperor, and in the following October he was crowned at Port au Prince with the title of Jean Jacques I.

In October, 1806, Dessalines was assassinated, after which the island was divided into the republic of Hayti and the republic of Santo Domingo.

The Place to Buy
Fred H. Rourke
984 Gorham St. Tel. 1177

Stove Coal	$7.00 per ton	Lehigh Coal, all sizes,	$7.50 per ton
Egg Coal	$7.00 per ton	Franklin, all sizes,	$8.50 per ton
Broken Coal	$7.00 per ton	Cumber and Coal,	$6.50 per ton
No. 1 Chestnut	$7.00 per ton	Steam Coal,	$5.25 per ton
No. 2 Chestnut	$6.00 per ton		

OLD GOLD FLOUR $6.00 Per Barrel
KING ARTHUR FLOUR $7.00 Per Barrel

Meal, Shorts, Wheat, Oats, Corn, Hay, Horse Feed, etc. Very Lowest Prices

Lowell, Tuesday, Aug. 2, 1904

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

Dark Blue Trading Stamps — Good Forever and Everywhere

WOMEN'S WRAPPERS AT 59c
INSTEAD OF 75c

WOMEN'S WRAPPERS AT 79c
INSTEAD OF $1.00

WOMEN'S WRAPPERS AT 98c
INSTEAD OF $1.25

A fortunate purchase brings these remarkable values to your notice. Wrappers that we can guarantee to be right in every particular at a saving of from 20 to 33 1/3 per cent., are a very, very rare offering in this community.

25 dozen S. R. Percale Wrappers, in dark colors, blues, blacks and garnets, with a 12 inch flounce, made full, with shoulder cape trimmed with heavy braid, full lining, regular price 75c, only **59c each**

20 dozen Banner Percale Wrappers, with extra deep flounce, felled seams, lining, collar and cuffs with braid, all new patterns, dark colors or light grounds, sizes from 32 to 44. The usual grade with the $1 tag, only **79c each**

40 dozen Sea Island Percale Wrappers, "grand" fitting, light and dark colors, made full sizes in every way, plain with white pipings and full tucked front or the shoulder lapel style, trimmed with fine braid. Blacks, greys, whites, reds and blues. Always before $1.25 each, only **98c each**

We're putting in a big show on Palmer Street. Better still, come and examine the wrappers themselves. Ready for sale this morning.

Palmer Street, Basement

SPORTING

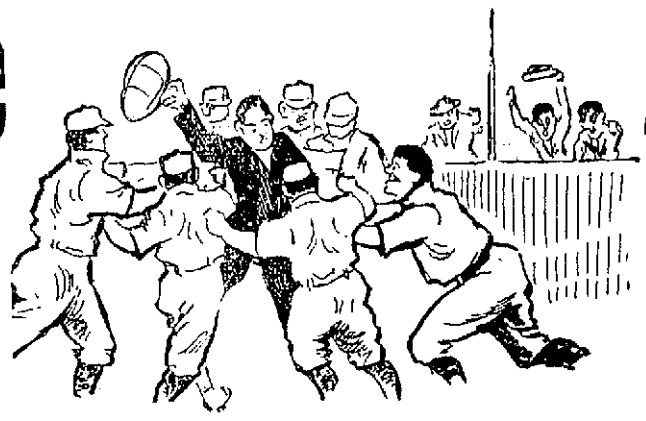
THE LOWELL SUN

EXTRA

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY AUGUST 2 1904 | 8 PAGES ONE CENT

Today's Ball Game At Spalding Park

LOWELL 3



Both teams found fault with the umpire.

MANCHESTER 5

TODAY'S SCORE BY INNINGS

Innings--------	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Lowell--------	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	--3
Manchester-	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	--5

Manchester defeated Lowell this afternoon at Spalding park in a rain storm, in a game that was scrappy throughout. Owing to the disagreeable weather there were only about 250 people present, but Manager Lake said he would play the game if there were but three people present.

At 3.15 o'clock Umpire Kerins called the game and as the men went to the bat Lake remarked that he never lost a game in a rain storm.

FIRST INNING.

Manchester went to the bat first and Page drew his base on balls. Armbuster hit to Connors who threw to second catching Page. Hickey in trying to make a double play threw over Lake's head and Papa throwing his mit in the air stopped the ball from going into the bleachers. Smith flied out to McLaughlin and Warren closed the inning by hitting to Bushey. The latter knocked the ball down and Hickey fielded it to first in time to get Warren.

For Lowell, Tierney hit to Warren and died at first. Connors hit to Kane and was out at first. Dorgan singled to left field, and Hickey closed the inning by hitting to Warren and forcing Dorgan out at second.

Score—Lowell 0, Manchester 0.

SECOND INNING.

Neither side scored in the second inning. Chapman struck out. Taylor sent a line drive to McLaughlin and the little fellow by a phenomenal catch stopped the ball with his bare hand. Kane struck out.

In Lowell's half Lake hit to Warren and was out at first. Bigbie singled to left field. McLaughlin singled to short right and McGovern hit to Taylor, the latter throwing McLaughlin out at second; Knau then threw the ball to first base for a double play.

Score—Manchester 0, Lowell 0.

THIRD INNING.

Manchester went out in quick order in the third. Cote and Jordan struck out and Page flied out to Bigbie closing Manchester's half of the inning.

In Lowell's half Bushey hit to Jordan and was out at first. Tierney struck out. Connors drew his base on balls and Dorgan struck out.

Score—Lowell 0, Manchester 0.

FOURTH INNING.

Manchester jumped on Bushey with both feet in the fourth and sent in three runs. Armbuster was hit in the wrist with the ball and was sent to first. Smith bunted along the first base line and though Lake fielded the ball there was no one on first and the visiting player was safe. Warren advanced both men with a sacrifice. Chapman singled to right field scoring Armbuster. Chapman then stole second. Taylor hit to left field and Smith and Chapman scored. Knau got his base on balls. Cote flied out to Tierney and Jordan closed the inning by striking out.

Lowell scored one run during the latter part of the fourth. Hickey flied out to Armbuster. Lake singled to left field and stole second. Bigbie foul flied to Chapman, the latter making a pretty running catch. McLaughlin singled to left field scoring Lake and McGovern closed the inning by flying out to Smith in center field.

Score—Manchester 3, Lowell 1.

FIFTH INNING.

Bushey pulled out of a bad hole in the fifth. Page opened with a single to centre field and then stole second. Armbuster hit to Connors who threw wild to first and Page went to third and Armbuster went to second. Smith drew his base on balls. With the bases filled and no one out it looked as though the boys from the Queen city would score, but Warren flied out to McLaughlin and Chapman did the same trick, and Taylor was third out on strikes.

Lowell got a man as far as third in the fifth inning, but failed to score. Bushey flied out to Taylor and Tierney drew his base on balls and while trying to steal second was caught out by about a mile. Connors hit to left field and Dorgan singled to short center, Connors going to third. Hickey wound up the inning by flying out to Armbuster.

Score—Manchester 3, Lowell 1.

SIXTH INNING.

Knau opened the sixth inning by striking out. Cote flied out to McLaughlin. Jordan was the next man up and he hit a foul tip which struck McGovern on the finger which he injured last Saturday, and Dr. Fred Leahey was called and it was found that the member was broken. "Terry" will be out of the game for some time. Lake then went in to catch, Bigbie went to first, Tierney went to left and Cross went out to right field. Jordan finally struck out.

Lowell tied the score in the sixth inning through good stick work on the part of Barnie McLaughlin. Lake hit to left field and was safe at first. Bigbie flied out to Chapman. McLaughlin was the next man to step to the plate and he swung on a good ball and sent it over the left field fence bringing in two runs. Cross struck out and Bushey went out, Taylor to Chapman.

Score—Lowell 3, Manchester 3.

SEVENTH INNING.

Manchester failed to score in the seventh owing to a phenomenal catch by young Dorgan, which was the feature of the game. Page opened the inning with a single to centre field. Armbuster sent him to second on a pretty sacrifice. Smith then hit between deep right and centre field for what looked to be a sure two or three base hit, but Dorgan got after it and sprinted in a manner that would make Arthur Duffy look like three cents, and nabbed the ball. Warren flied out to Bigbie.

When Lowell went to bat it was found that Volz had been substituted for Page. Tierney was first up and he flied the ball out to Knau. Connors hit to Knau and was out at first, and Dorgan also hit to Knau and went out at first, losing the inning.

Score—Lowell 3, Manchester 3.

EIGHTH INNING.

In the eighth inning Chapman hit to Hickey and died at first. Taylor hit to left field for a single. Knau drew his base on balls. Cote struck out. Volz hit to McLaughlin forcing Knau at second base.

Hickey opened the eighth for Lowell by hitting to Knau and going out at first. Lake struck out. Bigbie closed the inning by striking out.

Score—Lowell 3, Manchester 3.

NINTH INNING.

Page opened the ninth with a single to short left. Armbuster went out on a foul fly to Connors who made a pretty catch. Page stole second and Lake's bad throw sent him to third. Bushey gave Smith his base on balls and Smith kicked against going to first saying that Bushey did it deliberately. Warren bunted down the first base line and Bushey tagged him out while Page scored. Chapman hit one that hit against the left field fence and Tierney caught the ball but fell against the fence and dropped the ball and Smith scored. Taylor hit to Connors and was thrown out at first.

In the last half of the ninth McLaughlin opened with his fourth consecutive hit. Cross struck out. Bushey made a single to left sending McLaughlin to second base.

Tierney struck out.

Connors flied out to Taylor.

LOWELL.

	ab.	r.	bh.	tb.	po.	a.	e.
Tierney rf lf...	4	0	0	0	1	0	1
Connors 3b.....	4	0	1	1	1	2	1
Dorgan cf.....	4	0	2	2	1	0	0
Hickey 2b	4	0	0	0	2	2	1
Lake 1b c	4	2	2	2	4	0	1
Bigbie lf 1b ...	4	0	1	1	5	0	0
McLaughlin ss.	4	1	4	7	6	1	0
McGovern c....	2	0	0	0	7	1	0
Bushey p.....	4	0	1	1	1	2	0
Cross rf.....	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.....	36	3	11	14	27	8	4

MANCHESTER.

	ab.	r.	bh.	tb.	po.	a.	e.
Page cf.....	4	1	3	3	0	0	0
Armbuster lf...	3	1	0	0	2	0	0
Smith rf.....	3	2	1	1	1	0	0
Warren 3b.....	3	0	0	0	0	3	0
Chapman 1b...	5	1	1	1	11	0	0
Taylor 2b.....	5	0	2	2	4	2	0
Knau ss.....	2	0	0	0	2	5	0
Cole c.....	4	0	0	0	9	1	0
Jordan p.....	3	0	0	0	0	1	0
Volz p.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.....	30	5	7	7	27	12	0

Earned runs—Lowell 3, Manchester 2. Home runs—McLaughlin. Sacrifice hits—Warren, Armbuster. Stolen bases—Chapman, Lake, Page 2, Armbuster. Double plays—Taylor, Knau and Chapman. Strike outs—By Bushey 9, by Jordan 3, by Volz 3. Bases on balls—By Bushey 5, by Jordan 2. Hit by pitched ball—Armbuster. Umpire—Kerins. Attendance—250. Time of game 2h. 10m.

At Fall River—Lawrence-Fall River game postponed, wet grounds.

NIGHT EDITION

FAY'S NEW MOVE

Starts Report That He is "Ducking"

On Question of Legality of the Labor Day Order—Will Not Apply For Injunction Today

Peter A. Fay, who recently threatened injunction proceedings against the payment of the money voted for the celebration of Labor Day, by his action in the matter has convinced many about city hall that, in the vernacular, he is "ducking" or beginning to hedge on his own proposition. This however, may be an injustice to the lawyer, for, as great bodies move slowly, he may be only playing for more time in which to acquaint himself with certain facts and law before proceeding into court.

On Friday, Mr. Fay went to the city clerk and wanted official copies of all the papers bearing reference to the Labor Day appropriation stating that he intended to bring the matter to court at once and get an injunction to restrain the city treasurer from paying out any of the money so voted.

The city clerk went to work at once and made copies and waited around all day Saturday for Mr. Fay to show up for his official copies, which by the way, cost $2. Mr. Fay did not put in an appearance, but this morning his typewriter did and instead of calling for the official copies stated that she had been sent by Mr. Fay to make her own copies of the papers. The papers were produced and the typewriter spent a couple of hours copying them after which she returned with them to Mr. Fay.

This has led some to conclude that Mr. Fay has no intention of proceeding to court immediately for the copies taken by his typewriter, be they ever so accurate would not be accepted by any court where only official documents and official copies can go, and before he can ask for injunction proceedings he must procure the proper copies. This action gave rise to the report at city hall that Mr. Fay was "ducking," but the copies were made in order to give him an opportunity to study up his case more closely before making any radical move.

Mayor Howe was at his office bright and early this morning and when a reporter of The Sun called there His Honor in his shirt sleeves was busily going over his morning's work while Sec. Cheney was busily perusing a copy of the statutes pertaining to "Cities."

When asked for a statement in regard to the injunction matter and the special meeting Mayor Howe said: "I know nothing about them except what I read in the papers. I want to wait now until the thing has been decided before I say or do anything. I think that I have done all that was required of me. The legality of it is for somebody else to decide.

"I don't think I should have called a special meeting of the government to act on such a matter.

"In cases of emergency I think it is proper for the acting mayor to act. I have known chairmen of the board of aldermen who did not so much as go near the mayor's office while that official was away.

"I don't think that the business before that special session of the government Thursday evening last was of enough importance to have warranted the calling of a special meeting."

I guess everyone would have lived along a few days longer all right, even if a special meeting had not been called.".

HIS EYE INJURED

BEAVER BROOK MILL OPERATIVE SUFFERED PAINFUL INJURY.

John Smith of Collinsville was badly injured while at work in the Beaver Brook mills today. Caustic exploded and a portion of it found its way to his left eye. He was taken to the Emergency hospital and the doctors there say it will be several days before they will be able to tell how seriously the eye is injured.

BOY CUT HIS FOOT.

James McLaughlin, 14 years old, had his right foot cut on a piece of glass while playing in the street near his home, 27 Washington street, this afternoon. The cut was an inch and a half long and it required three stitches to close it. He was treated at the Emergency hospital.

LOTS OF VACATIONISTS.

These are busy days for the handlers of baggage. August passenger traffic is on with a rush and typical holiday scenes are being enacted almost every hour at the Middlesex street station. Smartly dressed crowds loaded down with all sorts of hand baggage, golf outfits, umbrellas, etc., await the trains and then are swallowed up in the sweltering loads of limp collared humanity that are packed as close as the baggage on ahead.

And the baggage trucks mountain high, baggage cars stuffed till they almost bulge, baggage men sweating, pulling, lifting and wondering if they will ever have a breathing spell. Judging from the appearance of some of the summer pilgrims they wonder if their fortnight in the mountains will be worth the discomfort they have to endure to get there.

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

John F. McAllister, who was spending his vacation with friends in North Billerica was found dead in bed this morning. McAllister was a South Boston business man and his death, the doctor said, was due to heart failure.

O'Sullivan Bros. Company

Comfort Shoes

—FOR—

Warm Weather

The Nurses' Juliets with our rubber heels on, make one of the most comfortable shoes that a woman can wear in warm weather. They are hand-sewed, not a wrinkle in the lining to hurt the foot, every seam is evened out smooth. They neither draw nor burn the feet, and the price is

Only $1.50 Pair

Any width from C to EE.

Remember our Clearance Sale is still on.

O'Sullivan Bros. Company

OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

WUXTRA

HO! FOR THE

McManus Picnic

5000 Souvenirs given away by

THE BON MARCHE

TOMORROW MORNING

The Children must be on hand by 7.30 at Kirk Street Entrance

Only Children With Tickets Can Get Souvenirs

Your dealer has this superior brand in stock and he realizes that they are "A Little Better Than Any Other"

C. C. A.

UNION MADE

10c CIGARS

C. C. A. CIGAR CO., - - BOSTON

HORSE RAN AWAY

BIT BROKE AND THE CARRIAGE DEMOLISHED.

A horse belonging to Mr. A. C. Wheelock ran away in Bridge street this forenoon and smashed the carriage to which he was attached into smithereens. The horse was being driven by Mr. Wheelock's foreman. The bit broke and the horse started. The foreman and another man who was riding with him were thrown from the carriage. The foreman escaped injury but the other man had his lip badly cut.

FINED $2000

SECRET SERVICE AGENT ALSO SENT TO JAIL.

WILMINGTON, Del., Aug. 2.—Former secret service agent Peeke, who was convicted of conspiracy in connection with the arrest of Italians for naturalization frauds, was today sentenced by Judge Bradford, in the United States district court here to five years imprisonment and to pay a fine of $3000.

DEATHS

TEAGUE—James P. Teague, aged 6 months twin son of Thomas and Margaret Teague, died this morning at the home of his parents, 23 Elmwood avenue.

CONWAY—Edward Conway, aged 18 years, died yesterday at his home, 29 Ash street after an illness of four months. The deceased is survived by his parents, two brothers and two sisters.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

EXTRA

TROLLEY ACCIDENT

Two of the Victims Were From Lowell

Mrs. Arthur Whitney and Miss Lydia Lock who were on their way from Lowell to Springfield were among the victims in the trolley accident on the Boston & Worcester street railway near Westboro, yesterday and the doctors are not holding out any hope for Miss Lock's recovery.

Mrs. Whitney and Miss Lock came to Lowell, Friday, to bury their mother, Mrs. William Lock, who died in Springfield. Mrs. Lock was buried in the Edson cemetery. She used to live in Lowell.

Miss Lock and her sister Mrs. Whitney visited with their cousin Mrs. Z W Sturtevant, 91 Fort Hill avenue, while in Lowell and they left here Monday morning. They did not intend to go to Worcester by way of the electric road but the humidity was so great and the heat so intense when they arrived in Boston that they decided it would be more comfortable to go by trolley. Both women are well known in Lowell and great sympathy is felt for them.

KILLED HERSELF

Woman Jumped From Window of Hospital

NEW YORK, Aug. 2- A woman whose name is believed to be Mrs. Gussie Fuss killed herself today by jumping from the fifth floor of Mount Sinai hospital. Beyond the statement that the body was found in the court yard by a watchman no information regarding the case was given out at the hospital which is a private institution. The woman's identity was suppressed by the authorities.

BATTLESHIP OHIO

MADE 17.86 KNOTS PER HOUR IN SPEED TEST.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Rear Admiral Whiting, who represented the government aboard the battleship Ohio, which was given her first speed trial in Santa Barbara channel yesterday, reported to the navy department by telegraph today that the uncorrected figures for the Ohio's trip showed an average speed of 17.86 knots per hour. These figures are subject to change on account of tidal allowances. Under the terms of the contract the Ohio is to make 18 knots an hour. The penalty for falling below the speed is at the rate of $25,000 per quarter knot for the first half knot under 18.

JUDGE WHEELER

CONTINUES RESTRAINING ORDER AGAINST STONINGTON BANK.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Aug. 2.—At a hearing in Chambers before Judge Ralph Wheeler of the superior court this forenoon, a continuation of the order restraining the Stonington Savings bank from placing out money to its depositors was granted. The order is for five months from August 3, and provides that depositors may receive 15 percent. of their deposits on September 15 and 15 per cent. on November 15. Judge Wheeler intimated that the bank should have its affairs entirley wound up by July 1, 1905. The liquidation will be through the present officers of the bank and no receiver will be appointed.

LOST A black bill book with large sum of money on Salem st. Reward at 25 Bowers st.

WANTED A first class warper tender on No 26 yarn, good pay and steady work, also a few spooler tenders Apply to F. L. Leavitt, overseer, Amesbury, Mass.

INTEREST BEGINS

Wednesday, August 3rd, Savings Department. Traders National Bank.

Deposit Now

SON RETURNED

After an Absence of Thirty-Seven Years

Thursday afternoon there came to the pretty little town of Westford a well dressed, prosperous looking man of middle age. He wandered up and down before a little vacant cottage house showing the flight of time. He stopped and gazed at the windows long and earnestly.

Thirty-seven years ago to a day, a 10-year-ld boy had run out of the door of that cottage, screaming back to his father that he would never step his foot in that yard again.

The man was Louis Defoe, a brother of Joseph Defoe of this city.

The vow taken by the little boy was kept for all this time, now it has been broken ,for inquiries by the stranger in Westford enabled him to meet his relatives, and the long space of time has been bridged as if it were a day.

Louis Defoe is at the present time the leading wholesale and retail provision dealer of Moorehead, Minnesota. He has prospered. His trip back east was to find his family, and having found them all are assured that this link in the family circle will be as one of the brightest.

He left for the west today, being called back thus early by urgent business, but it will not be long before he takes another trip here and for a longer visit. The reunion was heart touching. A nephew had carried word to the father and when they and the brothers and sisters met the scene was almost equal to a similar one in a story book.

Among the things which Mr. Defoe took with him to his Western home were several photographs of his babyhood home, and one especially touching is that of the room in which his mother passed away years ago.

A PERFECT SMOKE

MARKSMAN

UNION MADE

5¢ CIGAR

America's Greatest Heater

THE WINCHESTER

WELCH BROTHERS

Sole Agents

61-63 Middle Street

THEY SPLIT EVEN

Lowell Took One in Manchester Double Header

Cross Pitched Finely in First—Day Pounded in Second—A New Pitcher Has a Disastrous Try-Out

Lowell went to Manchester yesterday and split even with the home team in a double header. The first game was "some" baseball with old reliable Cross in the points for Lowell, and poor little Deacon Morrisey with a felon on his finger, doing the best he could for the home team.

In the second game the home team waded into Billy Day and soon had him looking like a deuce spot in a game of whist pool. Then along came Tholt, who thoit he could pitch. Tholt couldn't pitch quoit, but he thought he could and as he had come direct from Maine, with the odor of pine needles all over him and his return ticket sewed in his pants pocket, demanding a trial, Manager Lake gave him a chance and put him in after Day had been soundly walloped.

Tholt soon showed that he wouldn't make good in a backyard game of three-o-cat, but they let him finish the game out and after supper the gang all said, "Goodby, Jack old boy" while the village band played "Home Sweet Home," as the wonder from Maine cut the thread that held his return ticket and fastened to the rear car in the train bound for Maine.

Leith pitched the second game for the home team and the game reminded one of "Blind Man's Buff," for in the entire game Lowell got but two hits.

FIRST GAME.

Both teams scored in the opening inning.

Lowell at bat, Tierney drew his base on balls and went to second on Connors' sacrifice, Morrisey to Chapman. Dorgan foul-fled to Page. Hickey pounded out a single to left, scoring Tierney from second base. Lake did some very clever sprinting, while foul-fled to Chapman.

For Manchester, Graham went out, McLaughlin to Lake, who did quick work as the Manchester runner sprinted to beat the bend. Armbruster bunted the ball slowly toward third and beat it out to first and then stole second. Smith died, Hickey to Lake. Armbruster going to third. Warren got his base on balls and stole second. McGovern flew out to McLaughlin, who muffed, Armbruster scoring. Chapman singled, scoring Warren. The former attempted to steal second but was retired, McGovern to McLaughlin.

Score—Manchester 2, Lowell 1.

Lowell scored again in the fourth and seventh. In the fourth Hickey hit a high fly to Armbruster, who failed to hold the ball, Hickey continuing to second and then went to third on Lake's put out. Knau to Chapman. Tierney singled to left and went to second on Armbruster's fumble of the ball. McLaughlin got a life on a fumble of Warren, who fell all over the ball, while Tierney in the meantime went to third, McGovern died to Knau, McLaughlin ran toward second and Page threw to Taylor, who quickly returned the ball, catcher Hickey at the home plate.

McLaughlin bunted the ball slowly toward third and beat it out to first and went to second on McGovern's sacrifice, Taylor to Chapman. Cross sky flied to Armbruster. Tierney stalked, scoring McLaughlin from second. Tierney attempted to go to second on the throw to the home plate to head off McLaughlin, but was retired, Graham, Morrisey and Taylor throwing in the put out.

LOWELL.

	ab	r	bh	tb	po	a	e
Tierney rf	5	1	2	2	1	0	0
Connors 2b	3	0	1	1	3	2	1
Dorgan cf	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Hickey 2b	3	1	1	1	1	1	0
Lake 3b	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Cross 1b	4	0	1	1	12	0	0
Tinkle lf	4	0	1	1	2	1	0
McLaughlin ss	4	1	1	1	4	5	1
McGovern c	3	0	0	0	2	2	1
Cross p	3	0	0	0	1	1	0
Totals	31	3	8	8	27	15	3

MANCHESTER.

	ab	r	bh	tb	po	a	e
Graham cf	4	0	1	2	1	1	0
Armbruster lf	3	1	2	2	4	0	2
Smith rf	3	0	1	1	0	0	0
Warren 3b	3	1	0	0	1	1	1
Chapman 1b	4	0	1	1	12	0	0
Taylor 2b	4	0	1	2	1	4	0
Knau ss	4	0	0	0	1	3	0
Page c	3	0	0	0	1	2	0
Morrissey p	3	0	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	29	2	6	8	27	15	3

Score by innings:

Lowell	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	3
Manchester	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

Earned runs—Lowell, 1. Two base hits—Graham, Taylor. Sacrifice hits—Connors, Hickey, McGovern. Stolen bases—Armbruster 2, Warren. Double plays—Smith and Chapman. First base on balls—Tierney, Warren. Struck out—Graham, Knau, Page 2, Smith. Umpires—Kelly, Tang 2. Attendance—500.

SECOND GAME.

The second game was 2 to 0 in favor of the home team for five innings but in the sixth the home team pounded Day out of the box and made five runs. They scored three more in the eighth by taking kindly to Tholt's Maine curves.

LOWELL.

	ab	r	bh	tb	po	a	e
Tierney p	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Connors 2b	3	0	1	1	2	2	1
Dorgan cf	4	0	0	0	3	0	1
Hickey 2b	4	0	0	0	1	4	1
Lake 3b	4	0	1	2	0	0	0
Eagle lf	3	0	0	0	1	0	1
McLaughlin ss	3	0	0	0	2	1	1
McGovern c	2	0	0	0	3	2	0
Day p	2	0	0	0	0	2	0
Tholt p	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	30	0	2	3	24	11	6

MANCHESTER.

	ab	r	bh	tb	po	a	e
Graham cf	4	3	2	2	1	0	0
Armbuster lf	5	0	2	2	1	0	0
Smith rf	3	1	1	1	0	0	0
Warren 3b	5	0	1	1	1	1	0
Chapman 1b	4	0	1	1	12	0	0
Taylor 2b	3	2	2	2	1	5	0
Knau ss	4	1	0	0	1	2	3
Page c	3	1	2	2	7	1	0
Leith p	4	0	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	36	9	11	12	27	11	3

Score by innings:

Lowell	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manchester	1	1	0	0	0	4	0	3	x	9

Earned runs—Manchester 3. Two base hits—Smith, Lake. Sacrifice hits—McGovern, Smith, Knau 2, Page. Stolen bases—Day, Graham 2, Chapman, Taylor, Knau. First base on balls—Graham, Connors, Knau, McLaughlin, Taylor. Hit by pitched ball—Bigbie. Struck out—Dorgan, Page, McGovern, Graham, Leith, Tholt, Hickey, Lake. Time—1:50. Umpire—Kerins. Attendance—500.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

At Manchester (first game) Lowell 3, Manchester 2. Batteries, Cross and McGovern. Morrisey and Page. (Second game) Manchester 9, Lowell 0. Batteries, Day, Tholt and McGovern. Attendance 500.

At Nashua, Nashua 5, Concord 5; 10 innings, rain. Batteries, Swape and Merrill, Stevenson and Higgins. Attendance 500.

At New Bedford New Bedford 3, Haverhill 2. Batteries, Friend and Burrill, McGinley and C. Murphy. Attendance 500.

At Fall River—Lawrence 3, Fall River 0. Batteries, Lahey and Eaton, Harris and Peterson. Attendance 500.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Boston 8, Cleveland 0.
At Washington—Chicago 4, Washington 2.
At Detroit—Detroit 8, New York 6.
At St. Louis—Philadelphia 4, St. Louis 0

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Brooklyn—Boston-Brooklyn game postponed—rain.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg 4, Chicago 0.
At New York—Philadelphia-New York game postponed—rain.

GAMES TODAY.

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

Manchester at Lowell.
Nashua at Concord (two games).
Haverhill at New Bedford.
Lawrence at Fall River.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston at Cleveland.
New York at Detroit.
Washington at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis at Boston.
Pittsburg at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at New York.
Chicago at Philadelphia.

N. E. LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Haverhill	53	23	.697
Lowell	39	34	.534
Nashua	39	37	.513
Fall River	38	40	.487
Concord	36	38	.486
Manchester	36	40	.474
New Bedford	36	40	.474
Lawrence	25	50	.333

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Boston	57	33	.633
Chicago	54	35	.607
New York	50	31	.559
Cleveland	47	33	.561
Philadelphia	47	38	.553
St. Louis	34	46	.425
Detroit	34	50	.405
Washington	18	65	.217

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	P. C.
New York	62	24	.721
Chicago	53	34	.609
Cincinnati	52	37	.584
Pittsburg	50	36	.581
St. Louis	48	40	.545
Boston	43	37	.537
Brooklyn	42	39	.519
Philadelphia	33	63	.259

DIAMOND NOTES.

Manchester here today.

Holty Tholt! Back to the tall pines.

Double-header with the scrappy Concords at Spalding park, Thursday.

It didn't take McGovern long to get back to his old job.

Manager Mack has been trying to get Lord, third baseman of the South Portland team.

Tholty was recommended to Manager Mack by a Portland newspaperman. Thus it isn't always farmers who buy gold bricks.

Will Page, the clever catcher of the Manchester baseball team, is fast sickening of the game and the way it is being played by the team which he represents. While conversing with a representative of The News this morning, he said: "I must confess that the way things have been going this season have taken some of the enthusiasm out of me, but at the same time, if we were winning, I think that things would look better to every man on the team. It is a peculiar feature of the Manchester team this season that, when playing on the home grounds, they simply can't lose, but when they get out of town, they go at the sphere like fiends. I don't think that I shall be in the game next year, although if I play at all, it will probably be with Manchester, for I am bound here. Guess I'll hike me back to Nashua and put my time into my business instead of hiring someone to manage it for me."—Manchester News.

George Noblit has now made more base hits than any other player in the New England league. Soffel of Nashua reached the 100 mark earlier, but has laid off since, and Noblitt passed him on Friday, when he secured five good ones.

Billy Hamilton is triumphant. Fred Lake is satisfied, Billy Merritt is hopeful, Tom McDermott is prosperous, John Smith is sore, Steve Flanagan and Fred Doe are silent, and Jim Cooper and Nate Pulsifer are the prey of conflicting emotions—Concord Patriot.

John Smith says he has lost because he has been playing "scientific" baseball. He further adds that but two teams in the league, Manchester and Lawrence, have played scientific ball and that because of the results as compared with other teams he thinks he will "bull" it from now on and see what that will bring. Surely poor John is woozly.—Nashua Press.

Frank Morrissey, the popular pitcher of the Manchester team, is crippled with a bone felon on his right hand and may have to quit the game for the remainder of the season. The felon started from an injury to his finger and has been growing worse, although the deacon has pluckily stuck to work when he was in no shape to do so. His physician will not be able to decide for another day whether it will be necessary to lance the finger, but if that operation is performed, Morrissey will be unable to play for several weeks and will return to his home in Baltimore. The team is so short of pitchers that Morrissey has had to work and it was said this noon that he might have to go in today to do the best he could with his crippled hand.

Manager Smith has signed a new pitcher, "Kid" Jordan of Lawrence, but Jordan thinks he will "bull" it out of condition. Jordan has done some brilliant work in the league, but it is understood that Lawrence let him go to reduce expenses.

Derby, the former Lowell twirler, was with the team yesterday, but jumped while on the trip to Nashua.—Manchester Mirror.

BAN JOHNSON

GIVES REASONS WHY POST SERIES SHOULD BE PLAYED.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2—In a signed statement given out last night Ban Johnson, president of the American league, gives his reasons why a series of post-season games should be played between the leading teams in both major leagues to determine which team has the right to claim the baseball championship.

In his statement, Mr. Johnson bitterly scores John T. Brush and John McGraw of the New York National league team, and declares that these two men have done more toward the detriment of baseball in America than could the worst enemies of the game.

Replying to McGraw's recent accusation against the American league and its president Mr. Johnson says:

"This is only the latest of a series of vicious attacks and unfriendly actions toward our organization by John T. Brush. The true calibre of the president of the New York National league club is disclosed when he attempts to take refuge behind such an irresponsible character as McGraw.

"It is indeed a loathsome bird that befouls its own nest. The incidents of the last fortnight prove, beyond fear of contradiction, that there are at least two of that species in the National league."

In his arguments for the post-season series President Johnson, after a recital of Mr. Brush's refusal last year to participate in those games, concludes his statement as follows:

"At a meeting of the joint schedule committee of the American and National leagues last spring, a motion that a world's series be played this fall was put by President Hart of the Chicago National league club and was carried unanimously.

"Recently, however, Mr. Hart and his associates have shown little inclination to live up to this agreement.

"Sound sportsmanship, and not a sordid spirit, influences the American league in a desire to make the world's series and other interleagues' post-season games features each year. There is a public demand for these tests of the relative strength of the rival major league teams and we are content to submit to it.

"We believe that baseball would be benefited far more by maintaining its standard of skill and sportsmanship in the United States than by sending picked teams abroad to popularize our pastime in other countries, as the National league proposes to do this year."

POLO CHAMPIONSHIP

ROCKAWAY FIRST CAPTURED THE GAME.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Aug. 2.—The national polo championships opened yesterday at the Point Judith Country club with an interesting and spirited contest in the junior division between Rockaway First and Bryn Mawr Second, which the former won by a score of 14 to 9½ goals. Two Rockaway players were unhorsed, P. F. Collier and R. Lamontaigne, but fortunately escaped with but slight injuries.

Rockaway took the lead at the start and was never headed, although fierce playing by Strawbridge in the third period brought Bryn Mawr to within two goals of their opponents. Only one foul was imposed during the game.

The lineup and summary:

ROCKAWAY 1st	BRYN MAWR 2nd
William A. Hazard	Alexander Brown
D. C. Chauncey jr.	H. W. Harrison
R. Lamontaigne	R. C. Strawbridge
Back—P. D. Collier	
	Back—George A. McFadden

FIRST PERIOD.

Goal won by	Made by	Time
1—Rockaway	La Montaigne	3.22
2—Bryn Mawr	Harrison	3.05
3—Rockaway	La Montaigne	.32
4—Bryn Mawr	McFadden	1.53
5—Rockaway	Hazard	.15
6—Rockaway	La Montaigne	1.42
7—Rockaway	Chauncey	3.22

SECOND PERIOD.

8—Bryn Mawr	McFadden	3.10
9—Bryn Mawr	Harrison	4.50
10—Rockaway	Chauncey	.39
11—Rockaway	Collier	1.51
12—Rockaway	Collier	1.37
13—Rockaway	Hazard	.41

THIRD PERIOD.

14—Bryn Mawr	McFadden	1.26
15—Bryn Mawr	Strawbridge	.51
16—Bryn Mawr	Strawbridge	7.50
17—Bryn Mawr	Strawbridge	3.50
18—Rockaway	La Montaigne	.12

FOURTH PERIOD.

19—Rockaway	Chauncey	.47
20—Bryn Mawr	Strawbridge	1.11
21—Rockaway	La Montaigne	2.55
22—Rockaway	La Montaigne	.35
23—Rockaway	La Montaigne	1.03
24—Bryn Mawr	Harrison	.25

The score:—Rockaway 14, Bryn Mawr 9½ goals.

Foul—Harrison. Referee—E. A. Mitchell and W. C. Lanell. Timer—W. D. King.

CRICKET NOTES

LOWELL TEAMS ARRANGE FOR IMPORTANT GAME.

A meeting of the State Cricket league was held in the American house, in Boston last night and the principal business of local interest transacted was the matter of the Merrimack-Bunting game of June 25, which it was decided would have to be replayed. Both sides are perfectly satisfied with the decision as the way it stood neither side received any points, while with the replaying of the game one team stands as good a chance of gaining points as the other.

The Buntings were represented by Mr. Fred G. Humphriss, who ably presented the Buntings case to the league. Umpire Duggan, Vice Capt. Gath and Scorer Robinson also spoke for the Buntings.

After reviewing the details of the attempt to play the game on June 25 Mr. Humphriss closed with the following remarks:

The league is to be congratulated for their quiet and persistent efforts for the promotion of cricket and they are largely responsible for the increased interest which is now being manifested in every city where the State league has a member. Followers of cricket all over New England are watching the movements of this league committee, as to a great extent the future of cricket in this section of the state is entrusted to your keeping, and whatever action you take in this matter will be read with interest by followers of the game, not only in this state, but wherever cricket is played on this side of the Atlantic. Careful consideration and thoughtful deliberation should be given to all the points and facts in the case, the standing of the club should have no bearing in the matter. No club in the league would feel as if they had won the championship honestly if the decision of that honor depended upon the two points which the Buntings would lose if you decide against them. Personally, I feel convinced that this committee will admit that the reasons we have presented are good ones and that there cannot be any question in your minds after listening to the evidence that the Buntings are entitled to these points and their claim recognized. We are not looking for any favors; all that we want is a chance to win the games honestly and above board. We do expect and have cause to believe that we shall receive just treatment in this case. The Buntings have no ill feelings in the matter. They are on excellent terms with every club in the league and especially can this be said in regard to the Merrimacks. I have refrained from saying anything that might hurt any one's feelings and have and shall avoid all personalities. We welcome a full decision in the case and hope it will be so conducted that after the matter has been settled there will be no soreness between any of the clubs. Let no word be spoken which will cause friction in this body, which has the reputation of doing their business in a gentlemanly and dignified manner.

There were many other matters of minor importance to local cricketers brought before the meeting.

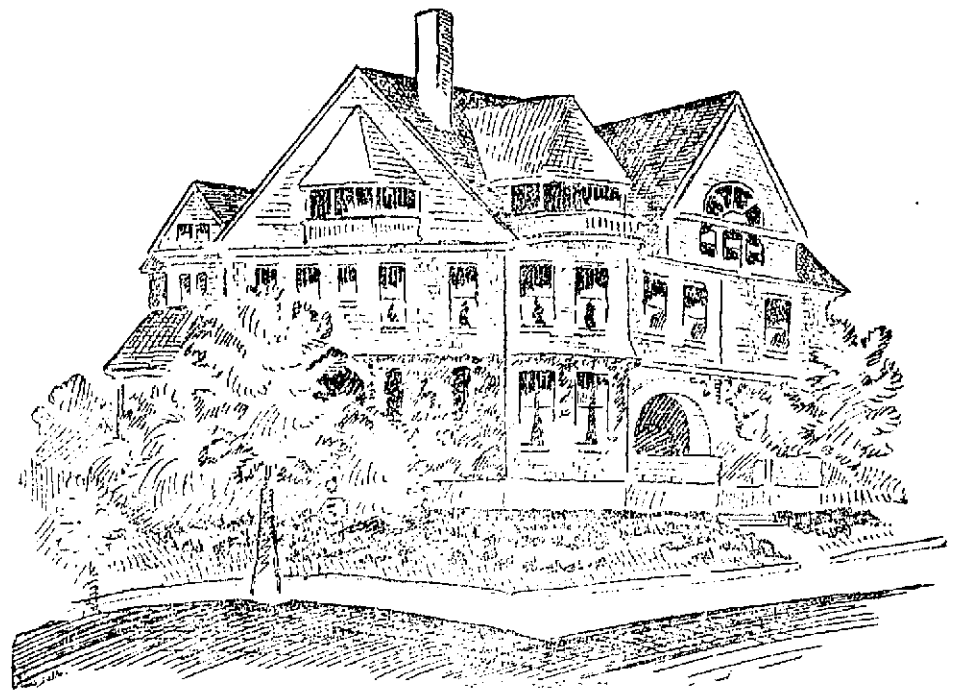
TERRIBLE RIDE

MAN HUNG HEAD DOWNWARD BETWEEN TWO CARS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—With one foot held firmly as if in a vice, George Hardie, 23 years old, of Elizabeth, N. J., hung head downward between two coal cars of a train on the Central New Jersey yesterday afternoon while it traveled a distance of 10 miles. He was struck repeatedly by projections rising above the track level, but was powerless to extricate himself until the train reached Fanwood station.

He was found there by a brakeman and taken to Plainfield, his head torn and his chest cut in a dozen places. After boarding the train at Elizabeth Hardie was jolted from his seat, and, in falling, caught his foot in the coupling, which saved him from being ground to pieces.

Dr. Charles Lufbarrow, who was summoned to attend him, says Hardie will recover.



THE RESIDENCE OF E. L. WHITE, DAMAGED BY FIRE THIS MORNING, (Sketched by The Sun Artist).

WHITE MANSION

Was Badly Damaged by Fire This Morning

Two Colored Occupants Narrowly Escaped Suffocation — Electric Wires the Probable Cause—Suspicious Whiskey Bottles on the Lawn

A disastrous fire visited the magnificent residence of Mr. Edward L. White at the corner of Nesmith and Sherman streets about one o'clock this morning, and but for the prompt response and efficient work of the firemen the building would have been burned to the ground. The loss it is thought will not reach over $10,000 dollars, the principal damage being to the main hall, a side hall and several rooms on the first floor. The principal damage was to the natural wood finishing and floors in several of the down stairs roomsand will make a large item towards the losses as will the carpets and draperies upstairs which were damaged by smoke and water.

The cause of the fire is not known, but it is believed to have been electric wires, while on the other hand there is a slight possibility of the fire having been of incendiary origin.

Marshal Patterson, a colored servant, who was in the house, had a narrow escape from being suffocated, while a companion named George Jennings, a colored boy, was equally affected.

Both colored men owe their lives to Police Officer Linane, who first discovered the fire and awakened the two men and afterward pulled in an alarm from box 141. The prompt discovery of the fire by the officer probably saved the building from being completely gutted.

It was a few minutes after one o'clock this morning when Police Officer Linane happened to be passing the house and seeing huge volumes of smoke issuing from several of the windows on the first and second floors, he rushed around to the rear and rapped on the windows in a room on the basement floor occupied by Patterson and Jennings. He then pulled in the fire alarm from a box at the corner of Talbot and Fairmount streets.

When the firemen arrived they found a fierce blaze in progress in the main hallway of the house near an open fireplace. The fire had also found its way into a side hallway, and into the dining room and afterwards worked upstairs to several bedrooms and two bath rooms. Considerable water was poured on the flames and as soon as the water reached the fire huge volumes of smoke worked their way through the spacious corridors to all parts of the house.

The main hallway received the principal attention of the firemen, though others went through the rooms overhead and used their extinguishers to good effect where the fire had broken through the partitions. Owing to the many rooms and the partitions which are rather spacious the fire found its way through a good portion of the house and the firemen were kept busy extinguishing small fires about the different rooms in the vicinity of the main chimney of the building.

It was several hours before the recall was sent in and the department did not leave the scene of the fire until four o'clock in the morning, and one of the members of the Protective company remained in the house all night with several extinguishers in case that other fires might start, but the firemen evidently did good work with the water and the extinguishers, for after the department left the house there was no further outbreak of the flames.

In the lower hall and many of the rooms on the first floor the flooring is of hard wood, while the dining room is finished with costly wood. Many ornaments in the side hall together with some furniture in both halls were destroyed and in the vicinity of the fireplaces the partitions were practically burned away. The fire on the second floor was confined to two sleeping rooms, several bath rooms and two closets which were directly over where the fire started.

The smoke made its way through the house and did considerable damage in addition to the damage by fire to the interior finish, draperies and other

(Continued to Page Three.)

COUNSEL PELLO DEAD.

NORWICH, N. Y., Aug. 2—Word was received here today of the death at Barranquilla, Colombia, of E. Porter Pello, who went from Norwich to the above place in 1866 as U. S. counsel. Mr. Pello was 70 years of age and a veteran of the Civil war.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

Lakeview Theatre
Two Performances Daily
AFTERNOON and EVENING
One Week, commencing Monday Aug. 1
ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY
JOSEPH J. FLYNN PRESENTS
The Enormously Successful Comedy Opera
Jack and the Beanstalk
Arranged and staged by Geo. Gorman
A FINE CAST OF COMIC OPERA FAVORITES
A Large Chorus of Pretty Girls
Complete Scenic Equipment
Appropriate Costumes
All Fun and Melody
POPULAR PRICES—10c AND 20c

Canobie Lake
PARK THEATRE
Week of August 1-6
Afternoon, 3.15; Evening, 8.15.
J.W. Gorman's Imperials
QUIGLEY BROTHERS, originators and producers, in their own creation, "A Congressman at Large."
WARD & CURRAN, eccentric comedians and pleasing singers, in their farcical sketch, "That Terrible Judge."
HOWLEY & LESLIE, introducing Mr. Howley's unparalleled dancing and Miss Leslie's superb juvenile impersonations.
HENRY & HOON, in a novelty singing act. Songs illustrated with moving pictures.
REED & SHAW, aerial gymnasts in a wonderful display of physical culture.

CHICAGO STRIKE

Greeks Persuaded Not to Work

100 NEGRO AND ITALIAN RECRUITS ARRIVE

Large Receipts of Livestock Today

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Difficulty was experienced today by the packers' employment agents in bringing new men into the stock yards. In one case 12 Greeks who have come from Milwaukee failed to reach their destination. They were captured while en route through Chicago by a crowd of strike pickets.

The Greeks were taken to union headquarters and discouraged from working. The packers had better success with a special train bearing 125 men and women, chiefly negroes and Italians. These were switched directly into the stock yards and unloaded at the doors of the various packing houses. A short time previous ten hands quit or were discharged for incompetency. The receipts of live stock today were much better than yesterday, consisting of 20,000 cattle, 30,000 hogs and 14,000 sheep.

Two new commissary stores making four altogether, were opened by the strikers today, crowds surrounded both places securing an appointment of goods.

In view of wrong statements leading to a belief that the live stock handlers union ordered its members to return to work in the stock yards in violation of orders of meat cutters and butchers' union, the live stock handlers' union has adopted a resolution advising the public "that our return to work was due to explicit instructions from President Donnelly and his associates; and that should the officers of the Amalgamated meat cutters and butcher workmen of North America deem it wise to again order us to participate in the strike, we hold ourselves in readiness to respond to the call."

The packers today appealed for police protection for their distributing plants, the union pickets having turned back all the retail butchers, with wagons after supplies of meat. Police were despatched to prevent further interference with the retailers. The first eviction resulting from the stock yards strike was made today. A crowd of strike sympathizers stoned two constables who put Mrs. Mary Anderson out of her home in Forty-fourth street for non-payment of rent. Mrs. Anderson's husband, a striker, had left Chicago in search of work. The wife was ill in bed when she and her household goods were carried out by constables. Mrs. Anderson was cared for by neighbors. Before the arrival of the police the crowd had wrecked the cottage from which two men had been evicted.

FEDERAL COURT

ORDERED THAT PICKETS BE WITHDRAWN.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 2.—M. Donnelly, president of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workers of America, addressed the striking packing house employees today. Donnelly said the strikers would win their battle and they were becoming stronger all the time.

In obedience to the federal court the strikers have withdrawn all pickets and non-union men enter the plants here at will. Donnelly will go to Kansas City tonight.

TO LET—Cottage newly painted and papered, at Adams Ave., Pawtucketville. Rent $8. Key at Mrs. Dennies, next door. W. A. Read, 258 Liberty st.

JOHN M. FARRELL, Auctioneer
OFFICE, 262 MARKET STREET - - - LOWELL, MASS.
Open Evenings From 7 to 9.
FURNITURE AT AUCTION
I have instructed the auctioneer to sell, without limit, 9 iron beds, 9 springs, 5 refrigerators, 2 hall stands, 10 new ranges, 8 couches, 10 parlor tables, 10 chairs, 5 dressers, 2 chiffoniers, 100 sheets of music, 3 carpets, piano, 5 new bicycles, parlor suite, oil stoves, tin, agate, crockery and nickel ware, etc. Here is a chance.
CRYSTAL THEATRE, 314 Middlesex Street, THURSDAY, AUG. 4th, 2 and 7 p. m.
JOHN D. RAYMOND.

JUDGE WAS VEXED

Because of Deceit Practiced in His Court

"I will have no more of this. I know the tricks that these people try to play and I will put a stop to them right here and now. They must not think that they can run things in this court to suit themselves." 'Twas Judge Hadley who spoke and he was exasperated because of an attempt on the part of the defendants in a Lithuanian assault case to make the court believe they could not understand Mr. Stein, the interpreter. Mr. Stein knew them all, very well, and had talked with them many times. They had their own interpreter, however, and they wanted to use him.

Judge Hadley cried a halt while the case was yet in its infancy and ordered the officers to get a new interpreter. "I am sure they can understand Mr. Stein," said the court, "but at any rate they will not use the interpreter that came with them to this court. He is interested in the case and I will not have him."

William Stanis is the complainant in the case and he alleges that Martin Wedifika stabbed him in the back of the head, with a knife at 72 Davidson street, Saturday evening.

The officers were unable to procure another interpreter this forenoon and the case went over to 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Hearing of the case was resumed at 2 o'clock and after two witnesses for the defense had been heard Judge Hadley called it all off and sent for the clerk to make record of the fact that the defendant had been discharged. "I will not hear any more of this drunken jamboree story. The time of the court is too valuable to be lost in hearing such a case as this. Witnesses in such cases will swear there was no beer on the premises when there were barrels upon barrels of it there. I will discharge the defendant in this case and there will be no cost to the Commonwealth except to pay Mr. Stein for interpreting."

The patience of the court is sorely tried in the trials of such cases. The majority of cases where foreigners are involved are all hard enough to unravel but the Lithuanian cases are worst of all. It is almost impossible to get at the truth and the story told when application is made for the warrant looks like another story entirely when the case goes to trial.

WANTED—A boy about 16 years old to work in a piano store; one who can play the piano preferred. Address in own handwriting, Piano Boy, Sun Office, Lowell, Mass.

LATEST

NON-UNION HELP

Besiege Labor Leaders For Help

MORE CONTRIBUTIONS FOR STRIKE FUND

The Carders Will Help Non-Unionists

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 2.—A heavy fall of rain gave the streets the most deserted appearance today of any time since the strike began. Those of the strikers who have been resorting to berry picking and clam digging were forced to remain indoors. The labor leaders have little to report, other than that they are besieged with applications for aid from the non-union help. The carders have voted to sacrifice 25 per cent. of their strike benefits, which amount it is understood, will be devoted to the benefit of the non-unionists.

Secretary O'Donnell reports that he has received $460 for the general strike fund in the 24 hours ending at noon today.

MANIAC ESCAPED

Made An Attack on His Wife

BOSTON, Aug. 2—Henry A. Oman of Circuit street, Melrose, escaped from the Danvers Insane Asylum last Sunday for the third time within a year. Being familiar with the hours the patrolmen are on duty, he did not go to his home until about 4 o'clock Monday morning, when he broke in the rear door and pulled his wife out of bed demanding all the money she had in the house.

When she gave him but a few dollars, he went wild and grabbed her by the throat, choking her until she produced the balance, which amounted in all to $15.

The Melrose police are provoked with the Danvers authorities, as they were not notified of Oman's escape until after 7 o'clock Sunday night, and he escaped about 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Officer Heaton called at the Oman residence shortly after 3 o'clock yesterday morning, and finding that Oman had not reached there, he went to his home, thinking it would be impossible for Oman to walk from Danvers to Melrose before noon on Monday. The police of neighboring towns were notified by Chief McLaughlin to be on the lookout for the fugitive.

Oman was committed to the Danvers asylum May 23, 1902. When the officers went after him he put up a fierce fight, and during the scuffle Oman inflicted three deep gashes in Officer Hanley's head with a flatiron. He first made his escape about a year ago and shortly after going to bed the night he reached home, as he tells it, "the spirit of God came to me and told me to break into John H. Gately's house and break up the furniture, and I had to do it."

He left the house partially dressed and broke into Gately's house and was caught by the officers.

His second escape was about a month ago, and to escape capture jumped through the second story window to the ground, a distance of about 30 feet. After a hard run he was caught and returned to the Danvers Asylum.

No trace of him had been found up to a late hour last night.

ALTON BAY

CAMP MEETING AUG. 2 TO 31. LOW RATES.

The annual camp meeting at Alton Bay will take place August 2d to 31st, inclusive. The program includes a number of eminent divines and evangelists, and a large crowd is expected in attendance.

Round trip tickets at reduced rates, good going and returning August 2d to 31st inclusive, will be on sale at this station and principal stations on the Boston & Maine Railroad.

For list of stations and rates, see Boston & Maine posters or inquire of agent.

LEG FRACTURED

WOMAN FELL DOWN FLIGHT OF STAIRS.

Ameran Gaudau, residing at 1, rear of 158 Salem street, met with a painful accident at her home this morning. She was coming downstairs when she slipped to the bottom, sustaining a fracture of the right leg. The ambulance was summoned and the injured woman was removed to the Lowell hospital where her injury was dressed.

NOT AMBASSADOR'S NEPHEW.

PARIS, Aug. 2.—The American embassy declares there is no truth in the report that Waldron Shapleigh, the student of West Lebanon, Maine, who committed suicide by swallowing strychnine at the hotel Dore here July 26 was a nephew of Ambassador Porter. The ambassador never heard of him previous to his death.

COUNTERFEIT BILL.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Chief Wilkie of the U. S. secret service announces the discovery of a new counterfeit $1 national note. It is on the National bank of commerce in New York, series 1882, Bruce register, Wyman treasurer. It is a poorly executed photograph.

COTTON MILL CLOSED.

FREDERICKTON, N. B., Aug. 2.—The Gibson cotton mills at Marysville have shut down for one month. The mills employ about 700 hands.

MAYOR HOWE INVITED.

On Aug. 5th Mayor Howe will be the guest of the mayor of Springfield at the outing of the Commercial Travelers' association of Springfield.

MAY NOT STRIKE

Miners Await Return of President Mitchell

SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 2.—The executive board of the United Mine Workers' resumed its sessions here today for the consideration of grievances. The miners are in a conciliatory mood and appear averse to ordering a strike to force the operators to accept Umpire Wright's decision.

A plan is under discussion for impressing the operators with the sincerity of the mine workers and giving the operators until the end of this month to agree to the decision. At that time President Mitchell will have returned from his European trip.

SERIOUS CHARGE

Officers Accused of Selling Promotions

NEW YORK, Aug. 2—A naval board is investigating reports that certain property officers on the receiving ship Hancock stationed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard have been selling rations or promotions to sailors for cash. The reports were started by blue-jackets who talked freely of the matter ashore. When the commanding officers of the ship and the yard heard of these reports they reported to the navy department and a board was detailed to investigate the rumors.

A new blue-jacket was recently appointed on the Hancock. It was said that he had been transferred from the Washington navy yard. On the Hancock, it is alleged, he had a talk with a petty officer about his rating and paid $25 for an advancement. Not long afterward he was jumped from a landsman to second class fireman. He enjoyed his honors only 48 hours, disappearing suddenly.

It turns out that he was a secret service man who had been sent on to get evidence. The petty officers have been summoned as witnesses to Washington. The blue-jackets at the yard say that grafting has been going on for a long time, unknown to the commissioned officers, however, until recently.

TO END STRIKE

LIVE STOCK MEN WILL MAKE ATTEMPT.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 2.—The News today says:

A movement to intervene in the packers' strike in the east will result from a meeting of livestock men from all over the west which begins here tomorrow. These men have suffered as much as anyone from the strike because of a lack of demand for their cattle and they will start a campaign as the independent party to secure an immediate settlement of the strike. Backed up as they will be by the presence of governors of at least six states, officers of the National Livestock association and several of the federal government officials, they hope to bring both sides into a conference, secure an agreement to arbitrate and restore conditions to their normal level in all the stock yards and meat centres of the nation.

The stock men have been called to meet federal officers and discuss grazing.

MOB OF 2000

STORMED THE POLICE STATION IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2—Rioters stoned the Deering-st. police station late last night and for a quarter of an hour the police battled with the crowd of 200 men and women, as it charged the station repeatedly with sticks and stones, shouting vengeance against the police.

The trouble started when the police went to the assistance of Frank Castellano, a strike-breaker employed in the stock yards, who had been dragged from a street car and severely beaten.

Before the police could reach Castellano he had fired four shots from a revolver at his assailants. One of the bullets took effect in John Sheehan's arm.

The mob, already in an angry mood, became infuriated when they saw that their companion had been shot. At least 100 men made a rush for Castellano, but he was rescued by the police. The police station was only two blocks away and Castellano was taken there for safety.

Seeing that their intended victim had escaped, the rioters tried to wreck the station. Stones and bricks by the hundred were hurled at the building and the windows were broken. Charge after charge was made by the police and the rioters were driven back only by strenuous use of clubs.

Nearly a dozen times the police sallied forth and charged the crowd with clubs before the rioters dispersed.

In one of these charges three policemen were injured with bricks. At least 50 rioters were cut about the head in the hand-to-hand conflicts with the police before they were finally subdued.

MAY BE MURDER

BROTHER OF DEAD MAN DENIES SUICIDE THEORY.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2—A brother of Timothy O'Connell of Manchester, Conn. a well to do hotel keeper who was found dead at the Grand Central hotel Sunday was greatly incensed when informed that the death certificate gave suicide as the cause of death. He declared that his brother either came to his death by accident or was murdered. "He had no reason to commit suicide," said the brother. "He was wealthy and happy. He had plenty of money when he came here besides a gold watch and jewelry. Where are they? I believe the death was either accidental or that he was murdered." When the body was discovered no valuables of any sort were found.

CITY HALL NOTES

The board of health will hold its regular meeting at City Hall this afternoon.

The committee on accounts will meet at the auditor's office on Friday morning.

MADE GOOD HAUL

Masked Robbers Held up Two Men

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—In thorough "wild west" style, five highwaymen, wearing black masks, held up and robbed in the 97th street traverse road across Central park, Joseph Cross of 59 East 101st street, and J. P. Hurley, a friend, who is staying at the Putnam house.

Cross and Hurley started to walk across the traverse road, from Central park west shortly after midnight yesterday morning. The traverse road is dimly lighted with gas lamps, placed at long distances.

When they got half-way through the road way a tall, well-dressed man walked up to them and asked them the time. Mr. Cross told him. The man thanked him and walked westward. A little later they noticed him retracing his steps past them, on the opposite sidewalk. When they got to the beginning of the last turn in the road, near 5th avenue, two men suddenly stepped before them and pointed long-barreled revolvers at them.

"Throw up your hands and make no sound if you want to save yourselves trouble," said one of the men, showing the weapon in his hand under Cross' nose. Hurley was being similarly intimidated by the second man.

The two robbers wore thin black masks with eyelets cut in them. Three other men, wearing masks of the same character, jumped down into the roadway from the bushes overhead.

"We want everything you got," said one of the men. "If you shout for aid we will blow your head off."

While three of the men covered the two victims with revolvers, the other two backed them against the stone wall. They removed a diamond ring from Cross' finger, took his gold watch and chain and $50 from his purse. The chain was worth $50 and the watch about $200. The value of the ring is placed at $125. The highwaymen even examined his private papers to see if any of them were negotiable.

Hurley's watch and chain, a diamond pin and a roll of bills were taken. During the robbery, both victims were made to keep their hands above their heads.

"We will keep you covered with our revolvers until you are out of sight," said one of the desperadoes. "If you make any call for help, we will fire on you and you will be killed."

No arrests have been made.

STOCK MARKET

Today's Quotations on Active Stocks

The following are the closing quotations of today's stock market for active stocks:

NEW YORK STOCKS

Am Sugar	138¾
A & T	77⅞
R & O	84¼
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	61⅜
Chi & Gt W	13⅞
C M & P	146½
C R & P	22
Con Gas	194½
Del & Hud	160½
Erie R R	24⅞
Erie 1st	60½
Erie 2d	50
Manhat Con	17⅞
Mo Kan & Tex	30¼
Mo Kan & Tex pfd	61⅝
Met St Ry	92⅝
Mis Pac	118½
N Y Cen	30⅝
N Y Ont & W	119¾
Penn	109⅞
Peoples' Gas	52
Reading	83
Reading pfd	70
Reading 2d pfd	49⅝
So Pac	⅛
So Pac rights	45
Term Coal & Iron	24⅝
Tex & Pac	35⅞
Union Pac	93½
Union Pac pfd	12⅛
U S Steel	60⅝
U S Steel pfd	16⅝
Wabash	35⅛
Wabash pfd	58⅛
W U Telegraph	7
U S Leather	53
U S Leather pfd	

BOSTON STOCKS

Adventure	75
Amalgamated	51⅞
American Wool	11⅝
American Wool pfd	77
Am Tel & Tel	153¼
Arcadian	1
Atlantic	9
Anaconda	38⅛
Allouez	8⅝
B & Albany	250
B & Maine	164
Bingham	25⅞
Calumet & Hecla	475
Centennial	24¾
Chicago Junction	14⅜
Chicago Junction pfd	122
Copper Range	54½
Daly-West	13
Dom Coal	47½
Dom Coal pfd	105
Dom Steel	8¾
Elevated	148⅝
Elm River	2⅛
Fitchburg pfd	137
Franklin	7
Mass	4¼
Mass Gas	59
Mass Gas pfd	82⅝
Mass Electric	17¾
Mass Electric pfd	69¾
Mex Cen	9⅝
Michigan	4
Mohawk	43
Mont C & C	4
N E Tel	123½
N Y, N H & H R R	189
Osceola	61½
Old Colony Mine	96¾
Old Colony R R	205
Old Dominion	33½
Shannon	6⅞
Royal	11
Tamarack	59
Parrott	24
Quincy	85
Santa Fe	15⅝
Trinity	7¾
United States	21⅞
Utah	38
U S Oil	10⅝
Winona	7⅝
Wolverine	78½
Western Tel	13⅝
Western Tel pfd	91½
Victoria	2¾
West End	91
West End pfd	112
Wyandotte	65

Rev. W. George Mathis of St. Peter's church, is attending the exposition at St. Louis.

ESCAPED POLICE

Ray McDonald Made Sensational Run

DEDHAM, Aug. 2.—Raymond A. McDonald of Hyde Park, famous as a lifesaver, although only a boy of 18 years, yesterday added another record to his already varied career when he made a sensational escape at the Dedham railroad station from an officer taking him to Dedham jail to await his appearance before the grand jury in September on the charge of breaking and entering.

In company with Fred Powers of Norwood, also charged with breaking and entering, McDonald went from Quincy in charge of court officer Marden of the Quincy district court. The two boys were shackled together and all went well until Dedham was reached. The two went into the toilet room and there McDonald slipped his bracelet, and the instant the two got back into the waiting room he gave a jump and was out of the door, running down the platform like a flash. Marden, who had hold of Powers, called for help, turned his prisoner over to a railroad man and ran out after McDonald, who, jumping from the stone wall to High street in front of Snow Bros.' store, started down High street toward Hyde Park.

Marden called upon McDonald to stop, and there being no slackening of speed the officer sent three bullets after him, which however, only served as an impetus to the fleeing boy, who ran along High street as far as St. Mary's Catholic church and then disappeared through Brookdale cemetery.

Chief William F. Drugan, hearing the shots, went to the depot and took Powers to Dedham jail.

Officer Maurice Brown and special officer John P. Delaney procuring a team in company with Marden searched the vicinity, going as far as the sub-station in West Roxbury, where the particulars of the escape and description of McDonald were given to the Boston police.

McDonald is 17 years old, 5 feet and 2 inches in height and weighs 130 pounds. He wore a light scotch tweed suit, black derby hat and low shoes.

McDonald was in the district court at Quincy yesterday charged with breaking and entering the dwelling of Nathan J. Horton at Milton on two counts on July 28 and 31, and was held for the grand jury of the September term under bonds of $500 and $300, and Powers was held on one count of breaking and entering the same place with McDonald, under $300 bonds. In default of bail the two were being taken to the Dedham jail when McDonald made his sensational escape.

While McDonald has been in court before, he can rightly lay claim to a worthy and honorable service of lifesaving, beginning more than six years ago and continuing until he has a record of four heroic rescues and a brave attempt at the river, near Fairmount bridge.

He first showed his courage in June of 1898, when he made heroic attempts to rescue William Mahoney, who had been tipped from a canoe with him. A year later he pulled Willie Thompson out of the river, near the bridge at Hyde Park. The next year he jumped in to the river at the Fairmount bridge and pulled Lester Reed out, at the risk of his own life. The name of the third boy saved by McDonald is not known. McDonald saw him capsize from a canoe, near the Fairmount bridge, and pulled him out just in time. In January of 1901 he saved John Thompson, who fell through the ice.

REVENUE BUREAU REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The preliminary report of Commissioner Yerkes covering the operations of the internal revenue bureau for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1904, shows that receipts from all sources of internal revenue for the year aggregated $232,304,004, being an increase of $2,165,079 over 1903.

Marion Valley of Gorham street has returned from Metinen where she spent her vacation.

HELD IN $1,000

Conductor and Flagman Under Arrest

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 2.—John P. Foley of Hartford and Thomas McNally of this city, the conductor and flagman respectively of the freight train with which the White Mountain express collided near Cedar Hill Saturday night were taken back to the town court in Hamden today charged with manslaughter. They waived examination and were held for the October term of the superior court. Bonds were fixed at $1000 in each case.

The conductor and flagman were arrested last evening by order of the coroner, whose findings were that they were negligent in failing to obey a signal.

FUNERALS

SANDERSON—The funeral of William Sanderson took place yesterday afternoon at his home, 26 Bleachery street, and the services were conducted by Rev. E. Victor Higgbow. Undertaker Young had charge of the arrangements and the bearers were Messrs. Charles Miller, John Perry, William Curtis, Geo. Munroe, John Griffin and Alfred Pearson. Burial was in the Edson cemetery.

HOFFMAN—The funeral of Charles H. Hoffman, the air ship inventor, who was drowned in the Concord river at Bedford on Tuesday during a thunder shower, was held Sunday from his home, 45 Newbury street, West Somerville, Rev. Edward Tillotson officiating. He also conducted interment services at Woodbrook cemetery, Woburn.

ASHWORTH—The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Ashworth was held yesterday afternoon at her home, and the service was conducted by Rev. Ralph Gillam, pastor of the First Congregational church. Miss Alice Leith was the singer. Burial was in the Lowell cemetery. Funeral arrangements under the direction of Undertaker Welsbeck.

NELLIGAN—The funeral of Ellen M. Nelligan took place yesterday afternoon from the residence of her parents, William and Catherine Nelligan, 163 Crosby street, and was largely attended. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. Funeral Directors John J. O'Connell & Co. had charge of the arrangements.

FITZPATRICK—The funeral of the late James Fitzpatrick took place this morning at 8.30 o'clock, from his late home, 16 Alden street, and was largely attended by relatives and friends of the deceased. A high mass of requiem was celebrated at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Fr. Murphy. The choir was in attendance and sang the Gregorian mass and during the service appropriate selections were rendered by the members of the choir. There was a profusion of beautiful and appropriate floral offerings in evidence, showing the esteem in which the deceased was held by his many friends and acquaintances.

The bearers were Messrs. John H. Burke, Bloddy Monohan, John Murphy and John McCausland. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Murphy. The funeral was under the direction of Funeral Director John F. Rogers.

TO END RATE WAR.

LONDON, Aug. 2—The board of trade confirms the report that arrangements are and a way for a meeting of the representatives of the steam lines at Harlsburg, early in September to resume the negotiations looking to a settlement of the Atlantic rate war. While it is hoped that the negotiations will effect an agreement it is pointed out that recent combination of the Hamburg-American North German Lloyd and Austro-American lines in order to break the Cunard lines monopoly of the Hungarian immigrant traffic has considerably lessened the prospect of a settlement.

THEY OWN THEIR HOMES

Read This Letter:

New Bedford, Mass., June 15, 1904.

North American Trust, 144 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.:

Gentlemen:—I am much pleased to note the short while it has taken to mature my contract. I made application on the 4th of the present month and have already received the benefits, your company having purchased a certain piece of property in Lakeville and allowing me 10 years in which to pay for it. I very highly recommend your plan to any person of moderate means that wishes to own his own home.

James H. McNulty, 788 Middle Street, New Bedford, Mass.

Another Letter:

New Bedford, Mass., June 16, 1904.

North American Trust, 144 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.:

Gentlemen:—This is to certify that the North American Trust have lifted my mortgage and fulfilled their contract with me in every respect. I wish to state that it is a most remarkable plan for the person of moderate means to get a start in the world.

Yours very truly,

John DeBeech, Jr., 54 Katherine Street, New Bedford, Mass.

We are Buying Homes for Others—We Can Do the Same for You

We will buy or build you a house, farm or cottage any place in the United States, at the following rates

$1.25 puts you in possession of a $1000 Home or Farm.
$2.50 puts you in possession of a $2000 Home or Farm.
$3.75 puts you in possession of a $3000 Home or Farm.
$5.00 puts you in possession of a $4000 Home or Farm.
$6.25 puts you in possession of a $5000 Home or Farm.

WE LIFT YOUR MORTGAGE ON THE ABOVE PLAN

NO INTEREST

TEN YEARS TO PAY US BACK

17 Cts A Week Puts You in Possession of **$100** Worth of Personal Property

Larger sums in same proportion. We will buy you an Automobile, Liquor Business, Cigar Business, Lodging House Business, Furnishings of a Flat, Piano, or any kind of a business and allow you to repay us on small weekly payments without interest.

The sooner you start the greater your benefits. Call and let us explain fully the workings of this great money saving plan. For mail inquiries you must send 2c stamp. No postals answered. Call at once. All business strictly confidential.

North American Trust of Boston

Lowell Office, Barristers' Hall

Main Office—144 Tremont Street North American Trust Bldg.) Boston.

WHITE MANSION

Continued.

things. A number of carpets on both floors were also more or less damaged by water.

The White family have been away since last October at their residence in Boston and at their summer home in Magnolia, while Mr. White left some time ago for Mexico, being interested in several mines in that country and also in the West.

Marshall Patterson has been at the house since last Friday getting the house ready for the home-coming of the family and the plumbers have been at work. Patterson on his arrival last Friday asked George Jennings to stay with him, and the two have together occupied the house, dusting the rooms, cutting the lawn and other work necessary in the day time and at night sleeping in the basement.

To a representative of The Sun this morning Patterson said: "My companion and I were asleep in the room in the basement when the fire started and I cannot really say whether it was the knock on the window by the policeman or the crackling of the flames overhead that awakened me. When I awoke the room was filled with smoke and I was nearly choked. I groped my way to one of the windows with the intention of escaping that way, but found it impossible to open the window. After considerable difficulty I reached the door and opened it and more smoke rushed in. I do not know how long it was before I got the outside the door open and then I got some fresh air and going back to the room pulled Jennings out of bed and left him on the lawn. Very soon after this the firemen arrived. I do not know how the fire could have started, because both of us went through the house before retiring and everything was all right. We left one light burning in the main hall and another on the floor above. The house is equipped with electric lights but we lighted the gas."

It was intimated that the plumbers who were at work might through carelessness set fire to something while working about the partitions, the spark working its way through the partitions, but Chief Hosmer does not think that it was the work of the plumbers.

It is thought that the fire was caused by defective wiring, but it is hard to find this out as the place where the wires were is completely destroyed. At any rate the fire started where the wires were the most numerous, in the rear of the fireplace in the side hallway and on the side of the fireplace in the main hallway. This portion of the partition, the flooring and the ceiling overhead is completely burned away, and while Electrician Henry Fernald of the fire department and Mr. L. A. Derby, of the firm of Derby & Morse ,spent the entire morning investigating the wires, or rather what is left of them they have not got much to work upon.

In the large front hall a jug containing turpentine, used yesterday in cleaning, had been left. The turpentine had not all been used, but as the jug was a considerable distance from where the fire started no importance was attached to this find. Patterson has been in the employ of the White's for eight years.

The fact that a bed in one of the upstairs sleeping rooms was disturbed, plainly indicating that it had been slept in recently and also that a number of empty liquor bottles were found on the lawn, has led more than one person who investigated the fire to believe something was wrong. It looked as though some one has been occupying the house while the people have been away.

A number of months ago a colored servant in the employ of the Whites was discharged for some reason and when asked for his key to the house he said he had lost it, and turned over all the keys except one which unlocked one of the outside doors. This, together with the disturbed bed, and the empty bottles may furnish a clue for the investigators to work upon.

The White residence, which is one of the most palatial on Gorham Hill, was partially built by Edward Lamson, of the Lamson Consolidated Store Service company. The building was started over 15 years ago and owing, it is said, to lack of funds, it was not finished until about five years later when Mr. Edward L. White, then one of the owners of the White Bros.' tannery, bought the place as it was and completed the building.

Mr. White has been residing in the house for a little over ten years, and shortly after moving into the place the peace of the community was disturbed by a tragedy which was enacted near the house. A domestic named Sadie Heslin while at work one morning was summoned to the front door and after arriving there found a friend of hers, a man named Holden, who without any warning fired several shots into her body.

She was removed to the hospital where she later recovered, and Holden, calmly walking down the different streets of the city, visited a local pawnbroker's shop and afterwards boarded a train at the Middlesex street station, occupying the same car with a local police officer, and successfully made his escape.

Fred C. Church had the insurance on the E. L. White residence and furniture.

GEORGE F. PEABODY

MAY BE TREASURER OF DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2—Geo. Foster Peabody who is said to be the probable choice as treasurer of the democratic national committee was born in Columbus, Ga., July 27, 1852, and has been prominently identified with many financial and other enterprises in all parts of the U. S. and Mexico for many years. He is a director in many corporations, including the Georgia Electric company, the American Beet Sugar Company, Mexican National Construction Company, Mexican Northern Railway, Montezuma Lead Company, the Southern Education Board and the Salmon Improvement Company.

SULTAN'S REPLY

WILL BE GIVEN OUT ON THURSDAY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2. Minister Leishman at Constantinople today cabled the state department that he had been informed by the Sultan that the latter's answer to the demands of this government will be given in a personal audience next Thursday instead of today as originally expected. The demands in general are that the discriminations against American citizens shall cease and that Americans shall have the same privileges and exemptions as citizens of European nations and especially that Turkey shall cease to embarrass American educational and religious institutions there.

DEATHS

ALLEN—Henry Allen of 12 Columbus avenue, received the sad intelligence yesterday of the death of his father, which occurred on the 21st of July at his residence, Thornton avenue, Streatham hill, London. He was the son of the late John Allen of Pagleham house, Pagleham, and was 61 years of age. He had been ailing for some time but had greatly improved when last he wrote, a fortnight since, to his son in Lowell. His death was due to syncope, and was without any warning to his family. He leaves four sons and two daughters to mourn his loss.

FORD—Patrick Ford, aged 60 years, died yesterday at his home, 19 Tyler street. He leaves five sons, James, Michael, John, Patrick and Frank, also one daughter, Miss Mary Ford.

BOUTILLIER—Word was received in this city today of the death of Mrs. E. M., wife of A. R. Boutillier, at Versailles, Conn., yesterday, after a week's illness.

CLANCY—Alice Clancy, infant daughter of John F. and Ellen, died this morning at the home of her parents, 9 rear of 259 Worthen street.

PERSONALS

Mrs. James Marsden of 39 Dunfey street has gone on a visit to Ireland and will remain until the first of January.

Miss Emma Gallagher of Bleachery street will spend the next two weeks at Old Orchard.

Wagon Officer James Holland began his two weeks' vacation yesterday.

Mrs. Geo. E. Hutchins and daughter Mildred, are spending their vacation at Crescent cottage, Revere beach.

Mrs. William Clark of Gorham street, and her granddaughter, Lilla Maher of North Andover, are going on a two weeks' vacation to Nantasket beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Leland Curtis, and Miss Maude Curtis of North Chelmsford, and Mr. Forrest Curtis and family of Centralville will spend the next two weeks in Portland, East Harpswell and Cundy's Harbor, Maine.

Master A. Wells, son of E. C. Wells is visiting friends in Nashua, N. H.

Mr and Mrs. T. P. Brown, Miss Ethel Brown and Mrs. Coburn, left Saturday for their camp at Silver Lake, N. H.

Mr. James F. Riley has returned from a four weeks' visit to Fitchburg and Cambridge.

Mr. J. Elmer Jackson, business manager for H Henry's minstrels, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Miss Frances Keefe, the talented pianist of Lawrence street, this city, participated in a musical last Friday evening at Hotel Algonquin, Marblehead, Mass. Miss Keefe rendered "The Blue and the Gray" in a very artistic manner.

Mrs. Annie Delaney, of South street, will spend the month around the coast of the Provinces, visiting Halifax, N. S., St. John, N. B., Charlottetown and Southport, P. E. I. At the latter place she will stay with her sister, Mrs. E. M. Burns. Her son accompanies her.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bernier and family will spend the next four weeks at Black Rocks and Salisbury beach.

Mr. Schuyler Waller is spending his vacation at Thousand Islands.

Dr. and Mrs. E. E. Kinney will spend August at Richmond Corner, N. B.

Mrs. W. C. Piper and daughter Lilla are spending their vacation at Lake Winnipesaukee, N. H. Miss Blanche Piper accompanied them.

Dr. Eugene Mayrand has gone to Canada for two months for a much needed rest.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Short of Liberty street have returned from a pleasant vacation spent at Hampton beach.

Mr. E. M. Barrette of the Bon Marche dry goods store has gone to Canada.

Mrs. Charles W. Davis has gone to Springfield, Mass., to recuperate from a long illness of nervous prostration.

Officer William O'Brien and family are at their cottage, Hampton beach, for two weeks.

Judge Frederick Lawton, with Mrs. Lawton and their two sons, will sail from Boston today, for a European trip.

Rev. and Mrs. T. G. A. Cole have gone to Block Island, R. I., on their vacation.

Herman F. Blood of 5 Fulton street has gone for one week to Bridgeport, Conn., to visit his brother, Abbott L. Blood.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Judge of Appleton street are visiting their son Rev. J. J. Judge of Southampton Mass.

J. J. Reardon of the Associate building is to spend the next two weeks at Old Orchard.

Miss Nora F. Mahoney of 403 Westford street will spend the next four weeks in Ocean Park, Me.

Miss Minnie Mooney, of Young's accompanied by Miss Kittie Miskella of the city treasurer's office, left Lowell today for a tour of the New England beaches.

Miss C. M. Saunders of 90 Prescott street is spending the week at Old Orchard, Me.

Mr. Leon Haynes of Pine street is at York beach.

Mrs. Emma Keith of Campello is spending the week with relatives in Emery street, having just returned from Wilton and Milford, N. H.

AUGUST IS QUARTER MONTH AT Washington Savings Institution

Pays 4 Per Cent.

Don't Delay Depositing

265 Central St. Lowell, Mass

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

The Product of the

7-20-4

10c Cigar Factory

is now larger than that of any individual manufacturer in New England. The name R. G. Sullivan stamped on every cigar insures quality.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N. H.

DARING ROBBERY

Train Held Up by Bandits Near Chicago

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Four highwaymen, all heavily armed and two of them wearing masks, last night held up the passengers on the Illinois Central's Chicago & St. Louis express train, known as the "Diamond Special," on the outskirts of Chicago, as it neared Matteson, Ill.

The robbers secured all the money and valuables carried by the 30 passengers in the two Pullman sleeping cars, stopped the train and escaped in the darkness. The forward sleeper was entered first, the occupants were aroused and with nothing on but their night clothes were marched back to the Pullman car behind. Two of the passengers who were slow in responding to the commands of the robbers were hit on the heads with hatchets and one was seriously injured. It was impossible last night to obtain the names of the injured passengers. When the passengers in the two cars had been lined in the rear Pullman, two of the robbers stood guard, one at each end of the car, with drawn revolvers. The third who is supposed to have been the leader, ordered the passengers who had been compelled to bring along their clothes from the first car, to throw the garments on the floor of the car. The passengers in the rear car were then commanded to deposit their clothes in the same manner. Then the leader with the utmost coolness began to search the clothing for valuables. When he had finished the search he made a close examination of the passengers for any money they might have secreted. When the search was completed, all the booty was placed in a flour sack and the three robbers joined their companion who had stood guard in the vestibule of the train. Pulling the bell rope, the signal to the engineer to stop was given and when the speed of the train had slackened sufficiently the robbers, after having locked the doors of the car, jumped off and fled in the darkness.

So systematic was the work of the robbers and with so little confusion was it done that the train crew was unaware of what was going on. It was not until the engineer in response to the signal brought his train to a stop and seeing nothing of the remainder of the crew walked back to the rear of the train to ascertain what was the matter that he learned of the robbery.

No attempt was made to rob the mail or express cars. The robbers secured more than $1000 in money and valuables.

E. H. Groce, superintendent, who was one of the men robbed, left the train at Kankakee and notified the Illinois Central railroad detectives in Chicago. The latter notified the Central police and detectives were sent out on a train to begin the search for the robbers. Supt. Groce's story as to the attack was as follows:

"The men must have boarded the train at Harvey, for we were but a few miles out when they appeared at the door of the last Pullman and, cursing the brakemen and porter ordered them into the smoking compartment. They went through the car and ordered all the men out. At first the men seemed to think the affair a joke and did not hasten. One of the bandits then fired into a berth whose occupant was slower than the rest. He came scrambling out in a hurry and the rest responded more readily to the orders after that.

One other passenger, a boy 18 years of age, was but partly awake and the shot startled him. He, too, was slow and when a bandit told him to get into the aisle, the robber struck him with a hatchet. He was cut severely.

"They drove all the men to the smoking compartment and there two of them searched us while the others stood guard at the doors. They took $100 from me and $300 from a man near me. I guess those were the largest individual amounts they obtained. They searched the women who were yet awake, but did not bother those who were in the berths when the curtains were drawn. In the second Pullman there were only five or six passengers and they had an experience like the rest of us."

The train which left Chicago at 9.27 o'clock carried many passengers for the St. Louis fair and all remained on the train despite that experience.

LEFT TO CHARITY

WILL OF THE LATE MARIA MURPHY.

BOSTON, Aug. 2—The will of Maria Murphy of Cambridge, which was filed for probate yesterday, contains a number of bequests to charities. Herbert Rose of Cambridge is named as executor, and the will directs that all real estate be sold and the proceeds, together with funds remaining in the bank, be divided among the Holy Ghost Hospital of Cambridge, Little Sisters of the Poor of Somerville, St. Vincent de Paul Society and the Annunciation Guild of St. Mary's parish, $50 each. To the Sisters of St. Francis, Sheafe street, North end, $200 is left and the bed and bedding of testatrix goes to the Holy Ghost Hospital. The residue of the estate will be divided equally between the Free Home for Consumptives, Quincy street, Dorchester, and Trinity College, conducted by the Sisters of Notre Dame of Washington, D. C.

BARN BURNED

RUMOR THAT STRIKERS SET THE FIRE.

PROCTOR, Vt., Aug. 2—A large barn owned by United States Senator Redfield Proctor was burned yesterday. Several valuable horses were lost. It is rumored that the fire was set by one of the striking marble workers or a sympathizer. Loss, $7000, insured.

LAKEVIEW THEATRE

The comic opera "Jack and the Beanstalk" was presented at Lakeview theatre yesterday afternoon and evening, before a large and enthusiastic audience during the afternoon and a smaller attendance at night owing to the heavy downpour of rain. The production however is one of the best that has ever been presented by a company at the summer theatre and the company is a capable and painstaking one.

People who attended either of the performances yesterday were reminded of old times as there were many familiar faces in the cast. There was George J. Macfarlane, who played with the Colonial Opera Co. at the lake last season and Miss Esther Barton, who filled in the place vacated by Miss Tyler during the last few weeks of last season. Misses Louise Buchanan and Beatrice LeMour who were in the chorus last season also appear with the company. Frank Edwards who plays the part of the giant, was playing at the lake under James J. Gilbert several years ago.

The applause given by the audience at the several performances fully demonstrates the fact that comic opera will ever be popular in this city. The production now playing at the theatre, however, is far ahead of anything heard for many years at the lake as the company is organized to present one opera and not a number as the majority of companies on the road are.

Miss Rose LaHarte as "Jack," is the leading singer of the company. She possesses a fine voice, while her carriage on the stage is little short of perfection. She made quite a hit last night with the audience and received numerous encores. Miss Hazel Lowry, who portrays the part of "Princess Mary," quite contrary, is a petite little miss with a pleasing countenance, a sweet voice and is invaluable as a member of the cast. Her winsome ways together with her singing made for her many friends among the theatre going public of this city. "Little Miss Muffett," Princess Mary's companion was well played by Miss Aletta Bridgeford, a charming young lady, with a voice full of sweetness and harmony. Her doll song was especially catching and proved to be a winner for applause. Miss Louise Buchanan, was the giant's wife, and while her part does not call for much stage work, what she did was done well. The part of the giant was played by Frank Edwards and he acted his part well.

Vociferous applause greeted George J. Macfarlane when he stepped before the footlights; and it was many minutes before it ceased. He was a general favorite among the theatre goers last year particularly on account of his rich baritone voice. He played the part of "King Cole, who was a merry old soul," and if his voice was considered excellent last season it is much more so this season, having undergone wonderful improvement, a fact noted by those who heard him then and again yesterday. His part is a comical one and a better man for the role could not have been found. His solos in "Old King Cole," and his parody on "Up in the Cocoanut Tree" were encored until he had to beg to be excused. George will ever be a favorite in this city and the fact that he is with the company will be an incentive for many theatre goers to attend during the week.

The Gormans are clever and as funny as usual. John takes off the part of "Solanum Tuberosum," queen dowager of fairies and his brother George is seen as "Sinbad," the sailor. Both men are well known here and their comical actings need no description. Mr. Walter Clifford, formerly of "The Prince of Pilsen" company is seen in the part of "Sir Harry Hatework," leader of the forty thieves. He has a fine tenor voice.

Last, but by no means least is Miss Esther Barton who plays the part of "Old Mother Hubbard." She is funny to say the least and her wit assists her in many instances to bring out something comical on the impulse of the moment, and her voice fills the remainder of the bill.

The chorus is of good proportion and the visitors to the cozy theatre will recognize not a few faces seen here with other companies. The fairies were Misses Jeanette Pawsey, Beatrice LeMour, Della Ranney and Mabel Elliott. The "King Cole Fiddlers Three" were Misses Percie Judah, Carrie Griffin and Belle LaFavor. The sextette given by the chorus girls in the second act made the most decided impression of any number on the programme. The musical director is Mr. William Schaffer, formerly at the Majestic theatre, Boston.

"Jack and the Beanstalk" will be given every afternoon and evening at the Lakeview theatre the remainder of the week, and should prove of sufficient strength to crowd the place at each performance.

BROKE CAMP

AND OWING TO ACCIDENT HAD TO SHOULDER HIS CANOE.

Messrs. John Finch and Frank Campbell, who have been in camp on the shores of Mud pond, Pelham, for the past three weeks, reached this city Saturday evening. Their companion, Frank Drumm, arrived yesterday morning about three o'clock. The reason of his late appearance was because of an accident to the carriage on which he was conveying his canoe, and he was obliged to carry it upon his shoulder for about five miles. He was assisted by a friendly farmer. While in camp Mr. Campbell presented Mr. Drumm with a fine violin, the music of which was much enjoyed by the visitors to camp. A fish and salad dinner was given Sunday by Mr. Finch in honor of Mr. Drumm, and fifteen young lady visitors were entertained.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

LANDLORDS.

If you have a tenement idle that rents for $15 a month, you are losing 50 cents a day every day it is vacant. A little ad. in The Sun "To Let" column will rent your tenement in a very few days. Others have tried it with good results; why don't you try it?

GRAND CIRCUIT

Buffalo Track Was Very Fast

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 2.—The Buffalo Driving club's grand circuit meeting opened yesterday afternoon at Kenilworth park with a very fast track prepared for the light harness cracks. On paper the day's card looked promising for competition, but as it developed there was little exciting in the events, straight heats deciding all.

The opening event, the three-year-old trot, developed a peculiar situation. Under the conditions, calling for but two heats, Princess Athel and Alta Axeworthy were tied in the summary, and it was not until some search that the judges discovered another clause which gave the fastest heat winner first money in this event. Princess Athel won the race by a quarter of a second. The winner was favorite in the pools. Alexander and Major C. were hot favorites in their races, and both won handily, although with a change in drivers. Little Squaw brushed Geers to a head in the closing event. The summaries:

First Race—The Preparation, Three-Year-Old Trotters Purse $500.

Princess Athel, bf, (De Ryder)	1	2
Alta Axeworthy, ch f, (Thomas)	2	1
Major Cineterile, bs, (Hudson)	3	3
Fatty Felix, bs, (Garrett)	dis	
Lord Revelstoke, br, (McLary)	dis	

Time 2.16¼, 2.15½.

Second race—The Introduction—Three-Year-Old Pacers—Purse $600.

Simon Kenton, br c (Hudson)	1	2
Dorl D, bf, (Snow)	1	1
Alfonta, blk, c (McLaughlin)	2	3
Teddy Weaver, bc, (Dillon)	3	5
Dorcas H, bf, (D. Thomas)	5	4
Bolase, sf, (Jolly)	dis	

Time 2.15½, 2.16½.

Third Race 2.20 Trot—Purse $1000.

Alexander, bg, (Geers)	1	1
Bonnie Russell, bs, (Hudson)	2	2
Silver Use, gg, (Snow)	3	3

Time 2.10½, 2.11¼.

Fourth Race 2.07 Pace—Purse $1500.

Major C, bs, (Geers)	1	1
Little Squaw, blk m, (Geldburg and McLaughlin)	3	2
Locanda, bs, (Hosmire)	2	5
Joe Pointer, bh, (McClary)	4	4
Chinamold, bm, McLaughlin	dis	

Time 2.04½, 2.05½.

SARATOGA RACES.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 2.—A fast track, partly cloudy and warm weather, a remarkably large crowd, and a well filled card, combined to make the opening day's racing here yesterday well worth while. Lord of the Vale, August Belmont's four-year-old chestnut, won the feature event of the day, the Saratoga handicap, without effort, covering the mile and a quarter in 2.05 and thus equalling the track record for that distance. A length and a half separated the Hastings colt from E. R. Bradley's Bad News at the finish, Hermis and Waterboy having been withdrawn. The Picket ruled favorite, having 9 to 5 chalked against him when they went to the post, but was beaten out of third money by Caughnawaga, by a neck.

James R. Keen's Sysonby won the Flash stakes worth $5000 to the winner, in hollow fashion.

At one time in the steeplechase, the Ballston cup, Bonfire was the only horse on his feet with a rider on his back, except Thorn Hedge, who could not be induced to take the jumps. Donohue on Celigny, was thrown in clearing the water jump, the first time around. He remounted, however, when his mount had been caught, and finished. Jiminez, an added starter, fell in taking the Liverpool and was so badly injured that it was found necessary to destroy him. His rider, Connolly, suffered a dislocated shoulder. The summary:

First heat, six furlongs—W. R. Condon, 110, Cormack, 20 to 1, won; Girl's 104, Redfern, 15 to 1, second; Emergency, 104, Robbins, 4 to 1, third. Time 1.13. Mimosa, Hildebrand, 1st, won but was disqualified for fouling in the back stretch.

Second, the Ballston cup, steeplechase, full course, about 2½ miles—Bonfire, 152, G. H. Wilson, 11 to 5, won; Celigny, 154, Donohue, 3 to 5, second. Time 6.21.

Third, the Flash stakes, five and a half furlongs—Sysonby, 125, Redfern, 2 to 5, won; Augur, 119, J. Martin, 2 to 5, second; Glorifier, 125, Hildebrand, 11 to 5, third. Time 1.06 4-5.

Fourth, the Saratoga handicap, 1 1-4 miles, for 3-year-olds—Lord of the Vale, 112, Lyne 3 to 1, won; Bad News 108, C. Kelly, 7 to 1, second; Caughnawaga, 111, Odom, 20 to 1, third. Time 2.05.

Fifth, 5½ furlongs—Heart's Desire 109, H. Michael, 9 to 10, won; Mirthless, 104, Phillips, 6 to 1, second; Zeala, 109, Lyne, 12 to 1, third. Time 1.07 4-5.

Sixth, one mile—Sais, 107, Redfern, 7 to 1 won; Unmasked, 103, E. Walsh, 5 to 2, second; Prince Ching, 105, T. Burns, 10 to 1, third. Time 1.39 3-5.

LOWELL GIRL

SENTENCED ON A CHARGE OF VAGRANCY.

The following is from the Nashua correspondence in today's Manchester Union:

"Nellie Gill blew in from Lowell all forlorn this morning, barefooted and ragged as the wandering Jew. Nellie is 20 years old and doesn't go overweighted with clothing when the humidity is up. She was given a chance to try her hands at the farm for forty days on a charge of vagrancy."

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

At the regular meeting of Wamesit lodge, I. O. O. F., M. U., held last night, there was a large attendance of members. The preparations which are being made to receive the Montreal district delegation gave the members an opportunity of making plans. Most of the coming celebration will occur in Boston, but on Tuesday, Sept. 13, the Lowell and Lawrence lodges will entertain at Willow Dale and it is expected that there will be a large gathering.

Suicide Prevented.

The startling announcement that a preventive of suicide had been discovered will interest many. A run down system, or despondency invariably precede suicide and something has been found that will prevent that condition which makes suicide likely. At the first thought of self destruction take Electric Bitters. It being a great tonic and nervine will strengthen the nerves and build up the system. It's also a great Stomach, Liver and Kidney regulator. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by F. C. Goodale, Druggist, 217 Central street.

CONSUELLO HURT

Duchess Was Thrown From Her Horse

LONDON, Aug. 2.—Consuello, Duchess of Marlborough, (formerly Miss Vanderbilt) was thrown from a horse yesterday evening in Blenheim park and considerably bruised and shaken. She was taken to the palace in a motor car and probably will be confined to the house for a week.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Bernard W. Taylor and Miss Nellie M. Bowen were united in marriage, last evening, by Rev. F. M. Pickles. The ceremony was performed at the bride's home, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Weeks. Miss Cora Titus was the maid of honor. The gifts were many and useful and included a chocolate set from the Sunday school scholars of Miss Bowen at the Centralville Methodist church. During a short reception and social hour, refreshments were served.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Taylor have been active in the work of the Centralville church, Mr. Taylor serving on the official board. Their future home is to be near Keene, N. H., where Mr. Taylor's services are needed on his mother's farm, his boyhood home.

AITKEN—PRITCHARD.

Mr. Alexander Aitken and Miss Jessie M. Pritchard were united in marriage last evening at the home of the bride's parents, 18 Mt. Grove street. The ceremony was performed at 7.30 o'clock by Rev. Ralph Gillam, in the presence of a few relatives and friends. Miss Jennie P. Pritchard, sister of the bride, was the maid of honor, and Robert Aitken, brother of the groom, was best man.

PAULSON—SANDERS.

Mr. Philip Paulson and Miss Helga Sanders were united in marriage July 30, at 338 Lincoln street, by Rev. T. W. Lindhalm.

Don't have a heater put in your house until you have seen our line—the finest display of Boilers and Furnaces in Lowell.

CARROLL BROS.

Tel. 040. 36 Middle St.

BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

Corrected to June 27, 1904. Trains leave Merrimack street depot Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.43, 6.22, x6.45, 7.40, *8.50, 9.22, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, 4.25, x5.44 p. m. SUNDAYS 8.15 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex street station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.28, *6.53, x8.49, w6.50, 7.01, 7.21, 7.31, *7.48, x7.52, w*8.00, *8.57, w9.25, 9.33, w10.50, 11.05, *11.43 a. m.; w12.05, 12.14, w12.45, 1.44, *1.56, w2.30, w3.10, *3.17, w3.65, *1.02, 4.28, w5.04, 5.22, x5.49, *6.12, w6.15, 7.00, *7.29, 8.42, w9.15 p. m.; SUNDAYS 6.39, 7.24, 8.15, 8.48, 9.20 a. m.; w12.10, 3.25, w3.55, 5.29, w5.30, *6.12, *7.29, w8.45 p. m.

For Lawrence and Haverhill, 6.28, w6.50, z7.31, w8.30, w9.25, w10.50 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28 (to Lawrence only), w2.30, 3.55, w5.06, w6.15, w7.00, w9.15, qw11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.10, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.

For stations between Reading and Boston, Western Division, 6.50, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 3.55, 5.06, 7.00, 9.15 p. m. SUNDAYS 8.15, a. m.; 12.10, 3.55, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.

For Salem, Mass., w6.28, 7.31 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, 2.30, 2.55, w5.06, 5.25 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.28 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.00, 3.55, 6.15 p. m.

For Haverhill Bridge, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach R. R., 3.00 p. m., until Sept. 5, inclusive.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30, a. m.; 12.05, 3.55, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.10, 5.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55, 5.06, p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.10, 5.30 p. m.

For Waterville, Rockland and way stations 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.06, p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.10 to Lewiston only, 5.30 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast and way stations, 5.30 a. m.; 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15, a. m. (to Bangor only); 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 6.50 a. m.; 5.06 p. m. (5.06 train does not run Saturdays) SUNDAYS 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland) on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesday and Friday at 5.06 p. m.

For Woburn 6.28, 7.01, 7.31, *7.48, 11.03 a. m.; 1.43, 4.28, 8.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 8.48 a. m.; 3.25, 5.29 p. m.

For stations between Winchester and Boston, Southern Division, 5.46, 6.28, 7.31, 7.58, 9.33, 11.05 a. m.; 1.41, 1.56, 4.28, 5.22, 8.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.39, 7.27, 8.45, 9.20 a. m.; 3.25, 5.29 p. m.

For Ayer Junction and Way Stations 7.07, 11.55 a. m.; 5.01, and 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.03 a. m.; 1.00, 3.40, 4.07, 5.39 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.03 a. m.; 3.40 to Hillsboro, 4.07 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.30, 9.03, *9.39, *9.59, *10.29 a. m.; 12.00, 1.00, *1.30, *1.54, 3.40 (Nashua only) 4.07, 5.39, 6.27, *8.10, *9.10, 12.23 (Nashua only) a. m. SUNDAYS, 10.02, *10.30 a. m.; *12.00, 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, *9.10 p. m.

For stations on White Mt. Div., 7.30, *9.59 a. m.; *1.54, 5.39 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon, White River Junction, 7.30, 9.39 a. m.; 1.52 ..., *1.29, 5.39, *9.10 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.) Claremont and Claremont Junction 7.30, *9.39 a. m.; 1.30, *5.39 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.02 a. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River, 10.29 a. m.; *9.10 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St. Albans St. Johns and Montreal via Central Vermont line *9.59 a. m.; *9.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line, *10.29 a. m.; *10.10 p. m. QUEBEC EXPRESS via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, *1.30, *10.10 p. m.

References.

l via Wakefield Junction.

*Express. h Daily ...

qWednesdays and Saturdays only.

w via Western Division.

x via Bedford. z via Wilmington Junction.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

MISCELLANEOUS

MRS. CLARA ADAMS, clairvoyant and card reader and ladies' employment office, 36 Gorham street, opposite Court house.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO., 375 Bridge street. Ladies your attention is called to see our silent ball-bearing, light-running, rotary machine. It excels all others. We repair all makes of sewing machines, give us a call.

T. BEAUCHEMIN & M. FOURNIER, express and furniture moving in and out of city, pianos handled with great care, office 371 Middlesex st., residence 809 Princeton st.

REAL ESTATE MEN, property owners, etc. Will paper your room, furnishing gold paper and border to match, and hanging same in a first class manner for $2 per room. Special prices quoted on more than one room. Painting, whitewashing, etc., at correspondingly low prices. D. Baker & Co., 150 Gorham st.

IF YOUR STRAW HAT is looking dusty or dirty just call at Joe Delorme the Hater, 203 Middlesex st. where you can have it cleaned and pressed at short notice. Hats made to order.

RAILROAD AND COMMERCIAL telegraphy taught thoroughly by an experienced telegrapher, positions guaranteed when competent. H. L. Whitten, 530 Gorham st.

PENT'S NO. 2 for excessive sweating feet; harmless, 25c at Falls and Burkinshaw's only, corner Middlesex and Thorndike sts.

DRINK GLORIA for new and vigorous life. Boyle Bros. Telephone.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound gives positive relief; powerful combination; used by 50,000 women; price 25 cents; druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LIMBURG—Chimney expert; chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1128 Bridge street. Telephone.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY LOANED salaried people, easy weekly payments, no delay, we trust to your honor. Massachusetts Loan Co., 12 Merrimack Sq., 16 Prescott st., Room 9.

MONEY TO LOAN—On credit without security, salaried people, merchants. Easy payments, lowest rates, discount for prompt payments. Merrimack Loan Co., 25 Associate Bldg.

DON'T BE SHORT—Plenty of money to loan to salaried people, merchants boarding house keepers, teamsters, etc. Easy weekly payments, lowest rates in the city. Confidential; no publicity; no delay. Special inducements for quick payments. Private office. U. S. Loan Co., 90 Prescott st., room 5, Lowell, Mass.

PAWNBROKER—Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A. Stein, 312 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 5, Swan building, 26 Central street.

MONEY TO LOAN salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses, without security; easy payments; largest business in 42 principal cities. Tolman, room 26 Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Leases paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Lemhus, room 9, Barristers hall.

SUMMER RESORTS

NAHANT BEACH—Furnished rooms to let by the day or week. 12 and 14 Suffolk st., Lynn, Mass.

REVERE BEACH—Billerica cottage, 372 Ocean Ave., rooms and board. All home cooking, terms reasonable. Apply to Miss MacDonald.

"You may be prosperous today, but cannot foretell tomorrow. Put your money where it will be secure and make it earn all it safely can. What is better than Real Estate? Is it not better than preferred stock in some "Wild Cat Speculation?"

We have for sale a nice clean four tenement block that is now renting for $468 per year that can be sold for $3500.

How would a nice Two Apartment House suit you, that pays 10 per cent. gross on $5000? $1700 will buy it.

For Sale—Flour, hay grain and coal business, stock, horses, wagons and everything pertaining to the business. Now doing a business of $1200 per month. Investigation invited.

$2200 will buy one of the prettiest little country homes to be found outside of Lowell.

E. H. WHITE

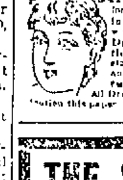
Successor to Fish & Plummer

137 CENTRAL STREET

BUY A HOME OF YOUR OWN—If you are renting a house a thousand rent receipts hold no meaning for the future, but, under our plan it is never too late to begin. It is easier to pay a few dollars down and balance as rent than to pay a thousand dollars all at once. Rent money is like seed, but the harvest is the landlord's not yours. The renter lives from day to day, from springtime to springtime. The home owner enjoys the satisfaction of a permanent home for his family, the small improvements and adornments that make a home the center of a family pride are doubly dear, because their permanency is assured. Hundreds of renters are yearly becoming home owners through the assistance of the liberal terms of the S. Lagasse Co. You can sow those rent dollars in the field of easy payments and reap a home of your own, start today. Without seeding there can be no harvest, you can begin with $5.00 or more down, balance same as rent, call today. S. Lagasse, 325 Hildreth street, Centralville.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by All Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

THE SUN

Is on Sale

At both Newsstands

In the Union Station

BOSTON

SPECIAL NOTICES

DRESSMAKER will make a lady's suit for $3.00 as advertisement. 23 C St.

MRS. ANNA M. COGGESHALL has moved from 26 to 38 Nichols street.

TRADING STAMPS—All colors. We make a specialty of Tea and Coffee. We give 80 stamps with one pound of Baking Powder at 50c; 60 with one pound of our 60c Tea; 60 with our 50c Tea; 10 with our 25c Coffee; 50 with our 30c Coffee; 30 with our 35c Coffee. The Elwood Tea Co., Davis Square.

LADIES—A most satisfactory summer dessert is "Dainty Desserts." Makes delicious puddings by simply adding pure milk. Flavoring if desired. No baking—prepared in a moment's time. Send 10c for full size package, also our booklet entitled "Some Ideas for Desserts." Leopold Anderson Co., Campello, Mass.

PRACTICAL DRESSMAKER—Miss M. W. Taylor solicits your patronage, 17 Caddell Avenue, Crescent st., off Chelmsford st.

DAVID HUNTLEY wishes to announce to his friends and patrons that he has opened up a bakery store at 1030 Gorham st. with a fresh supply of pies, cake, bread and pastry every day, wedding cakes made to order.

THAT POUND OF COFFEE if bought at Dickson's will be fresh roasted, fresh ground or pulverized and the best coffee you ever had. Double stamps all this week. Dickson's Tea Store, 68 Merrimack st.

BILLIARD AND POOL tables bought, sold and repaired, all work guaranteed. S. Scott, 31 Central st.

THE SUN IN BOSTON. The Sun is on sale every day at both news-stands of the Union Station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

WANTED

WANTED—A tenement of 5 or 6 rooms, good location, about $11 a month. Steady tenant. Address J. D., Sun Office.

TRADING STAMPS. We give 20c per 100 for Green, 12c for Blue. Count your stamps and send them by mail. We forward money order for same. L. E. Gibson, 505 Massachusetts Ave., Boston.

WANTED—Sewing to do at home. Mrs. J. S. Wilkinson, 88 First street.

WANTED—Children to board in East Chelmsford, second house on right past city line. Take Boston car.

LYING IN HOSPITAL—This is the only place of its kind in this vicinity and is so equipped as to accommodate all classes. Mrs. Blanchard, 688 Pleasant street, Dracut Centre. Telephone 734-4.

WANTED—Children to board in country desirable home, terms reasonable. Address Box 163, Billerica Centre.

CASH PAID for second-hand furniture, also sold and exchanged. Bornstein & Quinn, 118-120 Gorham street.

QUINCY HOUSE, 53 Lee street—Boarders wanted; three square 20c meals for 30c a day, 7 days in the week. James McGregor, prop.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A competent Protestant girl in a small family. Apply at 426 Varnum Ave.

EXPERIENCED KITCHEN GIRL wanted, no washing, no chamber work, Thomas Don, 56 Merrimack Square, Mass. Corp.

WANTED—A young man between 16 and 21 years old to learn barber trade. Inquire Sun Office.

WANTED—A good experienced table girl. Inquire 39 Chelmsford st.

WANTED—By a young woman, a place as housekeeper in a small family and a child 7 years old. Address this office, Mrs. S. M.

WANTED—Representatives in Lowell and vicinity for the Equitable Banking Company. Steady work and good pay. W. D. Cobb, 26 Central st., Room 2.

WANTED—A woman to do housework and to take care of children. Apply at 58 West Sixth street.

WANTED—A cook at once. 28 Robinson st.

WANTED—A girl in a Greek Coffee House. Call at 594 Market st.

WANTED—A kitchen girl, no washing to do. Apply 111 Westford st.

WANTED—Three or four good spinners wanted on D. & F. long mules that are willing to work steady for good pay, no other need apply. Family help preferred. Cochrane Mfg. Co., Dedham, Mass.

WANTED—Table girl at 213 Middlesex st.

150 CARPENTERS WANTED

for long steady job. Good wages. Apply immediately to

R. L. FOSBURGH & SONS

Beverly, Mass.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED—Middle aged lady would like housework or minding children. A W., Sun Office.

SITUATION WANTED—Doing general housework by a Norwegian young woman. Apply at 124 London street.

SITUATION WANTED—Would like position as housekeeper in widower's family or would care for invalid. Address Housekeeper, Sun Office.

WANTED—A job on a farm, can do almost any kind of farm work. Address 41 Andover st.

WANTED—A chance to work as clerk in grocery or saloon, can talk several languages. Address William Nowrocki, 243 Fayette st.

WANTED—A situation by a middle aged woman to do light housework or care for 1 child under 1 year old. Inquire at 167 East Merrimack st.

WANTED—By a woman of middle age, a place to do housework in a small family, permanence desired more than large wages. Mrs. Scott, 71 London st.

WANTED—Light work around gentleman's place or as watchman by sober, honest man with references. Good home more than pay desired. Inquire at 28 Smith street. James Kelley.

WANTED—By an elderly woman, a situation to care for an invalid or to do light housework. Address Mrs. Lucy this office or call at 152 Appleton st.

NURSE—Thoroughly experienced nurse, capable of acting as midwife, confinement cases a specialty. Address 29 Chestnut square.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Boot black stand, 6 chairs, plenty polish, cigars and tobacco, ladies' dressing, etc. Reason for sale sickness. For particulars call at The Sun Office.

FOR SALE—Singer sewing machines, three almost new machines, one tailor machine, very cheap as we retire from business. Apply today 103 Gorham st.

STOP, THINK—Men's Goodyear welt sample shoes for sale at cost prices, Stover & Bean, Hood Bldg.

FOR SALE—Books, law, religious and miscellaneous. Boscawen and Hollis Town Histories. Large and small lots of books purchased. Merritt, 277 Middlesex st.

FOR SALE—Milk route, $250; variety store, $85; bakery and store, $300; cigar and tobacco store, $100; barber shop and store, $300; lodging house, 17 rooms, $425; grocery store, $250. All these places are great bargains. Apply Greene, 104 Central st.

FOR SALE—First class lodging house, centrally located, 16 rooms all rented, must be sold at once on account of sickness. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE—Near centre of the city, a large fruit, tobacco and confectionery store, takes in from $100 to $125 a week, cheap for cash. Address, H. D., Sun Office.

FOR SALE—A desirable house lot containing 5200 sq. ft. situated on Madison street. High and dry, city water, gas and sewer on the street. Inquire J. T. Hornby, 41 Madison st.

FOR SALE—Steam carriage, built to order, New Stanley engine and Stanley '04 burner; price, $500. "B," 424 Haverhill st., Lawrence, Mass.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE—For sale by family giving up housekeeping. Apply at Sun Office.

PIANO FOR SALE—Also household furniture at 103 East Merrimack st.

FOR SALE—Two second hand safes and one cash register. Inquire at 23 East Merrimack st.

TO LET

TO LET—Camp 2 miles out on line of Lawrence electrics. Inquire at 19 Dutton st., one week only.

TO RENT—2 upstair flats on Middlesex st. Nos. 1105 and 1107, one has bath, set tubs and range. See owner, 55 Harvard st.

TO LET—A good tenement at a low rent in Brown's Block, Marshal street. Key at No. 4.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Very pleasant front and two side rooms. Reasonable to respectable parties. 271 Gorham st., opposite Court House.

TO LET—Small tenement fronting on the street. Rent low. Inquire at 154 South street.

TO LET—Furnished rooms at 40 Kirk st.

TO LET—At 98 John st. furnished rooms, no objection to light housekeeping.

TO LET—A nice sunny tenement of 4 rooms $1.25 a week. Inquire at 22 Jewett st.

NICE AIRY ROOMS—$2.00 to $3.00 per week. Board if desired, one minute to beach. 95 Newhall st., Lynn.

TO LET—Furnished rooms single or suite, bath, gas, private house, 151 Branch street. Electrics pass door.

TO LET—Furnished rooms with baths, hot and cold water; steam heat; $1.50 per week and upwards, best rooms for price in city. Apply 201 Middlesex st.

TO LET—Tenement at 341 Lakeview ave. A1 condition, $1.35 to $1.60 per week. Inquire at store.

TO LET On Riverside st. near the Textile School a modern tenement of seven rooms, bath, pantry and laundry.

TO LET—On Salem st. corner of Dane. A modern six room tenement. Call at 282 Riverside st.

TO LET—Large front room, bay window, modern conveniences, bath, telephone, excellent location for traveling man, five minutes walk from square. Address W. D., this office.

TO LET AT HAMPTON BEACH—Rooms at reasonable rates in a very desirable cottage. Address A. D. Winslow, Hampton Beach, N. H.

TO LET—Furnished room on School street, near Pawtucket. Gentleman preferred. Address C. M. W., Sun Office.

TO LET—Two houses at Salisbury Beach, rent very low, for further particulars address Mrs. A. T. Clark, 75 Market st., Amesbury, Mass.

TO LET—Suite of unfurnished rooms at 29 Bridge street.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address or call at 13 Dutton street, after 6 o'clock.

TO LET—A first class boarding house in good repair, all furnished with curtains, 21 rooms 512 Central street. Inquire 34 Jackson or 795 Bridge street.

TENEMENTS Two room and four room tenements, Chestnut square. Inquire 51 Chestnut street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—On Rogers street, Belvidere, two story, ten room house with bath and pantry and seven thousand feet of land all fenced in. Smith & Cavanaugh Donovan building, Central st.

SEASHORE FARM—Magnificent ocean view; dig clams, catch lobsters and go fishing right on your own shore; excellent shade; 140 acres; 11 rooms in house; plenty of good well water; barn 40x66, with cellar; all in good repair; mail delivered; few steps to good neighbors; ¼ mile to school and store; only 3½ miles out from village and depot; cuts 25 tons hay from level; smooth fields; excellent soil, growing fine crops of corn, beans, oats, potatoes, vegetables and small fruits, which bring fancy prices at nearby resorts; good pasture for 14 cows, with trout brook; 700 cords wood, 40 apple trees, good for 50 barrels a year; owner to get quick sale will sacrifice; price only $1800; half cash and easy terms; it is the chance of a life time to secure a warranty deed to easy living; write us for travelling instructions, so that you can go to see it at once. Illustrated lists of other New England farms, with reliable information of soils, crops, markets, climate, &c., mailed free. E. A. STROUT, Farm Department, 30, 150 Nassau st., New York City, or Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—A small purse at entrance to Crescent Park Sunday. Finder rewarded at Sun Office.

LOST—A long, black lace scarf. Suitable reward. Address S. B. E., 38 Main st., Andover.

LOST—A gold bracelet marked letter G, Friday evening. Return to Sun Office and receive reward.

LOST—A lady's open face chatelaine watch between Crowley st. Railroad Bridge, Lawrence st. Reward at this office.

6 O'CLOCK

GENERAL RETREAT

Russian Forces Escape Being Surrounded

Gen. Stakelberg's Force Cut Off From That of Kuropatkin — Little Hope of Staying Progress of Japanese Armies

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—4.05 a. m.—A report from an apparently reliable source late tonight was to the effect that General Kuropatkin's main force had been rapidly moving north for several days.

According to this report, no troops proceeding to the front from Russia had gone past Harbin in the past three days.

They will be detained there and every available piece of rolling stock will be rushed south empty for the removing of troops at Liaoyang and other points to the northward, leaving a skeleton force to contest the Japanese advance on vital positions.

GLOOMY FEELING AT WAR OFFICE

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2, 1.52 p. m.—The feeling at the war office here was distinctly gloomy this morning. No official telegrams had been received by the general staff from General Kuropatkin who was communicating direct with the emperor, but some private sources at the front had it that it already was apparent that Simoucheng (15 miles south southeast of Haicheng, at the juncture of the Fengwangcheng-Siuyen roads), had been lost, Gen. Stakelberg's outposts having fallen back to Haicheng. No word was received enabling the staff to either confirm or deny the reported capture of the late General Count Keller's position at Ikhavnen (east of Liao Yang and Yangse pass, 30 miles east of Liao Yang) but heavy fighting continues on both the southern and eastern fronts, the object of the Japanese in the east being to flank General Keller's corps from the south and north which is easily possible. The progress of the enveloping may have forced the corps to retire on Liandiansan, which is the next position in the direction of Liao Yang. Despatches detailing the engagement are hardly expected till the evening. The failure of the garrison of Simoucheng to retreat along the northern road probably was due to the presence of the Japanese column flanking the late General Keller's corps from the south.

In view of the inability of the Russians to hold Simoucheng it is considered likely that General Zarabouieff and Stakelberg will attempt to offer stubborn resistance at Haicheng. It is possible that they are already retiring on Anshan (also written Anshantsican) half way between Haicheng and Liao Yang, as indicated in these despatches last night. There is reason to believe that two of General Oku's divisions are advancing from New Chwang on Haicheng with the view of flanking and cutting off General Stakelberg's retreat but this movement is not likely to succeed on account of Stakelberg's ability to retire northward on Anshan. An interesting detail evidencing the fierceness of the artillery duel south of Haicheng July 31, is the fact that the Russian batteries on the left flank fired 1842 shots in four hours.

VLADIVOSTOK FLEET RETURNS TO PORT

VLADIVOSTOK, Aug. 2.—The Vladivostok cruiser division returned to port at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The cruisers were in perfect condition. They captured during their cruise the steamer Arabia and destroyed some schooners, a small Japanese steamer, one German steamer and one British steamer. The last mentioned two were carrying contraband material and had nearly reached their destination, Yokohama, but were almost without coal and it was, therefore, impossible to send them to Vladivostok.

The cruisers steamed up and down in front of the Japanese capital but saw nothing of the enemy's warships.

Although the Russian vessels had only three doors through which to get home—the straits of Korea, Le Perouse strait and Tsugaru strait which apparently could easily have been barred by Vice Admiral Kamimura's vessels, had luck pursued the Japanese admiral and the Russian cruisers had no difficulty in eluding him.

GERMAN STEAMER SUNK BY RUSSIANS

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—The Associated Press despatch from Vladivostok brought the first statement for the reason of the sinking of the steamer Knight Commander which was, that she was so short of coal she could not be sent to Vladivostok. It also contained the first announcement that German steamer had been sunk for the same reason, but gave no clue to the identity of the latter vessel.

RUSSIA EXPLAINS MALACCA SEIZURE

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—The text of the Russian government's statement regarding the release of the British steamer Malacca seized in the Red Sea by the Russian volunteer fleet steamer St. Petersburg, is as follows:

"From the beginning of the Russo-Japanese war the imperial government took measures to prevent the transportation of contraband of war. In the regulations sanctioned by the emperor February 14, 1904, which Russia proposed to follow during the war, a list was given of articles regarded by us as contraband. It was also decided that the military and maritime authorities would reserve to themselves the right of executing the decisions contained in the regulations for naval prizes, sanctioned by the emperor, March 27, 1895, and in the instructions confirmed by the council of the admiralty September 20, 1900, regarding the procedure for stopping, visiting and seizing as well as for the carrying off and delivering over of vessels and cargoes seized. The volunteer fleet vessels St. Petersburg and Smolensk having received a special commission, the term of which has now expired, on proceeding to their destinations acted in accordance with the above decisions and while passing through the Red Sea stopped and visited all suspected vessels, encountered in those waters.

"It was under these conditions that the commander of the St. Petersburg stopped, among others, the British steamer Malacca, the captain of which refused to show his ship's papers relating to the cargo, a refusal which led to the seizure of the vessel and the decision to send her to Libau, with the idea of throwing light on the matter.

"Nevertheless, in view of the official statement of the British government that the Malacca was carrying British state cargo, the imperial government, acting in agreement with the British government, decided that a fresh visit should be paid to the seized vessel at the nearest port on its route in the presence of the British consul. This visit occurred at Algiers. The British consul general officially certified that the military stores on board continued to be the property of the British government and that the rest of her cargo was not contraband of war. Taking this attestation into consideration, the imperial government decided to liberate the cargo and vessel. This decision must not, however, be interpreted as a renunciation by the imperial government of its intention to despatch cruisers and warships in general to prevent the carrying of contraband for our enemy."

SUCCESSOR TO M. VON PLEHVE

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—The emperor today received in audience General Count Koutaissoff, military governor of Irkutsk, Siberia, which tends to support the rumors that Count Koutaissoff will succeed the late M. Von Plehve as minister of the interior.

UNITED STATES OFFER PLEASES RUSSIA

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—The fact that the United States offered to assist in the protection of the Commander islands sealing grounds during the war and Russia's acceptance of the offer, which was only published in the Russian papers this morning is the subject of much favorable comment, as showing the pleasant relations existing between the two governments.

LITTLE NEWS REACHES RUSSIA

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—All the newspapers were late in publication this morning, the editions evidently having been held back in hope of the receipt of later advices from the front. The only despatch published was one appearing in the Official Messenger, under date of Heicheng, Aug. 1, referring to events of the previous day. According to this despatch numerous assaults were made upon the positions of Lieut. General Count Keller and Lieut. General Sazalitch, all of which were repulsed. The Japanese on July 29th, the despatch says, fired upon a supply train running south of Haicheng, and a car was wrecked, but no one was killed.

The Official Messenger publishes the notice of the release of the steamer Malacca which was seized in the Red Sea by the Russian volunteer fleet steamer St. Petersburg and reviews the case. The article concludes thus:

"The arrangement for her inspection and release now is taken in abrogation of Russia's right which she still maintains and her cruisers and warships will stop vessels and search them for contraband destined for the enemy."

RUSSIAN FORCES WERE DEFEATED

TOKIO, Aug. 2 Noon.—After two days' fighting, General Kuroki has defeated the Russian forces in two separate actions fought at Yusholiksu and the Yangse pass.

The Yangse pass or Yangse pass is situated 30 miles east of Liao Yang. The Russian army engaged there is generally known as the eastern army and was commanded by the late Lieut. General Count Keller who was killed by the explosion of a shell.

DECISIVE MOMENT IN THE CAMPAIGN

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—All the military critics this morning take the view that the decisive moment of the campaign has arrived. The army organization says that General Kuroki prepared for his advance by drawing in his forces which were scattered over a front of 40 miles. The paper says it is evident that a large Japanese force is working along the Samuitzsa-Liao Yang line. It expresses doubt, however, which advance of the enemy will push home and whether it is Kuroki's intention to try to flank Kuropatkin north or south of Liao Yang.

The Russ says: "The decisive moment has arrived, but, judging from the latest reports, the Russians have retained their positions and this time it will not be an order to retreat."

FIREMAN KILLED

FIRE EXTINGUISHER THAT HE HELD EXPLODED.

JERSEY CITY, Aug. 2.—Joseph Campbell, a member of the company attached to No. 3 fire truck was killed last night by the explosion of a fire extinguisher which he had taken off the truck to use at a fire.

SENATOR DAVIS

WILL HANDLE STATE CONVENTION IN VIRGINIA.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Aug. 2.—The democratic state convention meets here tomorrow for the nomination of a state ticket. The preliminary hearings as well as conferences were held today and they indicate that former senator Henry G. Davis will be the guiding spirit.

Previous to his nomination at St. Louis for the vice presidency, it was said that Davis would be the candidate for governor in the uncoming contest that the party expects to make this year to carry West Virginia. All deference is shown now to Senator Davis who is here with his friends giving personal attention to the convention. C. Wood Daily, the attorney of the Davis interests at Elkin, W. Va., and Wm. H. Thompson of Huntington are both mentioned as Davis men for governor. The convention is being made a general ratification of the nomination of Senator Davis for the vice presidency.

COSTS TOO MUCH

ROCKEFELLER WILL ABANDON PRIVATE ELECTRIC PLANT.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 2.—After spending $10,000 and considerable time in experimenting, John D. Rockefeller has decided that insofar as he is concerned the operation of a private electric lighting plant is a failure and he has signed a contract with the local lighting company to light his estate at Pocantico Hills. As soon as the new service is begun, the private plant which cost about $10,000 will be for sale at a bargain price. It requires about 500 large incandescent lamps to light the mansion grounds and private park and they will be installed at once. The private plant was put in a year ago. The dynamos were set up in one end of the barn.

After operating it a short time, Mr. Rockefeller discovered that the new system was costing more than the electricity formerly supplied by the lighting company. There was also the constant danger of burning the barns which cost about $200,000.

FATALLY INJURED

MAN JUMPED FROM ROOF OF HOUSE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—After drinking carbolic acid in an attempt to end his life, and fearing that the poison would not do its work, a man believed to be Isadore Dutsch, jumped from the roof of a five-story tenement house today and was killed. He was about 28 years of age.

AN INJUNCTION

AGAINST MEMBERS OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS' UNION.

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 2.—An injunction against 17 members of the local union of electrical workers has been issued by Judge Case of the superior court on the application of the Rice & Baldwin Electric company of this city. The complaint declares that the defendants have conspired to injure the business of the plaintiff company by threats, intimidation and boycott and the injunction orders them to refrain from further acts of the nature alleged. A hearing on the matter will be held Sept. 6.

This action is an outcome of the strike of the local electrical workers union last December, resulting from the company's refusal to sign a new schedule presented by the men.

RURAL CARRIERS

WILL RECEIVE $720 PER ANNUM.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—In the adjustment of the salaries of rural carriers in the postal service it has been decided that all carriers appointed prior to June 30, 1904, who were entitle to the maximum pay of $600 under the rules which governed the establishment of routes at that time, shall receive the maximum pay of $720, but that the schedule which became effective July 1, 1904, and recently announced, shall prevail in fixing the compensation of all carriers appointed since June 30.

DISTRIBUTION OF AID

MAKES TROUBLE FOR MANAGERS OF CHICAGO STRIKE.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—One of the serious questions which confronts the managers of the packing house strike is the separation of the worthy from the unworthy, in the distribution of food supplies. It is claimed that most of the supplies so far given out have been secured by persons who have money for their own support while many families in actual want have been unable to secure anything. Favoritism in the distribution has also been charged.

Lack of food and proper nourishment among the poorer classes compelled to leave their work on account of the strike has caused much illness and at the dispensary of the University of Chicago settlement, it is reported that 1000 cases, mostly children, had been treated within the last four days.

MRS. MILES DEAD

SHE PASSED AWAY AT WEST POINT.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—A despatch from West Point announces that Mrs. Nelson A. Miles died suddenly last night. General Miles was not present at the time of her death. He arrived at West Point today.

SCHOONER GROUNDED.

MACHIAS, Me., Aug. 2.—The schooner Mary Lee Newton, laden with coal from New York for Lubec, her home port, grounded on Cross Island near the outer shore during the night and was floated at high tide with the assistance of the life saving crew. The damage was slight.

MALVINA TRUDEAU

Pretty Girl Missing From Her Home in Lakeview Ave.

Malvina Trudeau, sweet sixteen and very pretty, is missing from her home in Lakeview avenue and her parents and the neighbors think it is because

MALVINA TRUDEAU.

"love found a way." A young man known to Malvina as Arthur Gardner and who is said to have masqueraded under other names, has also disappeared. Malvina loved Arthur and asked permission of her parents several times to marry him, but her parents believed her too young to marry and withheld their consent.

Malvina met the capturer of her heart last Thanksgiving. He has about him that delightful camaraderie which puts one instantly at ease and Malvina, simple-hearted and beautiful as the dew moistened rose, was in love with him before she knew it. He was the only one who had ever tried to understand her. If she said anything the least bit foreign to the conversation he probed for the thought that influenced the stray words. He puzzled her, she was delighted and to cap the climax of her increasing happiness no one day told her that he loved her best of all on earth.

He knew that her heart had already gone out to him and he wanted to marry her right away. She went to her parents and they objected because of her age. She pleaded and so did he, but in vain and now it is believed that they are together as man and wife.

Malvina's mother has reported the case to the police and Inspector Charles Lothamme is looking for Malvina and her Adonis. Gardner is a weaver. He has worked on the Prescott where he earned $11 a week and Malvina worked in the spinning room of the Massachusetts mills and earned $5 a week.

SHELDON'S AUTO

Fast Time Between New York and Boston

From New York to Boston in an automobile in eight hours and 32 minutes, covering 275 miles of highway, was the record made by Mr. Royal R. Sheldon, treasurer of the Chelmsford Iron foundry, whose home is in North Chelmsford.

Mr. Sheldon travelled in his 30-horse power touring car and no accident marred the trip. Stops were made at New Haven, Hartford and Springfield, Mr. Sheldon and his chauffer taking lunch at Springfield.

No attempt was made to break the record but Mr. Sheldon was well pleased at the work of his car.

In an interview Mr. Sheldon said:

"After having breakfast at the Waldorf-Astoria I left for Boston accompanied by my chauffer. I made the run just for fun. We went through New Rochelle, Portchester, Stamford, New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and Worcester to Boston. I didn't attempt to make a record, and know that the machine will go much faster than it went Sunday, although there were parts of the course that were covered at better than a mile a minute.

"The trip was without incident. I didn't attempt to come through without stopping the engines. We stopped at New Haven, a few minutes at Hartford and when we reached Springfield stopped for lunch. After that we came right through to Boston.

"It was about 9 o'clock when I left the Waldorf, and it was 5.32 when we pulled up in front of Young's hotel. The entire trip was one of the pleasantest I have ever made. At Cedar Hill, Conn., we passed the wreck of the White Mountain express. It is a badly mixed up looking mess, and a big gang of railroad men were at work on it when we passed.

"I was very fortunate in not meeting a policeman on the entire course. I think that there might have been danger of our being arrested had a policeman been in sight, for we came through some of those country highways at a terrific speed. But there were no accidents and the whole trip was a pleasant one."

WESTERN UNION

DENIES THAT RACING NEWS WAS GIVEN OUT.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 2.—At the office of the Western Union Telegraph company it was officially denied today that the company had furnished the racing news to the big pool room at Manayunk, Pa., which was raided last Saturday by the law and order society. The following statement was made: "The Western Union company has discontinued its racing service absolutely. It has dispensed with its racing reporters and has withdrawn its operators. There is only this to be said, on our part, regarding the pool room affair at Manayunk: It was not our service, our wires, nor our men that furnished the reports."

FOLSOM TURNED DOWN.

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 2.—At a meeting of the governor and council today, Governor Bachelder nominated Channing Folsom of Dover, to succeed Lynch as superintendent of public instruction. The council refused to confirm. Councillors Seavey and Edgerly voting in the affirmative and Councillors Kennett, Kelley and Colins in the negative.

Mrs. Lillian C. Streeter, of this city, was reappointed a member of the state board of charities and correction.

CRUSHED BY CAR

South Boston Boy Was Killed Instantly

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—Struck by the fender of an outward bound electric car on West Broadway, South Boston, about 4.15 yesterday afternoon, 11-year-old Thomas Brady, son of Thomas J. Brady of 319 West 4th st. was thrown under the car between the forward and rear trucks and instantly killed. A broken neck was the cause of death, the wheels not having passed over his body.

The boy was crossing the street near the home of Councilman William Newton, 299 B, West Broadway, to get a piece of ice out of a cart. In avoiding one car he ran directly in front of another of the Dover and Washington street line on its way to City Point.

Motorman William J. Hassan quickly reversed the power, but it was too late and the fender struck the boy, throwing him sideways.

Three witnesses of the accident all tell a similar story, each one certain that he did not go under the forward wheels, but fell between the forward and rear trucks. The car was slowing down, but the rear wheel did not pass over his head as would be supposed. Aided by the rear truck his body rolled over and over until the car was brought to a stop.

Although the head was free, just touching the wheel, the body seemed to be wedged underneath the truck. Half a hundred willing hands took hold of the car sufficiently to move it so that the boy could be taken out.

The accident occurred almost in front of the office of Dr. Herbert J. Keenan and the lad was immediately brought in there, although there seemed to be little doubt that the boy's neck, several ribs and right arm had been broken and the head cut.

Dr. Keenan pronounced the lad dead.

TRAIN DERAILED

Cause of Accident Not Known

NORWICH, Conn., Aug. 2.—Inspection today of the section of track near the Norwich town station on which the Central Vt. railroad train was derailed yesterday afternoon failed to show conclusively the cause of the accident. The theory held to by railroad men is that the tracks spread, derailing the engine which in turn pulled the coaches off the iron. Derailment may have been assisted by loose gravel on the iron as trackmen had been working on the road bed. Fireman Pauquette says that after leaving the street crossing just above the station and at which point Engineer Alger had begun to shut off steam, he felt something jump under the engine as if there had been a break. The cause of this jump may have been a broken flange but this cannot be determined until the locomotive is carefully examined. The condition of all the injured this morning was satisfactory. The line was blocked for many hours but is clear today.

HO! FOR THE BEACH PICNIC.

To avoid delay at Ho! for the Beach picnic, Thursday morning, get your tickets at Murphy's, 18 Appleton street on Wednesday before 9 p. m. Parties holding tickets report sales at Barristers' hall 8 p. m. Wednesday evening. Round trip tickets 75c; show tickets free. GEN. MGR. M. A. LEE.

STORES CLOSED

Serious Disorders Expected in Hayti

SOLDIERS TRIED TO PILLAGE CENTRAL MARKET

Other Soldiers and Police Restored Order

PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Aug. 2.—The most serious disorders are anticipated here. The population is very much excited by the continued rise in the prices of all merchandise and a band of soldiers today made an attempt to begin pillaging the central market and the shops in that vicinity, other troops and police immediately intervened and reestablished order. All the stores in Port Au Prince however, are now closed.

NARROW ESCAPE

QUICK ACTION OF MOTORMAN SAVED CHILD'S LIFE.

Last night as the Lawrence car that leaves the square at 5 o'clock had turned into First street and taken on a few passengers, the motorman, Mr. A. Hoskins, turned on the power after receiving the signal from Conductor St. Lawrence and was going at a fair rate of speed. Near Read street a group of children was on the street, but not near enough to the car track to cause alarm. Suddenly, however, one of the children, a little girl about four years old, shot across the track, ten or fifteen feet in front of the car. Nothing saved the child's life but the quick action of that motorman. There was such a rapid reversal of the power and application of air brakes that the passengers were thrown forward in their seats. It was all done in a second and the child escaped being run down by only a few inches.

The conductor remarked that if motormen were subject to heart disease they would not last long, for they receive many a shock from this very cause viz: children running in front of a car to see how close they can cross without being hit. It is dangerous play and it is a wonder that more of them are not killed.

MAY GO TO CLINTON

MATHEWS WILL TAKE ACTION ON INVITATION.

At the meeting of the Mathew Temperance institute tonight action will be taken on the invitation received some time ago from the Springfield Diocesan union to participate in the annual field day of that union in Clinton on Labor day. The sentiment in the society seems to favor participating in the demonstration, and favorable action may be taken tonight.

Mrs. Bernice McDaniel, Miss Clara Wormell and Mrs. Annie M. Travor are at South Lubec, Me.

ONE VICTIM DEAD

Motorman Doe is in Dangerous Condition

ACTRESS HAD ONE LEG AMPUTATED

Later Details of Trolley Car Accident

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, Aug. 2.—At the local hospital today it was stated that the report published in some morning papers that motorman Edward Doe, who was severely injured in the trolley car collision at Westboro yesterday died last night was incorrect. Mr. Doe was still living in a critical condition at the hospital early today and it was impossible to determine whether he would recover. Miss Caroline Stewart of Winthrop Beach, who died late yesterday afternoon was the only one of the 6 persons hurt in the crash to succumb to injuries up to this morning. At the hospital it was thought Motorman Doe was the only one on the dangerous list although the physicians said the nature of the injuries received by some was such that they could not say definitely how serious they were. Miss Maud Maguire of Boston, the actress whose leg was amputated was resting easily this morning and it was thought she would survive the operation.

"ROYAL TOURIST"

FIRST OF THE AUTOS TO CLEVELAND.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 2.—The eighteen horsepower gasolene car "Royal Tourist" was the first of the automobiles making a run from New York to St. Lewis, to arrive here from Erie today. The "Royal Tourist" came in at 6.10 a. m., having made the run from Erie in six hours and ten minutes. Other cars arrived at short intervals throughout the morning.

The roads between here and Erie were reported to be in fine condition. The visitors devoted their time here to visiting various points of interest. This evening they will be entertained at a banquet by the Cleveland Automobile club.

TWO WEEKS' SHUT DOWN.

ST. STEPHENS, N. B., Aug. 2.—The St. Croix cotton mills in Milltown are closed for two weeks on account of the unfavorable market conditions. The plant had been running on a short time schedule part of the spring and early summer.

35 PER CENT. DIVIDEND.

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—A dividend of 35 per cent. to depositors of the Union Trust company was authorized by the supreme court to be paid at once by the receivers, Congressman Samuel McCall and Chas. F. Choate, Jr. The trust company closed its doors March 21 with estimated liabilities of $1,300,000 and assets nominally the same. Wm. E. Barrett was president.

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ON ALL PURCHASES

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AND SPECIAL ON FOLLOWING:
On All Kinds of Stamps
120 with 1 lb 60c Baking Powder.
150 with 1 lb 70c Tea.
100 with 1 lb 60c Tea.
70 with 1 lb 50c Tea.
10 with 1 lb 15c Butterine.
20 with 1 Pkg. 10c Mince.
10 with 1 pkg. Pancake flour.
5 with 1 pkg 14c Force.
5 with 1 pkg. 10c Presto.
20 with 1 lb. 30c and 25c Coffee.
10 with 1 bottle 10c Blue.
10 with 1 can 12c Peas.
10 with 1 can 12c Tomatoes.
10 with 1 pkg. 10c Corn Starch.
20 with 1 pkg. 14c Norka Oats.
20 with 1 pkg. Malted Oats.

BEEF IS CHEAPER
Good Eggs 20c Doz.
Large New Potatoes 20 and 25c Peck
Best Round Steak 15c Lb.
Best Rump and Sirloin 15c to 22c Lb.
Corn Beef 6c and 7c Lb.
Butter Beans 3c qt. 2 for 5c
Bread Flour 75c Bag
Challenge Milk 3 cans 25c
BEST BUTTERINE
10c to 15c Lb.

CARTER'S Cough Balsam 25c
WILL CURE THAT COUGH
Carter & Sherburne's
LOW-PRICED DRUG STORE
Merrimack, Cor. Bridge St.

Suit Cases
DEVINE'S
88 Merrimack St.
Factory, 72 Middlesex St. Telephone

Wall Paper
-AT-
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Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

☞The Sun receives the full day service of The Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1903, was **14,590** A gain of 1083 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1904. JOHN J. HOGAN, Notary Public.

14,718 The sworn daily average circulation for seven months of 1904 was: **14,718**

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all other the newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

A lot of men and women in Chicago celebrated the assassination of Minister Von Plehve of Russia with a great jubilation. In so doing they acknowledged themselves to be anarchists, a brood which should be not only burred but crushed from this country.

Judge Emmons had beter put a guard upon the state house or else the Boston burglars will steal the gilded dome. When they leisurely enter a building, rig a derrick and load the safe upon a stolen team it seems there is nothing too bold for them to attempt.

IF JAPAN DEFEATS RUSSIA—WHAT?

If Japan succeeds in bringing the present war in the far east to a sudden termination the world will stand aghast. Japan will then jump from a third-rate power to a first-rate, able to fight any nation on earth, on land or sea.

Japan no doubt will feel greatly elated and will want the fruits of victory but the European powers are not likely to let her reap the fruits of victory. They prevented her despoiling China and they will likewise prevent her from taking any large territory on the mainland of Asia assuming that she will win.

If Russia be beaten it will be because of the inadequacy of the single track railway to transport and supply an organized force sufficient to cope with that of Japan. The Japanese have shown probably greater mobility than has ever been displayed in any war while their courage is second to none. They are fatalists and take pride in dying for their country or their emperor.

SERIOUS RAILWAY DISASTER.

The Boston and Worcester electric railway has had a bad disaster on the only piece of single track the company has, between Southboro and Worcester and it was due to the old, old cause of going ahead in lieu of waiting at a turnout until the other car came in.

Thus there was some misunderstanding, some neglect of orders or else the orders given were not sufficiently specific.

The Sun some time ago suggested a means of preventing such accidents but it may have been too systmatic to be adopted by such a progressive company as the Boston and Worcester. Our plan was that every car reaching a turnout remain until it gets the key of the road—something like a baton passed from one motorman to the other—before going ahead. This would prevent the possibility of head-on collisions which are usually the most disastrous. But if the railways do not adopt this rule there is another which we might suggest for the observance of motormen and conductors. It is this —"When in doubt don't go ahead."

VENEZUELA IN A BAD MIXUP.

In all probability Venezuela will soon learn a lesson if she has not learned it already, that will convince her that she cannot violate international law with impunity even though the Monroe doctrine does prevent European powers from acquiring property on this continent.

Possibly when Venezuela showed such disregard for European powers she felt secure under the protection against armed invasion and loss of territory.

But there is another means of collecting claims against her. The Hague tribunal is in existence and several special commissions were appointed to pass upon the numerous claims against Venezuela on account of a series of blunders by the government. The latest is the attacks made upon foreign corporations, the Bermudez Asphalt company being among the number.

This is an American company, and if it is not more scrupulous in its methods than the asphalt trust the embargo placed upon it may be justified.

Venezuela has flunked upon the payment of the interest upon the German claims, and according to the arrangements of The Hague tribunal, it is now in order for Belgium to appoint a commission to take charge of the Venezuelan custom houses at La Guayra and Port Cabello and with 30 per cent. of the receipts pay the creditors pro-rata until their claims are satisfied. But for this arrangement not only Germany but England would probably make a demonstration in force against Venezuela on account of the failure to meet her obligations. This new state of affairs may precipitate another revolution that will succeed in overthrowing a government that long ago demonstrated its worthlessness.

MR. BORDEN'S APPREHENSION.

Mr. N. P. Borden of Fall River, says the labor laws of Massachusetts must be changed or the New England cotton industry will be destroyed. Mr. Borden has not specified wherein he believes the law is wrong, but it is presumed that his contention is that New England has to compete at a disadvantage with the South, because of the longer hours, the lower wages and the fewer restrictions upon child labor. All these are points upon which we believe Massachusetts will take no backward step, even if the cotton industry of New England should be destroyed. The cotton industry seems to be more sensitive to business and political changes than any other and it is perhaps the one industry of the country which pays the lowest wages and offers the least inducement to intelligent men and women to engage in it. The manufacturers may complain that their dividends are not as large or as regular as desirable, but on the other hand the wages of the average operative are certainly not such as to be susceptible of reduction unless the operatives are put upon starvation fare. If to save the cotton industry of New England it be necessary to go back to the conditions that prevailed twenty years ago, we fear the future of that industry holds out but little hope of success. Mr. Borden and the mill men for whom he speaks, had better seek some mode of improving the cotton industry other than a reversal of industrial progress and a relapse to the primitive conditions such as prevail in the South. If New England mills utilized the textile instruction as they should they should be able to produce grades of goods on which the South could not compete. This, it seems, furnishes the only means by which New England can hold her supremacy in the cotton business.

If men like Mr. Borden begin to talk of going backward and downward instead of onward and upward the cotton industry hereabouts is surely doomed to destruction, not by strikes, not by short hours or the fact that wages are higher here than in the South, but by ignoring the main chance by which alone they can infuse new life into the industry and put it upon a plane on which southern competition can be largely set at defiance and on which higher wages will be paid, because more skill will be required in the manufacture of finer fabrics. There is no man so stupid that he cannot learn something, aye considerable, if given an opportunity. The present operatives can easily be trained to do finer work, but the mills are too eager to draw continuous dividends to make much progress in adapting their machinery to the manufacture of finer goods.

SEEN AND HEARD

The next witness was a hard-fisted resolute yeoman with a bristling chin beard.

"Mr. Gigson," said the attorney for the defense, "are you acquainted with the reputation of this man for truth and veracity in the neighborhood in which he lives?"

"I reckon I am," replied the witness.

"I will ask you to state what it is."

"Well, sir, his reptiation fur truth ain't no good. His reptiation fur vrasity—well, that's diff'rent. Some says he does and some says he don't."

"Witness," interposed the judge, "do you know the meaning of 'veracity'?"

"I reckon I do."

"What do you understand by the word?"

The witness twirled his hat in his fingers a few moments without answering. Then he looked up defiantly.

"I refuse to answer that question, judge," he said, "on the ground that it might discriminate me."

Indignation has been caused among the feminine bathers at Sunshade Sands, Manhattan Beach, by the appearance of large signs announcing that no more white bathing suits would be tolerated, and that all suits must be "modest, circumspect and respectable".

The new regulations resulted from a walk that James H. Sherwood, lessee of the beach, took along the sands Friday afternoon, says the New York World, watching a chorus girl. She wore a creamy creation of pongee silk that looked more like an evening dress cut off below the knees than anything else. No one could find fault with its modesty.

But after taking a header in the surf the way that pongee clung to her was amazing. The women disappeared from the crowd and Mr. Sherwood at once went to a sign painter.

Shoes selling at $1000 a pair are the product of a factory near Madison square, says the New York Evening Mail. To style it "shop" would be to insult the artisans employed therein. They call it a "footgear institute," and the proprietor goes by no less title than "curative orthopedist." The wearing of these $1000 shoes is, in the main, a hobby, and is based on nerves gone wrong. For there are some persons, it seems, who are plagued with sensitive nerves in their feet which ache so excruciatingly that nothing can assuage the pain but shoes "prescribed" by a physician-cobbler.

The learned cobbler listens to a tale of toe ache with the attending nervous disturbances and examines the patient's feet with critical scrutiny. Every hill and dale of the foot is inspected and studied, and especially is a sharp lookout kept for the sensitive nerves, which ultimately are sure to be found. A volume of notes is taken and the prospective customer naturally becomes impressed with the severity of his ailment. Next, and what is very important, a plaster cast of the foot is taken, and if the patient's purse is proportioned to his plaint the physician-cobbler is apt to enter a new order in his book.

The shoes are made of good leather, but do not generally follow the lines of the latest fashions, rather the reverse. It all depends on views of the healer. Some sufferers are scientifically shod in exchange for $500, $350 or even $100; but those customers who prefer to pay the highest prices are satisfied with nothing less than a $1000 pair. The shoe bills of one New Yorker—a rich contractor—who rides the orthopedic hobby have footed up to $50,000. Yet the shoes he wears are queer looking contrivances.

A girl likes to go yachting if it makes her hair nice and wavy.

Every grown up forgets he was once a child, and every child that he will be a grown up.

Some men would rather be in a breach-of-promise suit than not be in some kind of trouble.

There is more fun in having a grievance than in thinking a presidential election depends on your arguments.

The queer thing about the clothes women wear in summer is you have a feeling if they won't be bashful about them you ought to.—New York Press.

After a hard struggle in the waters of Sheepshead Bay Manuel Storm, of No. 59 Walton street, Brooklyn, was rescued from drowning yesterday by his playmate, Louis Scharff, of No. 53 Walton street. Sturm fought hard when his friend reached him, and for a time it looked as if both boys would go down, but finally the shore was reached by the two in an exhausted condition. Sturm had to be taken to the Reception Hospital, where he stayed for the night.

At the funeral of Mrs. Agnes Green, the wife of Edmund Green, a bicycle dealer, held in New Rochelle yesterday, six of her women friends served as pallbearers. The women were members of the Independent Order of Good Templars, of which Mrs. Green was the local president. They were all dressed in white, with black sashes.

After the service at the house, which was conducted by the Rev. Dr. Saul O. Curtice, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, they carried the coffin out to the hearse and marched with it to the cemetery. At the cemetery they carried the casket to the grave, where each dropped a bouquet of flowers on it as it was covered up.

The funeral was the first at New Rochelle at which women took the part of pallbearers and it attracted much attention.

BEGGED HIS AID

AND THEN RELIEVED HIM OF $10.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Rev. Frank MacDaniel, pastor of the Orange, N. J., Methodist Church, involuntarily loaned $10 last night to a woman who came to him with a story that she was "Mrs. Abbott, of Philadelphia" and was in pursuit of a recreant husband. She said she had been stranded, and told the minister she came to him because she knew he would send her where she would not fall into "bad company."

Mr. MacDaniel went upstairs to write a note to the Young Woman's Christian Association and soon heard the door slam below. He found that the woman had decamped, taking $10 from his wife's pocketbook that had been left on the table.

BOY FIGHTS CHUM

IN WAVES IN ORDER TO SAVE HIS LIFE.

"Mike" Leonard, 11 years old, had to be a hero to avoid a spanking, says a New York exchange.

"Mike" is glad that he missed the spanking, but he wants no medals for being a hero. The hero business served a good enough purpose when the spanking was imminent, but "Mike" wants it understood that the incident is now closed.

Thanks to "Mike" "Tommie" Burns, 13 years old, is gradually getting rid of the surplus water he accumulated in New York bay yesterday afternoon before "Mike" hauled him out, at the Long Island College hospital, and will be out in a few days.

Michael Leonard lives with his parents at No. 460 South street, Brooklyn. The boys all call him "Mike." Since the school holidays began the boys have looked longingly and often upon the cool waters of New York bay from the foot of Clinton street.

Whenever opportunity presented itself the boys looked upon the hot shore from the cool waters of the bay, but that is not to be boasted of at home. "Mike" is small for his age but in the water he is a giant or a whale.

A few days ago "Mike" didn't notice that the sun was getting low, and when he hurried into the house for supper there was that tell-tale hair, standing out damp and accusing.

"Michael," said his mother, and Michael's hand shot up to his head. She always calls him Michael when there is anything serious up. "Michael," came the accusing voice, "you have been in swimming!" "Well all the other boys go and their mammas dont 'care. You jes' won't let me do nothing the other boys do," and the thin little voice broke into sobs.

But Michael had disobeyed and he was punished.

Yesterday was the first day that "Mike" had visited the foot of Clinton street since that eventful day. All of the boys had been in, and some of them were putting on their clothes, while their teeth chattered as though they would rattle out.

"Tommie Burns, who lives at No. 147 Nelson street, was showing off in the water and shouted to "Mike:"

"Why don't you come in?"

"Don't want to," responded "Mike", digging his toes in the ground.

"Ah gwan and come in. It's fine. Jes' as warm as milk."

"Naw, I don't wanter," responded Mike bravely.

"You're scared to," came tauntingly from the water. "You're skeered of a lickin'."

"Naw I ain't either," said Mike, though his conscience pricked him.

"Jes' watch me float," said Tommie, and he turned upon his back and paddled around in the water. The wake of a big steamer came rushing in and the choppy waves washed over Tommie, and with a gasp and cry he threw up his hands and sank.

Quick as a flash "Mike" had peeled off his clothes and was overboard. "Tommie" had gone down twice and was struggling feebly.

"Mike" grabbed him as he went down the third time. The struggling boy threw his arms around the neck of his little friend and both went down. Finally "Mike" wriggled himself free, while a hundred persons watched the fight from the shore, and then caught "Tommie" and brought him ashore unconscious. An ambulance came from Long Island College hospital, and while "Mike" was getting into his clothes, "Tommie" was hurried off to the hospital.

"Michael," said his mother when he got home, "you have been in swimming again. What made you disobey me?"

"Oh, Mrs. Leonard, 'Mike' jumped in the bay and saved 'Tommie' Burns's life jest a little while ago," said an enthusiastic neighbor, running into the Leonard home.

Then the mother petted her brave little man and told him that she was proud of him.

"'Taint nawthing," said "Mike," last night. "'Tommie' jus' got caught in that steamboat swell and I pulled him in by the ear.

"Now, I don't want no medals. Watcher tryin' to give me?" and the independent little hero ran away to where the "gang" was waiting.

HOME CHAT

A WOMAN'S DUTY TO BE A HOUSEKEEPER.

A reader asks: "Don't you think a woman, first of all, should be a good housekeeper?"

Well, that depends. There are women and women, you know, and not every woman is born with the mental or physical endowment necessary to make of herself a success in the profession of housekeeping, any more than that every man is fitted by nature to make of himself a shining light in the profession of law or literature. That housekeeping is a profession, calling for a high order of ability, is becoming more and more recognized, and bright women are everywhere urging that it be taken from the category of menial service and given its proper standing among the "learned professions." Schools are being opened, classes formed, and courses of instruction are being added to the curriculum of colleges, all tending toward that point. There has been so much haphazard housekeeping, and the "sphere" so abused by being considered as beneath the notice of a woman with any claim whatever to refinement and social standing, that, until recently it has been considered as a term of reproach, and many otherwise sensible women have been known to apologize for having, through some misfortune, or lack of fortune to "do their own work." It has been the custom to "look down" upon the girl or woman who chooses, or has thrust upon her, the vocation of housework, until a respectable, high-minded woman had to be very brave indeed to claim for the work any congeniality whatever.

But the twentieth century woman is wise. She is beginning to demand recognition for the work which, sooner or later, nearly every woman has to do with, and she is finding, and proving to others, that in the proper discharge of the duties of the housekeeper, there is honor as well as profit. So intimately connected with the best interests of the family life have these homely duties been proven to be that women everywhere are awakening to the importance of knowing "how the wheels go 'round," whether she, or another is supplying the revolving power.

Not all women are born with the needed faculties by which to become, in the popular sense, a first-class housekeeper, any more than that her brother, man, is in all cases born to be a hewer of wood. In the sense of "looking well to the ways of her household," if a woman has a household, it is generally conceded by all to be her part of the contract to look after it and see that the intricate machinery runs smoothly and to the best interests of the home over which, whether as wife or employe, she is placed, just as the manager of any other business must "keep an eye" on every detail pertaining thereto, though he may not, and generally does not, do any of the physical work, himself. In order to intelligently do this, there are lessons which every woman must not only theoretically, but practically, acquaint herself with and this fact is more and more making itself felt in all stations of life.

GUATEMALAN ANT

GIVES HOPE OF DESTROYING THE BOLL WEEVIL.

The Guatemalan ants just imported have either arrived in a state of acute hunger induced by the long sea voyage, or else they are going to maintain their reputation as destroyers of injurious insects. They are not only eating the boll weevils, worms and moths, but they are devouring other obnoxious insects, and even the ants that make life unpleasant for cotton pickers, while the useful little lady bug is left untouched. So far the importation of the foreign ants is a success, but it goes a very short way in relieving the cotton situation at present. Even if the ant propagates with rapidity it must take some years before it is here in numbers to effect the stricken regions. But if the spread of the boll weevil can be checked at once, and the safety of the cotton crop is assured as we have it now, and its future is to be better still, the work is begun well, and the Agricultural Department scores another triumph in extending its help to the farmer.

HEAVY THUNDER STORM.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—During a heavy thunder storm, in this city yesterday afternoon, lightning shattered the flagstaff on the Federal building. The flag pole on the "Flat iron" building at 23rd street and Broadway was also splintered by a bolt. The Third avenue elevated near 52nd street was struck, the third rail blazing up and two horses are reported to have been killed by the same bolt.

Great quantities of surface water in Broad street choked the manholes and a portion of the overflow flooded the basements of some of the buildings in that section.

ADAMS

Piazza Furniture

Do you need one or two more pieces of piazza furniture? A small rocker for 85c, large arm rockers $1.50, $1.69 to $3.25 each. Good value and will add to your out of door comfort.

ADAMS & CO.

Furniture, Rugs

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174 CENTRAL STREET

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FOR THE BEST

(Chemically Pure)

Powdered Borax

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63 MARKET ST.

CAUSE OF HEAT PROSTRATIONS

Sleepless nights in this hot weather weaken vitality and expose to heat prostrations. A cup of Sanford's Ginger tea, made from the genuine Sanford's Ginger, taken on retirement, will give refreshing, natural sleep. It draws the blood from the head, quiets the nerves, quickens circulation and promotes digestion. It instantly relieves cramps and pains, and speedily checks all forms of summer ills, breaks up colds and fevers, and wards off malarial, contagious and epidemic influences.

THE PRICE OF THE OUT O' SIGHT FLY STRINGS

Has Been Reduced to

10 Cents for a Box of Six

They're neat, effective and out of the way

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 Central Street

Some Cool Suggestions For Boys' Wear

Wash Sailor Suits, of crash and neat prints, with deep Sailor collar. Regular $1 goods, now **50c**

Wash Sailor Suits, the remnants of our $2 and $3 lines. Fine Chambrays in plain reds, blues, grays and neat stripes, sizes 3 to 8 years. All now at **$1.00**

Cadet Blouses, of fine woven Madras and Chambray, beautiful color combinations. All that are left of our $1.50 line, now **95c**

Shirt Waists, of Percales and prints, dark reds and blues, and light colors. Sailor or shirt collars sizes 3 years to 13, now **25c**

White Duck and Buff Vests, sizes 10 years to 16, now **$1.00**

A Small Lot of Chambray Overalls, sizes 3 years to 6, suitable for little boys' or girls' vacation wear now **25c**

"American Boy" Magazine for one year given with every purchase of $5 in our boys' department. August number now ready.

COLLEGE RECEPTIONS

THE OLD METHOD VIGOROUSLY CONDEMNED.

The Newport News has the following of interest to all educators:

At last some one with authority has had the courage to severely and fearlessly criticise the old-fashioned, out-of-date recitation system which is still followed by many of the colleges of this country. This method is never found in German universities, where the best educational systems exist and knowledge is acquired with the best results, and often it is not practiced even in the elementary schools there. Now comes President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton and boldly denounces the old system, as injurious to the student and lacking in the qualities which stimulate intellectual activity and make brain power. "You cannot teach initiative," he says. "The student must be put on his own resources in communicating what he knows, and the trouble with too many college students is that they have no 'intellectual muscle.'"

"The recitation system," he continues, "makes the college appear only as a continuation of the primary school. There is no independence in it. It does not breed manliness, and where the teacher has no genius for bringing out the thinking faculty in the student the latter stands in the crib of knowledge servily chewing the cud of learning." It is also pointed out by President Wilson that this system, by which full-grown men recite from a text-book like the little boy in the primary school, and the most rigid conformity to the text in the recitation generally secures the highest marks, offers every inducement to the dishonest student to avail himself of outside helps, discourages freedom of thinking and, as he forcibly asserts, is "in every way unworthy of America."

Mr. Wilson says that no two students drink alike, or ought to, from the fountain of wisdom, and that he would simply give the student certain material to work with and let the libraries, the laboratories and other self helps do the rest. This is wise advice, which ought to be heeded and adopted by every college in these United States. The old recitation system is antiquated for college and should be promptly abolished. There are thousands of men in the country today who failed to get half as much out of their college courses as they ought to have done because of the limitations of this method of instruction, and those who made the most of their opportunities for self development while in college did it in spite rather than because of the system that was in vogue.

There should be a radical revolution in this respect, and college students should be placed upon their mettle and be made to do their own work with the material furnished them, and not be allowed to simply repeat parrot-like what has been told them in lectures or read by them from text-books. The result of the old system is flabby mentality; the result of the new method would be strong mental powers and trained ability to investigate and build up knowledge. By the old system the student is simply a repeater; by the new one he would be an originator, and it is originators that we want in this country today. Any one not absolutely deficient in intellect can repeat, but only those of strong and trained intelligence can originate and create.

THE DARK SIDE

GOVERNOR LUZ WANTED TO SEE HOW CHICAGO POOR LIVED.

The Chicago Record-Herald, in an editorial here reproduced, calls attention to the comments made by Governor Luz, formerly chief executive of Bantangas Province in the Philippines. He was shown the beautiful residences and busines blocks in the city of Chicago, and having seen the things that are usually brought to the attention of visitors, he asked to be shown how the poor lived.

This suggestion coming from the isles of the orient, ought to make an impression upon the men who talk so much about prosperity and who know so little about the wretchedness that accompanies it. The nation's prosperity is not to be measured by the luxury and enjoyment of those who through monopolies seize upon the resources of the country and exploit the people. The masses and the moral sense of the country must be measured by the manner in which the fortunate interest themselves in the welfare of the less fortunate. Whether Governor Luz profits by his visit to the United States or not, the United States ought to profit by the pointed inquiry which he submits. The Record-Herald says:

"Senor Siemon Luz, former governor of Bantangas province, island of Luzon did well to ask that he and his fellow visitors from the Philippines be shown how the poor live in Chicago as well as the rich are housed. Bad laws and an impoverished people, as history shows, breed luxury and magnificence in spots. It is not the palaces and the broad avenues that tell the story of a nation. The true test is how the masses fare. The poor have their pleasures. The thrifty poor have their comforts also. But the well-governed community should have no neighborhoods of abject wretchedness. The unsanitary rookery should be regarded as an inexcusable blemish. The foul street or alley should be cleansed, so that the little children that have no other place to stretch their tender limbs may not be stricken with fever at their play. The great and rich community which cannot manage this has no right to show its marvels to strangers and make a parade of its achievements, for these often spell selfishness rather than brotherhood. When Chicago or any other city is placed on view by an entertainment committee no exhibition of its rows of costly residences and tall business structures can tell the whole truth to the intelligent stranger. No city can be truly great that does not show greatness in its humble streets, in its homes of workingmen and in those quarters where the very poor pay the landlords' profits. We all owe thanks to Senor Simeon Luz for reminding us that the veneer of wealth is unimportant as compared with all the living and striving that go to make up the sum total of humanity."

THE MODERN WAY

To cure a weak stomach is to take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters at the very first symptom. It does away with starving and dieting yourself because it puts the stomach in proper condition to digest the food. In this way it cures Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Biliousness, Heartburn, Insomnia, Headache, Cramps or Diarrhoea. Nervous and sickly women also find the Bitters unequalled as a regulator and tonic. We urge a fair trial.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

GOOD—

Rubber Hose

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Nozzles

Lawn Sprinklers, Etc.

W. T. S. BARTLETT

653-659 MERRIMACK STREET.

WHEN having your house heated call and get estimates on the latest and best and most economical boiler on the market, THE ARCO, made by the American Radiator Co., Agent, P. F. Welch, 1024 Central street.

It Pays to Look Neat

and it costs very little when you know how to do it. You may have a suit of clothes that cost you quite a sum of money and is only soiled or perhaps it may be the same thing with a lady's coat or skirt; should you want to save several dollars just bring these soiled garments to the

BAY STATE DYE WORKS

and in a very short time they will clean, press or dye them and make them look like new garments. Remember the place

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54 Prescott Street.

A CARD

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25c bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

Brunelle Pharmacy, F. H. Butler, A. Thomasson, A. F. Story & Co., C. E. Carter, E. T. McEvoy, Carleton & Hovey, A. W. Davis & Co., Ellingwood & Co., Carter & Sherburne, Hochette & Delisle, F. C. Goodale, F. P. Moody, Albert E. Moore, Fulls & Burkinshaw.

CHINATOWN ROW

Yee Ton Shing Was Stabbed

TROUBLE OVER EXPULSION FROM SOCIETY

Extra Policemen Sent Into the District

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—The expulsion of three members from the Hep Sing Tong in Chinatown about two weeks ago, the subsequent posting of a bulletin signed to by the same three and alleged to expose unfair and illegal methods of the society, and a murderous assault upon one of the three last evening at the door of a restaurant near the quarters of the Hep Sing Tong, has again thrown the settlement into turmoil.

Although the trouble this time has been wholly an internal one and not between the Hep Sing Tong and the On Leong Tong as previously, yet the latter seems to have taken advantage of the situation and is alleged to be trying to stir up more trouble. That society posted several bulletins last evening after the stabbing, but the nature of them couldn't be learned by the police last evening because no reliable interpreter could be found.

The street was a scene of great excitement after the assault and the police decided immediately upon taking every precaution and several extra patrolmen were detailed to the district.

The Hep Sing Tong is one of the two prominent societies in Chinatown and has always posed as the best element of the celestials, but the police are of the opinion now that they are no good and that they are the real highbinders and blackmailers, and they are keeping their eye on them very closely.

THREE UNDER SUSPICION.

It was one of this society who was murdered in Chinatown a little over a year ago, a sequel to the murder being the Chinese raids and deportation of about 200 Celestials.

Three of the members have been under suspicion for some time by the others in the society. They are Yee Ton Shing, Yee Ton and Yee Ham, all now living at 7 Oxford place. About three weeks ago one of them was alleged to have run away with the wife of a prominent merchant, and when they returned he was confronted with the charge. His two friends tried to protect him and there came near being serious trouble then.

A week ago Sunday the matter was brought before the society and it was decided to expel the three from the organization. According to members who were there bloodshed was barely averted. Knives and other weapons were drawn and there was great excitement. It was finally suppressed and the three men were put out.

Yesterday there appeared on the well known "bulletin board," otherwise the side of a brick building in Oxford place where all Chinese bulletins are displayed, a lengthly screed signed by Shing, Ton and Ham, which is understood by the police, on the statement of a reliable interpreter, to be a scathing denunciation of the society, alleging its members to be the highbinders, informers and the like. The bulletin contained also an alleged exposition of the corruption in the society.

The appearance of the signed statement caused great excitement among the residents of the settlement and all day there were groups of Chinamen talking in and out of doors about it. When the police learned the nature of the statement they began to watch for trouble.

SHING STABBED IN THE SIDE.

Early in the evening the three men whose names were signed to the bulletin went into the restaurant of Lock Sen Low at 46 Beach street and ate. When they came down about 7.15 a Chinaman was waiting for them at the door. Shing was the first to come out, and as he appeared at the door he was stabbed in the side and knocked down. The Chinaman who had done the cutting ran, and immediately a cry went up for the police.

Patrolmen Brooks, Wilson and Nee, who were not far away, found Shing lying in the doorway in a pool of blood. He was hurried to the relief station.

It was about impossible for the officers to get a line on the man who had committed the assault, but they think now that they are on his track and intend to take action against several Chinamen today whom they believe to be causing all the trouble. The police say that for two weeks they have been confident that trouble was brewing there and they think that they can get today the ones who are at the bottom of it.

Every Chinaman in the place was on the street, running here and there and talking about what had happened, and the police had to tell them to get indoors and keep quiet. The rooms of the Hep Sing Tong were a scene of turmoil. Fully 100 Chinamen were up there, and every one of them refused to confess to the least knowledge of the English language.

Expecting that more serious trouble might develop at any moment, several extra officers were at once detailed to Chinatown.

Shing was not seriously cut, and the physicians said that he could be taken home any time, but the police asked that he be kept at the hospital until things had quieted down a little.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

TERRIFIC STORM

Lightning Struck Down Man in Salem

BOLT PASSED THROUGH HOUSE IN WOBURN

Large Barn in Concord Was Destroyed

SALEM, Aug. 2.—A terrific electric storm raged over this city early last evening. At 6.40 rain began to fall in torrents, accompanied by loud thunder and chain lightning.

Lieut. James W. Nichols at 6.45 attempted to enter G. A. R. hall and had placed one foot on a steel mat when there was a terrific roar of thunder and the hall was brightly lighted with lightning. He was stricken to the floor unconscious and a short time after on regaining his senses, attempted to rise, but was unable to do so. He made a second unsuccessful attempt to get up and then began to call for help. His appeal was finally heard by Grand Army men in the lower hall of the building and they rushed to his relief. His right leg and arm were badly numbed. Later feeling returned although he suffered intense pain, as if pricked with hundreds of needles. It is not thought that he is seriously injured.

Lightning struck in numerous places about the city. The cupola on the big pavillion at the Willows was shattered and the residence of Mrs. Call, on Beach street, was damaged. The chimney was knocked from the house on the corner of Hardy and Derby streets, a tree was slivered on Sutton avenue, and a telephone pole on Washington street was struck and set on fire. During the height of the storm the power at the Boston & Northern station was shut off, stalling all cars on the Salem division for 10 minutes. The telephone service was considerably impaired.

Lightning struck the northwest corner of the almshouse, tearing a big cleft in the brick wall to the ground, a distance of four stories. The bolt entered the building and destroyed the entire incandescent light service, burned out the telephone box and then passed from the structure to re-enter the ground and break the six-inch main that supplies the building with water. There were more than 100 inmates, many advanced in years, in the building, and for a short time there was intense excitement, although none was injured.

A bolt of lightning bored a large hole in Washington street at the Bridge street end of the Boston & Maine railroad tunnel. It was discovered an hour after the storm had spent its fury.

One of the engines at the Lynn & Boston power station on Mason street, was disabled by lightning, which necessitated stopping the entire plant for about 15 minutes.

CHILD SLEPT

LIGHTNING BOLT PASSED THROUGH THE HOUSE.

WOBURN, Aug. 2.—The storm of wind and lightning came up very quickly yesterday afternoon, and was severe while it lasted. The residence of Henry Curtis, on the corner of Ward and Webster streets, was struck and badly damaged by lightning. The bolt entered by the chimney, and passed all through the house. It entered the pantry, where Mr. Curtis chanced to be. He was stunned by it. It also tore off window casings, wrecked a closet, tore off plastering and split the front door sill. Mrs. Curtis escaped injury, and her baby slept undisturbed through it all.

A slight fire was started in the pantry, but was extinguished quickly. It will cost $500 to fix up the house.

UNDER A TREE

BOY STRUCK BY LIGHTNING AT THOMPSONVILLE, CONN.

THOMPSONVILLE, Conn., Aug. 2.—While standing under a tree last evening to escape the rain, Leonard Taylor the 14-year-old son of William Taylor of Amsterdam, N. Y., was struck by lightning and instantly killed. His brother and a friend, who were a few feet away, were not injured.

The storm which passed over the western part of the state yesterday afternoon was one of the most severe in the year, considerable damage being done in Winsted, Torrington, Norwalk and Danbury. Trees were uprooted and telephone and telegraph service was impaired for hours.

BARN BURNED

CARRIAGE HOUSE AND WOODSHED ALSO DESTROYED.

CONCORD, Mass., Aug. 2.—Lars Petersen's barn on Monument street was struck by lightning early last evening and burne dto the ground. The carriage house and woodshed were also destroyed. The house nearby was saved by tearing down the shed.

The fire alarm system was crippled when the storm first started and the nearest telephone was half a mile away. The well on the place was quickly emptied and then the firemen had to depend entirely upon the chemical engine, and they succeeded in saving the house. Most of the contents had been removed to places of safety.

The live stock was all gotten out of the barn, but the carriages, tools and nearly 60 tons of hay were destroyed. The loss was $5000, insured.

BALFOUR WON

Voto of Censure Was Defeated

CHAMBERLAIN'S FISCAL POLICY DISCUSSED

Premier Balfour Ignored Chamberlain's Suggestion

LONDON, Aug. 2.—In the house of commons yesterday the liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, moved the vote of censure, which he announced July 15, as a result of the prominent part taken by the leading members of the cabinet in the proceedings of the liberal-unionist council July 14, during which a resolution was passed approving the fiscal policy of Joseph Chamberlain.

Colonial Sec. Littleton defended the action taken by Foreign Minister Lansdowne and Lord Selborne, first lord of the admiralty, in becoming officers of the new liberal-unionist association.

Joseph Chamberlain, in defending himself against the heated attacks of Lord Hugh Cecil and other free traders, declared the only difference between himself and Premier Balfour was that the latter did not think the country would consent to colonial preference, as it involved a food tax.

Personally Mr. Chamberlain said he was certain the question was ripe for submission to the country and the sooner the general election came the sooner he would be pleased. The policy of preference, Mr. Chamberlain maintained, was more urgent than that of retaliation.

The opportunity for establishing preference was slipping away and soon would disappear. He urged Mr. Balfour to call a conference of the colonial representatives to ascertain what they wished and were prepared to do in order that the country might discover whether he had based his policy on knowledge and experience.

Premier Balfour said he thought the motion was one of the most foolish which had ever been submitted to parliament. He declined to be a party to restricting representative institutions like the liberal unionist council.

He had, he said, always been and still was a free trader, but it was the duty of the government to see whether the evils produced by protectionist countries in neutral markets could be restricted.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman's motion was rejected by a vote of 288 to 210.

It was noticeable that Premier Balfour made no reference whatever to Mr. Chamberlain's suggestion for the calling of a conference of colonial representatives.

At the meeting of the newly constructed liberal-unionist council in London, July 14, the marquis of Lansdowne and the earl of Selbourne were elected vice presidents.

The London Evening Standard, in commenting on the matter, said it considered the fact that the "two principal members of Mr. Balfour's cabinet have become vice presidents of an active electioneering association, of which Mr. Chamberlain is chief," raised a grave constitutional question.

The paper further said that the opposition intended to raise the question in the house of commons and invite Mr. Balfour to explain how two members of his cabinet came to be supporting a policy so different from that enunciated by the premier himself.

FATHER AND SON

JUDGE LECTURES THEM ON THE WHISKEY EVIL.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2—Justice Zeller read a lecture to a father and son yesterday while sitting as a Magistrate in the Harlem Police Court, on the evil of drunkenness, and then discharged them with a warning.

The prisoners were Thomas Trainor, sixty-five years old, and his son James, twenty-seven years old, who were arrested on Saturday at the home of the father for fighting.

The elder Trainor was badly battered and both his eyes were blackened.

"I will not hold either of you," said Magistrate Zeller, "but it seems to me that you," indicating the elder Trainor, "should be old enough to know better than to drink to excess."

"You," speaking to the son, "seem to be lacking in filial duty and affection."

CRICKET LEAGUE

HELD A MEETING IN BOSTON LAST NIGHT.

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—The meeting of the Massachusetts state cricket league was held in the American house last night, at which several important matters were settled.

The game between Bunting and Merrimack on June 25 was annulled, and the claim of Lawrence to be credited with two points on June 25 in a match with Brockton was allowed. The games scheduled for July 23 were prevented by rain and left with the league to arrange new games. Those decided upon were: Bunting and Everett at Lowell Sept. 24, Bunting and Merrimack at Lowell Sept. 10, Boston and Merrimack at Franklin field Sept. 24, Mohair and Lynn Wanderers on Labor day at Lynn.

The Niblo Co.'s

Premium Butterine is the only first quality High Grade Butterine that comes to Lowell. It is way ahead of butter—15c lb.; Globe, 10c to 12½c lb.; Swift's, 10c to 12½c lb. Teas, best that grows, 4 lbs. $1.00. Flynn's Farm Pork, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes.

Flynn's Market, 137 Gorham St.

LOWELL OFFICERS

ATTENDED SALVATION ARMY WEDDING IN NASHUA.

NASHUA, N. H., Aug. 2.—The first Salvation Army wedding in Nashua took place at city hall last evening, when Howard Tucker and Ethel Duncan were married by Staff Captain Andrew T. Crawford, commander of the New England division. The hall was crowded to the doors, and great interest was displayed in the event. During the early part of the evening there was an officers' council for the visiting officers, presided over by Staff Captain Crawford, and later a march through Main street and an open air meeting.

The gathering at city hall was called to order shortly after 8 o'clock, and a varied program of addresses, songs and choruses was given. Then came the marriage, Cadet Florence Estes of Nashua being bridemaid and Captain H. C. Byron of Webster, Mass., best man. The wedding march was played by Nellie Kirtwood of this city. The flower girls were Blanche Ella, Mabel Tilly, Reba Crawford and Alice Rudd.

There was a wedding supper at the army hall, at which the wedding party and officers were guests.

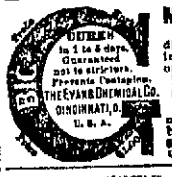
The visiting officers were: Ensign Jennie Crawford of Portland, Ensign Abraham Tilley of New Bedford, Ensign William E. Elliott of Haverhill, Ensign David Pelley of Keene, Adjutant Morris of Lawrence, Ensign May Tilley of Nashua, Captain Marshall of Concord, Captain Susie Swift of Leominster, Lieutenant Craig of Leominster, Cadet Bongarde of Springfield, Captain and Mrs. Rudd of Lowell.

Save Expense

and save a fit of sickness by having Beecham's Pills in the house and taking one when you first notice anything going wrong. You will feel well, look well and keep well if you will learn to use

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.



MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

A. KINGSBURY, No. 378 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

for children; safe, sure. No opiates.

AGES AT WHICH THE PRESIDENTS HAVE BEEN ELECTED

At the time of his succession to the presidency Theodore Roosevelt was nearer in point of age to the constitutional thirty-five years than any man who had ever been chief executive. At the time of the assassination of President McKinley he was forty-three. It would be difficult to classify Mr. Roosevelt professionally. It may be said, however, that his military career was probably the most potent force in placing him in the vice presidential chair.

The oldest man who was ever elected president was William Henry Harrison of Ohio. Although a great soldier and the son of a signer of the Declaration, he called himself a farmer. When he was a boy of sixteen, a student at Hampden-Sidney college in Virginia, which was his native state, Washington was made first president of the country which his devotion had done so much to establish. It was not until fifty-two years after that memorable event that Harrison was able to reach a like official eminence. Seven presidents after Washington intervened, and four of them—Jefferson, Madison, Monroe and Jackson—served two terms. In 1835 Harrison was nominated as the candidate of the Whigs. He was defeated, but four years later was elected to the presidency. He died one month after his inauguration. It was Harrison's military fame which made him president.

Next in the order of seniority was James Buchanan of Pennsylvania. He was sixty-six before he succeeded in landing the coveted prize. He lived to see the successful end of the war which he bequeathed to his successor, Abraham Lincoln. Buchanan was an eminent lawyer.

Zachary Taylor was sixty-five when he became the tenant of the White House. His father was a Virginia planter. When the boy was very young the family removed to Kentucky, where Zachary was taught whatever was to be learned on a large plantation. He did not go to college, but when he was twenty-four bade farewell to plantation life and joined the army. In a few years Taylor became celebrated as an Indian fighter. All through the war of 1812 he fought the British Indian allies. In the Mexican war Taylor was most efficient, winning the affectionate sobriquet of "Old Rough and Ready." He was hurrahed into the White House, but lived only sixteen months to enjoy the honor.

Of John Adams, "the elder Adams," second president of the United States, it has been said that to have been the father of his distinguished son would have been sufficient to secure fame for himself. It has been declared also of John Quincy Adams, "the younger Adams," sixth president, that to have been the son of so distinguished a sire would have been enough to perpetuate his own memory. The elder Adams reached the presidency at the age of sixty-two, as likewise did Andrew Jackson. It is convenient to contrast the latter with the younger Adams, for they were contemporaries, political rivals and were born the same year. Adams was a northerner, a native of the old Bay State. Jackson was a southerner, claiming South Carolina as his birthplace, though historians insist that he came from the north state. Adams was of aristocratic English lineage; Jackson was of humble Scotch-Irish parentage. While Andrew was helping his widowed mother till a little farm in the Waxhaw settlement John Quincy was his distinguished father's companion on his special mission to France, and the lad was delighting the French court with his precocity. A few years later, while Andrew was learning the saddler's trade, John was charming the pundits at Harvard with his wit and attainments. With no preparation, Andrew began the study of the law in a country lawyer's office; John, a graduate of Harvard, became a law student in the office of the great Theophilus Parsons. Jackson emigrated to Tennessee and hung out his shingle in the wilderness. Adams began at once an official and diplomatic career that progressed steadily upward. The war of 1812 was also Jackson's opportunity. He began as the captain of a troop of raw militia and ended as the hero of New Orleans. Adams had not been backward in the race. He had developed into the foremost diplomat of the age. He was probably the best known American of the day. In 1824 both men were nominated for the presidency. Clay and Crawford were also candidates, and the vote was so divided that the choice was left to the house. Adams was chosen, but at the following election Jackson was successful by the largest popular vote of many years.

Besides the younger Adams, two other men were fifty-eight when they were elected president—James Madison and James Monroe. Madison was of English and Monroe of Scotch origin. Both were Virginians, and both were the sons of well to do planters. Both also were college bred. Madison studied law, drifted into politics and soon made a national reputation. He was elected to the first house of representatives defeating James Monroe. He was elected chief magistrate in 1808 and served two terms. Monroe left college to enter the Revolutionary army and served until the close. At the close of the war he returned home and was sent to the legislature. After that honors fell rapidly—senator, minister to France, governor, minister to England and finally, in 1816, president. He was given two terms, and the famous Monroe doctrine is his passport to fame.

Two men were presidents at the age of fifty-seven. Both were of English ancestry. One of them was the immortal first executive of the United States, and the other was Andrew Johnson. Neither was college bred, but the environments of both were vastly dissimilar. Washington inherited a competency from his father. Johnson's birthright was bitter poverty, his father being a sexton. Washington chose no profession, although he qualified himself as a surveyor. Johnson had not even learned to read when he was married, and his wife taught him both to read and to write. He had acquired the tailor's trade. Washington's pathway to fame was made rugged by the stress of political upheaval; Johnson's climb to the summit was like the progress of a blinded fate. Washington served seven years, ten months and four days; Johnson completed Abraham Lincoln's second term.

Two men became presidents at the age of fifty-five—Martin Van Buren and Benjamin Harrison. Van Buren's father was a farmer, as was also the father of Benjamin Harrison. Van Buren did not go to college; Harrison was a graduate of Miami university. Both studied law and rose to great eminence in the profession. Each served a single term.

Rutherford Birchard Hayes was elected at the age of fifty-four. He was of sturdy Scotch ancestry, his father being a prosperous merchant in a thriving Ohio village. The son became a lawyer. He occupied the White House only one term.

One chief executive only—William McKinley—was fifty-three at the time of his election. He was of Scotch-Irish ancestry. He went into the army during the civil war and served for some time on the staff of Colonel Rutherford B. Hayes. He studied law after the close of the war. Mr. McKinley was president four years, six months and ten days, his second term being brought to a close by assassination.

Abraham Lincoln had reached the age of fifty-two when he was made president. Of English extraction, his father a poor Kentucky farmer, Lincoln was not sent to college. Notwithstanding that drawback he managed to acquire education sufficient to enable him to develop into one of the ablest lawyers of his time. He was president four years, one month and eleven days.

Two men—John Tyler and Chester Alan Arthur—were presidents at the age of fifty-one. Tyler was a Virginian of English stock, and Arthur, of Scotch-Irish ancestry, was a native of the Green Mountain State. The Tylers, father and son, were lawyers, and John was educated at William and Mary. Arthur, whose father was a clergyman, was educated at Union college. Tyler was elected vice president on the ticket with William Henry Harrison. At the latter's death Tyler succeeded. Arthur's accession to the presidency was due to the assassination of President James A. Garfield.

Millard Fillmore and James Knox Polk were fifty when they were called upon to accept the nation's loftiest gift. Both men were the sons of farmers, Polk being a North Carolinian of Scotch-Irish extraction and Fillmore a New Yorker of English ancestry. Fillmore did not go to college, but Polk was a student at the University of North Carolina. Both were lawyers. Polk served a full term, but Fillmore died in office.

There are two presidents aged forty-nine on the list—Franklin Pierce and James Abram Garfield. Farmers' sons, they were both college men and became lawyers. Pierce was educated at Bowdoin and Garfield at Williams. The former served a full term, but the latter fell by the assassin's bullet.

Grover Cleveland became president at the age of forty-eight. He is of English descent. With one exception, his father was the only clergyman who ever had a son destined to reach the presidency. In the other case the son—Chester Alan Arthur—was not elected, but succeeded at the death of the president. Mr. Cleveland is a lawyer. He enjoys the distinction of being the only president who has been married in the White House and of being the only living ex-president.

Since President Roosevelt was not elected to the presidency, but came into it by virtue of his right of succession, the youngest man thus far entitled to the honor of actual election was Ulysses Simpson Grant. This distinction, however, will be transferred to President Roosevelt at the coming election should he be successful at the polls. Grant was in his forty-seventh year when he was inaugurated. He was the son of a tanner and was of Scotch descent. Educated at West Point, the only man on the list of presidents who is accredited to the military school of the nation, General Grant was so dissatisfied with his profession that he abandoned it for seven years. If the civil war had not broken out there is no evidence that Grant's name would have been added to the list of soldiers who afterward were rewarded with the presidency.

Among all the presidents Jefferson and Johnson were the only men who were not professed members of some church organization. Jefferson is known to have been a believer in Christianity, though he had a marked distaste for sectarianism. Johnson also made no mystery of his faith in the principles of Christianity, but could never be persuaded to unite with any church. With the exception of Jefferson, all the Virginia born men—Washington, Madison, Monroe, Tyler, the elder Harrison and Taylor—were Episcopalians. Pierce and Arthur were also members of that church. The Adamses, father and son, were Congregationalists. Jackson, Polk, Buchanan, Cleveland and Benjamin Harrison were Presbyterians. Lincoln, Grant, Hayes and McKinley were Methodists. Van Buren was an adherent of the Dutch Reformed church, and President Roosevelt is a member of the same religious body. Fillmore was the solitary Unitarian, and Garfield was affiliated with the Disciples (sometimes improperly called Campbellites), in whose churches he often preached.

ARTHUR J. WHARTON.

THE THREE OCCUPATIONS WHICH HAVE MADE PRESIDENTS.

FARMING. SOLDIERING. THE LAW.

A SNAPSHOT OF THE PRESIDENT'S DAUGHTER.

Miss Alice Roosevelt has been a recent visitor to the St. Louis fair, and the international thoroughfare known as the Pike gave her a royal welcome. The bright young woman and her party were patrons of all the attractions, and some merry days were spent in making the rounds. The young folks' experience with the X ray apparatus was especially diverting. Try as he might, the German scientist in charge of the test could not bring Miss Roosevelt's heart into view, although the cardiac outlines of the other experimenters were made plainly visible. To offset this startling disclosure, a palmist assured Miss Roosevelt that she would soon be the loving mate of a blond millionaire.

MISS ALICE ROOSEVELT.

MELBA'S FIRST APPEARANCE.

Mme. Melba recently gave an interesting account of her first public appearance. "I was quite a young girl in Australia," she said, "when, notwithstanding the persistent discouragement of my father, who was averse to the idea of a singer's career for me, I engaged a hall and sent round a notice to all my friends. Unfortunately somebody mentioned the little scheme to my father, and he, furious at my clandestine enterprise, begged every one of his acquaintances to uphold his parental authority by ignoring the performance. But I wasn't disheartened and at the hour announced for the commencement of my concert stepped on to the platform to find myself face to face with an audience of two. And nobody else came."

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5.43	6.30	6.00	7.04
6.22	7.10	6.30	7.26
s6.39	7.30	7.54	8.52
s6.45	7.38	8.25	9.01
s7.01	8.02	e8.00	9.37
e8.24	9.10	9.20	9.57
s7.31	8.35	e10.00	10.37
7.48	8.20	e10.37	11.34
s7.53	10.03	e11.30	12.07
8.30	9.40	12.00	12.50
9.22	10.20	e1.00	1.37
11.00	12.03	1.15	1.52
e11.43	12.25	2.00	2.61
s12.14	1.00	e3.00	3.32
1.10	2.30	3.30	4.05
e1.56	2.39	s3.47	5.06
s3.47	4.30	4.14	5.30
e4.02	4.45	e5.00	5.37
4.25	5.10	5.38	6.24
s5.22	6.15	s5.47	6.54
s5.44	7.05	6.14	7.30
e6.12	6.55	e7.30	8.08
e7.29	8.10	e8.30	9.08
8.42	9.36	10.30	11.34
		11.20	12.21

SUNDAY TRAINS

s6.39	7.30	9.00	10.00
s7.24	8.10	e10.00	10.37
8.45	9.40	e11.30	12.07
s9.24	10.15	1.00	1.37
s3.25	4.50	5.00	5.39
s5.29	6.30	e7.30	8.08
e6.12	6.55	e8.30	9.08
e7.29	8.10	9.00	10.02

WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6.53	7.50	7.30	8.31
8.04	8.54	9.25	10.31
9.25	10.37	10.45	11.40
10.50	12.00	11.50	1.05
12.05	1.27	2.15	3.20
12.43	1.55	3.30	4.50
2.30	3.31	4.50	5.49
3.10	4.03	6.04	7.05
5.55	6.00	6.35	7.47
5.06	6.46	9.30	10.36
6.15	7.10	B11.15	12.33
7.05	8.05		
9.15	10.29		

SUNDAY TRAINS

8.15	9.22	8.00	9.13
12.10	1.24	12.00	1.00
3.55	4.52	5.00	6.25
5.30	6.54	8.40	9.40
8.45	9.44		

Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex St. Station.

a Via Bedford.
e Express.
s From Middlesex Street Station only.
B Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS

Tobin's—Printing—Associate Bldg. Tel.

. A. D. Sullivan, wholesale grocer.

Lawler Printing Co., 29 Prescott St.

Hire your hacks at O'Donnell's stables. Tel. 439-4.

Merrimack River Savings bank, 417 Middlesex St. The next quarter begins Saturday, August 6th.

REMOVAL

The New York and Boston Despatch Express Co.'s branch office is now located at 5 Bridge street with F. B. Leeds.

AYER HOME

OBSERVED ITS SEVENTEENTH ANNIVERSARY.

A pretty little program was carried out by the children of the Ayer Home yesterday in celebration of the seventeenth anniversary of the Home under the management of Mrs. A. G. Rouviere.

The entertainment was held at ten o'clock in the morning and the room where the exercises were held was very prettily decorated. At the dinner hour the children were served with a special treat of ice cream.

The following is the program which was carried out:

Introductory address, Annie Kalil; "Two Merry Little Builders," Ruth Downs, Hazel White and May Herron; recitation, "Work and Play," Margaret Herron; recitation, "Just a Little Girl," Grace Gillis; song, "My Pony," seven children; "Story of the Coal, the Straw and the Bean," May Herron, recitation, "Love of Country," Rosa Kalil; recitation, "How They Sleep," five children; song, "Sweet Summer," May Herron; recitation, "Apostrophe to the Ocean," Beatrice Downs; "Star of the Evening," Annie Kalil; recitation, "Kind Words," Beulah Hosman; recitation, "The Sundown," Janette Halbert; song, "The Sunbeams," Ruth Downs, Bertha Winkler and Hazel Clark; recitation, "My Black Hen," Harry Norene; song, "The Swanee River," our girls; recitation, "Rules for Manners," Hazel Clark; recitation, "Grandmother's Weather Bureau," Ruth Downs; song, "Grasshopper Green," Nellie Halbert, John Herron and Beulah Hosman; recitation, "Summer Time," Bertha Winkler; recitation, "Grandmother and Me," Hazel White; song, "Pretty Pussies," Grace and Elizabeth Gillis; recitation, "Pussy Whites' Answer," Hazel White; recitation, "Three Lost Babies," May Herron; "The Golden Rule," five children; recitation, "When Robins Build," Mollie Davis; song, "The Cradle," four girls; recitation, "A Million Little Diamonds," Elizabeth Gillis; recitation, "Good Night," John Herron; song, "The Rocking Breeze," three children; song, "Spain," four girls; song, "I Do Love You," four children; "Cousin Jedediah," all.

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Wholesale and retail dealers in
SHOE LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, CUT TAPS, SHOE LACES, AND A LARGE LOT OF UNION LEATHER.
Everything for shoe makers and private use. Lowest cash prices. Please call and see our stock.
We are also agents for G. W. MOHR & CO. SHOE POLISH.
JANBARD BROS.

$15 BIG REDUCTION
In Rates to ENGLAND, IRELAND AND SCOTLAND
—AT—
MURPHY'S TICKET AGENCY
15 Appleton Street, Opp. Postoffice.

$15.00 To Europe
Liverpool, Queenstown, London, Glasgow, and Londonderry.
$ 2.50 Return Ticket.
Round Trip $27.50.
O'Donnell's Steamship Agency
Cor. Market and Worthen Sts.

BOYLE BROS., Bottlers
773 Pawtucket Street.
The only bottlers in Lowell using MINERAL WATER EXCLUSIVELY in the preparation of beverages. The celebrated MT. PLEASANT SPRING WATER is used in all our Tonics and in Siphons. 11 varieties of Temperance Drinks. 70c case to family trade. Telephone 1038-5.

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Attorney-at-Law
CHILDRETH BUILDING, LOWELL

than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

LIVES IN DANGER

Burglars Set Fire in Tenement House

THEY TRIED TO RAMSACK THE BUILDING

Tenants Were Rescued by Firemen

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The lives of more than a hundred persons were imperilled today by fire which the police believe was set by burglars who had attempted to ransack a crowded tenement house in the east side. The fire started on the lower floor in a shoe store owned by Herman Freund, soon after the burglars were frightened away by the cries of a woman who surprised them while they were forcing a door. A little later, smoke began to pour upward from the lower part of the building and quickly filled the halls and stairways. Firemen succeeded in rescuing all the tenants and extinguished the flames after the building had been damaged to the extent of $2000.

GONE TO EUROPE

Many Lowell People on the Iverina

The Iverna which sailed from East Boston this afternoon, bound for Europe, carried about 50 Lowell people. The local passengers, accompanied by Agents Murphy and O'Donnell, went to Boston on the 10.50 train this morning. The Northern station was crowded with friends of the tourists and a great many accompanied them to Boston. The boat sailed at 1.30 and there were 1207 passengers, 1000 of the number being third cabin passengers.

COLONIAL CLUB

GAVE A SEND OFF TO ONE OF ITS MEMBERS.

The members of the Colonial club tendered a farewell reception to Andrew F. Roach last night. Mr. Roach sailed this afternoon on the Ivernia for Europe. The affair last evening was a very pleasant one and a fine program of songs and speeches was carried out at the headquarters of the organization.

James Doyle was the presiding officer and there were remarks by Mr. Roach, Thomas Casey ("Happy Days") James Quinlan, John J. O'Connell, Michael Bruin, and songs by John Callahan, Thomas Stanton, John Colter, Joseph Dawson, John Fanning, the boy tenor, Willie McVey. Many of the members of the club accompanied Mr. Roach to Boston. He will be absent six weeks.

RALPH CULLINAN

GIVEN A ROYAL TIME BY HIS FRIENDS.

Ralph Cullinam, who sailed for Ireland, today passed a most enjoyable evening with his friends last night. There was singing, dancing and speech making and it was nearly midnight when the party dispersed. Mr. Cullinan is accompanied on his trip abroad by his sister. They will be gone about ten weeks.

STATE POLICE

May Investigate Child Labor Law Violations

LAWRENCE, Aug. 2.—The case of Harry Jackson, an overseer in the Washington mills, who was charged with employing Peter Marcelli, a boy who said he was but 11 years old, in violation of the statutes, which direct that the person who employs a person under age, is liable for the offence, was tried in police court yesterday.

The boy said that he was eleven years of age, and his mother told the court that the boy was born Feb. 11, 1892. The certificate was issued on Feb. 18, 1904. At the time the certificate was issued, the boy measured 4 feet 6 1-2 inches and this boy proved to be several inches shorter in height.

G. N. Norton, an overseer in the Washington mills, testified that about one and a half years ago he employed the boy in direct contrast to the boy's statement that he had only been working for the past five or six months.

The Marcello boy's mother testified that her son had been in the city two years, while he told the court that he had only resided in Lawrence for a year.

Lawyer Chandler made special mention to the court that Marcello had told many untruths, while on the stand.

Judge Stone in summing up the case, said that he did not doubt but that the officials who issued the certificate were lax in their method of determining, whether or not the applicant was of the required age. His Honor also stated that he would impose only a light fine, but remarked as he put it, for the benefit of all the overseers and other employees connected with mercantile establishments whose ears it might reach, that the next party who committed a like offence would be severely punished. A fine of $10 was imposed on Jackson.

In closing Judge Stone told Inspector Wesley of the state police, that he was desirous that the chief of the force be notified of the condition and a strict investigation be made.

J. J. O'Connell J. J. Cashman
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IT'S A HOT ONE

"IS ALL IN NOW"

Proprietor of Quincy House Heard Louis Vezina

Use These Words—Vezina Was Charged With Assaulting Officer Bigelow and Was Found Guilty—Assault Was a Brutal One

The case of Louis Vezina, Pawnee Bill's bugler and cavalryman, charged with assault and battery on Patrolman Samuel Bigelow, came up on continuance in police court today and because one year was the longest direct sentence within the power of the lower court to impose, Judge Hadley declined jurisdiction and Vezina was held for the superior court. The police are looking for Vezina's brother and "Billy" Win, who Louis Vezina said was with him on the night of the assault.

OFFICER BIGELOW'S STORY.

"Two weeks ago last Sunday night I was patrolling in Lee street in the absence of the regular officer.

"Shortly after midnight I met three or four young men. The young man in the dock was one of them.

"I ordered them to move on. The defendant talked back to me and while I was talking with him another man struck me on the nose.

"When the other fellow struck me the defendant said: 'Now get into the — — —.'

"I grappled with the fellow who struck me and while we were clinched the defendant and another fellow came down from the church steps and disarmed me. They took my club and revolver from me. My nose was broken and my head badly cut."

When asked if he had any questions to ask, Vezina said: "Are you sure I struck you?"

"Yes, I am sure you did."

"How many times did I hit you?"

"I don't know, you were all poking and kicking at me."

Dr. Bell, who attended Officer Bigelow explained to the court the nature of the officer's wounds.

VERY BAD FOR VEZINA.

Mr. McGregor, proprietor of the Quincy house in Lee street, was very positive about what he had heard and seen and he made it very bad for Pawnee Bill's bugler.

"When I arrived on the scene of the assault," he said, "the defendant and a big tall fellow were pounding the officer. I saw the defendant kick the officer and the tall fellow struck the officer over the head with the club.

"I heard the defendant say, 'the —— is all in now.' I knew he meant the officer."

Captain Kew told the story of Vezina's

LOUIS VEZINA.

arrest in Nashua and Vezina did not have any questions to ask.

THE BUGLER'S STORY.

Vezina, the defendant, was sworn and told his story. He said he did not lay hands upon the officer, but admitted he was there when the assault was committed.

He said: "When the officer passed by some one of the gang made a noise with his mouth that seemed to aggravate the officer and he came back.

"He stood talking to me and while he talked somebody struck him. I don't know if the blow landed on his chin or on his nose, but I heard the clip.

"We were standing on the church steps, and some one knocked my hat off. I went down the steps. The officer was struggling with the men at the bottom of the steps. When I went back up the steps I heard somebody say, 'Where is the — — — — head.' I did not strike the officer.

"I was visiting friends in Lee street that I had not seen for years. My brother and Billy Win were the two men who were with me. I do not know which of them assaulted the officer."

When asked if he told Captain Kew that he had walked the greater part of the way from Lowell to Nashua, Vezina answered in the affirmative.

"Why did you walk?" asked the deputy.

"Because I had to get there early in the morning, in time for the parade, and the last car had gone."

"What time did the parade start at Nashua?" asked the deputy.

"About 10 o'clock," replied Vezina.

"The first car in the morning would have been early enough, would it not?" queried the deputy.

"No, I had a great deal of work to do before the parade started. I had to prepare my saddle and other things for the parade."

Because one year was the most that Judge Hadley could give Vezina, he declined jurisdiction and ordered the defendant in $700 for the superior court.

Vezina was found guilty a few days ago on a complaint charging him with failing to provide proper and lawful support for his minor child, and on that complaint Judge Hadley, today, sentenced Vezina to three months in the common jail.

Officer Bigelow's head and face bore sore signs of the rough treatment which he received. His head, face and nose were plastered and he walked lame because of injuries which he received about the legs and body.

LEVESQUE NOT GUILTY.

Joseph Levesque, Vezina's brother-in-law, who was also charged with assaulting Officer Bigelow, had his case dismissed. He was fined $2 for drunkenness. E. D. McVey appeared for Levesque and Vezina was without counsel.

FEW DRUNKEN OFFENDERS.

Eight was the total number of drunken offenders in police court today. Timothy Desmond was fined $8; four first offenders were fined $2 each and one, a woman, was released.

George Nanopoulo was charged with threatening Costos Sklins and was put under bonds to keep the peace.

NEW UNDERTAKER.

John J. Higgins who has been in the employ of C. H. Molloy for the past five years and having had a practical experience of the business and having graduated from the New York College of Embalming has opened up parlors on his account at 415 Lawrence street, where he will be found in the future.

NOTICE.

H. Harmon sold his grocery and provision store at 129 Howard street to J. Smith.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

FAVORS MASSACRE

President Nord of Hayti Threatens Foreigners

PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Aug. 2.—At a public reception yesterday President Nord made an address which has alarmed the foreign residents.

He accused the foreign population of plotting against his government, with the object of overthrowing which they had put up the rate of exchange and also the prices of all goods.

The president said he had decided to defend himself and intimated that he would take strong measures.

President Nord made a threatening reference to "what happened in Hayti in 1804."

The rate of exchange is 600 per cent.

In January, 1804, after the power of the French ceased in the island of Hayti, the independence of the island was proclaimed and Jean Jacques Dessalines was named governor general for life, with full legislative and military powers and the right of appointing his successor.

In March of that year he proclaimed the massacre of all the whites, calling upon his people to "render war for war, crime for crime and outrage for outrage, to the European cannibles who have so long preyed upon our race."

As a result of this proclamation there was a general massacre of nearly the whole of the whites, including aged men and women and children, numbering at the lowest estimate 2500.

The negroes then declared Dessalines emperor, and in the following October he was crowned at Port au Prince with the title of Jean Jacques I.

In October, 1806, Dessalines was assassinated, after which the island was divided into the republic of Hayti and the republic of Santo Domingo.

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Stove Coal	$7.00 per ton	Lehigh Coal, all sizes,	$7.50 per ton
Egg Coal	$7.00 per ton	Franklin, all sizes,	$8.50 per ton
Broken Coal	$7.00 per ton	Cumber and Coal,	$6.50 per ton
No. 1 Chestnut	$7.00 per ton	Steam Coal,	$5.25 per ton
No. 2 Chestnut	$6.00 per ton		

OLD GOLD FLOUR $6.00 Per Barrel
KING ARTHUR FLOUR $7.00 Per Barrel

Meal, Shorts, Wheat, Oats, Corn, Hay, Horse Feed, etc. Very Lowest Prices

Lowell, Tuesday, Aug. 2, 1904

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

Dark Blue Trading Stamps — Good Forever and Everywhere

WOMEN'S WRAPPERS AT 59c
INSTEAD OF 75c

WOMEN'S WRAPPERS AT 79c
INSTEAD OF $1.00

WOMEN'S WRAPPERS AT 98c
INSTEAD OF $1.25

A fortunate purchase brings these remarkable values to your notice. Wrappers that we can guarantee to be right in every particular at a saving of from 20 to 33⅓ per cent., are a very, very rare offering in this community.

25 dozen S. R. Percale Wrappers, in dark colors, blues, blacks and garnets, with a 12 inch flounce, made full, with shoulder cape trimmed with heavy braid, full lining, regular price 75c, only 59c each

20 dozen Banner Percale Wrappers, with extra deep flounce, felled seams, lining, collar and cuffs with braid, all new patterns, dark colors or light grounds, sizes from 32 to 44. The usual grade with the $1 tag, only 79c each

40 dozen Sea Island Percale Wrappers, "grand" fitting, light and dark colors, made full sizes in every way, plain with white pipings and full tucked front or the shoulder lapel style, trimmed with fine braid. Blacks, greys, whites, reds and blues. Always before $1.25 each, only 98c each

We're putting in a big show on Palmer Street. Better still, come and examine the wrappers themselves. Ready for sale this morning.

Palmer Street, Basement